"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair, cooler to-day; fair to-morrow; moderate winds.

VOL. LX...NO. 19,255. * * * NEW YORK, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1910.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT, In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. { Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

DIX DUBS ROOSEVELT APOSTLE OF DISCORD

In Speech of Acceptance He Says Menace of New Nationalism Overshadows All.

TO DRIVE OUT BLACK HORSE

Pledges Business Methods in State Affairs—Attack on Roosevelt Brings Cheers Even from Republicans.

Special to The New York Times.

THOMSON, N. Y., Oct. 12.—To the accompaniment of cheering which made the country-side about his beautiful Summer home ring, John Alden Dix, the Democratic nominee for Governor, in his speech of acceptance made at the notification ceremony here to-day denounced Col. Theodore Roosevelt as a "public enemy," as "a new apostle of discord and dissension," as "an agent of destruction," and as a "dangerous disturber" who if permitted to rule would bring about "the destruction of a free people against whom all the forces of the world in arms might have been hurled in vain."

Massed on the broad lawns in front of Dix home at the time was an audience of fully 2,000 persons. It was made up of all sorts and conditions of men, and not all were Democrats. There was, of course, the usual Notification Committee and the retinue of extreme partisans of prominence, who always are attracted to a ceremony of this kind. But also there were men who had dropped in to honor Mr. Dix as a neighbor. It is safe to say that at least 200 Republicans were present. Yet the cheering and applause at the utterances leveled against the tactics of Col. Roosevelt seemed to be general and spontaneous to a degree. The celerity with which the audience rose to register its full approval of Mr. Dix's criticism of the Colonel was amazing and seemed to take even Mr. Dix and the other candidates as well as the prominent Democrats by surprise.

The utterances were made in the course of a denunciation of attacks on the courts and of the "New Nationalism" doctrine. Mr. Dix did not at any time mention the Colonel by name, but the audience was quick in drawing the inference that was inevitable, and it yelled. It was this portion of Mr. Dix's speech that aroused the audience more than any other.

Mr. Dix was not the only one of the speakers who roused the audience by attacks on Col. Roosevelt. Herbert P. Bissell of Buffalo, who made the notification speech, got some cheers by such remarks, and there was another tumultuous outburst of applause when Thomas Carmody of Penn Yan, the nominee for Attorney General, expressed his assurance that all people who were in favor of "the Constitution without a boss rather than a boss without a Constitution" would rally to the support of the Democratic ticket.

Leaders Go Away Satisfied.

While all the candidates named with Mr. Dix on the Democratic ticket were notified at the ceremony here to-day, and all made speeches, the Gubernatorial nominee, of course, was the central figure. It was his first public appearance in the campaign, and leaders from all parts of the State watched closely to see what impression he might make on the stump. They went away satisfied. Mr. Dix is quiet and unassuming, not given to gallery play or oratorical fireworks, and his speech, quiet and dignified, was read from manuscript in an even, steady voice. His voice, however, has great carrying power, and every salient point he made went home and was applauded. At times he was vigorously cheered. His quiet way carried with it an irresistible conviction of his complete sincerity and sense of responsibility.

A portion of his speech that made a strong impression was his declaration that if elected Governor he would put an end to the era of graft and corruption at Albany.

"I do not know that it is possible for any human agency to entirely eradicate this evil," he said, "but this I do know, that if I become Governor of this State I will turn on the searchlight and drive the Black Horse Cavalry out of business."

Coupled with this emphatic promise came pledges that he would stand by and faithfully seek to carry out every declaration made in the Democratic State platform adopted at Rochester. Trenchant economy, an earnest effort to have enacted a State-wide direct primary bill, business methods in the administration of the State Government, conservation of the State's forest and water resources, and action looking toward the adoption of the Federal income tax amendment to the United States Constitution—these were among the things promised by the candidate. He was also for an honest and downward revision of the tariff.

SPEECH OF MR. DIX.

Mr. Dix's speech in full was as follows:

"You may be sure that it is with a full appreciation, both of the honor and responsibility laid upon me by the action of the convention, that I accept the nomination of the Democratic Party for Governor of this, the greatest State in the American Commonwealth. I realize that the party in the State can pay no greater compliment to any one of its members, but I recall also that to a serious-minded man the duties and responsibilities of this great office outweigh all the personal advantages flowing from its possession.

"Our opponents, who have had almost continuous control for fifteen years past of the administrative and legislative branches of our State government, find themselves to-day in a position to which long continued and unrestrained use of great power invariably bring all men situated as they have been. Under them the expenses of the State have increased enormously and out of all proportion to its growth in wealth and population.

"The number of officeholders has increased by leaps and bounds, sinecures have been created in every department of the State government, business methods inherited with habits of economy from a long line of Democratic Governors have gone largely out of fashion and have been succeeded by a wasteful and extravagant expenditure of the people's money, which has almost trebled the public expenses in those years and added yearly in the last four years a sum about equal to the total annual expenditure under Gov. Hill.

"If these expenditures resulted in better government, in greater return in the way of efficiency and order in the public administration, the people of this State, ever properly mindful of their credit and reputation, would cheerfully, I am sure, shoulder the burden of additional taxation.

Promises Thorough Housecleaning.

"But when we find that honesty, economy, and efficiency are no longer in evidence, but have been replaced by extravagance, waste, and as the records of the recent legislative and departmental inquiry show, even flagrant and open corruption and bribery of public officials, it is high time for the sober-minded people of the State to call a halt and insist that the Republican Party must be swept out of power in all those branches of the Government which they have disgraced, and the administration of affairs turned over to the Democratic Party to the end that we may have a thorough and complete housecleaning in every branch of our public service, and that efficiency, honesty, and economy may be restored again to the business affairs of our State.

"I promise upon behalf of the Demo-

Continued on Page 3.

NOT MISS BARNEY'S STATUE.

So Persian Diplomat's Wife Declares—"An Antique of Some Sort," She Says.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.—Now comes Mme. Ali Kuli Kahn, wife of the Persian Chargé d'Affaires, straight from Paris with the assertion that the undraped statue on the lawn of Mrs. Albert Clifford Barney's Massachusetts Avenue home was not modeled from Miss Natalie Barney by her sister. It is an "antique of some sort" that Miss Alice Barney, the sculptress, sent over here, according to Mme. Ali Kuli. She says she was a recent guest at Mrs. Barney's Paris hotel, and while there saw Miss Alice working upon a life-size bust of her sister Natalie, and that it was not nearly finished. That was only a few days ago, so that she reasons, it is impossible for this statue to be modeled after the younger sister. Mme. Ali Kuli is indignant, and says she will write Mrs. Barney and tell her of the gossip that has been stirred up over the statue.

Mme. Ali Kuli Kahn, like Mrs. Barney and her talented daughters, has studied deep in Hindu lore and, also like Mrs. Barney, is an avowed Babist. The cupidity of the Hindu butler at the Barney home in exacting tips from strangers who wish to view the undraped statue adds to Mme. Ali Kuli's indignation.

HOME RULE IN TWO MONTHS.

John Redmond Declares This Possible—King George May Help, He Says.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Penn., Oct. 12.—John E. Redmond, M. P., leader of the Irish Parliamentary Party, accompanied by Joseph Devlin, M. P., and Daniel Boyle, M. P., spoke here to-night in solicitation of funds for their party. In part Mr. Redmond said:

"We are on the threshold of Home Rule. How soon do I think? Well, I do not want to be pinned down to any definite prophecy, but I feel hopeful enough over the present situation to say that Home Rule is a possibility within two months. It may be delayed for two years, perhaps longer, but I do not think so.

"Ireland's condition is better than it ever was. We have succeeded in getting nearly every reform we desire, except one—Home Rule. Parliament will meet next month, and the vote will be cast then. King George is friendly to Ireland, and I have no reason to believe that we shall not have his assistance."

MUST WED TO BE HEIRESS.

Consequently German Maid Is Offering $200 for Temporary Husband.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.—Miss Eugenie Adams, whose name is neither Eugenie nor Adams, but a sonorous German combination well known in the fatherland, is advertising for a temporary husband, and offers to give any eligible young man $200 who will consent to be hers long enough for her to collect an inheritance. A fortune has been left to her in Germany, she explains, by an eccentric uncle, whose will provides that she cannot collect the money unless she is married.

"I wish to go back to Germany within one week," she said, "and must take my marriage papers with me. I will give the man that marries me $200 for his trouble, and will never trouble him any more or allow him to trouble me, for I shall apply for a divorce as soon as I reach the other side of the ocean. I would marry in Germany, but it is hard for a girl to get a husband quickly there if she happens to be more than 30. I am—a little over."

The young woman has adopted the name of Adams for the time being only, and is having her correspondence addressed to the newspaper offices.

AUTO PARTY ROBS PANTRIES.

Women Fined for Raiding Homes of Farmer Friends in Their Absence.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Oct. 12.—The climax to a remarkable series of thefts in which an automobile was used by four women who raided the homes of farmers in the northwestern part of Indiana was reached today, when the raiders were taken before a Justice of the Peace in Crown Point, Ind., and each fined $20 and costs, amounting in all to $40 each. The women were Mrs. Ralph Hayden, 4,933 Prairie Avenue; Mrs. Nettie Jennings, same address, Mrs. Hayden's mother; Miss Laura Jennings, same address, her sister, and Mrs. William Gressner, 5,216 Prairie Avenue, this city.

All but one farmer of those whose homes were entered by the women on Tuesday refused to prosecute the women. This man, Charles Bailey, signed a warrant charging them with malicious trespassing. The women had a hearing before Justice of the Peace Harry B. Nicholson at Crown Point lasting until 10 o'clock to-night. He heard the case in the parlor of his home. They were prosecuted by Martin Smith, the County Prosecutor.

Evidence in the hands of Sheriff Thomas Grant at the time the women were put under arrest, warranted, he said, his charging them with having entered and robbed the homes of the five farmers living near Lowell, fifteen miles east of Crown Point, yesterday afternoon at a time when all the farmer folk were away from home attending a horse sale. Butter, eggs, meats, and other things valued at $75 were stolen. After the women had been found in Chicago, they consented at once to go to Crown Point to stand trial, and drove in an automobile to the neighborhood they were alleged to have visited and robbed.

Four of the farmers refused to prosecute, giving as an excuse that they knew all the women involved. Charles Bailey, the farmer who prosecuted, swore to a warrant charging malicious trespass, but refused to sign his name to any warrant that made a more serious charge. "In view of the amount of notoriety the women have attained in connection with the case, I feel that the fine is rather heavy," said Justice Nicholson. Investigation of conditions surrounding the strange series of petty thefts showed that the women had been in the habit of robbing the homes of old-time friends. Mrs. Hayden declared that they had taken the things "just for fun."

The thefts have extended over a period of six weeks. Her husband, who is a dentist with an office on State State, said that there was no reason why his wife should take anything that did not belong to her, and that it must be all "a joke."

Bottom Record at Pooled Tobacco Sale

LEXINGTON, Ky., Oct. 12.—The lowest prices thus far realized at the sale of pooled tobacco by the Burley Society resulted from to-day's auction sales. While prices went as high as $18.75 a hundred, the average for the 1,806 hogsheads sold to-day was only $8.56 a hundred.

New, stylish eyeglasses called "Ilikit," Bifocal or Toric Pebbles. Spencer's, 31 Maiden Lane.—Adv.

NEW STORM WIND STOPS WELLMAN

Had He Sailed Early Yesterday His Airship Would Have Been Blown Back to Land.

SUDDEN WEATHER CHANGE

Contrary Winds Likely for Several Days—To Start Now Without Compass Adjustment.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Oct. 12.—A fresh storm wind, following so closely in the wake of its predecessor as to leave hardly any period of intervening calm, upset the plans of Walter Wellman and the calculations of Weather Director Willis Moore to-day.

Wellman and the crew of the airship America stood by their vessel from daybreak until noon, hoping to find a favorable moment in which to rush the airship out to the seashore, with some chance of holding her steady until the equilibrator could be shakled in place and the compass adjustment attended to. The wind, throughout that period, remained constantly above fifty miles an hour, and every one who looked at the huge gas bag agreed there would be no chance for any force of men to hold the airship down until the necessary preliminary work could be attended to.

At noon a new weather bulletin arrived from Director Moore. It directly reversed the favorable predictions of yesterday and caused the abandonment of further efforts to launch the America yesterday. To-night a heavy northeast gale, accompanied by storm clouds, is blowing over Atlantic City. Had the America gone out this morning the airship would have encountered this wind and would have been driven many miles southward from the course which Mr. Wellman and Mr. Vaniman hope to follow in the journey they will report in Marconi wireless messages for THE NEW YORK TIMES, The Chicago Record-Herald, and The London Daily Telegraph.

At 9 o'clock the wind was making twenty-five miles an hour directly out of the northeast. As this is almost the full driving power of the America's propellers, the airship would probably have been driven back instead of making headway, and upon touching shore would have been wrecked, as the heavy equilibrator would have anchored the airship fast on colliding with the land.

The Washington bulletin reversing yesterday's promises read as follows:

> Winds will shift to north and northeast straight along the Jersey Coast, probably becoming fresh off the New England Coast and Grand Banks. Strong northwesterly winds will prevail, shifting to northeasterly from Cape Cod southward and continuing northeast for two or three days. Fair weather indicated. MOORE.

Mr. Wellman said that the closing sentence of the bulletin made it clear that a sudden storm had arisen since Mr. Moore's bulletin of yesterday was sent, and that he would not stir from Atlantic City until the northeast winds mentioned had shifted again to the west. As the America's projected course is northeast all the way to Europe, the bulletin was construed by the crew to mean that head winds were all that would have been their portion for several days at least had they fulfilled their hopes of last night by slipping away with the sunrise.

The failure to depart was the cause of much embarrassment on all sides. J. Irwin, the Marconi wireless operator, had flashed farewell messages in care of brother operators to every port where he has friends to recall him, and several of the crew had come with farewell tokens from the hotels where they have been staying during the period of preparation.

The strong intimations that there would be a daylight flight, made by Mr. Wellman and based on yesterday's weather bulletin, were an additional source of embarrassment. But the airship crew accepted the bitterness of temporary defeat in good part, and there was seemingly no loss of enthusiasm or faith that an eventual departure will be made.

Chief Engineer Vaniman and Mr. Simon, the navigator, spent the morning in front of the hangar, walking between the sea front and the door, which will be stripped away when the America is brought out. They were estimating the strength of the wind and planning the best means to make a rapid attachment of the equilibrator in case the balloon should become unmanageable in the hands of the men trying to hold it down.

Once, shortly after 3 o'clock, there was a lull in the wind, the flags ceased to puff out full, and Mr. Vaniman ran to the shed and gave orders to clear away the ballast holding the America and strip the netting off her top. The crew thought that the long-looked-for moment of launching the ship had arrived, and fell to work with a will. When the task was half completed Mr. Wellman arrived, in a suit of brown khaki with golf stockings, and declared that the wind was rising instead of falling. Another glance outside by Mr. Vaniman showed that he was right. From that time on the increase in the wind force was steady and from the northeast instead of the northwest, from which direction the early morning breeze had come.

The arrival of Weather Director Moore's bulletin a little later effectually stopped the day's preparation. As there was no part of the America in need of even so much as looking over, the crew was dismissed for the day. Their breakfast and luncheon they ate from the lifeboat, preparing it on the stove which will be carried on the journey.

The next three days at least, it appears from the Washington weather dispatch, will be days of waiting. Mr. Vaniman said he had permanently abandoned any hope of adjusting the compass and was prepared to go without this detail of preparation. To-morrow, he said, he would devise a plan for making a flying start and picking up the equilibrator cable while in motion, attending to the shackling as the airship makes headway out to sea. A line will be carried from the water front to the hangar and attached to the America before bringing her out. Afterward it will be shortened by means of winches on board the airship until the equilibrator cable is brought near enough to shackle into place, the line towing the ton and a quarter trailer through the water in the meantime.

This plan, Mr. Vaniman said, would enable the launching to be hazarded in such winds as prevailed this morning. He said it was because he was convinced that such a hazard would have to be taken ultimately that he had decided on making it with the new device.

FAST MONOPLANE FLIGHT.

Le Blanc in Bleriot Machine Covers 13 Miles in Ten Minutes at St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 12.—Alfred Le Blanc, in a Blériot monoplane, made a flight to-day of thirteen miles in ten minutes at the Kinlock aviation meet. He covered six laps of the field and flew four miles out of bounds.

Exhibition flights by Arch Hoxsey who gave Col. Roosevelt yesterday his first aeroplane ride, and other Wright aviators comprised the remainder of the programme.

"THE HAYMAKERS."
This beautiful painting by Lhermitte will be reproduced in the half-tone Pictorial Section of
NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

FIND THAT EVALENKO WAS A RUSSIAN SPY

Revolutionary Committee, Named by His Request, Reports That He Is the Czar's Agent.

EAST SIDE STIRRED UP

Foes Say He Will Be Driven from the Russian Societies, but Won't Say He's in Danger.

A committee of six, composed of representatives of various Russian revolutionary bodies, made public yesterday their verdict that Alexander N. Evalenko, a publisher, was guilty of having been chief spy of the Czar's Government in this city. The committee was appointed at Evalenko's own request, when charges were made against him on Sept. 26, 1909, by Vladimir Bourtseff, "the Sherlock Holmes of the Russian Revolution."

The verdict created the greatest excitement on the east side. The Jewish afternoon newspapers published extras with big headlines and pictures of Evalenko and Bourtseff. These were eagerly bought. Excited groups of men and women gathered along East Broadway in the Russian colony and gave voice to loud wails.

The committee consisted of Dr. C. H. Zhitlowsky, Chairman, and Dr. M. Romme, representing the Socialist Democratic Party; Dr. Paul S. Kaplan, Dr. James Loopoloff, Dr. A. Caspe, and H. Burgin. They all signed this statement:

> We find that A. Evalenko is guilty of having been a secret agent of the Russian Police Department to whom he delivered evidence concerning political immigrants living here, while at the same time he was a member of the Russian Social Democratic Party, of the Bund, of the defunct club of Russian students, and of other Russian revolutionary organizations.

Although the committee to pass on the Bourtseff charges was organized at Evalenko's request, members of the committee said that he had finally refused to submit his proofs, and so strong was the prima facie case against him that they could not do otherwise than find against him.

Evalenko came to the United States in 1894 and took out papers as an American citizen. He conducted a publishing business at 102 West Thirty-eighth Street and lived at Hackensack and West Englewood, N. J. Bourtseff's formal charge against him said:

> I charge that Evalenko is an agent of the Department of Police. I base this charge on facts supplied to me by one of the most competent persons in that department. The truthfulness and sincerity of the testimony of this person is verified by the Central Committee of the Socialist Revolutionary Party, the Russian Socialist Democratic Labor Party, and the Bund. Thanks to them for the punctuality with which they supplied the facts to me, I had not the least doubt as to the facts which helped me to prove the guilt of the agents provocateur, Azoff, Koplinsky, Tuchinsko, Tortvich, and many others.
>
> Evalenko is known in the Department of Police by the names of Kuznotzoff, Sergeyeff, and Surin.

It was learned that Bourtseff's inside informer in the Police Department was Lenil Monshikoff. Bourtseff cited in his charges police documents signed with the name Sergeyeff and the name Lubin, which was the name of a relative employed by Evalenko in his publishing business. Evalenko, it is said, did not deny that he had used the names ascribed to him by Bourtseff, but emphatically denied the charge that he had been a spy and brought a $100,000 suit against Bourtseff for defamation of character.

After the charges were filed, Evalenko asked permission to go to Paris, where he said he could get documents which would prove his innocence. This permission was granted to him on April 25. He went to Europe and visited Russia, but the committee received no evidence from him in reply to Bourtseff.

The first charge against Evalenko to be published in America was an extract from a Parisian organ of the Russian revolutionaries which contained a list of alleged spies of the Czar in all parts of the world. In this list appeared this paragraph:

> EVALENKO.—An old agent of the Russian Police Department in New York. In 1904 he conducted transactions through Consul General Olarovsky. He gave information about the immigrant Lazareff and others. In 1902 he kept watch through his agents over Rosenbaum.

The republication of this extract caused a great ferment on the East Side which was intensified when Bourtseff, who had exposed Azeff, made formal charges against Evalenko to Dr. Paul S. Kaplan, Chairman of the Russian Revolutionary Central Committee at 230 East Broadway. At that time Evalenko made a statement to THE NEW YORK TIMES, which was published on Feb. 27, in which he denied all of the charges and said he had never taken any part in the proceedings of revolutionists and never had done anything to justify bringing his name into prominence in connection with Russian affairs.

"What will happen to Evalenko, now that the committee which he himself demanded has decided against him?" a revolutionist was asked last night.

"He will be compelled to get out of the revolutionary clubs and societies to which he belongs and he cannot number any Russian patriot among his friends, that's all. There is no penalty which can be enforced against him," was the reply.

No one could be found to voice the sentiment that the verdict made Evalenko a mark for revolutionary vengeance of a violent character. One revolutionary said:

"New York harbors a great many secret agents of the Russian Government whose business it is to keep the home police informed of revolutionary activities here, especially to cable information whenever a revolutionist leaves New York to visit Russia. His departure is known in St. Petersburg before his ship is half way across the Atlantic Ocean, and if he ventures across the Russian border some pretext is found to arrest him. The fact that he is an American citizen affords him no protection.

"Many a Russian has gone back intending to stay but a short time on some personal business, to see an aged parent, or to bring a wife or a sister back to America, and has been arrested by the Russian police and kept there because his name appeared on the list of men advocating a republican form of government in place of the Czar's despotism.

"One of the charges against Evalenko is that as chief spy in this city he informed St. Petersburg of the coming of Matushonko, one of the conspirators who brought about the mutiny on the Russian battleship Kniaz Pottemkin in the Black Sea. He escaped to this country, where he was harbored by Evalenko and then returned to Russia, it is said, on Evalenko's advice. He was captured at the Russian border and hanged three days later."

Great Day Line Str. "Hendrick Hudson" TO WEST POINT and return, Sat. Oct. 15th. Timed exactly for the YALE-WEST POINT Football game. See advs.—Adv.

ROOSEVELT WILL NOT GIVE PLEDGE ON 1912

That Is, Unless the Republicans Should Win a General Victory This Fall.

A CATHOLIC FOR PRESIDENT

Predicts That the Nation Will Elect One—Another Broadside for the Illinois Grafters.

Special to The New York Times.

PEORIA, Ill., Oct. 12.—Col. Roosevelt's attention was called to-night to a statement made in New York last night by Judge Alton B. Parker to the effect that the Colonel had agreed to give formal assurance within the next two or three days that he would not be a candidate for the Presidency in 1912. Judge Parker declared that this pledge would be given to stop the revolt of anti-Roosevelt Republicans in New York. Col. Roosevelt would not talk of the matter to-night.

Friends of the Colonel, however, have no doubt as to his attitude in this matter. They are positive in saying that no such assurance as Judge Parker promised will be given before the election.

Furthermore they say that there will be no such assurance after the election if the Republicans are beaten in New York this Fall. If there should be a general Republican victory, however, there would be a much better chance of such a declaration.

Col. Roosevelt delivered another broadside at the corruptionists of Illinois today in a talk at Springfield, the State capital, while on his way to Peoria, where, as the guest of the Knights of Columbus, he spent the afternoon and evening, being the principal speaker at the banquet in the Coliseum which closed the day's proceedings. His speech at the banquet was notable for a prediction that in the course of time there would be a Catholic President of the United States. It was his first public utterance to Roman Catholics since the Vatican incident last Spring.

"There is no other country in the world," he declared, "where Catholic and Protestant get on as we do here, each treating the other on the basis of our common citizenship, and judging him, not as to how he worships his Creator, but on his conduct toward his fellow men, on his own worth as a man. We must never permit anything to make us deviate from this standpoint.

"Perhaps I can give you my own theory in short form by telling you of a correspondence I once had. Of course, in every church there are some good men who are narrow, and one of these good narrow men, a Protestant clergyman, wrote me a letter of protest about my receiving Cardinal Satolli at the White House.

"I wrote him, saying that I had received the Cardinal just as, for instance, I had received bodies of German Lutherans and Welsh Methodists, and as I was expected to receive the Archbishop of Canterbury, and that I would hold myself to be a poor representative of the people and an unworthy President of the United States if I failed to treat with good will and friendliness all good men, no matter what their religious faith might be; and I then added that I could best explain my position by saying that I believed our country would last a very long time, and that if it did, there would be many Presidents, and some of these would be Catholics and some Protestants, and that I, a Protestant, wished to act toward my Catholic fellow-citizens exactly as I hoped that a Catholic President would act toward his Protestant fellow-citizens. I think that expressed my views about as clearly as I could put them."

Calls "Jackpotters" Traitors.

The Springfield speech was made on the spur of the moment in response to a call from the crowd gathered about his private car to "touch up the jackpotters, Teddy." The Colonel complied in characteristic fashion. He called them "Traitors to the American people, traitors of the basest kind," and followed that up with expressions of the same quality. It was impromptu, but quite as earnest and direct as what he said to the members of the Hamilton Club in Chicago the night when he refused to dine with Senator Lorimer.

There was a crowd of several hundred men and women at the Springfield Station when the Colonel's special train rolled in, despite the announcement printed in the Springfield newspaper to the effect that Col. Roosevelt would make no stop there. They came simply to see the train go through and cheer as it passed. But a five-minute stop was scheduled, and as the train came to a halt Col. Roosevelt stepped out on the rear platform and waved his hand at the people. Immediately there was a rush to shake hands with him.

The first to reach him was an excited old gentleman, who called out: "Parlez vous Français?"

"Oui," responded the Colonel as he leaned over the rail and grasped the hand stretched up toward him. Then he went on to show that he had told the truth. He told the old gentleman that he had spent a couple of weeks "in your beautiful country last Spring" and had enjoyed it very much. The excited Frenchman shouted a gleeful response as he was hustled out of the way by the crowd that was struggling to get within reach of the Colonel, who straightened up and began to talk in the vein he often takes on such an occasion.

"As I go through this country," he said, "what strikes me is not the difference among our people but their fundamental identity. I think the average American citizen is an honest man, and therefore it is his first duty to insist on honesty in public and business life alike."

The crowd cheered lustily at that, and a big man standing only a few feet from the Colonel shouted: "Touch up the jackpotters, Teddy."

Col. Roosevelt had been smiling as he talked, but at that call his face instantly took on the well-known Roosevelt fighting scowl. He leaned over the rail, and waving his hand at the man who had called to him, exclaimed:

"Good, my friend. I'm glad to hear you say that, and then he went on to fulfill the request.

"No man who is worth his salt," he continued, "will support any one of the creatures who were tainted in that scandal.

"The most important thing before us as a people is to drive from public life the corruptionists, the bribe taker, the bribe giver. The men whom you speak of as jackpotters are traitors to the American people, traitors of the basest kind, and it is infamous in any one to condone their iniquity or to support them or stand behind them, directly or indirectly. The presence in public of such men is a shame and a scandal, and I do not care a rap whether they belong to my party or to some other party. I hold it my bounden duty to be equally hostile to

Continued on Page 2.

AUTO RACER KILLED.

T. H. Skaggs's Car, Going 90 Miles an Hour, Turns Turtle—Aviator Hurt.

AMARILLO, Texas, Oct. 12.—T. H. Skaggs of Decatur, Ala., was instantly killed to-day when a 90 horse power automobile that he was driving in a 200-mile race turned turtle. He was crushed under it. Skaggs had lost two laps because of tire trouble and was driving desperately to regain the lost ground when an inner wheel gave way.

An hour later Thomas Benoist, a St. Louis aviator, after making two successful flights in a Curtiss biplane was struck by the propeller while adjusting the engine. To-night he lies in a hospital in a critical condition.

SMUGGLING ALMOST STOPPED

Attorney General Gets Some Proof of This from District Attorney.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.—Attorney General Wickersham believes that smuggling operations have been reduced to a minimum as the result of the vigorous enforcement of the regulations and the laws in recent cases. United States District Attorney Wise, at New York, has reported, in a letter to the Attorney General, that there is evidence of this in the showing made on customs receipts from passengers' baggage at New York—a total of $873,000 during September—and he has pointed to the big amounts collected in two notable cases. From Mrs. Adriance the Government collected $18,428, including a $5,000 fine, and in the Morgenthau case the Government got $22,007, including a $5,000 fine.

4 BIRTHS PLEASE COLONEL.

Congratulates Mothers on "Anti-Race Suicide Accomplishment."

CHARLESTON, S. C., Oct. 12.—On Sunday of last week four white babies were born in the Roper Hospital in this city. Some one apprised Col. Roosevelt of the fact, and the following telegram received from the Colonel and made public yesterday shows that his views as to race suicide have undergone no change:

> Atlanta, Ga., Oct. 8.
> To the Roper Hospital, Charleston, S. C.
> Delighted. Congratulate the mothers for me on their anti-race suicide accomplishment of Sunday.
> THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

CELL FOR ALLEGED KNIGHT.

"Sir Frederick Grey" Accused of Getting $500 by False Pretences.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.—Arrested on a charge of swindling, "Sir Frederick Richard Grey," also known as Señor Frederico Grey, to-night occupies a cell here. He was arrested on a warrant sworn to by George A. F. Henderson, a Government employe, who charges that Grey obtained from him $500 to bind a contract by which he was to go to Latin-America as private secretary to the alleged swindler. An advertisement attracted Henderson to Grey, but a previous investigator had become suspicious and informed the police.

The man, who occupied a suite in a leading hotel, was watched by detectives, and as Henderson handed over his money was arrested.

CONVENTION BY LETTER.

Massachusetts Democrats to Express Choice for Governor by Mail.

BOSTON, Oct. 12.—The Democratic representatives recently sent to the State Convention will have another chance to express their preferences for a candidate to head the State ticket.

The Democratic Committee, after deliberating for three hours and considering calling another convention to select a candidate for Governor, decided to-day to send special delivery letters to all delegates accredited to the recent convention, inviting them to express their preferences.

This will guide the Committee of Four to whom the convention delegated the nominating of the head of the ticket. The committee is in a deadlock, two of the members favoring Congressman Foss and two Charles J. Hamlin.

The session of the State Committee was a stormy one, and frequently the demands for "fair play" could be heard outside. A request was sent to Robert J. Crowley and William P. Hayes, the two Hamlin men on the Committee of Four, to attend, their colleagues, Frederick J. MacLeod and Joseph A. Maynard, being already present. They refused to come on the ground that they had no relation with the State Committee, having been appointed by the convention to nominate candidates for the ticket.

DOCTOR SUICIDE AT CLUB.

Wrenches Himself Free After First Shot and Fires Fatal Bullet.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 12.—Dr. H. W. Taylor, an expert in anaesthetics at the Homeopathic Hospital here, shot and killed himself at the Automobile Club tonight. He fired a bullet into his left lung and another into his right temple at 9 o'clock and died at 10:50 o'clock.

A few minutes before 9 o'clock M. F. Leslie, brother of Max G. Leslie, county delinquent tax collector, left a meeting of the Board of Governors of the club and entered a room adjoining. Dr. Taylor, whom he knew, was there, and the men greeted each other. Mr. Leslie turned his back for a moment and was somewhat startled to hear the doctor say slowly:

"I'm going to shoot myself."

He did not take Taylor's words seriously, and answered:

"Ah, stop your fooling, doctor."

His back was still turned when he heard a muffled explosion. He thought at first the noise had been made by dropping a chair, but turned around in time to see Dr. Taylor stagger backward with a smoking revolver in his right hand.

As the doctor lunged through the door into the billiard room Mr. Leslie leaped forward and clutched the wounded man's wrist. With great strength and agility for an injured man he wrenched free, stepped back quickly and fired another bullet into his right temple.

The revolver dropped to the floor from his nerveless hand and Mr. Leslie grasped the wounded man and eased his fall. It was immediately apparent that he was dying. He did not regain consciousness sufficiently to give any reason for his act. None is known. Dr. Taylor was 39 years of age and had a large and lucrative practice. He was unusually well-informed on many medical themes and was a ready demonstrator at clinics. His widow was prostrated by the tragedy.

TO DISCUSS RECIPROCITY.

This Country and Canada Soon to Resume Negotiations.

CHICAGO, Oct. 12.—Secretary of State Charles Murphy of Canada said in an interview here this afternoon that he expected that reciprocity negotiations between the United States and Canada would be resumed before Nov. 1.

A [illegible] SMOKE-POT HEATER [illegible]

STRIKE A REVOLT SAYS M. BRIAND

Government's Mobilization Order Literally a Challenge to the Railway Men.

GENERAL STRIKE FEARED

Workingmen Throughout France Threaten to Follow Railway Employes' Example.

PARIS ALREADY SUFFERING

Authorities Requisition All Boats to Carry Food to City—Fifty-two of the Strike Leaders Arrested.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Oct. 12.—M. Briand, the Premier, declared to-day that the present movement of the railroad men was not so much a strike as it was an attempted revolution.

The attitude assumed by the Government could hardly be bolder. The decree of mobilization of the railway forces under a section of the law which contemplates such action only in case of war is literally a challenge to the strikers to show their hand. If they resist mobilization they will be regarded constructively as in a state of insurrection and M. Briand's dictum will thus be confirmed. If they do not resist, the strike will collapse at once, as a similar strike did in Italy five years ago.

The extreme Socialists are denouncing M. Briand's course as provocative. The next few hours will probably decide whether it will be productive of bloodshed or of simple submission.

The leaders of the labor syndicate have adopted a policy of which "King" Pataud is regarded as the pioneer—that of paralyzing the bourgeoisie as the first and most essential preparation for a revolution. They have of late urged upon their followers a concerted attack upon the loyalty of the army under the pretext of creating a sentiment among the soldiers in opposition to military interference in any manner whatever in disputes between labor and capital.

This campaign, however, has not had time as yet to bear any weighty fruit. The bourgeois spirit is stronger in the army than any other spirit.

It is believed in some quarters that the labor leaders do not really expect this strike to succeed, but regard it only as a dress rehearsal of the first scene in the future revolution—in other words, an object lesson for the workingmen themselves, in which they may be able to realize the possibilities of their own power.

The Seine as the Savior of Paris.

PARIS, Thursday, Oct. 13.—The strike of the railroad men threatens to spread throughout the length and breadth of France and to extend to workingmen generally.

The Paris, Lyons & Mediterranean and the Orleans Railroad men late to-night voted to strike, as did also the employes of the Paris Subway, who deem this a good opportunity to obtain satisfaction of a number of demands for which they have been agitating for some time.

The effect of the strike on the two railroads mentioned is not perceptible. It is pointed out, however, that the engineers on these lines do not reside in Paris. They will therefore take their trains out, but abandon them when they reach their own towns, after spreading the strike order en route.

The strike was denounced yesterday by Premier Briand as "an insurrection purely, built upon criminal foundations." The Premier declared that the strike was called while negotiations were going on through himself and M. Millerand, the Minister of Public Works, for an adjustment of grievances, and he promised that the instigators of the strike would be criminally prosecuted.

Warrants were issued to-night for the arrest of fifty-two of the strike leaders.

The River Seine, which in January threatened to destroy Paris, now plays the rôle of its savior. The Government has made arrangements to rush food supplies to Paris from the sea, requisitioning all tugs, boats, and barges to meet the crisis brought about by the stoppage of the railway service and to ease the food market, which is already hard hit. The city at present is practically isolated.

Encouraged by the effectiveness of the strike of railway employes, the leaders of the French workingmen generally threaten a gigantic move to paralyze the activities of the whole country. The electricians and the employes of the omnibus, Metropolitan, and other transportation lines of this city considered yesterday the advisability of seizing this favorable opportunity to launch a strike for the redress of long-standing grievances. The situation throughout the republic is regarded as grave.

President Fallières hurriedly returned from his estate in the south yesterday and conferred with the Ministers. The Government is adopting measures similar to those taken in time of war. The garrison at Paris has been reinforced by troops from the provinces.

The Northern and Western railroads are prostrated. The call to the colors has been ignored by the large majority, and at mass meetings yesterday the strikers reiterated their determination not to respond to the call.

Much destruction has been wrought on the Western system, where the strikers and their supporters have held up and derailed trains, blocked tracks, destroyed signals, ripped up rails, and cut telephone and telegraph wires.

Instructions have been issued to the troops to use severe measures whenever occasion requires.

Suburbanites Have to Walk.

Thousands of persons living in the suburbs who are employed in Paris were massed last evening around the railway stations. These they found closed and silent, with soldiers' camps in front. Then, with true Parisian gayety, the people laughingly set out to walk home, perhaps a distance of five or ten miles, or stormed the tramways, cabs, automobiles, and other conveyances. The prices charged by the drivers soared accordingly.

The losses to commerce are already tremendous. Scores of trains have been stalled along the roads, many of them carrying food supplies which even now have become unfit for use.

The passengers from the steamship Oceanic, who took the train at Cherbourg for Paris, are blocked at Mantes-sur-Seine, about thirty-six miles from the capital.

Many Americans have been compelled to remain in this city or to pay fabulous sums to reach the coast so that they may embark for England. Seven hundred sacks of American mail are now being transported from Havre to Paris up the Seine. The French Steamship Line will employ a tug to convey the passengers for La Touraine, which sails on Saturday. The boat train for Dieppe yesterday covered a few miles and then returned to Paris.

M. Jaurès, leader of the Socialists in the Chamber of Deputies, yesterday answered Premier Briand, charging that the Government railroads were responsible for the present crisis. He declared that the scheme of militarization was dangerous, as it was certain to weaken military discipline and increase anti-militarism.

This issue between the Government and the strikers constitutes the most serious phase of the situation. The reservists who failed to report for duty may be declared deserters and dealt with accordingly. As soon as possible further decrees will be issued calling to the colors every railway employe in France. The reservists who refuse to report for duty are liable to imprisonment for from one to twelve months.

The leaders declare that the strike will be general throughout France by the morning, when not a single train will be in motion at any point in the republic.

Early yesterday the authorities were apprised of the vote for a general strike and worked feverishly in preparation for an attempt to control the situation. Troops were mobilized and sent out to occupy the principal points on all railroads.

The great French railway lines are the Eastern, the Central, the Northern, the Paris, Lyons & Mediterranean, the Western, the State, and the Belt Lines. The total trackage is nearly 25,000 miles, and some 300,000 employes would be involved in a general strike. The men of the Eastern, Western, Northern, and Paris, Lyons & Mediterranean Lines have already voted to stop work.

The strike on the Western Road is the most serious so far as Paris is concerned. It has cut off an enormous suburban traffic, and has interrupted communication with the ports of Cherbourg, Havre, Dieppe, and Brest. It threatens to paralyze business here.

The strike on the Northern line is also very serious in its effect here. This line is a great artery for agricultural products and insured Paris of the necessities of life during the flood of the Seine.

Stock of Flour in Paris Small.

The President of the grain syndicate said that the stock of flour on the Paris market yesterday did not exceed 75,000 quintals. (A quintal is equivalent to 220.46 pounds avoirdupois.) Paris consumes 10,000 quintals daily. The bakers have a considerable supply on hand, but since some of them were accused of an attempt to corner flour at the time of the flood the majority have made it a habit not to carry a heavy supply in reserve. The bulk of the meat, vegetables, and fruit comes in over the Western & Paris, Lyons and Mediterranean lines.

The prices of fish, eggs, butter, and milk jumped 25 per cent. yesterday. The merchants are arranging for the transportation of vegetables from the suburbs by automobiles.

The Southwest Express had a narrow escape from being wrecked on its arrival here yesterday. The brakes failed to work and subsequent investigation showed that the air-tubes had been cut. The train dashed into the Austerlitz station at a speed of sixty miles an hour. It was finally stopped just before reaching the Dorsant terminus.

At Bois-Colombes the strikers held up a freight train, and, smashing in the doors of the cars, freed a cargo of live cattle. The strikers later held up the express train for Havre at the same station, and, covering the engineer and firemen with revolvers, compelled them to abandon the locomotive, which was then uncoupled from the train and tipped over across the track.

More telegraph wires were cut yesterday, including several connecting French points with London and Brussels. Telegraph and telephone poles have been torn down. Paving stones have been heaped upon the tracks outside the Saint-Nazaire Station here.

FRENCH ARMY UNRELIABLE.

It Sympathizes with the Proletarians, Says Alexander Ular.

In the present crisis in France significance may be found in an article contributed by the well-known French publicist Alexander Ular to the Contemporary Review for June, 1909. He said in the course of the article:

“The general strike, which is to set up new social conditions, and at first the functions of all State administration, cannot be undertaken as long as part of the proletarians place their momentary personal interest above the cause of revolution; and the French workers are still far from sacrificing them.

Moreover, the general strike would end in an awful civil war or prove wholly unsuccessful, if the State disposed of sufficient willing soldiers to replace the strikers in two or three of the most important industrial branches, (victuals, coal, electricity,) and if at the same time the means of communication continued to be available. The Confederation Générale du Travail, therefore, was well aware that it was unable, alone, to bring about decisive events.

“In the meantime the two large official bodies, on which effective State authority is based, the army and employes of the large public enterprises, (post and telegraph, railroads, State monopolies, &c.,) were affected by syndicalist and revolutionary propaganda.

“As to the army, the anti-militarist movement, at least in its most interesting form, is far more extended than the public thinks. It has failed up to now, as could be foreseen, owing to anti-patriotic tendencies. But its social, or, so to speak, moral claims are gaining every day new partisans, for they have no other object than the destruction of blind discipline and correspond perfectly well with analogous tendencies in every branch of human activity in France.

“The young soldiers on active service are of course less affected by the new theories, but their effect on the reserve army is obvious, the men want to know why and for what purpose they are asked to do this or that, and they claim a right to decide whether it seems fit to obey or not.

“Nobody doubts any longer that in case of domestic troubles the reserve troops could not be relied upon by the present Governmental régime. As to the effective army, it has proved up to this moment fit for preserving order, but it is growing more and more difficult to ask even the young soldiers for real military action against proletarian crowds.

“With the general state of mind [illegible] prevailing, the people would [illegible] sympathize with any corps that should refuse to take up arms against proletarians, provided that the latter did not attack the soldiers. And in case widespread troubles should break out in different parts of the country at the same time, any Government that should assume the responsibility of a kind of civil war by ordering the army to crush a political movement, would break down under universal hatred.

“As for the rest, we have now an example of the whole of a battalion refusing to oppose popular agitation; it was two years ago when a dangerous rising broke out in the wine districts of Southern France. The mutineers were, of course, obliged to submit; they were severely blamed in Parliament and sent for a year to Africa; the whole of the press was against them; but even in Parliament the fact that they had been charged to maintain order in their home district was considered a mitigating circumstance, and the indignation of, not only the Socialists but all classes was so great against the Government that dared to ‘send the sons against the fathers’ that the Under Secretary of the Interior, deputy for the district in question, was obliged to resign.

“This example has made a very strong impression on many young men, and the general feeling of the country is, I think, that it would be impossible even now to have the present political and social institutions protected by the army, provided the supposed general strike or the labor troubles extended over a great part of the country.”

M. Ular points out that during the postmen's strike the policemen's association contributed to the fund for the strikers, and remarks:

“The mere principle of this strange co-operation seems to prove that even in the ranks of former soldiers, who have consented to be the instruments of public authority and order, revolutionary tendencies are spreading.”

An anonymous article in The Fortnightly Review for November, 1907, however, ascribed the wine mutiny to local patriotism rather than anti-militarism.

STRIKERS STONE MOTORISTS.

Many Caravans of Automobiles Reach the Belgian Frontier.

COLOGNE, Oct. 12.—Railway traffic between this city and France was at a standstill to-day. Hundreds of travelers at frontier points were unable to proceed.

Arrangements have been made to send the French mails into France by way of Jeumont, on the Franco-Belgian frontier.

Travelers in automobiles arriving here from France by way of Jeumont say that many caravans of motor cars have reached the Belgium frontier from French points. They report that the railway strikers are insulting and pelt travelers with missiles.

Observers of the situation express the fear that the strike movement will assume a revolutionary character.

RAVAGES DUE TO MORPHINE.

Dr. Roos Says Drug Is Worse Than White Plague—Urges Stoppage of Sale

The necessity of making the crusade against the sale of cocaine and morphine Nation wide in order to stamp out a National evil was urged upon the Pharmaceutical Society of Registered Drug Clerks last night by Dr. Lester L. Roos of the Board of Health. Dr. Roos had been asked to attend the meeting of drug clerks in the New York College of Pharmacy. He said that no greater argument for the restriction of the sale of cocaine and morphine could be urged than that thousands of insane patients owed their insanity to them.

“Just now the medical profession is without a backbone,” said Dr. Roos. “It cannot go to the Legislatures and ask for any concessions with a reasonable expectation of having them granted.

“The men who sell drugs over the counter know how great the demand for narcotics has grown in late years. It has grown so great that I believe I am safe in saying that 50 per cent. of the people in the United States either use or have used injurious narcotics.

“The indiscriminate use of the drug is to-day worse than the white plague, and I am sure that more people suffer from the cocaine and morphine habit than suffer from tuberculosis.”

Dr. George C. Dieckman of the New York College of Pharmacy said that the Board of Health's ordinance governing the sale of narcotics was not as effective as it might be made. He said that the pharmacists questioned the feasibility and the possibility of enforcing it, although they, as a whole, agreed that restrictions should be placed on such sales.

WIFE'S BLOOD DIDN'T SAVE HIM

“Physically Perfect Policeman” Dies Despite Her Sacrifice for Him.

It was learned yesterday that in an effort to save the life of her husband, Harry G. Fulcher, known as the “physically perfect policeman,” who died in St. John's Hospital, Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Mrs. Fulcher had twice given of her blood.

About a month ago Fulcher fell ill, and two weeks later was operated on in the hospital for intestinal trouble. To the astonishment of the surgeons, the patient failed to rally from an operation which had been entirely successful in the cases of many far weaker persons. This was thought to be due to the fact that Fulcher had waited too long before placing himself in the hands of the surgeons.

He grew gradually weaker, and it was finally decided to resort to blood transfusion. When Mrs. Fulcher was told that her husband's life might be saved if some healthy person would consent to give of his blood she at once offered herself. Twice on Tuesday blood was given by her to her husband, but her sacrifice was in vain, Fulcher dying in a few hours. Several of Fulcher's fellow-policemen in the Adams Street Station went forward and volunteered when they heard of the plan to save his life, but the wife was before them.

Fulcher was 33 years old and lived at 1,444 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn. He was 6 feet and 3 inches in height and built in proportion. He is said to have been the only policeman in the city in recent years to have received 100 per cent. in a physical examination for appointment.

RELIEF POURING IN FOR FIRE SUFFERERS

Canada Aids with Supplies, Which Are Permitted to Cross the Border Free of Duty.

$100,000 FUND TO BE RAISED

Baudette Now a Village of Tents—Refugees There More Cheerful—Gov. Eberhart Encourages Then.

Special to The New York Times.

BAUDETTE, Minn., Oct. 12.—The fire refugees were happier this morning than at any time since the terrible disaster. Gov. Eberhart is with them, giving them heartening encouragement. Relief from the otuside is beginning to come in fast.

The St. Paul train, which arrived this morning with the Governor and a number of State officials, was followed by another special from Winnipeg.

Happily the trains contained a good supply of clothing, for it turned cold last night, and but for the cheery prospect held out to the refugees by the new arrivals, the gale that swept across the charred country to-day would have had anything but a reassuring effect upon them.

The St. Paul train brought additional militiamen, nurses, and a physician. In addition to general household supplies and clothing and tents, there were nails and tools for rebuilding. These were specially welcome.

Baudette is rapidly becoming a village of tents, which have been brought in large numbers. There are plenty of provisions for the present. The Crookston people brought in 4,000 loaves of fresh bread and a general assortment of groceries, clothing, and $1,000 in currency, which was raised in two hours.

Upon the arrival this morning of Theodore Stabacken from south of Rapid River, practically all the known settlers in the fire zone had been accounted for. Stabacken and his two cousins walked twenty-five miles through the burned forests. They reported that all but three cabins had been burned in their vicinity, but no lives had been lost.

Stabacken had a narrow escape from the fire when the flames swept over him and his family on Friday. Anticipating the approaching danger, he hastily constructed a raft of boards and his family pushed out into the Rapid River. The flames almost met in the middle of the stream.

The members of the family kept constantly splashing water over themselves, and at one time Stabacken was obliged to all but submerge his six months' old twin boys in the stream. When the worst of the flames had passed over a landing was made and the whole family lay around a camp fire in their wet clothing all night. In the morning they made their way to an unburned cabin, a distance of three miles, where they joined other refugees who were fortunate enough to escape.

Minneapolis and St. Paul business men have decided to ask Gov. Eberhardt to appeal for a $100,000 relief fund.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.—Customs barriers between the United States and Canada were broken down to-day in favor of donations by Canadians for the forest fire sufferers in the Northwest. Collector of Customs Johnson at St. Paul, Minn., was advised by telegraph by the Treasury Department that Canadian donations of emergency food and clothing supplies for the fire sufferers may be admitted free as an act of international courtesy. Canada, the Collector reported, is sending supplies and contributions of all kinds.

A similar suspension of duties was made at the time of the San Francisco earthquake, when supplies of all kinds, regardless of whether donations or not, were permitted free entry from the whole civilized world.

DORY UPSETS; EIGHT IN RIVER

Naval Reserve Men Saved by a Passing Tug Off Pier A.

Eight naval reserves came to grief yesterday afternoon as they were sailing a few hundred feet off the Battery in a twenty-three-foot dory. A gust of wind and the swell from a passing steamer capsized their craft and threw all into the water. All were saved after they had clung to the capsized boat for several minutes.

The men were returning to the Hudson River station after a cruise around Staten Island. The dory was nearing Pier A when a gust of wind turned her over, and in an instant the men were in the water.

Not far away was the tugboat John Fuller. Capt. O. G. Olsen of the tug had been watching the dory and he saw her turn over. He headed his boat at once toward them. The crew of the tug threw ropes and within a few minutes had all of the eight on board.

WATER FAMINE WORSE.

Westchester Towns Find the Situation Growing More Serious Daily.

Only a week of steady rain will relieve the water famine in Westchester County. Reservoirs not already dry are fast drying up. Yonkers now begins to feel the shortage of water. Although that town's reservoirs still contain a considerable supply, it will not last long, and steps may be taken soon to get an extra supply from New York City, as Mount Vernon and Ardsley are doing.

Water in North Tarrytown is so scarce that permission to sprinkle the roads has been refused to the residents of Webber Avenue.

White Plains has only ten days' supply of water, and it will have to call on New York for help soon. The movement to obtain the plant of the Consolidated Water Company at Pocantico River, north of Tarrytown, as an additional source of water supply by Yonkers, has been vetoed by City Engineer Samuel L. Cooper.

The New Hanan Shoe Store Broadway at 31st Street

Our new store is but a step from Greeley Square where Broadway, Sixth Avenue and 34th Street meet and where most everybody transfers.

It is but a few doors from the new Sixth Avenue Subway station and is only a block from the new Pennsylvania Station, now the New York entrance for most of Long Island and soon to be the getting-off place for most of New Jersey.

This large, light, modern store now has for your inspection all the new Hanan styles for Fall and Winter. Here you will find comfort, courtesy and intelligent salesmanship to aid you in making your selections.

Hanan & Son

Broadway at 31st Street

Other Hanan Shoe Stores

Broadway, corner 38th St.
1095 Broadway, near 23d St.
Broadway, cor. Canal St.
Broadway, cor. Fulton St.
297 B'way, near Duane St.
In Brooklyn at 390 Fulton Street

COLLIN IGNORES CHARGE.

Is Accused of Negligence in Pushing Suit Against Lehigh Valley.

Special to The New York Times.

ELMIRA, N. Y., Oct. 12.—The attention of Frederick Collin, nominee for the Court of Appeals, was called to-night to a published charge made by Samuel S. Dale, a Boston lawyer, that Collin had been negligent in prosecuting a damage suit against the Lehigh Valley Railroad. Dale, in making the charge, said he was the Boston attorney for the plaintiffs in the action, which was brought in the New York State courts. Mr. Collin said:

“I have no answer to make to such a criticism, neither now nor later in the campaign. I do not desire to be a party to newspaper controversy or have others speak for me in reference to such criticisms.”

Friends of Mr. Collin said last night that there is a well-defined ethical code which binds judicial candidates to abstain from entering upon political campaigns.

ROOSEVELT WILL NOT GIVE PLEDGE ON 1912

Continued from Page 1.

them in either event. The very fact that we have the power, we, the people of the country, should make us keenly alive to our responsibility for exercise of the power. The knowledge that we cannot, in the last resort, blame anybody but ourselves for what happens in our public life ought to cause us to realize our responsibility.

“The Bible says: ‘Woe to the people whose sovereign is foolish.’ Well, we are the sovereign here. It is you and I who are the sovereign, and if we are foolish, Heaven help us. Now, in the other countries it is an outside man, it is a ruler or body of rulers who will bring woe to the country or the reverse, but in this country we, the people, ourselves rule, and we cannot escape the responsibility if there is corruption, wickedness, and lawlessness in public or in private life. You can guarantee that what I can do to war against those evils and against their kind in every State of the Union will be done. But it rests, my friends, with you to do it in Illinois.

“I can disagree with honorable men on public questions. I can fight hard for my side, and if I win I am glad, and if I don't I am sorry, but I can submit to it. But when it is a question of corruption I recognize no party lines. If a man is a crook, hunt him out of public life. If you don't, then you are harming this country, not only for yourselves, but for your children and your children's children. We can afford to divide on ordinary political lines, but we cannot afford to divide on the line that separates the honest man from the dishonest man. Sometimes you will hear men sneeringly say: ‘Oh, they are all scoundrels and there is not much difference between them.’

“Now, the reason why I want to find out ‘our own scoundrel’ is to drive him out of public life. So friends differ, and differ honestly on questions of public policy, on questions of politics, but stand as a unit without regard to political or religious faith, without regard to where you were born or what may be your antecedents or occupation. Stand as a unit to hunt out of public life the crooked man, the crooked politician, and to rob of his power the crooked business man who stands behind the crooked politician.”

At the conclusion of the little speech there was a renewed demand for handshakes. Col. Roosevelt kept at it until the train pulled out. Once in the push to get at him several men ran in between his car and a train standing on the next track.

“Get back there,” shouted the Colonel; “somebody may get hurt crowding in there.”

The crowd cheered again at that, and there was an immediate scattering on that side of the car. There had been only a few stops before Springfield was reached—one for a moment at Alton and one at the little village of Godfrey, where a schoolmistress had brought her roomful of children down to the station to see the Colonel. He delighted them all by shaking hands, and then called the teacher up and shook hands with her also. He talked to the children as he shook hands, impressing upon them his special maxims for school children—to play hard while they play and not to play at all while they are working. Again at a cross-road there was such a group of school children, but no stop was made.

At Green Valley the Colonel made a little speech. Gov. Deneen, who had joined the train at Springfield, left at Green Valley to make a speech before going on to Peoria to take part in the Catholic celebration of Columbus Day. A big crowd was at the station in Peoria, where he was taken at once out to the country club. Luncheon was served for about 150. Then he came back to the residence of Archbishop Spalding, who had been a guest at the luncheon. The Colonel and the Archbishop had been friends since Mr. Roosevelt, as President, appointed Bishop Spalding a member of the anthracite strike commission. What the Archbichop now thinks of the Colonel is shown by his interview with a local paper here to-day, in which he said: “He will probably be the next President of the United States. He has transcended both parties.”

After a long visit to the Archbishop, Col. Roosevelt went to the hall of the Knights of Columbus and held a reception. At the banquet in the evening there were three speeches besides that of Col. Roosevelt. They were by Dr. R. E. Kane of the Knights of Columbus, W. Bourke Cockran of New York, and Richard Henry Little of Chicago.

Col. Roosevelt went to his car after the dinner. He is to spend to-morrow in making speeches in Indiana for Senator Beveridge.

TRAIN FERRY RUNS MOTOR BOAT DOWN

Boathouse Proprietor Drowned and Companion Badly Hurt in East River Crash.

TRANSFER BOAT WENT ON

Tug Rescued the Injured Man—The Two Were Towing Rowboats to Highbridge.

Charles Garland, 30 years old, proprietor of the White House boathouse at Highbridge, was drowned last night in the East River, when his double-deck motor boat, the Gimmick, was run down by Transfer 22 of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company. Charles Sullivan, Garland's companion on the Gimmick, is in the Lincoln Hospital suffering from a severe scalp wound and concussion of the brain.

The transfer boat is a swift car ferry employed to carry through passenger trains bound from the South to Boston, around the Battery from Jersey City and up the East and Harlem Rivers to the Mott Haven yards for transfer to New England cities. Aboard the car ferry at the time of the collision were the eight cars of the crack Maryland Express from Baltimore for Boston.

The great car ferry continued its rapid way up the East River after striking the Gimmick amidships off East 108th Street, without giving any sign that any one aboard had noticed the collision. A search of the river failed to reveal any signs of the motor boat, which is now believed to have been sent to the bottom.

Before he lapsed into unconsciousness Sullivan said:

“Garland and I started from Clason's Point late in the evening with a string of rowboats he had purchased. We were towing them to Highbridge to store them for the Winter. All our lights were burning when we entered Little Hell Gate, where the collision occurred.

We had sighted the car ferry on its way up the river, and expected no trouble. We expected the pilot to give us passageway. But the first thing we knew, the steamer had hit us amidships. I came up behind the car ferry, the blood streaming down over my face. I looked for Garland, but he was nowhere to be found.

“The rowboats had gone off down stream and the Gimmick was nowhere in sight. I saw the lights of a tug and shouted for help. Men from the tug Phoenix pulled me out of the water. I told them Galland was missing, and they circled about looking for him.”

The Phoenix took Sullivan to the Health Department pier, at 132d Street, where he was attended by Thomas Wilson, the night clerk in charge, who put in a hurry call for an ambulance through Police Headquarters. Dr. Polson of the Lincoln Hospital came with an ambulance. He found Sullivan in a bad way from submersion, and a serious scalp wound.

Sullivan lapsed into unconsciousness on his way to the hospital.

Later John Bogell of Morris Heights, who was riding in the Isabel, the first of the boats towed by the Gimmick, was brought ashore by another tug. He said the Isabel had missed being hit by a very narrow margin, and that the wash of the transfer boat had nearly capsized him.

CLARENCE DEITZ SET FREE.

Obtains $1,000 Bond, and John Deitz Engages Counsel—Romance in Sight.

Special to The New York Times.

HAYWARD, Wis., Oct. 12.—Clarence Deitz was released to-day on $1,000 bond and John Deitz has accepted Rubin & Beahle, Milwaukee attorneys, as his counsel. John Deitz's first hearing will take place on next Tuesday.

The hearing of Clarence Deitz has been adjourned until Nov. 7. W. W. Deitz, a brother of John Deitz, and Herman Voight, of Barron, a son-in-law, signed his bond. Clarence Deitz will stay with Voight at Barron. William Deitz, the brother, said to-day that the children, John and Helen, would be sent to their maternal grandmother at Rice Lake later this week.

CHIPPEWA FALLS, Wis., Oct. 12.—A romance is in prospect between Almyra Deitz, at the Ashland hospital, and Erick Schervey, a wealthy bachelor of this city. Mr. Shervey greatly sympathizes with Miss Deitz after her trip to Winter on Sept. 24, when she was shot. He wrote her several letters of sympathy. To his third letter Miss Deitz replied with encouragement, and Mr. Schervey now writes daily to the girl, who has expressed a hope to meet Mr. Schervey. Mr. Schervey now expects to leave for Ashland in a few days to call on her. He is 42 years old and has logged for several winters, and is also an extensive landowner.

Partnership Protection

Firms safeguarded against financial loss through death of any member. Contracts drawn to meet other requirements. Particulars submitted on request.

ROBERT A. SASSEEN,
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Sir Gilbert Parker, the popular Canadian novelist:

“I have used Sanatogen at intervals since last autumn with extraordinary benefit. It is to my mind a true food tonic, feeding the nerves, increasing the energy and giving fresh vigor to the overworked body and mind.”

David Belasco, the eminent dramatic author, says:

“It gives me pleasure to let you know the wonderfully beneficial results I have experienced from the use of Sanatogen. It has a most invigorating effect upon the nerves and I heartily recommend it to all those who, like myself, are obliged to overwork. After my personal experience I can readily vouch for its recuperating qualities.”

Hall Caine, the dramatist:

“My experience of Sanatogen has been that as a tonic nerve food it has on more than one occasion benefited me.”

Lady Henry Somerset, the prominent social reform advocate, says:

“Sanatogen undoubtedly restores sleep, invigorates the nerves and braces the patient to health. I have watched its effect on people whose nervous systems have been entirely undermined and I have proved Sanatogen to be most valuable.”

David Warfield, the beloved actor, says:

“I am pleased to say that Sanatogen has done all you claimed for it. It not only restores the appetite but is a real blood-builder and is a remarkable revitalizer for an overworked nervous system.”

“This Sickness Doth Affect The Very Life Blood of Our Enterprise.”

Shakespeare. Henry IV.

Thus the Bard of Avon realized the immutable law—

Success without *Health* is *impossible.*

Formerly Nature's law of the “survival of the fittest” concerned only *physical* fitness. *Today* the same law includes *mental* vigor as well.

Both *mental* and *physical* health depend on *strong* nerves—*right* nerves—*normal* nerves. *Your* supply of nervous energy must meet all demands, and nothing so easily and successfully supplies you with these needed elements of perfect nerve health as a persistent course of

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THE FOOD-TONIC

It successfully rebuilds and restores depleted nerves to normal—creates an excess supply of nerve-force on which to draw in time of need—provides a wealth of physical and nervous health. Sanatogen combines Albumen—milk's nutrient—and Sodium Glycero phosphate—the wonderful nerve reconstructive. It is a fine, white powder, soluble in water, milk, coffee, cocoa, etc.

Write for our book on “Nerves”

A well-known physician author has written a remarkable work on Neurasthenia. The prevalence of this nerve disorder throughout America has caused him to describe it as “The American Disease.” It is a book of vital interest to every American, and is written in an entertaining style, free from morbid descriptions, but brimful of sound, common-sense suggestions.

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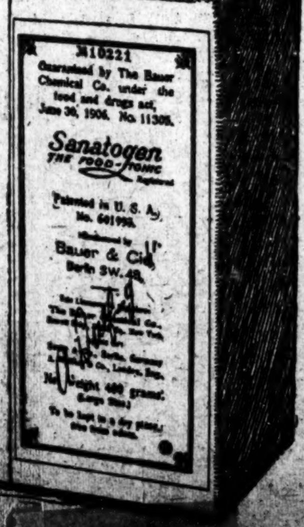

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HUSBAND SLAIN; WIFE HELD.

Fleeing Man Eludes the New Rochelle Police After Fatal Shooting.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y., Oct 12.—Frank Picchione, a barber of 161 Huguenot Street, was murdered about 3 o'clock this morning. Mrs. Rosa Picchione, his seventeen-year-old wife, is locked up and the police are looking for a man who is said to have been attentive to her.

Detectives George T. Scott and Martin Larkin heard shots a block away from Picchione's shop. They rushed into the house as the back door slammed and locked. Scott dashed into the apartment occupied by the Picchiones behind the shop, while Larkin reached the yard in time to see a man disappear over the back fence. Larkin gave chase, but lost the man in the darkness.

On the floor of his bedroom lay Picchione dead with a bullet in his heart and another in his back. A revolver with two shells empty was near.

“My husband shot himself with this,” said Mrs. Picchione, pointing to the revolver.

In the room were Miss Nellie Rider, 17 years old, and Frank Manocco, who live in the same house. The girl was hysterical. She and the man said they knew nothing except that they had heard the shots that killed Picchione, who had been quarreling with his wife in the bedroom. They had run to the Picchiones' rooms, but he was dead when they reached him. The two women and the man were locked up, but later Miss Rider and Manocco were discharged by Coroner Boedecker.

On the floor of the bedroom were pieces of Mrs. Picchione's skirt and shirtwaist, hairpins and combs. The dead man's coat was torn and there were indications of a struggle.

Picchione had applied last night to Acting Judge McKinley Power for a warrant for the arrest of a man whose name the police refuse to divulge. Picchione said that the man had been attentive to his wife and had threatened to shoot him.

Manocco is the man who was arrested in Chicago some time ago accused by his wife as the murderer of Julius Rosenheimer, the wealthy needle manufacturer, at his home, The Roses, in Wolfe Lane, Pelham. He was discharged, as the accusation was believed to have had no foundation.

UNION LEAGUE AND DIX.

Rumors of a Sentiment for Him in Brooklyn Club Fail to Materialize.

Although there had been rumors for several days in political circles in Brooklyn that members of the Union League Club in that borough who had turned to the candidacy of John A. Dix in preference to the Republican nominee for Governor would make a fight at last night's meeting of the club against a resolution indorsing all the Republican candidates, approval of the Republican State and local tickets was given with only one dissenting voice.

A few days ago the political committee of the club caused much comment among local politicians by passing a resolution containing a blanket indorsement of all the State and local candidates. Up to that time the club had confined itself to giving approval of the National and State nominees of the Republican Party. There was a belief that the political committee, moved by the discovery of a Dix sentiment in the organization, aimed to discourage this feeling and place the club squarely on record for all the party stood for by having it also give a general indorsement to the local candidates.

So far as could be learned the expectation that there would be a merry row over the resolution when it came before the regular meeting of the club last night was not realized. Of about seventy-five members present only one was said to have voted against the resolution. His objection was to the indorsement of all the local candidates.

Leap to Death from Hotel and Boat.

Two men committed suicide in Hoboken, N. J., yesterday. One jumped from the second-story window of Meyer's Hotel. The other jumped from a Lackawanna ferryboat. Deckhands lowered a boat and rescued him, but he died before he reached the hospital. Both bodies are now in Volk's morgue, Hoboken. The hotel suicide was Martin Egger, of Philadelphia. The man who jumped from the ferryboat is unidentified.

His teacher *believed he needed glasses* is quite a familiar expression from parents who bring their children to us for examination. This is encouraging, in that it shows the intellectual superiority of the present teacher to the “school-master” of fifty years ago.

The “dull pupil” is often so because of weak eyes, and when it is possible to secure the service of an *Oculist* (a registered physician) without charge, there is no good reason why your child's eyesight should be neglected.

Harris Eyeglasses—if required—$2 or more.

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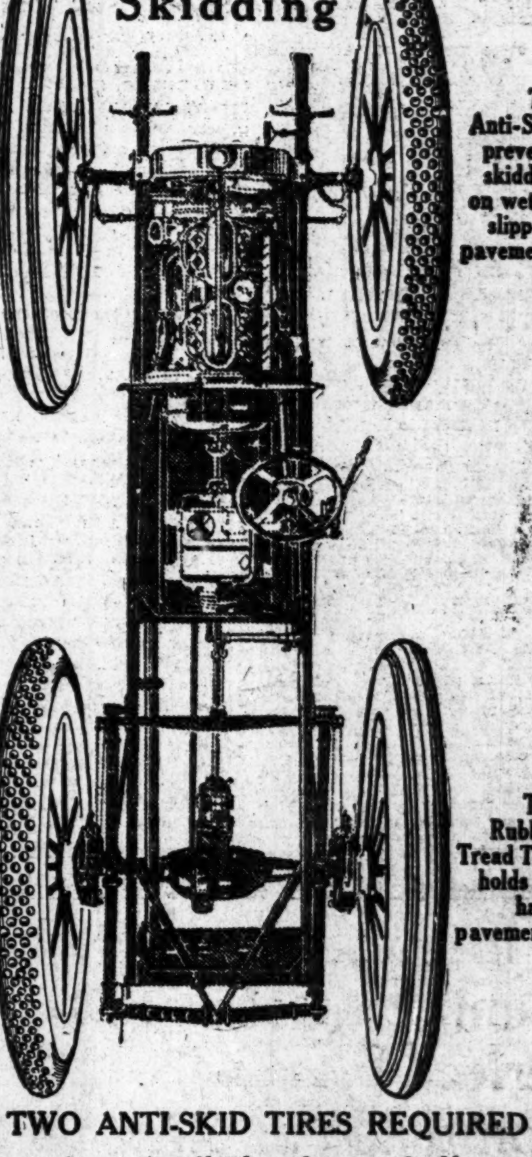

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1763 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

GET MAN WHO USED BOY AS A SHIELD

First Degree Murder May Be Charged Against Berg, Who Fought with Greenwald.

WIDOWED MOTHER'S GRIEF

She Demands the Extreme of Vengeance for Cowardice Which Killed Her Son--Berg's Parents Defend Him.

In the arrest of Adolph Berg, alias "Pickles," yesterday afternoon, the police declare they have in custody the man who used as a shield the small body of twelve-year-old Charles Fisher of 1,459 Madison Avenue last Tuesday evening to protect himself from the bullet of Henry Greenwald, his enemy.

Berg was arrested after an all-night search by Detectives Curtayne, Brenner, and Hyman, while lounging with several companions in the vicinity of a moving picture establishment at West 111th Street and Fifth Avenue. He submitted quietly to arrest and was taken before Coroner Feinberg in the Criminal Courts Building, where he was charged with having caused the death of the Fisher boy in front of 1,503 Madison Avenue. Coroner Feinberg took occasion to denounce the prisoner, telling him that he merited speedy justice, and characterizing him as a dirty dog. He enlightened Berg as to his legal rights, and then Berg refused to make a statement.

He was taken to Police Headquarters, where his finger prints were taken and his record looked up. After the examination he was committed to the Tombs without bail. To-day he will be lined up beside other prisoners at the morning parade of criminals for the city detectives.

The police say they will prove that Berg has a bad record. He already admitted to Lieut. Dunn, they say, that he served six months on a disorderly conduct charge on Blackwell's Island, but he denied strenuously the allegation that he recently did time in Sing Sing. When arrested he wore underwear which the police say is similar to that worn by the inmates of the State penitentiary.

The police say that he belonged to a tough gang which loiters about corners in Harlem in the neighborhood of 103d Street.

The police story of the shooting is that bad feeling has existed for a long time between Berg and Henry Greenwald, who, after killing little Charles Fisher in shooting at the man supposed to be Berg, committed suicide. The two met in a poolroom at 1,503 Madison Avenue, and had a row over something, perhaps a gambling debt. They agreed to settle it with a fist fight, and adjourned to the street for that purpose.

Berg had landed several blows, according to the police, on his antagonist's jaw, when Greenwald, in a rage, backed out of close range, and drew a revolver. It was then that Berg, it is said, seized little Charles Fisher, who had been an interested spectator of the encounter between the two men, and when Greenwald fired it was the little boy who received the fatal bullet in the head.

When arrested Berg said he was 21 years old and lived at 2,361 Eighth Avenue, where his father, Julius Berg, was a jeweler. A TIMES reporter found there Berg's parents and their six sons. The members of the family were greatly worried over the serious charge brought against their son.

The mother was in tears. They admitted that Adolf, who is second oldest of the children, was wild and went with bad companions. They also admitted that he had once been sent to the Workhouse, but they denied he had ever been in Sing Sing. Recently they said he had been working in the Interborough car barn at 128th Street and Second Avenue as an assistant steam fitter, but after working there only three weeks he was discharged for something.

The parents could not understand how Adolf could have used little Charles Fisher as a shield for Greenwald's bullets. Adolf, they said, was not a coward. He must have seized the Fisher boy on the impulse of the moment, not realizing exactly what he was doing, or perhaps he thought that Greenwald would not dare fire when the bullet was pretty sure to strike the boy. At any rate, they would stand by him in his trouble.

Meanwhile, at 1,459 Madison Avenue, the widowed mother of little Charles Fisher sat all day long beside the bier of her son. Between sobs she moaned:

"Oh, why did my boy have to be taken? I want to live now only long enough to see the coward who caused his death brought to justice!"

Many of the dead boy's companions brought flowers to put on his coffin, and their tears mingled freely with those of the mother.

There was some speculation last night as to what charge can be brought against Berg if he is indicted. Deputy Assistant Attorney Stickney, who was in court yesterday to prosecute the prisoner, was inclined to believe that a careful reading of the code defining murder would show that a first degree charge would lie against Berg.

Coroner Feinberg said that Berg would probably be prosecuted under the section of the law applied to reckless chauffeurs who caused deaths. Under this section murder in the first degree is defined as by "an act imminently dangerous to others, and evincing a depraved mind regardless of human life, although without any premeditated design to effect the death of any individual."

Here is the full definition of murder in the first degree according to the code:

> The killing of a human being, unless it is excusable or justifiable, is murder in the first degree, when committed either
>
> 1. From a deliberate and premeditated design to effect the death of the person killed, or of another; or,
> 2. By an act imminently dangerous to others, and evincing a depraved mind, regardless of human life, although without a premeditated design to effect the death of any individual; or,
> 3. Without a design to effect death, by a person engaged in the commission of, or in an attempt to commit a felony, either upon or affecting the person killed or otherwise; or
> 4. When perpetrated in committing the crime of arson in the first degree.

Apparently, therefore, the second subsection is the only one which by any possibility could be applied to the case.

An autopsy made yesterday showed that the bullet passed completely through the little boy's head, entering at the right parietal eminence, passing through both hemispheres of the brain, and penetrating the left mastoid bone. It was found, flattened, between this bone and the scalp. According to Coroner's Physician Lhane the boy must have been held face to the revolver, but instinctively turned his head when the pistol was fired.

MANY VISITORS FOR MR. TAFT.

This Being Election Year, Many Congressmen Hasten to See Him.

Special to The New York Times.

BEVERLY, Mass., Oct. 12.—President Taft is filling the last days of his vacation at Beverly with conferences. He saw a few callers to-day, in spite of the fact that he did not return from Boston till late in the afternoon. He plans to discuss several important administrative matters with visitors to-morrow and Friday.

The arrival at Beverly to-day of Representative Gardner, in whose district the Summer capital is located, evidenced the attention given nowadays to the fine points of politics. Mr. Gardner is one of the leading insurgents in the House in relation to the Speakership and the rules. He came about 10 o'clock, just before the President was starting by automobile to Boston for the Knights of Columbus parade. He went with the President, was at luncheon with him at the Touraine, and then rode back to Beverly with him.

The Massachusetts Congressmen and Senators were not at all in evidence at the Summer capital last year, but no Federal elections were impending then. Senator Lodge called at the cottage early this year, and all the Congressmen in Eastern Massachusetts have been to Beverly at least once during the present season. The conclusion drawn at Beverly is that, while none of them may be worrying much about his re-election, they are willing that their constituents should believe that they are on friendly terms with the President. Such an impression is worth as much in votes to Representative Gardner as to the others, because his district comprises a good many thick-and-thin Republicans.

Representative William S. Cocks of Oyster Bay, L. I., came to Boston to-day to see the President and Secretary Norton. He had nothing to say regarding his distinguished constituent, Col. Roosevelt, but was concerned almost solely with some matters of patronage. He wants a position in the Internal Revenue Service for one of his supporters, and is also earnestly advocating the renomination of District Attorney William Youngs.

The President is being asked by numerous Republican candidates for Congress in close districts for patronage and other favors that will help them. It was suggested in some quarters that Mr. Cocks, who at times has been regarded as Col. Roosevelt's special friend, was not received with particular cordiality, but he seemed to be satisfied.

The President's plans for next Monday have been modified. He will leave Boston by the 1 P. M. train instead of by the 3 o'clock. This will assure him of all Monday evening in New York. His left foot is still troubling him, and he wore a carpet slipper at the Boston parade.

LABOR OPPOSES SENATORS.

Connecticut Union Against Bulkeley and Brandegee and Four Congressmen.

DANBURY, Conn., Oct. 12.—The Connecticut branch of the American Federation of Labor, in convention here to-day, took a decided stand against the returning to Congress of Senators Bulkeley and Brandegee and Congressmen Hill, Tilson, Henry, and Higgins.

This action, taken in the form of a resolution, was unanimously adopted, and was to the effect that the State's representatives had voted against bills introduced in the interests of labor.

A resolution was also adopted deploring the recent dynamiting of the Los Angeles Times building, and resenting the charge that it was the work of union men. It also expressed the hope that the perpetrators of the outrage will meet with swift punishment.

AGREES TO LETTER DEBATE.

George L. Record Accepts Woodrow Wilson's Challenge.

George L. Record, Congressional candidate in the Ninth New Jersey District and leader of the Progressive Republicans of Hudson County, is disappointed because Dr. Woodrow Wilson, Democratic Gubernatorial candidate in New Jersey, will not meet him in public debate on the issues of the campaign. He is content, however, to meet Dr. Wilson in a letter debate, as the President of Princeton has suggested, and said yesterday that he will have his first letter prepared in a few days.

Dr. Wilson has also written to Wilson B. Killingbeck of Orange, Socialist candidate for Governor, declining to debate. Dr. Wilson says that he has promised every day that is available between now and election for the regular speechmaking of the campaign.

WILSON AT CLEVELAND HOME.

Speaks to Thousands from the Steps of President's Birthplace.

Special to The New York Times.

CALDWELL, N. J., Oct. 12.—Woodrow Wilson was the guest of the Democratic Union of New Jersey this afternoon and evening in this village where Grover Cleveland was born in the Presbyterian Manse in 1837, his father being pastor of the Presbyterian Church here.

Thousands gathered from all parts of Essex County. From 3 to 5 o'clock there was a reception at the Manse where, Dr. Wilson standing in the parlor, shook hands with visitors. Later, standing on the front porch, he paid a brief tribute to the character of Cleveland.

Dr. Wilson stated that Cleveland was a rugged character for whom he could claim neither brilliancy nor originality, but his influence on the political world has always been against corruption. His example would strengthen the moral character of politicians.

I nthe evening at the Monomonock Inn Dr. Wilson was the guest at a dinner. At the speakers' table were Dr. C. F. Kramer, Senator Osborne, John Hinchcliffe, Mihcael Dunn of Paterson, J. R. Hardin, Gen. W. C. Heppenheimer, and Col. J. C. Sprigg, President of the league. Three hundred Democrats sat at the tables. Michael Dunn, ex-City Counsel of Paterson, was toastmaster.

Dr. Wilson received an ovation when he arose to speak. He took for his theme "Our State." He emphasized the need of the purification of political life in New Jersey and a return to the conditions which prevailed before machine politics became dominant.

Opens Independence League Campaign

The Independence League will open its State campaign with the notification and ratification meeting in Cooper Union next Monday night. John J. Hopper, the League's nominee for Governor; William R. Hearst and other candidates on the State ticket will speak. To-night the League will hold its Judicial convention in Webster Hall, 119 East Eleventh Street. Candidates for Supreme Court Justice and Judge of the City Court will be chosen.

Republican Club to Ratify.

The West Side Republican Club will hold a ratification meeting in its rooms, 2,307 Broadway, this evening. Among the speakers will be Henry L. Stimson, William M. Bennett, J. Van Vechten Olcott, and Frederick R. Toombs. United States District Attorney Henry A. Wise will preside.

DIX DUBS ROOSEVELT APOSTLE OF DISCORD

Continued from Page 1.

cratic Party that if intrusted with power we shall seek out and close every avenue by which the public funds have been wasted or stolen; that we shall remove from the roll of officeholders every man whose services are unnecessary or unproductive of good results, and shall punish in a manner which will stand as an example for years to come such men as were recreant to the trust imposed upon them.

"Now and then you will discover a citizen who defends the unprecedented expenditure of State funds, but I submit that there does not exist to-day a human being who will attempt to deny that for years corruption has run riot in the official life of our Capitol. I do not know that it is possible for any human agency to entirely eradicate this evil, but this I do know, that if I become Governor of this State I will turn on the searchlight and drive the Black Horse cavalry out of business.

"Never before has a political party made a more thorough, more straightforward and more complete declaration of its position upon the vital questions concerning the people than was done by our party at the recent convention at Rochester.

Squarely on the Platform.

"I wish to plant myself squarely upon that platform and upon each and all of its planks.

"That I took part in the creation of the platform is the evidence I give of my support of the principles enunciated therein.

"I agree most heartily with the party's declaration as to the division of powers between the Federal and State Governments, and with its strong and unqualified position in favor of home rule for the cities and other political subdivisions of the State. The doctrine of home rule, in my opinion, lies at the very foundation of Republican institutions, and is an essential feature of our Government.

"I believe that in order to do away with the high cost of living from which all the people of the country now so greatly suffer, the governing power must be in the hands of the Democratic Party, that we may have an honest and downward revision of the present iniquitous tariff—a tariff which, while lowering the duties on non-essentials, has increased the duties upon all the necessaries of life, and which, coupled with fourteen years of Republican misrule in the Nation, has made the cost of living for the masses of the people higher than ever before in the history of this Commonwealth, and higher than in any commercial country of the world. Such a revision will restore a situation where the average man will be able to save something from his income after he has paid for the bare necessaries of life.

A Business Administration.

"I have been trained in business methods, and, if elected, I pledge to the citizens of this State that conduct of government will be the government of conduct in State affairs. I believe in a businesslike administration of the affairs of the State, which will secure to the people an honest return in sound and progressive results for every dollar which is taken from them in the form of taxation.

"I believe that unnecessary taxation is unjust taxation, and that not a single dollar should be collected in taxes, either directly or indirectly, beyond what is needed to give the people an honest, efficient, and progressive administration of their affairs.

"Practically every possible form of taxation has now been imposed on the business interests of the State to meet the demand of extravagant and unbusinesslike administration. Unless retrenchment and rigid economy and business methods are at once introduced into our Governmental affairs, it will be necessary to return to the imposition of a direct tax in addition to all the other forms of taxation now burdening the people.

Will Seek Direct Primary Laws.

"I believe in a State-wide system of direct primaries 'to insure to the people the right to choose members of political committees and nominate candidates for public office,' and if elected, I shall do my utmost to see that such a law is placed upon the statute books of the State.

"I believe in such changes in the Constitution and laws as will provide State-wide uniform personal registration of all the voters of the State.

"I favor the popular election of United States Senators.

"I favor the adoption of an amendment to the Federal Constitution to permit the imposition by Congress of an income tax whenever in its judgment it may become necessary for the welfare of the country.

"The priceless treasures vouchsafed by a bountiful Providence in the forest and hydraulic energy of this State compensate for the treasures of mineral wealth and fuel given to other States. These forests and this energy should be conserved for future generations, and used for the comfort and employment of this generation. A wise, comprehensive and progressive policy of conservation should be established to utilize this vast wealth in the interests of all the people; and I favor and urge the necessity of such action as will bring about these lasting benefits to the people of the State.

Regulation of Public Service.

"I believe in efficient and reasonable regulation by the State of public service corporations enjoying public franchises and privileges. As Grover Cleveland so admirably said:

> Corporations are created by law for certain defined purposes, and are restricted in their operation by specific limitation. Acting within their legitimate sphere they should be protected, but when, by combination or the exercise of unwarranted power, they oppress the people, the same authority which created should restrain them and protect the rights of the citizen.

"I favor the proper development of the canal system and the extension, development, and proper maintenance of the good roads system throughout the State, so as to bring into closer inter-communication and connection all the parts of the State, and to give to the agricultural workers of the State the means of access to market without which they are greatly handicapped in disposing of the products of the farm.

"Agriculture is at once the oldest and one of the greatest industries of the State, and should be in every proper way promoted and developed. We have through the State large areas of farm lands which are capable of great improvement, and wherever possible means should be provided for agricultural education and development to the end that there should be no waste in the great farming sections of the State.

"Commercial enterprise, which is the backbone of our industrial development, should be encouraged by such careful and conservative laws as will invite the investment of capital and give remunerative employment to contented labor. The rights of labor must be in every way protected, and the rights of capital must be in no way discouraged. The bone and sinew of our industrial wealth must neither suffer through disadvantage nor benefit by advantage. There should be an equilibrium between capital and labor, both contributing to the commercial prosperity and leadership of this Commonwealth.

Courts and New Nationalism.

"But above all, I resolutely and aggressively take a position against attacks and assaults upon the courts of the country. They are the very bulwarks of our free institutions. Without tribunals in which all men have confidence and from which all men are certain of justice, civilization would cease and anarchy prevail. Any American who, occupying a position of authority, or having the public ear, assails and attacks our courts—now, as they have always been, the seats of justice and of equity—is to be regarded as a public enemy and should be so branded by every reasonable man.

"Overshadowing all these questions, and of most vital importance to the people, is the menace offered to the various institutions of the country by the new Nationalism fathered and advocated by a new apostle of discord and dissension. We have already had to our cost ample proof of his ability to disturb business, destroy values, and create a condition of panic country-wide in its evil effects.

"But if with all that, he is to be permitted to succeed in this campaign to weaken or destroy the powers of the Supreme Court of the United States, to take over to the central Government the powers reserved to the States, to substitute the will of the President for the will of the people as expressed through all the regularly chosen officers of the Federal Government, and to set arbitrary bounds to what any man by ability and enterprise may legitimately secure, then all the sacrifices made by the founders of the Republic, all the blood shed for its preservation, will have been in vain, and we shall see in a time of profound peace a dangerous disturber bringing about the destruction of a free people against whom all the forces of the world in arms might have been hurled in vain.

To Stay Agent of Destruction.

"No question so vital in its consequences has ever been submitted to the people of this State. We have before us now what may be our only opportunity to stay the march of this agent of destruction and to restore to the country at large the business tranquillity and peace under which we have grown as no other country in the history of the world; and to have again the chance to work out without discord or turmoil the other pressing problems presented by our complicated condition of society in such manner as to keep us in the vanguard of the army of progress and to adhere to the fundamental Democratic principle of 'equality for all and special privileges for none.'

"We glory in the wisdom and champion the action of the Fathers in securing to the people of this State the home rule we have so long enjoyed. We challenge the claim that we are incompetent to control our own affairs. We put no faith in those who are in part responsible for any temporary failure and for official neglect of duty in those whom the people have trusted. But the people of this State understand that a remedy which lies at hand in a Government by the people is to turn out the unjust stewards and to continue the process until the will of the people is respected and their rights protected.

Recalls Words of Tilden.

"In a word, we are at the parting of the ways. If the people of the State place the representatives of the Democratic Party in power we shall so administer the public affairs as to secure to the citizens of the State of New York, regardless of party, liberty without license, progress without disorder, retrenchment and economy in public expenditures without meanness, and that due respect and regard for constituted authorities which, while assuring to every man the fullest measure of his own rights, shall prevent any encroachment upon or interference with the rights of others.

"In the words of Samuel J. Tilden, 'Let us obey the patriotic maxim of old Rome, never to despair of our country. Actual evils can be mitigated. Bad tendencies can be turned aside. The burdens of government can be diminished, productive industry will be renewed, and frugality will repair the waste of our resources. Then shall the golden days of the Republic once more return and the people become prosperous and happy.'"

Beautiful Spot for Ceremony.

This little village, where the Democratic nominee for Governor has lived, loved and respected, since 1887, was astir early today with preparations for the notification ceremony, which was held this afternoon at the Dix Summer home. A more beautiful spot could not have been chosen. The house stands on a high plateau overlooking the Hudson, which flows past between steep shores. In the Revolutionary War the spot was the scene of skirmishes that preceded the battle at Saratoga. An Indian trail and remains of a Revolutionary rifle pit were pointed out by the candidate to-day in the spacious grounds to groups of admiring visitors. Brilliant sunshine shimmered among the foliage to-day, setting off the rich Autumn tints.

The speeches were made from a wide piazza at the north end of the Dix home. A huge American flag was draped over the banister, and the Stars and Stripes snapped in the brisk wind from the roof. The ceremony, while official in its nature, had the home life of the candidate for its background. All forenoon friends, relatives, and neighbors had been arriving on foot, by trolley, and in automobiles until there was a long line of motor cars packed on the lawn. All had been hospitably entertained by the nominee, and Mrs. Dix, while they awaited the arrival of a special train from New York having on board members of the Notification Committee, composed of fifty-one Vice Presidents of the Democratic State Convention, members of the State Committee, and other prominent Democrats.

Two Thousand Gather at House.

It was almost 2 o'clock when this arrived, and Charles F. Murphy, Norman E. Mack, Daniel F. Cohalan, Chairman Thomas F. McAvoy of the Tammany Hall Executive Committee; Philip F. Donohue, and scores of other prominent Tammany men and members of the State organization came marching up to the house.

The crowd in front of the house by that time had been swelled by delegations from Glens Falls and Sandy Hill. They came marching, 300 strong behind a band, while the employes in the Dix Paper Mills, where a half holiday had been declared, advanced from another direction led by the Victory Mills band. Other contingents had come from the neighboring counties of Saratoga, Albany, and Rensselaer until there must have been an audience of fully 2,000 persons when the speechmaking began.

It was long after the hour set for the ceremony to begin when a volley of applause heralded the appearance of the nominees on the north piazza. Herbert P. Bissell of Buffalo, who was Permanent Chairman of the Rochester Convention, led the procession. Next came the candidate for Governor followed by the other nominees: Thomas F. Conway of Clinton, nominee for Lieutenant Governor; William Sohmer of New York, nominee for Controller; Thomas Carmody of Yates, nominee for Attorney General; Edward Lazansky of Kings, nominee for Secretary of State; John J. Kennedy of Erie and John A. Bensel of New York, nominees respectively for State Treasurer and State Engineer and Surveyor.

Mr. Bissell was vigorously applauded when in his notification speech he referred to the necessity to curb, through a Democratic victory, "the inordinate and reckless ambition of a former President of the United States whose doctrines and record constitute a menace alike to constitutional government and to business prosperity."

"In selecting you to uphold our cause," he said to Mr. Dix, "we believe that we have chosen one who will faithfully discharge the duties and meet the responsibilities of the high office for which you have been nominated, and that you will ever hold aloft and far above scandal or reproach, the patriotic standard of true democracy. You are the candidate of deliberation and not of dictation."

Dix Speaks to His Neighbors.

Cheers and applause greeted Mr. Dix when he advanced to the piazza railing. He was frequently interrupted by applause as his speech proceeded. Just as he began Charles F. Murphy, William F. Sheehan, and Daniel F. Cohalan pushed their way through the crowd and took their stand directly below the piazza behind the reporters' table.

A touching feature of the occasion was the little speech Mr. Dix delivered after his formal address of acceptance to his neighbors and the workmen in his plants. This was not part of the ceremony. It made a profound impression on those who were present.

"To you, my neighbors and friends, I wish to say a word," he said. "You have contributed so loyally and handsomely to the making of a hamlet or community that I hope will continue to grow and increase in usefulness as we grow older together. I see among you faces that greeted me when I came to this place in 1887, and it has been a pleasure to me to have that relation of neighbor and friend continue through all these years. It has been my purpose and aim to work with you to accomplish for civilization the two essential features, namely education and occupation—the one which contributes to the development of mind and body, always looking forward to good citizenship—the other contributing to the upbuilding of our Commonwealth for commercial and industrial life. It is in the development of the natural resources of our country, so that the products of the soil contribute to the sustenance of our population, the utilization of the unit of power and application of that energy to move the wheels of progress, that gives employment to those who contribute to this Commonwealth.

"We have tried to make this a business community where the artisan can apply his trade to advantage and contribute to the world's product those things which are necessary in the make-up of human endeavor. It is a great pleasure to me, this evidence of your approval and your support, and I trust that I shall merit that same approval and same support in the years to come."

To Punish Corporation Criminals.

After Mr. Dix had concluded the other candidates were notified in order. Mr. Conway, in accepting the nomination for Lieutenant Governor, said that it had come to him unsought, but he had accepted because the Democratic Party if successful would destroy root and branch the evils that had characterized the Republican rule in this State and he was anxious to aid in this work.

"Our party is inflexible in its purpose to see to it that every combination in restraint of trade and doing business in violation of the law, however great, shall be regulated, restrained and controlled by law; that a corporate charter shall no longer shield an individual criminal; that, as corporations can only act through individuals, their criminal acts must be punished by the imprisonment of the officer or agent who does the act and not by fine, which is paid by the stockholders, who are usually helpless to prevent the act and often ignorant of it; that the severer punishment shall fall upon the persons in power who direct the act to be done rather than on the underling who is forced to do it to save his position. In this way, will the combinations, or so-called 'special interests,' be made to respect the law and the law itself be made respectable."

William Sohmer, the candidate for Controller, urged economy in the State administration as the crying need of the hour and pledged himself to practice it.

"A dollar of expenditure saved is a dollar saved in taxes," said Mr. Sohmer amid great aplause. "I will call to my aid bankers and financiers to assist me in the solution of the financial problems in connection with the administration of my office whenever I consider that necessary, and I am sure they will be glad to render such patriotic service to the State whenever called upon."

Thomas Carmody, in accepting the nomination for Attorney General; Edward Lazansky, in accepting that for Secretary of State, and Messrs. Kennedy and Bensel, in accepting the nomination for State Treasurer and State Engineer, respectively, spoke briefly. Mr. Bissell then read letters from Frederick Collin of Elmira and Judge Irving Vann of Syracuse, nominees for the two places on the Court of Appeals bench which became vacant this year.

"This concludes the ceremony," said Mr. Bissell. "Now I will lead you in three cheers for the entire State ticket, from Dix down. Hip, hip."

The cheers were given with a will.

"Tiger," shouted some one in the crowd.

A wry smile appeared on Charles F. Murphy's face. Those near the piazza were choked with laughter, and there was no response. The next moment the audience began to disperse.

After the notification ceremony Mr. Dix held an informal reception, at which he shook hands with hundreds of Democrats from all parts of the State.

Nearly every member of the State Committee attended. Chairman Winfield A. Huppuch announced after the notification ceremony that there would be a meeting of the Executive Committee appointed by Mr. Dix while Chairman at which the Campaign Committee would be selected.

PLANS FOR DIX'S CAMPAIGN.

Mass Meeting at Carnegie Hall to be a Great Party Gathering.

Democratic State Headquarters were practically deserted yesterday, almost every local Democratic leader of importance having gone to Thomson, Washington County, to take part in the ceremonies attending the formal notification of John A. Dix, the Democratic Gubernatorial nominee. Four of Mr. Dix's fellow-candidates were in the delegation which left on the early morning train. They were Thomas F. Conway, candidate for Lieutenant Governor; Edward Lazansky, candidate for Secretary of State; John A. Bensel, candidate for State Engineer, and William Sohmer, the nominee for Controller. With them were Norman E. Mack, Chairman of the Democratic National Committee; Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall; John H. McCooey, the Brooklyn Democratic leader, and about 100 business men.

Plans were perfected yesterday for the mass meeting which will be held at Carnegie Hall on the night of Oct. 25 under the auspices of the Democratic State League. Capt. John F. O'Ryan and John F. Cowan are the committee in charge. They went to Thomson to invite Mr. Dix to address the meeting. It was planned at first not to have tickets of admission for the meeting, but the demand for seats has been so great that this arrangement has been made. The league's membership of 10,000 intends to resolve itself into a campaign committee with Capt. O'Ryan in charge.

State Chairman Winfield A. Huppuch received a campaign check for $250 yesterday from Perry Belmont, who is now in Paris. Mr. Belmont wrote that he would return in time to vote and take some part in the campaign.

OUT AGAINST CANNON.

Congressmen Wood and Howell of Jersey Say They'll Vote Against Him.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Oct. 12.—Nominated as dyed-in-the-wool "standpatters," but admonished by the strength of the independent sentiment in their adjoining Congressional districts, Representatives Ira Wood of this district and Benjamin C. Howell of the New Brunswick district declared to-day that if re-elected they will vote against Cannon should he be a candidate for Speaker of the House again. Mr. Howell made this avowal in an interview at Lakewood:

"I am unalterably opposed to the election of Speaker Cannon. I have no apologies to offer for having supported him in the past, as he was the caucus nominee. But I believe the people now desire a change, and I shall respect their wishes."

Representative Wood's announcement comes as the result of strictures passed upon his record by Prof. William Libbey of Princeton University, his Democratic opponent.

"In reference to my attitude toward Mr. Cannon, I would say," he says, "as I have said previously to those who have asked me about it, that in order to secure the legislative results and in the interest of party harmony, I believe that Mr. Cannon, if he should be a candidate, should not be elected Speaker of the next House of Representatives. I shall not, therefore, support or vote for him for Speaker. I will further say that I shall vote for any change in the rules that my six years' experience in the House would lead me to believe would expedite the business of the House or would be conducive to good legislation."

These, with Judge Runyon of Plainfield, Republican nominee for Congress in the Union County district, make three Jersey Republican Representatives publicly pledged against Speaker Cannon.

In addition Judge Runyon in a speech at Elizabeth last night expressed his displeasure with those Republican campaign speakers who have attacked too harshly Dr. Wilson.

"The Democratic Party has nominated an honorable gentleman for the office of Governor," said Judge Runyon, "and in him the Republican Party has a foeman worthy of its steel. It will need united action on the part of the Republicans to defeat him; and the speeches belittling Dr. Wilson's political ability only serve to strengthen him and his cause, by causing Republicans who know him to desert their own candidates."

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STIMSON SOUNDS CAMPAIGN KEYNOTE

Republican Candidate Defines the Issues in His Opening Spech at Columbia.

SAYS PROGRESS MUST GO ON

Democracy Stands for Reaction, He Declares—Bennet and the Steam Roller.

Columbia University students jammed the auditorium in Earl Hall yesterday afternoon to hear Henry L. Stimson, the Republican candidate for Governor, sound the keynote of his campaign. The students "spelled it out" for him, and he was enthusiastically received.

"I welcome this opportunity to open my campaign before this club," began Mr. Stimson. "I believe the issues which my party presents should particularly appeal to the young men of the State. The present time marks the close of an era in our Nation. I remember that a quarter of a century ago, when I was a boy at college, Prof. W. G. Sumner, the famous political economist, used to tell us who were members of his classes, 'The test of American institutions will come when we have used up our free land.'

"So long as any citizen who is discontented with his lot could pick up stakes, move West, and become a homesteader for himself, we as a Nation confronted no social pressure. So long as these enormous natural resources remained ever available at our hands, we had a constant safety valve against social discontent.

"The result was much irresponsible and loose political thinking on our part. It was not necessary for us to face and solve many of the problems which confronted other democracies, and there necessarily grew up in us a happy-go-lucky method of thought, represented, for instance, in the common saying that 'Providence takes care of idiots, drunkards, and the United States.'

"Other causes concurred to the production of a strong school of individualism. Our vigorous, energetic, and self-reliant population grew accustomed to treat our wonderful resources as if they were endless. Too often we squandered them without a thought of responsibilities to the future and our fellow-men.

"Within the memory of every one in this room the end of this situation has suddenly come. Our frontier has vanished, our land (other than that which requires irrigation) is substantially appropriated.

"The same period has witnessed other great changes in our habits, produced by the great inventions and social changes of the last century. Instead of a Nation of farmers we have become largely a Nation of dwellers in large cities, depending upon others for our comfort, our business, and our very lives, to an extent to which our fathers in their more simple methods of living never dreamed.

"Of course, these changes have necessitated a thorough reform in our method of political thinking. We have been suddenly flung face to face with the most acute problems of modern democracy. Many of the nations of Europe which we have been accustomed to regard as far behind us have in reality been considering and acting upon these problems for many years. In England, particularly, in spite of all her privilege and aristocracy, social and economic legislation has been enacted which we would think revolutionary.

"As a matter of historical fact the lead in the making of these necessary changes of legislation in both the State and the Nation has been taken by the Republican Party during the past ten years. In National affairs this was the great work of Theodore Roosevelt. Long after the antagonisms of the present day have passed away history, in my judgment, will record this as one of the great masterpieces of conservative statesmanship of our generation—that he should have succeeded in placing the conservative Republican Party in the lead in this progressive work.

"The record of the approval of social and economic legislation which has been enacted by the Republican Party under Gov. Hughes is impressive. Consider the mess in which our railroad and other public utility laws were only five years ago; the impotence of our Railroad Commission; the lack of supervision over gas and electric light charges; the telephone situation, which was only remedied last year; the loose condition of our insurance companies and banks brought to light in the insurance scandals and the banking panic of 1907.

"Consider again the intelligent strides we have taken in intelligent labor legislation, culminating last year in the Wainwright Commission and the introduction into New York law for the first time in the Union of the principle of compulsory compensation for accidents—a principle which may well, in time, rid us of all the scandals of our negligence of law and its administration.

"And all of this legislation in the State as well as in the Nation was progressive and not revolutionary. It involved no change in the form of our government; bear that well in mind. It involved no impairment of our Constitution or disarrangement of our system of checks and balances between the three co-ordinate branches of Government. There was no Executive usurpation involved. There was no impairment of the authority of functions, of the courts—quite the contrary. Substantially every piece of legislation has been tested in the courts and substantially every piece of it has been found constitutional and approved as a proper development of our institutions.

"Finally, the lead in all this progress has been taken by the Republican Party. It has been steady, it has been constant, and it has been orderly. The Republican Party has been thoroughly committed to such progress; and, on the other hand, every step in the progress has been taken against the constant opposition of the Democrats. They have resigned and relinquished any claim to leadership in progress. They have been throughout, and are now, committed to the position of obstruction and reaction.

"The issues of the present campaign rest directly upon this situation. The two parties are lined up on precisely this issue, and it is the main one which exists between them. There can be no mistaking of it. It is made clear by the conduct of the respective conventions, by the candidates nominated, by the platforms adopted, and by the course of events which have taken place since the conventions.

"Take the Republican Convention. The issue between progress and reaction was clearly raised in the primaries at which delegates to the convention were chosen, and the adherents of each side fought out the issue at the polls. The opponents of Mr. Roosevelt and Mr. Hughes, in statement after statement, made it clear that their position was one of protest and opposition to the policies of those leaders, and that they desired to return to the quiet of non-progressive life. The very issue which brought Theodore Roosevelt into the contest was his support of Gov. Hughes last June in the latter's demand for reform primary legislation.

"At the convention the forces of reaction were decisively beaten, the forces of progress triumphed. Progressive candidates were nominated and an explicit indorsement of the progressive policies of Gov. Hughes were given.

"Now, as to the Democratic convention. Here is an account from a Democratic newspaper now supporting their ticket, and of the influence which controlled the convention:

"'Never before has Tammany Hall been in such unquestioned control of a State convention. Never before has any Tammany boss been enthroned as the State leader in the unlimited way in which Murphy is recognized to-day. The convention is in the hollow of his hand.

"'Back of Murphy's control are rumors of strange and sinister influences. You cannot throw a brick in any direction without hitting some lobbyist or railroad attorney. The woods have been full of them from the start. They got here before the delegates did.'

"The Evening Post of Oct. 3 summarized the situation in the following headlines: 'Murphy's Skillful Grab—Making Up State Tickets He Looked Out for Tammany—Selected His Own Candidates for State Engineer and Controller Because These Two Offices Are Most Desirable from Point of View of Patronage.'

"As their candidate for Governor they have nominated a gentleman of whom substantially nothing is known except that two years ago he ran for Lieutenant Governor on a platform which called for the repeal of the public service law, one of the principal pieces of Gov. Hughes's progressive legislation. On this subject their platform contains the suspicious and equivocal statement that the party favors 'reasonable' regulation by the State of public service corporations.

"Thus far I have not heard a disavowal of the 1908 platform by Mr. Dix. Does he propose, in case he is elected Governor, to recommend the repeal of the Public Service law? I challenge him to tell the electorate whether he favors now the abolition of the Public Service Commission. This is a vital matter to the community and the voter is entitled to know Mr. Dix's position on this question.

"While the platform contains provisions in favor of certain items of advanced legislation, almost none of which have been issues on which there has been public discussion or difference of opinion, on those which have been the subject of Gov. Hughes's advance, it takes the position of reaction.

"It contrasts the expenditures under the present State administration with those of the last Democratic Governor, well knowing that the difference is an accurate measure of the present state of progress and the old state of inefficiency and inaction. It declares its inflexible opposition to the so-called 'New Nationalism,' well knowing that this opposition is either directed at something which forms no State issue or is a disguised opposition to State progress.

"Finally, it nominates for the two positions most closely connected with the administration of the great Hughes reform above mentioned—the positions of Controller and State Engineer—men all of whose former training and experience have been as Tammany office holders in its government.

"Can it be doubted that this is a pure reactionary issue tendered by the Democratic Party; that it is tendered by those forces controlling that party which profited out of inaction and social inefficiency; that it amounts to an alliance with Tammany Hall—always reactionary and always against progressive legislation, and that it seeks to introduce into our State government the methods of Tammany, that best-known exemplar of the alliance between venal politics and corrupt business which is the curse of our old public life and against which the new progressive movement has been chiefly aimed?

"Compare, for instance, the method pursued by Gov. Hughes as to the payment for permanent improvements and that pursued by Tammany Hall. During Gov. Hughes's time, when an asylum or other necessary public building was established, instead of issuing bonds on posterity for the indebtedness, we paid for what we got out of the current income of the State. On the other hand, as was demonstrated in last year's campaign, Tammany time and again issued municipal securities for things like the purchase of horse blankets and music, used in the celebration of the Williamsburg Bridge. So that the taxpayer has to pay interest on his taxes years after the sound of the music has died away.

"I don't believe that the voters, of this city, at all events, are yet ready to substitute the 'extravagance' of Hughes for the 'economy' of Tammany Hall.

"Since the convention events have occurred which make the issue doubly clear. The radical element of the Democratic Party, organized under the Independence League, has bolted and nominated a ticket of its own, the leaders declaring that they do this because of the corrupt reactionary Tammany influences that control the regular Democratic ticket.

"Finally, in the New York County Convention the boss of Tammany Hall had declined to renominate a tried and effective Democratic Judge, among whose many distinguished qualifications were pre-eminently the fact that he had won for the city the eighty-cent gas fight and as counsel for the Tenement House Commission greatly helped the cause of tenement house reform. No clearer announcement of the reactionary intention of the party could be given.

"My own position on the question of corruption and progress has been made clear, I trust, by my work as United States District Attorney. The public can better judge what I shall do in the future by what I have done in public office in the past than by vague general promises as to the future.

"Moreover, if elected, I shall have with me as associates in office men of proved service to the State. I shall have with me a Republican Legislature which has purged itself of individual wrongdoing, and I shall have behind me a party which, after an open convention and the freest discussion, vigorously arrayed itself on the side of cleanliness and progress. Can the most partisan advocate of the Democratic side say anything like this for the Democratic ticket, the Democratic Legislature, or the forces that dominated the Rochester convention?"

Representative William S. Bennet, who preceded Mr. Stimson on the speakers' list, said:

"When any man in this country starts in to be a dictator, there will be enough of us with red blood in our veins to get busy and stand him on his head.

"Some say that Roosevelt was a boss at Saratoga; others deny it. I admit it. And I have more occasion to be sore than anybody else, because it was over my recumbent manly form that the steam roller went."

STIMSON MEETS LEADERS.

Confers with County Chairmen from Up the State on the Outlook.

Henry L. Stimson, Republican candidate for Governor, spent several hours at Republican State Headquarters yesterday conferring with up-State County Chairmen. He said he had talked with nearly every one in the State, and that the reports he had received from them gave every assurance that the Republican ticket would be elected.

Interest in the Republican side of the campaign will move up-State next week, when Mr. Stimson will begin his two weeks' tour. Ezra Prentice, Chairman of the State Committee, said last night that he also was planning a trip through the State to meet the local leaders. He denied a report that he would go West to join Col. Roosevelt before the latter enters New York State to make speeches.

Lloyd C. Griscom, Chairman of the Republican County Committee, said last night that he had no comment to make upon the resignation of William Barnes, Jr., from the State Committee.

BARNES, ANGRY, QUITS STATE COMMITTEE

Contends Prentice's Omission to Put Him on Executive Committee Reflects on His Loyalty.

WILL SUPPORT THE TICKET

Prentice Says Barnes Is Wrong in Thinking His Services Are Not Needed—Is Assured of His Loyalty.

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 12.—Contending that his party loyalty had been questioned through the failure of Ezra P. Prentice, the new Chairman of the Republican State Committee, to reappoint him a member of the Executive Committee of the State Committee, William Barnes, Jr., of Albany has tendered his resignation as State Committeeman from the Twenty-third Congresional District, comprising Albany and Schenectady Counties. Mr. Barnes was looked upon as the leader of the "Old Guard" in the fight against Col. Roosevelt as Temporary Chairman of the recent Republican State Convention at Saratoga. In his letter Mr. Barnes says:

> In reading the list of the members of the Executive Committee of the State Committee, announced by you this morning, I find that my name is not among the number.
>
> The mere fact of membership in the Executive Committee is entirely unimportant, but after having served as a member of that committee ever since I was first elected to the State Committee in 1892, the omission involves the inevitable conclusion that your action was caused either by your belief that my services would not be useful, or that I was faithless to the Republican ticket. Under neither supposition can I rest.
>
> Having been a member of the Executive Committee for eighteen years, if my services are no longer useful, or my party loyalty is questioned by you as the head of the organization, then I am no longer qualified to serve under you as a member of the State Committee itself.
>
> It has been my habit not to carry lightly the responsibilities and burdens of the Committeemanship which I have held. I cannot, therefore, maintain the proper sense of political ethics and serve upon a committee the Chairman of which holds the attitude toward my political activity which you have disclosed. I, therefore, tender my resignation to you as a member of the State Committee, to take effect immediately.
>
> The State Convention is the supreme authority of the party, and I shall vote for Mr. Stimson and the rest of the Republican ticket, and individually work for its election.

Mr. Barnes was re-elected State Committeeman for two years at the Saratoga Convention, although the vote of Schenectady County was cast against him. If the State Committee accepts the resignation it has the power to fill the vacancy. There appears to be some doubt as to whether any active member of the Albany County Republican organization would accept the appointment. On the other hand, if a supporter of Col. Roosevelt is named as Mr. Barnes's successor, interesting developments would likely result, in view of the decided stand taken by the local organization in opposition to the former President.

Mr. Barnes was in excellent spirits this evening when asked if he would give a full explanation of his reasons for resigning from the State Committee. He replied:

"I do not think I can say anything further than what it contained in my letter of resignation. That explains the situation fully."

While Mr. Barnes, according to his declaration, will support the Republican ticket, he evidently intends to keep up his fight on Col. Roosevelt at the same time. Under the caption "His Purpose Confessed," his organ to-night thus comments on the Colonel's Atlanta statement that if he could carry a single Southern State he would run for the Presidency:

"The mind of the conservative public, already disturbed by the suspicion that the ulterior purpose of Mr. Roosevelt's extraordinary activity since his return to this country was to put himself in line for nomination for a third Presidential term, will be shocked by his virtually positive declaration that that is his purpose. Conservative sentiment regards him, because of his exaggerated radicalism, recently publicly expressed on several occasions, as a Presidential impossibility.

"In the circumstances Mr. Roosevelt's attitude cannot but be detrimental to the chances of the Republican ticket in this State. His declaration might make his candidacy in 1912 an issue in the coming election."

During Mr. Barnes's membership of the State Committee, he has held the Republican vote of Albany County remarkably well. In 1891 Roswell P. Flower (Democrat) carried Albany County for Governor, by 4,227. Three years later Gov. Morton (Republican) came within 1,861 of carrying it, and in 1896 it gave Frank S. Black, (Republican) a plurality of 3,446. The greatest plurality for any one Republican Gubernatorial candidate was in 1906, when 8,517 voted for Charles E. Hughes. This was reduced to 2,589 two years later.

The only time during the eighteen years of Mr. Barnes's incumbency that the county reversed its majority, after it had been swung into the Republican column, was in 1898, when a majority of 925 was recorded against Theodore Roosevelt for Governor. In 1891 the Republican vote of Albany County was 15,371 and the Democratic vote 19,598. In 1908 the vote for Governor was Republican, 23,107; Democratic, 20,518. In these years the highest Republican vote cast for Governor was in 1904, the record being 23,940, while the largest Democratic vote recorded was that of two years ago. The smallest Republican vote was recorded when Roosevelt ran in 1898, when it was only 19,307, and the smallest Democratic vote was in 1906, when Hughes first was elected, the number being 14,944.

The resignation of Mr. Barnes from the Republican State Committee caused much surprise at State Headquarters yesterday. Though Mr. Barnes had led the fight for the Old Guard and had been defeated, it was thought that he would take an active part in the campaign.

Upon receiving the letter from Mr. Barnes, State Chairman Ezra P. Prentice gave out the following statement, in which he said:

"The conclusion that I believe Mr. Barnes's services will not be useful or that he is faithless to the Republican ticket is incorrect. I believe Mr. Barnes's services are extremely useful, and I am certain that he and the Albany County organization will be absolutely loyal to the ticket. Mr. Barnes has always been loyal to the Republican ticket when nominated, and I would be certain without his assurance of his loyalty.

"I regret that Mr. Barnes has taken the view he does of my failure to appoint him a member of the Executive Committee."

BALKS AT PRIMARIES.

State Senator Meade Declines Renomination Because Opposed to Them.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Oct. 12.—Senator George L. Meade has notified the Republican leaders that he will not be a candidate for re-election to the State Senate from the Forty-fifth District. Senator Meade was urged to accept a renomination, but believes he has already given too much of his time to legislative work, and in addition has become convinced that direct primaries are not desirable and therefore is not in sympathy with the Republican platform in that respect. He gave out the following statement:

"As Chairman of the Primary Investigating Committee of the last Legislature, I gave the subject of direct nominations thorough and careful investigation in the different States in which they have been tried, and found the verdict of disinterested persons almost unanimously against them, and so reported to the Legislature, and therefore my position and opposition to the application of the principle of direct nominations to the State at large, or extensive subdivisions thereof, are well known.

"I prefer therefore not to be a candidate and be obliged to sacrifice a principle for political expediency."

QUEENS DEMOCRATS AROUSED

Protest at the Turning Down of Justice Garretson.

The opposition to the turning down for indorsement of Justice Garretson by the Democratic judicial convention of the Second Department last Saturday, took shape yesterday, when a convention of lawyers was held at Miller's Hotel in Long Island City, and a plan of campaign was decided upon. Clinton T. Roe of Whitestone presided, and Rodman Richardson was secretary. Speeches were made extolling Justice Garretson, but the tenor of the meeting was expressed by James J. Conway of Long Island City, who declared that with Justice Garretson off the bench, Queens with its 285,000 residents would not have a single Judge on the Supreme Court bench, while Kings County would have fourteen. This was not home rule by any means, and the people of Queens demanded home rule.

A Campaign Committee to aid in electing Judge Garretson was appointed, consisting of Edward M. Sprague of Flushing, Mr. Roe, Clarence Edwards of Elmhurst, Mr. Conway, W. W. Gillen of Jamaica, E. V. Daly of Flushing, George A. Gregg of Elmhurst, H. T. Weeks of Long Island City, Andrew Capelis of Long Island City, Lawrence T. Gresser of Glendale, and John E. Van Nostrand of Newtown. This committee will at once organize a campaign, and will extend the work all over the district.

A number of Democratic organizations in Queens have already indorsed Justice Garretson.

BAYNE'S CERTIFICATE LATE.

State Senator, Left Off the Ticket, Will Appeal to the Courts.

State Senator Howard R. Bayne of the Twenty-third Senate District, including Richmond and Rockland Counties, who was renominated by the Democrats at Haverstraw on Saturday, received word from Secretary of State Koenig yesterday that his certificate of nomination had not been filed in time and that his name would have to be left off the ticket.

James J. Hasson of Richmond was Secretary of the convention. He mailed the certificate to the Secretary of State on Monday morning, but Mr. Koenig did not get it until Tuesday. Monday was the last day on which the certificate could be filed.

Senator Bayne will go before a Supreme Court Justice in Brooklyn to-day to ask for a writ of mandamus to compel the Secretary of State to put his name on the ballot.

Name Law Student for Assembly.

Harold Content, a Columbia law student, son of Harry Content, a broker of 74 Broadway, was nominated for the Assembly last night by the Democrats of the Nineteenth Assembly District, in convention at 353 est 118th Street. The nominee lives at the Hotel St. Regis.

Hearst Leaguers Indorse a Democrat.

The Independence Leaguers of the Twenthy-seventh Assembly District, in convention last night, nominated alter R. Herrick, a lawyer, living at 238 West Forty-sixth Street, for the Assembly. Mr. Herrick is also the candidate of the Democrats of the district.

Three Queens Deputies for Driscoll.

Commissioner Driscoll of the Bureau of Weights and Measures has decided to establish a branch of the bureau in Queens. Three Inspectors will be stationed in that borough. President Gresser has assigned three rooms in the Borough Hall to the bureau.

Kellogg for Queens Surrogate.

The Republicans of Queens County nominated as their candidate for Surrogate last night Roydon W. Kellogg. Eugene M. L. Young opposed Mr. Kellogg for the nomination, which was made at a convention held in Hettinger's Hall, Long Island City.

HAPPIER WHEN HOME WAS IN A TENEMENT

Banker Bernardini Says His Wife Disdained His Fifty-Room Staten Island Mansion.

HE CAN'T FIND HER NOW

Will Seek a Court Order for Custody of Their Children—She's Still a Peasant, He Says.

Efforts made yesterday to find Mrs. Mary Bernardini, who last July left her husband's fifty-room mansion on Staten Island and is now suing him for a separation, proved fruitless. Mrs. Bernardini was said to be "somewhere in the Bronx."

"I wish I knew where to find her," exclaimed Bernard Bernardini, who is a wealthy banker. "She has three of my sons and my only daughter with her. I want my children.

"I am going to appeal to the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court to set aside Justice Bijur's verdict awarding alimony pending trial. I maintain that there was no reason whatever for her leaving my home. I gave her everything. When I offered her servants she refused them. She would have brought up my children as peasants."

Charles Le Barbier, Bernardini's attorney, described the case yesterday as a tragedy.

"Here," he said, "we have a woman who has remained a peasant while her husband has become a progressive business man with social aspirations. She clings to a peasant mode of life. A mansion and servants make her uncomfortable. She is happier in a tenement. With hundreds of dollars at her command, she still wishes to live on 25 cents a day. She brings up her daughter to do hard housework, to churn and make butter. In a word, she is utterly unable to adjust herself to her new mode of life."

Michael Bernardini, a son of the couple, is a student at Georgetown University, Washington, D. C. Modesto and Philip, two other sons, were educated in Europe. In his affidavit to the court Mr. Bernardini said:

> I built for my wife and family a luxurious and expensive home, intended for our comfort. No sooner was the construction begun than she became dissatisfied.
>
> Though she has the privilege of obtaining dresses and other clothing against my account in department stores, nevertheless she would purchase clothing out of date and out of season, and then lay the garments aside and wear them two or three years later. At times she would buy expensive clothing and never wear it. They would became moth eaten.

On one occasion, Bernardini says, he bought a hat for $50 for his wife to wear to the opera with him. She put on a cheap straw hat and refused to go to the performance in the more expensive one. She seemed to regard good clothing as too fine to be worn, he said.

"Instead of dressing herself in a befitting manner," he continues, "and consistent with my business position, she would go around in a shabby, loose and slovenly way and show the public generally how apparently poverty stricken she was, causing ridicule to me."

His difficulties in giving his children the education, which his means empowered him to obtain for them, is recited thus in his affidavit:

> I have always directed the education of my children and have endeavored to have them instructed not only on absolutely necessary subjects, but also in accomplishments. I have had my boys attend private schools to be taught lessons on the piano, the violin and the violoncello, and to learn the French and Italian languages. Two of them, Philip and Modesto, attended for several years the best college in Italy, and Philip afterward lived in Cologne, Germany, in order to have an experience of worldly life.
>
> I have caused my sons Philip and Modesto to travel in Italy, visiting the principal cities, and among other things to call upon and be allowed to see the Pope. They have traveled by the best means of conveyance, have lived at the best hotels, have been cared for in every way possible, and have always been well and handsomely clothed. They were attended in Italy by my brother-in-law.
>
> My wife has always been opposed to having them attend the schools and study the accomplishments to which I have referred. She quarreled with the private teachers whom I had engaged and made it impossible for the children's education to be obtained as I desired. She has insisted upon it that all that the children should do, including my sons and daughter, were to scrub floors, wash clothes and dishes, make bread, cook in the kitchen, clean out the stables and do generally laborer's work.
>
> I have objected to this and have endeavored to have her allow my boys to do otherwise, which has occasioned a great deal of quarreling on her part. I have made strenuous objection to my little daughter washing dishes and scrubbing floors, telling my wife that it was not necessary, but she has insisted upon it that the little girl should do this hard and unnecessary work, including the making of butter, compelling her to work late at night.
>
> I have never been allowed to have any guests at my house unless my wife permitted it. Often she refused. I have slaved at my business continuously during my married life. When I have had guests, my wife—to shame and annoy me—has been careless and slovenly in her dress, and showed herself to the public so attired to my annoyance and discredit

In spite of these allegations Justice Bijur considered it significant that four of the five children sided with their mother. Bernardini explained this by saying that he had been stern in his requirements that his children should profit by the expensive instruction he gave them, and demanded close application to their studies.

16 OUNCES OF CANDY NOW.

Confectioners Practice a Little Scale Reform in Deference to Driscoll.

The fear of Commissioner Driscoll has apparently penetrated to the confectioners. As every one will remember, a month ago, when one ordered a two-pound box of candy, the receptacle was placed on the scales and the sweets dropped in, until the scale registered the number of pounds.

In this way several ounces of fancy pasteboard box were paid for at 80 cents a pound. This is no longer so. The box is placed upon the scales as before, but now an empty one is also added to the weight arm.

Confirms Resale of Two Steamboats.

In the United States Circuit Court Judge Hough confirmed yesterday the report of Joseph H. Choate, Jr., of the resale at auction of the steamboats Saratoga and Frank Jones on Sept. 29 for $76,000. Answering to the contention of the Manhattan Transportation Company that it was entitled to more than the amount realized, Judge Hough said that the "company is entitled to be paid at least $46,000, and at most about $54,000. An application for the prompt payment of the smaller sum of money would be considered and a hearing about their right to the balance would be expected."

Richmond Republican Convention.

The Republican County Convention of Richmond County was held in Tompkins Hall, Tompkinsville, S. I., last night. Moses Altman was nominated for District Attorney and J. Alfred Androzett for the Assembly.

BROKAW BROTHERS
ASTOR PLACE AND FOURTH AVENUE

We've a reputation among woolen manufacturers of being severely critical in the buying of our fabrics.

We've a reputation among our customers of being just as particular about the style and other features of our Men's Clothes.

Sack Suits ....$18 to $50
Fall Overcoats ....$16 to $42

ESTAB OVER HALF A CENTURY

BANKER

Having connections with groups of Banks, Syndicates, Capitalists, disposes of large capital for industrial, commercial, and mining businesses, formation of joint stock companies, marketing of stocks, bonds, financial backing, $20,000 minimum. LEFORT, 51 rue de Paradis, Paris, France.

THE CALL OF A GREAT CITY

Out To-day:

THE UNFORESEEN

By MRS. MARY STEWART CUTTING,
Author of "Little Stories of Married Life," "Just for Two," etc.

No author to-day has portrayed American Middle-Class Life with such skill and sympathy as Mrs. Cutting. "The Unforeseen" is a romance original in its conception and unexpected in its denouement. Evelyn Gaynor is a notable figure in recent fiction, and in this love story of New York life Mrs. Cutting has given us her most finished piece of work.

Illustrated. Fixed price, $1.20 (postage 12c.)

Out To-day: "Red Pepper Burns," By GRACE S. RICHMOND. Illustrated. Fixed price. $1.20 (Postage 12c.)

DOUBLEDAY, PAGE & COMPANY, Garden City, New York.

Frederick Loeser & Co.
In every detail the Leading Retail Establishment of Brooklyn.
The Subway to Hoyt Street Brings the Loeser Store Within 17 Minutes of Forty-second Street.

PIANOS AND PLAYER-PIANOS

For Those Who Want to Spend the Very Smallest Amount That Will Buy a Good Instrument.

"WHAT IS THE VERY SMALLEST PRICE at which I can buy a Piano or a Player-piano that will be sure to satisfy me?"

"What is the intrument that will give me the most pleasure and at the same time cost me the least money for tuning and repairs?"

Those are questions very often asked when the purchase of a Piano or Player-piano is considered. And now in the Loeser Store there is a group of instruments that without the slightest doubt will meet the special requirements which these questions indicate.

Ridgeway Pianos at $190
Bjur Bros. Pianos at $295
Bjur Bros. Combination Player-pianos at $450

All of these instruments are the product of one factory—not a mushroom growth, but established in New York City more than twenty years ago.

The aim, from the beginning, has been not to make a "cheap" Piano, but to produce instruments of musical and artistic worth. We have had no small experience in exact factory costs for making Pianos and Player-pianos, and we know that a larger percentage of the prices of these instruments is expended in their actual construction than in probably any other instruments in the world which are sold at similar prices.

Bjur Pianos and Player-pianos are built to last. We have tested them under all sorts of the most trying conditions and discovered that they hold tone and tune to a surprising extent.

They are in handsome cases. They have a rich, mellow tone. They have an easy action. They are not merely handsome pieces of furniture, but excellent musical instruments—wonderful musical instruments when the low prices at which we are selling them are considered.

The Bjur Bros. Combination Player-piano will use both the 65 and 88 note music rolls, so that it has a double usefulness. It is easy to operate, sensitive in action, enabling the performer to play with individuality and expression.

All of these instruments may be purchased on easy terms of payment to suit your reasonable convenience. All of them are sold subject not only to the maker's guarantee, but to our own full guarantee of their mechanical perfection.

Special Notice of Advance in Prices.
The present prices of the Bjur Bros. Pianos are lower than they should be; so much lower that the makers have notified us that prices must be advanced beginning with the first of November. We regret that this is so, but it certainly makes it all the more advisable that you should select your instrument NOW.

Fourth Floor.

Smith Gray & Co.
Foremost Clothiers Since 1845.

Special Sale
Several Thousand
Smith Gray & Co.
Fall Suits and Fall Coats

$40 and $35 Suits and Fall Coats 27.50
$30 and $27.50 Suits and Fall Coats 22.50
$25 and $22.50 Suits and Fall Coats 18.50
$22.50 and $20 Suits and Fall Coats 15.50

From any standpoint which you may judge, this sale is of vital importance to you. We believe it to be the most important that has occurred in New York in many a season.

The tailoring is Smith Gray tailoring, the nearest approach to fine custom work to be found in ready-for-service clothes.

The fabrics include the very newest, most popular and many exclusive styles from the world's foremost mills.

The assortment includes Suits and Fall Coats in shades, models and sizes for men, young men and boys, in every style idea, including sack coats in the popular English soft roll style, and Fall Coats for every service—all told, there are over 40 distinctive Smith Gray models.

The values are exceptional when you stop to consider that at this season of the year, under normal conditions, full prices prevail, and right now, most unexpectedly, you can effect a saving of from $4.50 to $12.50.

This is the best clothes opportunity, in our opinion, that you have had in years and is made possible only by our overproduction, due to our recently embarking in the wholesale clothing field.

Motor Clothes for Owner and Chauffeur

Smith Gray & Co.

Two Brooklyn Stores:
Fulton St. at Flatbush Av.
Broadway at Bedford Av.

Two New York Stores:
Broadway at Warren St.
Across from City Hall.
5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

Discount of 33⅓%

On the stocks of Two of New York's oldest and most reputable Jewelry Houses, previously held by numerous banks.

CHESTER BILLINGS & SON,
Formerly Randel, Baremore & Billings,
ALFRED H. SMITH & CO.,
Established 1822

This means LESS THAN WHOLESALE COST on Diamonds, Pearls, Jewelry, Gold and Silverware of the finest quality.

Former Store of Chester Billings & Son,
FIFTH AVENUE AND 34TH STREET.

Sound Sleep
is often impossible with the coffee drinker.
Try well-made
POSTUM
and get needed sleep.
"There's a Reason"

Shaved Mr. Maxim 151 Times

Mr. Hiram Percy Maxim, inventor of the famous Maxim Gun Silencer, wrote us, "I have shaved with one AutoStrop blade 151 consecutive shaves."

An AutoStrop blade is long-lived because you constantly renew its edge by expert stropping.

You don't remove the blade to sharpen or clean. Strops itself automatically. No other razor does this.

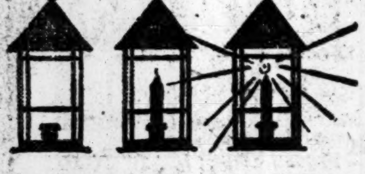
Get one. Try it. If it does not give you a head barber shave, take it back. The dealer has authority from us to refund your money.

Will you put it off and forget it, or will you get one this morning?

AutoStrop SAFETY RAZOR Strops Itself

Try one at our demonstrating shop, 327 Fifth Avenue, near 33rd St. Every convenience for shaving. No obligation whatever.

22



When the Mayor of Falaise ordered the people to hang lanterns in front of their doors he thought the streets would be lighter, but they were not.

When he told them to put candles in the lanterns, he thought the streets would be lighter, but they were not.

It was not until he demanded that the candles in the lanterns be lighted that the streets were lighter.

Some manufacturers think that they are reaching the farmer by using the newspapers, but they are not. Some manufacturers think that if they add the magazines, they are reaching the farmer, but they are not.

You are not reaching the farmer until you advertise not only in a farm paper, but in the best farm paper, and not only in the best farm paper but also in the most widely distributed farm paper.

The farm paper that is the best, that has the widest circulation, that comes closest to the farmer's interest because it more closely fulfils his needs, is

FARM AND FIRESIDE
THE NATIONAL FARM PAPER
Springfield, Ohio
New York 21 Chicago

The Care-free Car.

Economy in maintenance is the big feature in these cars. The new Edison Storage Battery, in combination with the mechanical simplicity and excellence of our workmanship, makes it easy, safe and economical to own and operate

THE Detroit ELECTRIC

Now is the time to use a town car. Our service in charging, cleaning, repairing, storing, delivering and calling for your car at $40 a month removes the last objection to using an automobile.

Ask for circular A about "Detroit Electric" Service.

Phone Schuyler 9220.

80th St. and Broadway

Hunyadi János
Natural Laxative Water

Quickly Relieves:—
Biliousness,
Sick Headache,
Stomach Disorders.

Best remedy for
CONSTIPATION

OVER POLICE LINES IN AN AEROPLANE

Moissant Tells How He Outwitted French Guards—Describes Paris to London Flight.

INSPECTS BELMONT PARK

All the Aviators but Weyman Either Here or on Their Way to the International Tournament.

With the exception of Henry Weyman, all of the aviators who will take part in the international aviation tournament at Belmont Park from Oct. 22 to Oct. 30 are now either in this country or hurrying across the Atlantic. The three members of the English team are here. J. Armstrong Drexel is now in midocean on the Lusitania. Alfred Leblanc of the French team is flying in St. Louis. John B. Moissant, who arrived with Leblanc, is assembling his machine at Belmont Park, and Simon, Aubrun, Barrier, Garros, and Audemars, who compose the larger part of the French squadron, left France yesterday. Hubert Latham and Count de Lesseps are on the ocean aboard the Lorraine.

Weyman, who is to enter in the American elimination contest, was detained in Paris, but word was received from him yesterday stating that he would come on a later steamer, probably reaching here in time for the opening of the tournament.

In company with Allan A. Ryan, C. McCoy, James A. Blair, Jr., and other officials of the tournament, Moissant visited Belmont Park yesterday afternoon to look over the arrangements that had been made for the great flights. He found everything satisfactory from the aviator's standpoint, and made the prediction that with favorable weather the Belmont Park meeting would be the greatest exhibition of flying ever seen. He is very anxious for his machines to be assembled so that he may make some trial flights before the opening of the tournament. In a fragmentary way he related yesterday the story of his world-famous flight from Paris to London.

"It was really an accident," said he, "that drew me into that flight. Preparations were being made for the flight to the German frontier, and I wanted to enter for it. There were thirty-six of the best aviators of France already entered, but of course I had done very little flying in France and was not at all known, and the managers of the competition laughed at me. They thought I was some crazy kid from America, and would not even permit me to get in touch with the proper officials.

Drops Down Among the Aviators.

"On the day that this great race started a crowd of 300,000 people had assembled and the police were keeping a great space open from which the aviators were to start. I was very anxious to see the big fliers get away on this famous journey, but I saw the only way I could do that was to fly into the inclosure. Accordingly I invited M. Garros, who will be at Belmont Park, to go with me, and we started together in our Blériot, and flying a distance of about twenty miles, dropped down in the midst of the aviators as they were about to start.

"In that way we avoided the police and the crowd and accomplished our purpose, and while the Frenchmen regarded me as a crazy Yankee, the fact that I flew into their midst with one of their own crack aviators perhaps helped my reputation a little. This was my second flight.

"When I announced that I intended to make the flight from Paris to London, Latham, Leblanc, and Blériot again said I was crazy and laughed at me; then when I said I was going to take a passenger they thought I had gone stark mad. It was my third flight, and the passenger—one of my mechanics—had never been in a machine before.

"I had never been north of Paris, and knew nothing at all of the route. When I got ready to start I laid my map down and put my compass on it, and soon got the direction of Amiens from Paris. Then I stuck my map into my pocket, got in my aeroplane, and rose 1,000 or 1,500 feet above Paris, and then from that height I was able to see a great distance to the north, at least twenty or thirty miles. I selected a large distant object on the landscape as my guiding mark. I was careful to choose a landmark that was in the same direction as Amiens. Then, keeping the compass before me, I steered for the landmark.

The Wind Against Him.

"At times the wind was from the west. This turned the head of my machine around toward the east when the wind was blowing from the west, but I quartered on the wind straight toward the landmark. When I got above the landmark I selected another point fifteen or twenty miles beyond on the same course, and, in this way, I made my flight to Calais. I went up very high when I started to cross the Channel, took a general course toward England, and shot away on the flight.

"It was no trick to cross the Channel, as it was only twenty-four or twenty-five miles wide, which could be covered in a few minutes. While I did not land at Dover Castle, where I intended to alight, I struck England at a point not very far from there.

"That all sounds like a very difficult feat, but it isn't. There is no great mystery or great difficulty about operating a flying machine. We shall all realize that very soon.

"Every person who makes a flight in an aeroplane comes back to earth with the same impressions. He tells you that it was a delightful experience, but it was something new, he was not a bit scared, and he is crazy to do it again. That tells the whole story. That means that the next generation will be using aeroplanes as we are now using automobiles."

Mr. Moissant said that he was first awakened to the importance of aviation when he visited the Rheims tournament in 1909. He was then on a pleasure trip through Europe, but, said he:

"I discovered then and there that this flying business was of vastly greater importance than the average person believed. I cut short my trip, or rather I did not return to America, but stayed in France and built two monoplanes. I smashed them up before they were perfected and began flying a Blériot, but as soon as this meeting is over I shall go back to France and go on with my work. My machine will be built entirely of metal, and will be, I am confident, a decided improvement on any type of machine so far produced. The perfection of the flying machine from now on will be very rapid."

ACCIDENTS AT BELMONT PARK.

Woman Aviator and Harry Harkness Each Disable an Aeroplane.

Special to The New York Times.

MINEOLA, L. I., Oct. 12.—A. A. Triaca, a friend of Alfred Le Blanc, the French aviator, gave out a statement to-night in which he said the latter was much concerned over statements in the newspapers quoting him to the effect that he was not sure what the Blériot plane would be able to do, when talking of the coming meet at Belmont Park. Mr. Triaca stated that this was a misquotation, and that Le Blanc was anxious to have it righted and to have it known that he had absolute faith in the Blériot and its ability to make a good showing in any contest in which he starts, if not to win. M. Le Blanc speaks hardly a word of English.

Mr. Triaca states that he met the Frenchman at the pier on the latter's arrival on Saturday night, and was with him on the following morning when they left the Knickerbocker Hotel for Belmont Park. He says it was the arrangements for the Gordon Bennett race of which Le Blanc expressed disapproval rather than any lack of faith in the ability of the Blériot machine which he intends to fly. Mr. Triaca went on to say that the rules of the race had not been followed in the course. He said that M. Le Blanc had pointed out there were trees in the way, and that he forthwith entered a protest with the Aero Club of America and declared that he would not fly unless conditions were changed. Mr. Triaca said he had himself seen Courtlandt Field Bishop in regard to Le Blanc's protest, and that the former had replied that up to the present he had not seen the track and could not say what would be done. Le Blanc is bringing over three Blériots. Two are 50 horse power machines and the third is 110 horse power.

Though several automobiles parked there were no flights on the Garden City Aviation Field here to-night. Taking warning from two disasters this morning the machines remained under cover. Despite the fact that the wind was blowing up, Mrs. Elizabeth Rache, wife of Francois Rache, climbed into her biplane this morning. She had not been skipping along the ground long before a gust of wind caught her; she had trouble with her ailerons. The right wing swung around and dug into the ground. The front control was snapped off and the propeller broken. This was the only thing which seemed to worry Mrs. Rache as she strolled away from the débris, dressed in her aviation costume of corduroy breeches, leather coat and cap. The propeller had only just been put on.

"Never mind, we'll get you another one right away, if there aren't any more here," her husband reassured her.

Harry S. Harkness had a similar experience with the Antoinette, due to the wind. His chassis is smashed, also his propeller, and part of the body. There is a rent in the right wing, and both tires on the runners exploded. Charles Cook, a new man, was the only one out who did not come to grief.

FOUR UP IN A BIPLANE.

C. O. Hadley Equals Willard's Passenger Record Made at Mineola.

Special to The New York Times.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., Oct. 12.—Clinton O. Hadley of Tarrytown made a successful flight with his new biplane at the Empire City track at 5 o'clock this morning. The machine carried four people and left the ground when going at a speed of fifteen miles an hour. The planes are forty feet long and seven feet wide and are curved, thus giving it more advantage for lifting.

The machine has been at the track for two weeks. This morning the wind was light, and with the Rev. H. E. Wright, U. Grant Teetzell, and Julius Graveson of Tarrytown as passengers, Mr. Hadley made his initial flight. Mr. Hadley circled the track and had the machine completely under control at all times.

Mr. Hadley has a new patented control.

The world's aeroplane passenger record was made by Louis Breguet at Lille, France, on Aug. 29, when he took up five passengers in a biplane of his own make. The American passenger record, which Mr. Hadley equaled yesterday, was made by C. F. Willard in a Curtiss biplane at Mineola, L. I., on Aug. 14. He carried three passengers.

French Airmen Sail for New York.

CHERBOURG, Oct. 12.—The steamer Teutonic, which sailed for New York to-day, carried the French aviators Aubrun, Simon, Audemars, and Barrier. The aviator Roland Garros sailed to-day on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse. All will participate in the International Aviation Tournament at Belmont Park.

AFTER GRAHAM PHILLIPS.

Women to "Reduce Him to Pulp," as Well as Their Other Critics.

Mrs. Belle de Rivera, President of the New York City Federation of Women's Clubs, announced yesterday some of her plans for the coming convention of the federation this month. One of them will be to find out what is the matter with the women of to-day who seem to be turning the world upside down.

This is not Mrs. de Rivera's idea of women of to-day, who seem to be turning thinks they are responsible for the lack of babies in the cradles, people in the churches, and all the naughty books and plays that are written, and if these charges are true she believes the women should know it. This is what she told the members of the Committee on Coöperation of the Federation, which met at the Hotel Astor yesterday morning, with Mrs. John Fowler Trow presiding.

"If we women are responsible for all the immoral plays that are produced," said Mrs. de Rivera, speaking with decision, "we ought to know it; if we are responsible for all the immoral books—write them and then go and buy them—it is time we knew it. If we are responsible for the empty cradles and empty churches we ought to know that, too, and if woman is never so beautiful as at the wash tub, as Father Vaughan says, why we ought to be sure of that, too, so that we can all take in washing.

"These are the things the ministers, the writers, and the newspapers are saying about us. I am going to have Amelia Bingham at the convention to refute the talk of immoral plays, and I have asked Mrs. Richard Stern to answer David Graham Phillips, who calls women 'doodlewits,' doesn't he? She will probably reduce him to pulp."

Mrs. Dore Lyon told the women of the committee that America gave the best opera in the world, because it was the richest country, but the masses of the people didn't know music, and she wishes the club women to work in the interest of good music for all the people.

KILLED BY FALL, NOT SLAIN.

Homeless Wanderer, Seeking a Place to Sleep, Tumbles Down Stable Stairs.

A Bowery derelict stumbled as he crawled up the rickety stairway leading to a loft at 49 Christie Street early yesterday morning, fell headlong to the bottom, and was found there dead soon afterward. In the loft above other homeless and friendless ones, unmindful of the tragedy on the stairs, snored on until the police routed them out, thinking a murder might have been committed.

But the police decided that no murder had taken place; that the man had stubbed his toe on the top step and bumped all the way down to the bottom. The noise awoke two hostlers in a stable on the first floor and led to the finding of the body.

The loft is never locked at night, for the reason there is no door there. For years homeless wanderers from the Bowery have been sleeping on its dusty floors among the wagons and broken harness. They were never disturbed, for Harris Witkin, the stable owner, said he felt sorry for the derelicts and was glad to afford them shelter.

It was about 2 o'clock in the morning when Harry Applebaum and Coronado Fuder, the stablemen, were aroused. So heavy was the jar that a dozen or more carriage tools were shaken from their hooks and clattered to the floor. The hostlers with lanterns began to investigate and stumbled over the body. Dr. Cox of Gouverneur Hospital said there was no need for a doctor. The body was taken to the Morgue.

As to who the man was who tumbled to his death, his name may never be known, although a college pin inscribed with the Latin name of Fordham University and the date of its founding, 1841, was pinned to his threadbare coat, and the initials "D. G." were stamped in his hatband.

M'CREA ADVOCATES INCREASE IN RATES

Pennsylvania Railroad President Puts Blame of Higher Charges on Greater Cost of Living.

SURPLUS USED ON RAILWAY

It Has Paid for Improvements—Fair Return Needed to Attract Capital—Standard of Efficiency Rises.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.—James McCrea, President of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, was on the stand at to-day's hearing before the Inter-State Commerce Commission on the proposed advances in freight rates by the roads east of Chicago. These have been postponed by the railroads till Feb. 1, the date on which the advances in the big Western lines become effective, in order to give the commission time to pass on the reasonableness of the new schedules.

Mr. McCrea urged the necessity, from the viewpoint of the railroads, of making the proposed increase in rates on account of the increased expenses in wages during the last ten years, which aggregate 33 per cent. in the case of the Pennsylvania Railroad; the increased cost of living, which bears upon every operative in the railroad service, great or small, and the increased cost of maintenance of a railway service adequate to the needs of the American people.

Reading a prepared statement, Mr. McCrea said in part:

"The Pennsylvania system east of Pittsburg has cost very much more than the capitalization represents. On the capitalization it has never paid more than a fair return—less, in fact, than most other characters of investment, such as manufacturing, mining, and agriculture.

"The results of constant increases in its business have been distributed either through reductions in rates, increases in amounts paid for wages and material, or by reinvestments in the property not capitalized. It has always been typical of good and constantly improved service—in fact, the character of service which, if I understand the American people, they desire perpetuated and improved."

Mr. McCrea expressed the belief that a property of the magnitude of the Pennsylvania Railroad, derving, as it did in 1909, net earnings to the amount of only 5.01 per cent. of the amount actually invested, was entitled to fair consideration by the Government and by the people. He could not understand, he said, how a system of rates, which secured such results, could be regarded as on too high a basis.

For the last ten years, said Mr. McCrea, the average surplus of the company has been $12,000,000, practically all of which has ben expended in promoting the efficiency, safety, and cheapness of the road. Since 1887 $262,000,000 has thus been expended upon surplus earnings, independently of what has been raised by the sale of securities.

It is vitally important, contended Mr. McCrea, that the company continue its present policy and provide funds for improvements out of surplus earnings.

"The public of to-day," went on Mr. McCrea, "is demanding a far more costly service than ten or twenty years ago. To meet the constantly increasing demands of this character and to furnish a service which according to modern views and standards the public in a sense has a right to ask for, large expenditures must continue to be made upon the property.

"If this company is to meet these conditions, and is to continue to progress and not go backward, (because there is no such thing as a large railroad system standing still,) it must continue to derive earnings from its operations not merely sufficient to enable it to make a fair return to its stockholders, but sufficient to earn a surplus, which can be expended o nthe property, sufficiently large to maintain the credit which it has established."

Mr. McCrea pointed out that a large amount of the surplus each year had been put back into the property in the form of beter terminals, stations, and safer crossings, although on much of this expenditure no immediate return could be expected.

In the last ten or twelve years, he stated, the Pennsylvania lines east of Pittsburg had expended $262,000,000 on their improvements and beteremnts "for the purpose of enabling the company to go on operating the property on a high plane of development."

Mr. McCrea indicated that the increases in wages alone to the Pennsylvania Railroad during recent months had aggregated between $7,000,000 and $8,000,000 a year. In order, he asserted, to enable the company to meet this additional expense and to meet the additional demands of the shipping and traveling public, rates of freight much higher than those now in force would be essential.

"It is absolutely necessary for the company to recoup itself, probably by an advance in freight rates, for the great demand on its income by reason of advanced wages and improvements."

Mr. McCrea said that during the last three years there practically ha dbeen on increase in railroad business, and he continued:

"In my judgment east of the Mississippi River, in years to come, there is going to be a markedly lower rate of growth of business. This is going to fall very far short of making good on the great increases in wages and other tremendous expenditures."

In conclusion Mr. McCrea asserted that the facts as applied to the Pennsylvania Railroad applied with equal force to every other conservatively managed road.

"How do you know," inquired Louis D. Brandeis of counsel for the shipping interests, as Mr. McCrea concluded his direct testimony, "that such things as have been developed in the Illinois Central graft are not occurring in the Pennsylvania System?"

"I do not believe such a condition could exist because of our system of reports and checking," said Mr. McCrea. "I know, too, through my faith in the organization and in my confidence in human agencies involved."

At the beginning of the afternoon session, Mr. McCrea, speaking generally of freight conditions, declared:

"What this country needs are transportation facilities. Any scheme of rates which does not provide for that will fall short of what the country absolutely requires."

Mr. McCrea expressed the opinion in a general way that any properly capitalized company should earn a minimum of 7 per cent. on the investment, particularly on account of the increased cost of living.

It formerly was the policy of the Pennsylvania to put a dollar in improvements for every dollar paid in dividends, "but unfortunately," Mr. McCrea concluded, "we have not been able to continue that policy."

Replying to Commissioner Lane, as to the condition of the market for railroad stocks and bonds, Mr. McCrea intimated that he was pessimistic as to the railroad bond and stock market of the immediate future.

"I dislike to make any definite statement, because it is likely to react. I really do not know what the situation is likely to be," he said.

In a general way the increases suggested by the roads affect nearly all freight handled at either class or commodity rates. The advances, however, do not apply to the great volume of freight. Exceptions are made of coal and coke, iron and steel articles, iron ore, and some other large commodities.

Applied broadly, the proposed increases would affect in the aggregate about 25 per cent. of the total freight tonnage. The testimony adduced indicates that the aggregate amount, which would accrue to the railroad through the advances, would be at about $35,000,000 annually. That estimate is regarded by the commission as very conservative.

ENGINEERS GET A RAISE.

Pennsylvania Gives Them 10 Per Cent. Increase—Foremen Also Have It

HARRISBURG, Penn., Oct. 12.—Announcement was made to-day at the Pennsylvania Railroad offices that an increase of wages for engineers and firemen would be announced for the company's lines in this part of the State.

It will be about 10 per cent., not including the increase of 6 per cent. announced in April. It is understood that it will date from June 1.

CONNECTICUT CITIES GAIN.

New Britain Has Increased 68.9 Per Cent. and Stamford 57.1 Since 1900.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.—Population statistics enumerated in the thirteenth census were issued to-day by the Census Bureau for the following cities:

New Britain, Conn., 43,916, an increase of 17,918, or 68.9 per cent. over 25,998 in 1900.

Stamford, Conn., 25,138, in increase of 9,141, or 57.1 per cent. over 15,997 in 1900.

New Brunswick, N. J., 23,388, compared with 20,006 in 1900.

Perth Amboy, N. J., 32,121, an increase of 14,422, or 81.5 per cent. over 17,699 in 1900.

FLEET FIRING RESULTS.

South Carolina Leads Battleships in Elementary Firing Practice.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.—Scores for elementary firing during Spring practice show the new battleship South Carolina won the trophy in her class, with the Mississippi, Michigan, and Idaho so close in order as to be called "star ships."

The Charleston won the cruiser trophy, the Mayflower that for gunboats, and the Reid that for torpedo boats.

ROBBED MRS. SAGE'S HOUSES

Three Boys Caught Stealing Pipes and Fixtures in Madison Avenue.

All the gas and electric fixtures and lead pipe in two of Mrs. Russell Sage's houses, at 732 and 735 Madison Avenue, were cut yesterday and piled up in the basements for removal. In the last-named dwelling Policeman John Fitzpatrick found three boys, who at the East Sixty-seventh Street Station said they were George Schier, 15 years old, and Eugene Quigley, 15, of 346 East Sixty-second Street, and James Dunn, 12, of 326 East Sixty-second Street. They were charged with juvenile delinquency and sent to the Children's Society rooms.

Both houses, which are near Sixty-fourth Street, are unoccupied. Fitzpatrick was trying doors on Madison Avenue when, peering through a window of No. 735, he saw the pile of fixtures and piping. A small boy on the sidewalk said he had seen three lads leave the place and enter No. 732, the basement door of which they pried open with a chisel, he said.

Fitzpatrick hurried to the other house, and, listening at the foot of the basement stairway, heard voices upstairs. Creeping to the second floor he poked his head in the bathroom and found the three youngsters gathering up fixtures and pipe they had cut away.

Ordering the boys to walk in front of him, Fitzpatrick went over the house and found that fixtures had been cut or torn away in every room. When Fitzpatrick arrived at the station house the lads refused to answer questions as to where they hoped to sell their loot.

BROTHER KILLS BROTHER.

Murder at Baltimore Ends Old Quarrel—Slayer Is a New Yorker.

BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 12.—A quarrel of many years' standing culminated here to-day in the murder of Harry Scherr, 25 years old, by his brother, Louis Scherr, 22 years of age, of 227 East Second Street, New York City. The deed was committed at the dead man's tailoring establishment in East Street with a knife.

Louis was arrested shortly afterward. He told the police that he and his brother had always quarreled and had been enemies for years, but he would say nothing as to the immediate cause of the murder.

Fails to Appear on Smuggling Charge.

When the case against Mrs. Mayme McKenna of 2,522 Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill., was called yesterday in the United States Circuit Court, Criminal Branch, she did not appear. United States Attorney Wise said there would be no necessity of forfeiting her $5,000 bail as he believed she would appear later. Mrs. McKenna was arrested last August on the Mauretania for failing to declare seven Parisian gowns worth $1,600.

GET A REAL POLICY

The idea that any title policy is "good enough" is a great mistake. A few years ago, the German American Real Estate Title Guarantee Co. went into the hands of a receiver. People still wander in with their old policies and ask if they are any good. We tell them the receiver's name, but he has no funds.

A title policy from us costs no more than from any other Company and we now have, including stockholders' liability, a guaranty fund of $19,000,000, and it is growing larger every year. We pay out less than half our earnings in dividends and save the rest.

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST CO
Capital and Surplus, - $14,000,000
176 B'way, N. Y. 175 Remsen St., Bklyn.
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At all the 200 Incorporated James Butler Stores

The New Teas

Do not pre-judge these teas because the prices seem so low. They are the BEST TEA VALUES OBTAINABLE in this country, and we ask that you judge the New Teas on their own distinctive merits:

DIANA TEAS
Four favorite varieties of the first quality Teas of the Orient; packed in air-tight cartons; 1-lb carton 70c

UNXLD TEAS
India-Ceylon, Formosa-Oolong, Mixed and English Breakfast; in air-tight cartons; 1-lb carton 50c

Ceylon Golden Tips, Packed in air-tight cartons; 1-lb package, 50c

Choice Bulk Teas, of high class, a lb......... 35c and 25c

"S. & H." Stamps Freely Given to all Stamp Collecting Purchasers

THE MAINE WOODS

YOUR guide's voice in the distance: a few faint echoes and then—stillness. The sound of splashing water—a pair of antlers breaking through the thicket—

It's a Moose!

and—if your nerve is steady and your aim true—you'll have the head you've wanted for your den.

Old timers say that moose, deer and partridge are more plentiful than ever. Indications point to a "big" season.

"Law off in Maine October 1st on Deer and October 15th on Moose."

Send 4 cents for "Directory of Guides" and "Fish and Game Book." They contain a fund of useful information.

Address "Sporting Division," North Station, Boston.

BOSTON & MAINE

Apollinaris
"THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS."
Was Awarded The
GRAND PRIX
(THE HIGHEST AWARD)
Brussels Exposition 1910.

7

Collier's as an Advertising Medium

COLLIER'S pays advertisers because it satisfies them as to three essentials—quantity and quality of circulation, and cost. No one who advertises in COLLIER'S is asked to take these matters for granted. We recognize the right of advertisers to know exactly what they buy. Not what we expect to do, but what we have done and what we are now doing—the absolute facts are what COLLIER'S tells its advertising patronage.

But there is another point—intangible, perhaps, but even more vital than circulation figures—the influence that the publication wields and the degree of confidence that its readers place in it.

Editorial integrity begets faith and confidence on the part of subscribers. Our readers know that COLLIER'S has ideas and dares to express them. It is hampered by no cut-and-dried policy. It speaks for no party, no class, no section. It is controlled only by what it believes to be the truth. Its enterprise is always tempered by judgment. Stories, verse, drawings, paintings, news-bringing photographs and clever sketches make COLLIER'S attractive from cover to cover. Whatever is interesting, is timely, is really worth while to publish—this is the aim of COLLIER'S.

Editorial quality makes circulation quality. Among professional men of all classes, one in every ten subscribes to COLLIER'S, and men who work in a hundred fields of endeavor—merchants, farmers, mechanics—share our ideals. As COLLIER'S meets the demand for wholesome and independent journalism, it gains the support and confidence of thinking readers for its editorial and for its advertising columns.

The same far-reaching policy that actuates our editorial department controls the advertising department. The advertising columns of COLLIER'S are not only clean and free from fraudulent statements, but from exaggerated statements as well. Our readers depend on the truthful statements of our advertisers in the same way that advertisers count on our truthful statement of circulation delivered.

Our circulation is increasing and our advertising patronage is increasing. These are pertinent facts that speak louder praise for Collier's policies than words could possibly do.

Collier's
The National Weekly

Cammeyer
Stamped on a Shoe means Standard of Merit
6TH Ave. & 20TH St.
America's Largest Shoe Store.

Men's Shoes

Our stock offers the widest selection of Fashion Styles and Conservative Models.

Men's $5.00 Shoes, for example, are produced in such wide range of style and design in narrow, straight lasts, swing lasts and broad lasts, that every man can select the exact shape and leather and secure the exact fit he wants.

• The above cut shows a new Fall style Shoe for men at $5.00. All leathers.

New Fall "Cammeyer" Style Book mailed free upon request.

Every customer receives the individual attention of a competent clerk.

All That's Good In Coffee

No amount of skill could grow a finer berry—they could not be more thoroughly roasted or daintily blended—you could not offer your family a drink that is more delightful and full of good health.

HOTEL ASTOR COFFEE

is the outcome of years of scientific study by coffee experts, who experimented with all kinds and conditions of green coffee and its treatment—the reward of their labors is exemplified in the famous HOTEL ASTOR COFFEE. Since then they have been unable to find or blend a coffee berry that was more delicious, genuinely pure and healthful. It makes a rich appetizing cup that is unequalled both for quality and flavor.

Packed in air-tight tins of one and three pounds, ground, pulverized or whole. For best results buy the whole coffee and grind just enough for each making.

35 cents per pound

If your grocer hasn't it—we will appreciate his name and address.

HOTEL ASTOR COFFEE is never sold in bulk.

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COCOA & CHOCOLATES of RARE QUALITY
PURITY and FLAVOR UNEQUALLED
Never had an equal *Never will have*

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Pencils are made of the finest graphite. VENUS write better, write easier and last longer than any other pencils.

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FREE Send your business card or letter head and dealer's name for a free trial sample VENUS Pencil.

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They Age Respectably
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Made in Our English Workshops — Soft — Hand Sewn—Cut With Fashionable Fullness—Worn with Comfort Like a Well-cut Garment.

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Daily and Sunday editions of The New York Times mailed to any address in the United States for [illegible] a month. Orders [illegible] newsdealers or [illegible] Publication Office.—Adv.

AMAPALA GOVERNOR OBEYS PRESIDENT

Davila Tells Him to Resign and to Proceed to the Honduran Capital.

OUR GUNBOAT ON THE WAY

Its Approach Was Awaited Before Action Was Taken Against the Anti-Foreign Gen. Valladares.

TEGUCIGALPA, Oct. 12.—Rumors of an outbreak at Amapala are without foundation.

The Government has decided to remove Gen. Valladares, the commandant of the port, because of his threatening attitude toward foreigners.

There are no foreign warships at Amapala.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.—Gen. José Marie Valladares, the Governor at Amapala, Honduras, who is said to have made threats against foreigners, has agreed to the request of President Davila that he retire and proceed to the capital, according to a dispatch received by the State Department to-day from Minister McCreery at Tegucigalpa.

According to Mr. McCreery's report, President Davila telegraphed to Gen. Valladares last Monday that he was obliged to remove him from his post at once, and that he was to go forthwith to the capital. Previously Davila had promised the consular corps to remove Valladares, but hesitated to do so, it is said, because he feared such action might incite trouble among the influential commandant's friends in Amapala, which is a revolutionary hotbet. He evidently waited until the American gunboat Princeton, which on the Honduran Government's request, was rushed to Amapala to protect American interests, was well on her way there before he took this action.

Reports from San Salvador to the effect that the Princeton had arrived at Amapala and had demanded Valladares's surrender, and that this demand had met with defiance from the commandant, are discredited at the Navy Department.

PRESIDENT PENA INSTALLED.

New Argentine Cabinet Also Takes the Oath of Office.

BUENOS AYRES, Oct. 12.—Roque Saenz Pena and Dr. Victorino de la Plaza were inaugurated to-day as President and Vice-President, respectively, of the Argentine Republic. They took the oath of office before the Chamber and Senate in joint session.

President Saenz Pena read his message, in which he declared that his international policy would be directed by friendship toward Europe and fraternity for America.

The President announced that he would strive for the amelioration of the condition of the working classes and a decrease in the price of articles of first necessity. Attention would also be given to improving the system of public instruction and to the protection of immigrants.

The new Cabinet also took the oath. It is constituted as follows:

Minister of the Interior—Indalecio Gomes.
Minister of Foreign Affairs—Ernesto Bosch, (now Minister at Paris.)
Minister of Finance—Jose Rosa.
Minister of Justice, Public Instruction and Worship—Juan Garro.
Minister of Public Works—Ramos Mejia.
Minister of Agriculture—Eleodoro Lobos.
Minister of War—Gen. Gregorio Velez.
Minister of Marine—Rear Admiral Sanez Valiente.

Epifanio Portela, the Minister at Washington, who is now here on leave of absence, will have charge of the Department of Foreign Affairs until the return of the newly appointed Minister, Señor Bosch.

TRUE BILL AGAINST CRIPPEN.

Grand Jury Also Indicts Miss Leneve—Trial Begins Tuesday.

LONDON, Oct. 12.—The Grand Jury today found true bills against Dr. Hawley H. Crippen and Ethel Clara Leneve, charging the former as principal and the latter as an accessory after the fact with the murder of the doctor's wife, whose stage name was Belle Elmore.

Lord Chief Justice Alverstone, who will preside, fixed next Tuesday as the date for the opening of the trial.

CHICAGO, Oct. 12.—Bruce Miller, the East Chicago real estate man, former actor and friend of Belle Elmore, is on his way to England to be a witness at the Crippen trial. This was learned from Mrs. Miller to-day. She said her husband left here last Saturday.

The prospective witness knew Belle Elmore when they both appeared at a London music hall some years ago.

Two More Cholera Cases in Rome.

ROME, Oct. 12.—The official report of the cholera situation in Italy shows that there have been twenty-four new cases in the past twenty-four hours. Of these, two were in Rome, twelve in the Province of Caserta, eight in the Province of Naples, and two in the Province of Salermo. Of the eight deaths in the same period, one occurred in Rome.

GERMANY REFUSES REDRESS.

Says Police Attack on Correspondents Was Due to Misunderstanding.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Oct. 12.—The German Government refuses satisfaction for the assault which Berlin police committed on the correspondents of THE NEW YORK TIMES, Sun, and World, and Reuter's Agency at the time of the Moabit riots on Sept. 28.

In reply to the official protests lodged at the Foreign Office on Sept. 30, in the name of the United States and British Governments, American Ambassador Hill and Sir Edward Goschen, the British Ambassador, to-day received identical notes declaring that the Kaiser's Government, after a thorough investigation of the assault, sees no reason to reprimand the policemen who perpetrated it. The Foreign Office's note refers to the incident as "regrettable" and "essentially due to a misunderstanding," but it contains no semblance of apology or indication that the police exceeded their authority.

Dr. Hill to-day cabled the German note to the State Department. Unless he receives instructions to say that the "explanation" is unsatisfactory, the incident, of course, will be closed.

Germany's refusal to afford satisfaction is based upon the absurd distortion of the facts by the policemen who committed the assaults. Their principal contentions are that the journalists refused to move off when ordered to do so, and that the correspondents were gesticulating in such a manner as to convince the police that they were Socialist organizers signaling to the mob.

The police further justify the attack by the assertion that a missile had just been hurled from the direction from which the correspondents' taxicab approached. Finally, they have run across a woman who volunteers to swear that she witnessed the newspaper men's declination to move on.

The Government has been encouraged to refuse satisfaction by the attitude of the German press, which from the beginning of the incident has been distinctly hostile to the correspondents' case.

HONORS FOR AMERICANS.

Berlin University Confers Degrees on Several Citizens of This Country.

BERLIN, Oct. 12.—The University of Berlin, which is celebrating its one hundredth anniversary, to-day conferred the degree of Doctor of Laws on Emperor William. His Majesty was not present at the ceremony.

The university conferred the following degrees upon Americans:

Doctor of Laws, Justice Holmes, United States Supreme Court, and Prof. Burgess, Dean of the Faculty of Political Science at Columbia University; Doctor of Philosophy, President Hadley of Yale, Prof. Bailey Willis of the Faculty of Science, Chicago University, and George Ellery Hale, the astronomer of the Solar Observatory Office, Pasadena, Cal.; Doctor of Medicine, Prof. Richards, Professor of Chemistry at Harvard and Exchange Professor at Berlin University in 1907.

Dean Kohler of the Law Faculty eulogized Justice Holmes's services in solving legal problems, and spoke of the deep fundamental value of his writings.

Political Crisis in Greece.

ATHENS, Oct. 12.—The Greek Cabinet, of which M. Dragoumis is Premier, resigned to-day. The Ministry was formed Jan. 31 last. The resignation was due to the complications with Turkey and to internal dissensions. Owing to the reluctance of other political leaders to take control, it is possible that King George will ask Premier Dragoumis to form another non-partisan Cabinet. It is also possible that M. Gryparis, Minister at Constantinople, will succeed M. Dragoumis. The latter has been attacked bitterly on the ground that he failed to support the dignity of the country against Turkish aggression.

The Terra Nova at Melbourne.

MELBOURNE, Oct. 12.—The steamship Terra Nova, which sailed from London on June 1 with the Scott antarctic expedition on board, has arrived here.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

BERLIN, Oct. 12.—Emperor William gave a farewell audience to-day to Lieut. Commander Belknap, the retiring Naval Attache of the American Embassy, who presented his successor, Lieut. Commander Traut. Lieut. Commander and Mrs. Belknap left here to-day for Hamburg, whence they will sail to-morrow for New York. They were accompanied to the station by Ambassador Hill and many friends.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 12.—Jacob M. Dickinson, the American Secretary of War, and his party left here to-day for Paris. The Secretary's visit here was unofficial. He made a personal call upon Gen. Soukhomnioff, the Minister of War.

BUDAPEST, Oct. 12.—Baron Hengelmuller von Hengervar, the Austro-Hungarian Ambassador to the United States, will be one of the five new members about to be nominated for the House of Magnates

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 28.—The National Cattle Fair here was hurriedly closed a few days after the opening on account of the outbreak of the foot-and-mouth disease in several exhibits.

FIRST TO RECOGNIZE THE NEW REPUBLIC

Switzerland Acknowledges the Provisional Portuguese Government.

BRITAIN TO AWAIT EVENTS

Will Accord Recognition When Certain the Republic Is Safe—Minister Tells of Reform Plans.

LISBON, Oct. 12.—The Provincial Government has received a telegram from President Comtesse of Switzerland announcing that Government's recognition of the Portuguese Republic.

The British Minister, Sir Francis Villiers, to-day handed the Premier a note stating that Great Britan would recognize the republic as soon as it was convinced that the revolution was absolutely ended and affairs in Portugal were in a normal state.

José Relvas, the new Minister of Finance, in an interview to-day said that one of the first acts of the Government would be to impose obligatory secular education. At the same time the Republicans would fully recognise liberty of conscience. They did not desire to destroy religious sentiment, but would only oblige the priests to confine themselves to spiritual matters.

Speaking on financial conditions, the Minister said that the Government intended to readjust taxation and make the colonies bear their own administrative charges. This, he added, would meet a third of the existing deficit without injuring the colonies, the preservation and development of which would be of supreme interest in Portugal's policy.

The Government has issued a decree granting general amnesty to all military and naval offenders.

The Patriarch of Lisbon, Mgr. Tonti, has, it is announced, signified his allegiance to the new régime. Teixeira Sousa, leader of the Regenerador Party, is organizing a new party which will accept Republican institutions.

The huge iron safes containing the treasure of Quelhas Convent, which reverts to the Government, have been placed in the Bank of Portugal. A commission composed of officials of the Ministry of Finance has been appointed to make an inventory of the royal palaces and decide what property belongs to the King personally. This commission will also investigate the outstanding debts of the members of the royal family.

Jeao Chagas, a well-known writer, has been appointed Minister to Brazil.

Capt. Desa, who commanded the royal yacht Amélie on the voyage to Gibraltar, says that during the night King Manuel discussed the situation frankly with his uncle, the Duke of Oporto. He expressed a certain feeling of satisfaction, and declared that he was utterly weary of the burden of the crown and disgusted with the army of sycophants and place-hunters around the throne.

He even expressed admiration for some of the Republican leaders for their courage and energy, whereas the opposing sections of monarchists had shown neither resolution nor ordinary pluck.

Capt. Desa believes that the King bitterly felt his complete desertion in his hour of trial, not a single Minister having tried to see him or inform him of the course of events. The members of the Cabinet all fled or went into hiding except the Premier, who was kept confined to his residence by an injured foot.

ROME, Oct. 12.—The Catholic press protests against the decision of the Italian Cabinet to deny to the expelled Portuguese orders the right to settle in Italy.

The papers say that while it may give satisfaction to the extreme parties, this action was quite unnecessary, as the Portuguese had no intention of taking up their residence in this country.

MANUEL SEEMS UNWORRIED.

He and His Mother Accept the Duke of Orleans's Invitation.

GIBRALTAR, Oct. 12.—King Manuel spent this morning in the gardens adjoining Government House. He appears to be well and gives no evidence of worry.

Two Portuguese were arrested to-day as suspicious characters, fined, and expelled from the garrison.

A Portuguese merchantman arrived in the harbor to-day flying the flag of the Republic of Portugal.

EVESHAM, England, Oct. 12.—King Manuel of Portugal and Queen Mother Amélie have accepted the invitation of the Duke of Orleans to become his guests at Wood Norton. To-day the Duke received a cablegram from the Queen Mother saying that King Manuel and she would embark on the Victoria and Albert as soon as the English royal yacht reached Gibraltar, and would proceed at once to England.

The house in which Queen Amélie spent her childhood stands on the Duke's estate a short distance from Wood Norton, Worcestershire. It is believed that this eventually will become the home of the royal exiles.

PORTSMOUTH, Oct. 12.—The royal yacht Victoria and Albert sailed to-day for Gibraltar in order to bring King Manuel and Queen Mother Amélie to England.

TO-DAY CRITICAL IN SPAIN.

Government Thinks Its Measures Will Check Any Rioting.

MADRID, Oct. 12.—The Government expects that its elaborate military precautions will check possible rioting in Catalonia to-morrow, the anniversary of the death of Francisco Ferrer. It is prepared, however, for any emergency.

The International Congress of Free Thinkers opens in Barcelona, and the proposed demonstrations in honor of the man who started his first modern school in 1901 has attracted many Anarchists, who are being closely shadowed by the police.

The Republicans continue their activities, and the Socialists are endeavoring to make capital out of the possible reopening of hostilities in Morocco, the unpopularity of which incited the people of Catalonia to the serious disturbances last year.

SKOPTSY MEMBERS ON TRIAL.

Russia Trying Hard to Suppress an Extraordinary Sect.

KHARKOFF, Sept. 28.—The Court of Assizes has commenced the trial of 141 adherents of the eunuch sect, including 67 women from 14 to 85 years old.

Two hundred and fifty witnesses have been cited.

The Government is making a resolute effort to exterminate the sect.

The sect referred to in the foregoing is one of the most extraordinary in Russia—a country of strange religious associations. It is said that the founder of the sect, which is called the Skoptsy, was Adrian, a foreign monk, who lived in Russia about the year 1000 A. D. Various other cases of a kind similar to that of Adrian are on record among the higher Russian clergy in succeeding centuries.

An attempt was made in the eighteenth century to stamp out the sect, and Catherine II. severely punished the leaders of the Skoptsy. Many members of it emigrated, chiefly to Roumania, but the movement again grew in strength in Russia, and forty years ago, under Lisin, the "Second Redeemer and Czar Peter III.," it reached its height. This man was sent to Siberia in 1876, and since then attempts have been made from time to time to suppress the Skoptsy.

The members of the sect, after initiation, often become money lenders, and they are said to be the most rapacious of their kind in the world. There have been various instances of Russians of good position joining the Skoptsy after being financially ruined.

Broadway **Seen the New Brill Store?** 49th Street

BRILL TWENTY?

Yes, Sir. Suit or Fall Overcoat?

Suit. What's your preference in color? Here are a dozen varying handsome brown mixtures. Here a score of grays and some fine blues, plain and fancy.

If you like rough fabrics, here are shaggy tweeds and undressed worsteds; and some very dressy soft velour finish fabrics.

Any number of models, English soft roll, or the more conservative.

In overcoats: silk-lined, oxford and black, plain faced or faced to edge; and a specially woven high quality overcoating fabric in soft plain grays and mixtures.

No such variety, no such value anywhere, in suits or overcoats, at **$20**

Brill Brothers

TWO BROADWAY STORES: at 49th Street, and at 279, near Chambers Street.
47 CORTLANDT STREET, near Greenwich. 125th STREET, at Third Avenue.
UNION SQUARE, 14th Street, West of Broadway.

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There is one thing that has given "Wild's Orientals" their noted reputation

—the long wholesale business relations with the Orient that enable us to buy wisely for our retail customers.

With us, hundreds of rugs are discarded in the selection of specimens perfect enough in character, texture, and coloring to be placed among our stock of Wild's Orientals.

Our name is a guarantee of genuineness—yet our prices are no higher than others.

Retail purchases delivered free within 100 miles.

JOSEPH WILD & CO.
FIFTH AVENUE & 35TH STREET
Established 1852

CRYSTAL DOMINO SUGAR

2lb AND 5lb SEALED BOXES!

WELCOMED IN MILLIONS OF HOMES. THERE IS NO STRONGER PROOF OF MERIT THAN CONTINUED AND INCREASING POPULARITY

BEST SUGAR FOR TEA AND COFFEE!—GROCERS EVERYWHERE!

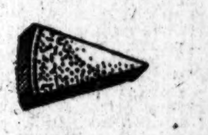
"For the Public Service"

Where Do the Earnings of the Railroad Go?

This big slice of every dollar earned by the New York Central Lines goes to support the families of 138,565 men directly employed in operating the system.

This piece, almost as large, goes to pay the bills for supplies, most of which in turn goes for labor, and represents the support of the families of perhaps 75,000 more wage earners.

This piece goes to pay State, City and County taxes and rents.



This piece goes to pay interest and dividends to the people who have invested in the property.

The credit of a railroad is largely affected by the attitude of the public toward it. Do not these great activities justify reasonable consideration when rates or laws are proposed affecting so closely the prosperity of so large a proportion of the people?

NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

"For the Public Service"

MISS PINEY WOODS COMES TO NEW YORK

Ambitious Little South Carolinian Has Strange Adventures on the Road to Fortune.

YEARNS TO BE A SINGER

Fairy Godmother Doesn't Come to See Her, but Sends Her Secretary Instead.

A girl of 16 left her home in a tiny mountain town of South Carolina about a month ago and started to New York to win fame and fortune by singing songs of her own composition. True, her voice had never been tested, and she couldn't read a note of music, but she saw in those limitations no insurmountable obstacle to success.

Lilliebelle had never had a day's schooling in her life, and her chief source of literary inspiration was a lurid New York Sunday newspaper which came every week to her town. In this she had read all about people who had become famous, and didn't see why she shouldn't, as well as they.

Then, too, there was an advertisement of a song-publishing firm suggesting that many a person remained a mute inglorious Milton simply for lack of this firm's services in printing the lyrical outbursts of hidden genius. The girl had written poems up there "in the piney woods," as she calls her native countryside, so she sent one to this publisher. She, of course, knew that she was born to be famous, so she wasn't at all astonished to receive a letter in response assuring her that her verse revealed such true poetic gifts that the firm would be glad to have it set to music and published for the very trifling sum of $9.

But Lilliebelle didn't have the $9, so the little girl, who isn't more than 5 feet in height, decided that she must go to New York and make a lot of money, so that she could develop her musical gifts. She was an orphan with an older sister, and an uncle for whom her sister works. The uncle would not hear of giving her money for any such foolishness, but the sister, after the way of sisters, did all that she could. So Lilliebelle packed all her worldly possessions in two trunks, one of which contained the family feather bed, and set off for New York, to make her fortune as had the heroines in the Sunday supplement stories on which she had been brought up.

She realized that it was a small beginning, but as she afterward asked, "Didn't Carnegie and Benjamin Franklin and Ella Wheeler Wilcox all start that way?" In her purse she had a few dollars and some precious newspaper clippings, with the names of Morgan, Rockefeller, and that of one wealthy woman. She believed that some of them would want to help her. Besides these names she had the address of the Elizabeth Home for Girls, also cut from her beloved Sunday paper.

She rode two days on the train and found herself in Jersey City at 3 o'clock in the morning. Nothing daunted, Lilliebelle showed the address to a policeman and asked to be directed there. An hour later, escorted by another kind-hearted patrolman, she had arrived at the Elizabeth Home, where their combined efforts upon the doorbell aroused the astounded matron, who took care of Lilliebelle until after breakfast.

But by this time the girl realized that this home was on the east side, and she had read awful things about the east side. So she immediately departed and went hunting for a boarding place on the west side. She searched from West Fourteenth Street to West Twenty-eighth, and finally got a room for $2 a week. In her frantic determination to get away from the sinful east side she had unwittingly located herself in a most disreputable neighborhood.

Even when Lilliebelle discovered some slight miscalculation in her plans she was not dismayed. Coming from a region where they shoot straight, she spent some of her little fund for a revolver, to be ready in case some of the nightly revelers, who beat upon her door, should prove really troublesome.

Once more at ease she completed her business arrangements by writing to each of the notable persons on her list. Then she sat down to write a story for her favorite newspaper. She was sure the editor would take it, "because its true to life," she asserted confidently.

However, it is a long story and was taking her some time to write it, and meanwhile her funds were running low, and she had not heard from any of her elected patrons. She lived on one 15-cent meal a day, except on Sundays, when she went without it, and bought the newspaper instead. She pawned everything she had to pay the room rent, except the feather bed.

"I'd rather starve than lose that," she said. Then there came the day when she didn't have anything at all. On the next day the Salvation Army gave her 50 cents and suggested the Municipal Lodging House for food.

There Lilliebelle received a meal ticket, good till Oct. 8.

"Of course the cooking wasn't so very good there," the girl commented in relating her experiences. "They don't seem to value seasoning." Finally came Oct. 8. The meal ticket had run out; her story wasn't completed, the rent was due, and Lilliebelle had just 2 cents.

Things looked pretty bad, when there came a knock at the door. There was a visitor. The little girl turned her bright blue eyes on him.

"Oh, you've come from Mrs. X," Lilliebelle exclaimed, naming the one woman philanthropist on her list.

The visitor gasped. "What makes you think so?" for the little girl had guessed correctly.

"Oh, I knew she was the nicest of them all, and she'd help me," the child asserted confidently.

Through the routine of stenographers, clerks, and secretaries, Lilliebelle's letter had finally reached its destination. The woman believed it genuine, and sent a secretary to investigate. Then Lilliebelle told all about her trip, and the feather bed, and showed him the letter of the publishing firm that had started her on her quest. However, she wouldn't let him see the story, or tell its title, or anything about it. "You know, editors steal good things when they hear of them. I've read all about that," she insisted. But she did agree to send it to Mrs. X., when it should be finished.

"Have you postage enough?" inquired the practical secretary.

Lilliebelle opened her purse and produced the 2 cents. She almost cried when the secretary made her admit that they were her last. The agent departed, prepared to make a lengthy report on the case, leaving $5 to keep the little girl temporarily.

Meanwhile Lilliebelle had not been idle. She visited a well-known vocal trainer, who told her she was "out of his line," but suggested that she might sing pickaninny songs in vaudeville, for the little girl has the quaint expressions and accent caught from the Southern darkies. Nothing daunted, she straightway visited the theatrical agents, who offered her a chance in the chorus. This she declined, "Because I want to write songs and sing them. I would get $100 a week for that, so why should I do something where you only get a little?"

"What is Mrs. X. going to do with the little girl?" the secretary was asked.

"Can't say yet," was the reply. "She may have real talent, in which case she'll need educating. I don't think an ordinary steady job would do, for I'm afraid she's got what you'd call the artistic temperament if she were older. Anyway, something will have to be done. Perhaps it will be best to send her back to 'the piney woods' again. But even at that she'll have had somehting out of her adventures. You see, she came to New York to have experiences, and she certainly has had them."

SAYS BALLINGER SHOULD QUIT

Congressman Graham Calls Him a Millstone Round Administration's Neck

Special to The New York Times.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 12.—Secretary Ballinger owes it to President Taft and the Administration to resign, is the opinion of James M. Graham, Democratic member of the Ballinger-Pinchot investigation committee.

"Mr. Ballinger is a millstone around the neck of the Administration," Mr. Graham says. "Had he a keener sense of appreciation he would relieve the President and the Republican Party of the burden of carrying him any longer. If the President were more regardful of propriety he would invite Mr. Ballinger to resign.

"I believe nothing in the whole mass of evidence adduced—much of it procured by the committee with extreme difficulty—was more damaging to Secretary Ballinger than certain private correspondence between himself, Richard H. Thompson of Seattle, and George W. Perkins, manager for J. Pierpont Morgan.

"There was the Secretary of the Interior, a trustee for the people of the United States, and charged with safeguarding the vast wealth in undeveloped natural resources, privately and secretly negotiating with the Morgan-Guggenheim interests to equip them with the professional help of the man he intended to put at the head of the Government's reclamation service. It was monstrous."

Mr. Graham represents the Springfield (Ill.) district in Congress. He came to Kansas City this morning to be the guest of the Knights of Columbus, and is the chief speaker to-night at their discovery day dinner at the Coates House.

MOLTKE OUT OF QUARANTINE.

Steamer Which Brought Cholera from Naples Has Been Disinfected.

The steamer Moltke, which had been detained since she arrived on Oct. 3 from Naples, owing to the development of two cholera cases, left Quarantine yesterday morning. She has been thoroughly cleansed and disinfected.

The two patients are on Swinburne Island and the steerage passengers are under observation on Hoffman Island. The cabin passengers were released last week.

Riverside Victim Still Unidentified.

The body of the woman who was found dead in the courtyard of a Riverside Drive apartment last Friday morning was still in the Morgue yesterday unidentified. A Newark man, who said his wife had been missing for a week, viewed the body, but declared that the dead woman was not she. The Harlem Detective Bureau was much disappointed by this news. It had been thought on the basis of telegrams from Newark that the woman's identity would be established.

FIRE HORSES AREN'T ON STARVATION DIET

Officials of the Department Scout a Published Statement to That Effect.

SAY RATIONS ARE AMPLE

Trouble About Feeding Fire Horses Is That Many Have Little Work to Do and Get Too Fat.

Inquiry yesterday among members of the Fire Department showed that the men who have to do with the fire horses do not take seriously a published criticism concerning the regulation rations of horse feed. The allegation that any of the horses had died of or suffered from starvation was laughed at. It was said that, as a matter of fact, the drivers and Captains of companies in many cases have to watch their horses carefully to see that they are not overfed.

Exceptional horses, or those in very busy companies, it was said, may need and always do receive more than the theoretical rations, but many companies cut the ration down systematically, not for the sake of economy, but for the good of the horse.

The criticism arose largely from the exhibition in the Fire Department's section of the Budget Exhibit of the regulation ration. It consisted till a few days ago of eleven pounds of oats, twelve pounds of hay, one and a half pounds of bran, a tenth of a pound of oil meal, and a twenty-fourth of a pound of salt. In addition three pounds of straw is allowed for bedding. On Sept. 20 an order was issued increasing the supply of oats to fourteen pounds. The old ration is actually exhibited with a placard announcing weights guaranteed by Commissioner Driscoll of the Bureau of Weights and Measures.

Somebody saw a fire horse stumble on its way to an alarm and receive such injuries that it had to be killed. Quickly the deduction was drawn that it fell through exhaustion produced by too little to eat, and a general indictment was drawn against the passion for economy of the present administration.

A TIMES reporter sought out men in responsible places in the uniformed force, who are concerned merely with the efficiency of the department and need care nothing about saving a few cents. They characterized the criticisms as ridiculous.

"Do you realize," said one of them, "that in the 130 fire companies in Manhattan, the Bronx, and Richmond there are not more than 24 that answer on the average 30 calls a month, and that in these alarms the haul is generally only half a mile out and home? The horses travel fast while they are going, but the apparatus, heavy as it is, once it is started, runs easily on rubber tires and ball bearings. If we were to feed the horses more than we do they'd be ill.

"In some companies the drivers use their discretion and give the horses only nine or ten pounds of oats a day. Of course, a horse may have a big appetite, just as a man may, or he may have exceptionally heavy work, and then the Captain can requisition more supplies for it. As a matter of fact, if a farmer had horses which were not doing more work than many of our horses they wouldn't buy oats for them at all. They would just turn them out to grass."

The idea of horses coming to an untimely end through lack of nutrition was described as baseless. What does happen, however, is this. In the nature of the service alarms sometimes follow each other thick and fast. It occasionally happens in the upper part of Manhattan and in the lower part of the Bronx that a horse is expected to go three or four long runs over bad roads in a night. That is undoubtedly very hard on them, but cannot be helped.

"Feeding the animals more would do no good," said a department officer. "They get worn out just as a man will do. If we gave them more they could not eat or digest it, just as a wornout man cannot eat. What they need is a few days' rest and they will be all right again. Just at present we have in the upper part of Manhattan too long distances for the horses to cover, but as soon as we get our motor apparatus that difficulty will be overcome."

It was likewise explained that the introduction of a standard ration was more a bookkeeping arrangement than anything else. Up to February the fire Captains and drivers fed their horses as they pleased. Then, in order to estimate how much forage the department would need in the year, a standard was introduced, but still the drivers have been using their discretion and often coming under it. Now experience has shown that it would be better to increase the theoretical amount, and that has been done.

Lynch Negro for Assaulting Woman.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Oct. 12.—Grant Richardson, a negro, was lynched last night near Centreville by a mob of whites. He was being brought to Bibb County Jail charged with assaulting a white woman. The deputy having him in charge was overpowered, and the negro's body was riddled with bullets.

Announcement No. 1

To California?

Take the Overland Limited—a Traveling Palace

Every modern device for the comfort of the traveler is found at its best on this superb train. It is made up of extra-roomy Pullman drawing-room and private compartment sleeping cars, electrically lighted—with individual electric berth lights.

The handsomely furnished buffet-smoking-library-observation car contains a spacious parlor where the ladies may read and chat or the children play.

The a la carte dining car service offers perfection in food and cooking.

Social life on the "Overland" greatly resembles that on an ocean steamer, where a congenial company passes agreeable hours amid the most luxurious surroundings of modern travel. And, too, your journey is over the smooth roadbed of the

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Leave Chicago every day at 7.00 p. m.

Descriptive booklets and full information on request.

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The Furs at Gimbels

We know furs with the familiarity of nearly sixty years' intimate acquaintance. The first Gimbel store was located in a trapper's country and became an important purchaser and distributor of furs in the raw. The later Gimbel stores have formed close relationships with the leading dyers and furriers of the world. And all that we have learned is utilized today to the advantage and for the protection of our customers.

Purchasers at Gimbels may be assured on the following points :—

1st. That they will be told the true character, the true name and the true value of the fur they purchase.

2nd. That they will be asked no more for the article than it should properly cost, considering all conditions of season, market and competition.

They will be given a choice from a collection of fur garments and small furs which has few equals in America. They can profit by the equipment and organization of the Gimbel Fur Workroom—superbly prepared to attend to special order work. They can profit by our direct dealing with the fur markets of London and Leipzig. They can take advantage of really reasonable prices on the highest class of fur garments. For example:—

By Poiret.—54-inch Moire Caracul Coat; made on the latest lines—hobble skirt effect and deep sailor collar, with long shawl front. It is trimmed with jet ornaments, lined with a changeable soft silk, with edges of fronts trimmed with galloon braid.................... **$485**

By Bernard.—Coat 54-inches long, of Baby Caracul, with deep band of bisan seal (muskrat) at the bottom and up the front. The front is closed in with two large braid ornaments, and it is lined with blue and gray two-toned silk.................... **$525**

By Paquin—Moire Caracul Coat, loose model, 54 inches long, with deep collar back and front. This coat is finished around the neck with stand collar faced with tapestry and black satin rosettes.................... **$395**

By Doucet—56-inch Moire Caracul Coat, elaborately trimmed with black braid and braid buttons. It has deep revers faced with black velvet trimmed with black braid, and edges and lining of green satin.................... **$350**

Bisan Seal (Dyed Muskrat) Coat, 54 inches long, semi-fitted, with an eight-inch border around the bottom and up the front, and deep, long roll shawl collar and cuffs. It is lined with plain satin and edges finished with satin cord trimmings.................... **$425**

The Glove Store at Gimbels

On the Main floor—just to the right of the main entrance and located where it will be easiest to reach by those in a hurry—is a glove store that has a message for every one who wears gloves.

It goes, almost without saying, that the stock of gloves presented is just as full and just as good as time and money could make it. It includes all accepted kinds of hand-wear from the child's mitten to the woman's 30-button evening glove. Whatever the world knows of good glove-making is demonstrated here. But chief among the makes are the three brands that we have made our own—the three gloves by which we ask you to judge the Gimbel Glove Store:—

La Mascotte at $1.00 La Favorite at $1.50
Modena at $2.00

These three brands cover the price range that satisfies ninety-nine women out of a hundred and each is presented with this simple assurance, backed by our effort and experience with gloves through many years:—

It is the best glove its price will buy

We present these gloves in a wide variety of very carefully selected leathers and in every color and shade that can reasonably be desired. They are exceptionally good gloves; skilfully cut, long-lasting and giving the true, smooth unwrinkled fit that a good glove should give.

Leather Goods—A Gimbel Specialty

We believe we have left nothing undone to make these Stores worthy of your consideration.

We have carried specialization to the uttermost limit in this line of goods. The stock as a whole is subdivided into

The Store of Traveling Bags, Suit Cases and Automobile Cases.

The Store of Women's, Misses' and Children's Leather and Fancy Belts.

The Store of Leather Hand Bags, Beaded and Evening Bags.

The Store of Travelers' Leather Requisites, Desk Accessories, Sewing Sets, Etc.

The Store of Leather Goods for Men.

There is a possibility that a more complete gathering of Leather Goods could be brought together—but it is improbable. Every great leather goods centre of Europe and America has contributed its best.

Here you will find the sturdy hand bags and traveling bags of Offenbach, Germany, and Walsall, England.

Here you will find the smartest belts and bags of Vienna.

Here you will find the handsomest beaded novelties of Annaberg and Weipert, Germany.

Here you will find the dainty productions in evening bags from Paris and Vienna.

And last but not least—the choicest of our own domestic offerings in merchandise of this character.

Three Items of Gimbel Store Shoe News for Women

Just a word as to the assurance we give as to properly fitting you. The best shoe made cannot give satisfaction unless it is on the foot it was made for. The fitting is more than half the sale.

Therefore—careful, experienced shoe-fitters, with forty-odd thousand pairs of shoes *at hand*, to choose from.

A registered chiropodist and orthopedic fitter is also here for your assistance when needed.

Shoes for the Most Critical Woman

Shoes of quality which contain every new style idea and every new improvement in construction.

Six styles—Tan or Black Calf, Black Buck, Full-Dress Cloth Tops and Calfskin with Seal Tops.

$5.85

Women's Smart Evening Slippers

A modified stage last with French heel, suitable for stage wear or for any woman desiring something extra smart in footwear of this character. You may take your choice from twelve shades of satin or kid.

$3.00

Something to Interest the Careful Buyer

A particularly good value in women's footwear. English short vamp—seam of vamp running direct to instep sole. English style happily combined with American workmanship. Three kinds of leather—patent leather, tan calfskin and dull kid. **$3.50**

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Individual Styles

The fact that our Men's Suits are designed and made under our own roof and not copied from stock fashion plates is important for the seeker after individuality in clothes.

No one shows a wider range of patterns.

And no one takes more pains with the details of tailoring and finishing than we do.

Suits $15 to $40.

Browning, King & Company
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Neglect of Sight Causes Serious Results

If you could see this as we do every day, no word would be needed to prompt immediate action.

You would not delay.

Our Registered Physicians
Examine Eyes Without Charge.
Perfect-Fitting Glasses as Low as $2.50

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Oculists and Opticians
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217 Broadway, Astor House Block

FUR TALK
NUMBER TWO

There are a great many retail fur stores in New York. In most cases their stock is selected from that of the jobbers, who in turn buy theirs from the importers. The retailers who selected early secured the cream of the stock. Those who came later took what they could get.

We import our furs direct. We buy no inferior goods, as our selections are all made by experienced experts, hence our customers run no risk. More than that, by cutting out the middleman we make a big saving—of which YOU get the benefit.

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The Food-drink for All Ages.
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Pure Nutrition, up building the whole body.
Invigorates the nursing mother and the aged.
Rich milk, malted grain, in powder form.
A quick lunch prepared in a minute.
Take no substitute. Ask for HORLICK'S.
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This bank aims to establish with its customers pleasant and profitable relations on a reciprocal basis of fair dealing and mutual interest.

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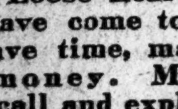

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ESTABLISHED 1857
STATIONERS
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THREE ★ ★ ★ STAR
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CHILDREN IN WHITE GREET VANNUTELLI

Line the Way in Long Island Parishes Visited, and 300,000 Catholics Were Out.

SONGS, BANDS, AND COLORS

Ovations Last Throughout the Day—Dinner at Night in Honor of the Papal Legate.

Cardinal Vincenzo Vannutelli received a rousing reception in Brooklyn yesterday from 300,000 Catholic clergy, laymen, and parochial school children. It was the demonstration of the Roman Catholic Diocese of Long Island to the visiting prelate, and from the time that he entered the borough in the forenoon until the conclusion of the banquet and reception given in his honor by the Rev. William T. McGuirl at the parish rectory of St. Michael's Church in Forty-second Street, Bay Ridge, last night, he was greeted earnestly. He made the tour through Brooklyn in an automobile. Everywhere the streets were lined with school children dressed in holiday attire. They cheered him and sang songs of welcome. Along the route the American and Papal colors were displayed.

The Cardinal left the archiepiscopal residence at Fiftieth Street and Madison Avenue, Manhattan, with Bishop McDonnell of Brooklyn, in the latter's touring car. Following the prelate in other autos were the members of his party. Among them were Bishop Mundelein, Auxiliary Bishop of Brooklyn; the Right Rev. Mgr. Kaupert, Junior Vicar General of the diocese; the Right Rev. Mgr. McCarty, Very Rev. Mgr. McGoldrick, Very Rev. Mgr. White, the Revs. Vincent Sorrentino, Maurice Fitzgerald, George Metzger, Frederick Schnieder, William T. McGuirl, and other clergymen of the diocese.

The party crossed over the Queensboro Bridge to Long Island City. Here on the bridge plaza began the great welcome that amazed the Cardinal. The school children of St. Patrick's, St. Mary's, St. Rita's, Our Lady of Mount Carmel, and St. Joseph's Catholic Churches were massed on both sides of the plaza and enthusiastically cheered him. They wore sashes of yellow and white and carried flags of the same colors, which they waved frantically as the Cardinal passed them. The autos slowed up, and a parade was formed that led down Jackson Avenue to the Borough Hall, then through Fifth Street past St. Mary's Church, to the Vernon Avenue viaduct. The streets along the route were lined with devout Catholics.

At least forty automobiles composed the Cardinal's visiting party when the trip to Brooklyn over the viaduct was begun. The delegation was led by Borough Inspector Holohan and a squad of police. At the entrance to the viaduct the St. Antony Cadet Fife and Drum Corps of St. Antony's parish in Greenpoint met the Cardinal and acted as an escort across the viaduct to Greenpoint. The reception in this section of the borough was equally as enthusiastic as that accorded him in Long Island City.

The girls of St. Antony's School drawn up in line extended for blocks along Leonard Street. They wore white dresses, draped with sashes of red, in honor of the Cardinal. Where the reception of St. Antony's parish ended the welcome of St. Cecilia's began. Leading the procession through the heart of this parish was the Loughlin's battalion of schoolboys, while 2,000 school children of the parish lined the sidewalk and sang.

Representations from St. Alphonsus, St. Santislaus, and Our Lady of Consolation were also ready in their turn to greet the Cardinal as he passed them along the route of the procession. Before the party reached the end of the route leading to the Bushwick section a great crowd from the Italian parish of Our Lady of Mount was awaiting. A mighty cheer arose when the Cardinal's countrymen sighted him.

The Cardinal smiled his appreciation. Frequently during his trip he stopped to say a few words of encouragement to the school children and give them his blessing.

A great outpouring of Catholic parishes in the Bushwick section greeted the Cardinal upon his arrival there. The sisters of St. Dominic, the doctors, nurses, and some of the patients of St. Catherine's Hospital were out in front of the hospital when the Cardinal passed. The congregations of St. Barbara's, St. Brigid's, and St. Leonard's were also out in force. Many of the parishes had uniformed organizations.

Almost all of them had brass bands at their heads. Other parishes that helped line the route at Bushwick Avenue were those of St. John the Baptist, to which St. John's College is attached. Our Lady of Good Cunsel, Our Lady of Lourdes, the Presentation, the Holy Rosary, and Holy Family parishes from Canarsie, and seven hundred children from St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum.

The automobiles turned into Eastern Parkway and sped down to South Brooklyn. Along the parkway the parishes of St. Matthew, St. Gregory, Holy Cross, St. Francis of Assisi, the students and parish of Brooklyn College, conducted by the Jesuits, the boys' band and cadets of St. John's Home, lined both sides of the thoroughfare. The gathering stretched as far as the Park Plaza. The Italian parish of Our Lady of Charity greeted the Cardinal with a display of fireworks.

At Sixth Avenue and Sterling Place the school children of St. Augustine's Church were arranged in the form of a bouquet. The girls were dressed in white, and were waving the papal colors. The Cardinal stopped for a few minutes in front of the Church of St. Francis Xavier to receive bouquets presented by the children of the parish. At the Home for the Aged, eighth Avenue and Sixteenth Street, the Cardinal stopped to talk to Father Kenny about the home. The aged inmates gave the prelate a welcome.

Down through Fort Hamilton to Coney Island the reception of the parishes continued. At Sixtieth Street and Fourth Avenue one of the largest crowds of the day gathered. More than 1,000 children from St. Michael's School, and twice that number from neighboring parishes, were assembled. The procession stopped for an instant here, and a little girl stepped out of the ranks and presented the Cardinal with a bouquet of flowers, in which were concealed twenty gold pieces, the gift of Father McGuirl.

At Coney Island the procession had all the appearance of a triumphant march. School children and great crowds lined both sides of Surf Avenue. At Surf and Stillwell Avenues, Deputy Fire Chief Lally explained to the Cardinal the workings of a fire box. The Cardinal was invited to turn in an alarm, and he did so. A few seconds later the clang of the fire bells was heard along Surf Avenue, and three engines and hook and ladder companies were soon on the ground. The Cardinal witnessed a fire drill, and was greatly pleased with the exhibition.

Returning to the Bishop's residence in Greene Avenue, the Cardinal was the guest of Bishop McDonnell at a luncheon. Following this the prelate was taken to the Cathedral Club on Sixth Avenue, where a reception was given in his honor. Here he met many prominent Catholics of the diocese. After the reception he was taken to the rectory of St. Michael's Church in Forty-second Street, where he was the guest of Father McGuirl at a dinner later in the evening.

PARTED DAY AFTER MARRIAGE

Court Denies Alimony to Wife Who Now Sues for Divorce.

Supreme Court Justice Bijur refused in a decision handed down yesterday to grant alimony to a wife being sued for separation on the ground that she deserted her husband the day after the marriage. The plaintiff in the case, Adam Hach, will have to pay for a lawyer to defend his wife, nevertheless.

Mrs. Gertrude Hach, the defendant, pleaded that the reason she left her husband's home at 346 East Fourteenth Street the day after the marriage was that he put her under the charge of his married daughter, and was otherwise cruel to her. She says he refused to give her money, because he professed to fear that she would give it to her own married daughter.

Hach said in his complaint that he found his wife, the day after the marriage, hiding in the clothes closet of his married stepdaughter's apartment. The Hachs were married Sept. 14 last.

NURSE ADMITS SHE STOLE.

Found in Massachusetts After Five Months' Search by the Police.

Miss Marie McDonald, a 19-year-old nurse, who lives with her widowed mother and one sister at 456 Vanderbilt Avenue, Brooklyn, was locked up in the Brooklyn Police Headquarters last night charged with stealing $1,670 worth of jewelry from the home of George B. D. Goodwin, of 1,070 Bushwick Avenue. The police, who have been looking for her since May 19, found her in the Taunton Insane Asylum, Taunton, Mass., through her photograph which was sent broadcast to hospitals and asylums.

The Taunton police recognized the photographs and notified the Brooklyn officials. Detectives brought her back to Brooklyn yesterday. She admitted the theft last night, and breaking into tears said she did not know why she did it.

"An impulse came over me to do it," she said. "That is the only way I can account for it."

Miss McDonald was employed by Mr. Goodwin as a nurse and companion for one of his daughters last May. The day she disappeared the jewelry was missed. The articles taken were a diamond ring, two diamond earrings, a diamond cross, and two gold watches. She said she pawned the jewelry and then destroyed the pawn tickets.

BITES A POLICEMAN'S JAW.

The "Bad Man of Canarsie" Thus Fights His Captor.

Caught after a chase of six blocks over backyard fences, William Van Houten, known to the Brooklyn police as the "bad man of Canarsie," turned on Detective Gommeringer and sank his teeth into his captor's left jaw. With his arms around Gommeringer's neck, Van Houten held on until beaten off by Detective Wendeberg. Gommeringer's jaw was badly lacerated.

Van Houten was wanted on the charge of deserting from the battleship Kansas ten months ago. The detectives found him at his home, East Ninety-sixth Street and Avenue E, but he dashed past them and jumped through a window to the rear yard.

After Van Houten was captured Detective Gommeringer sent a call for an ambulance from St. Mary's Hospital. Dr. O'Brien treated the detective's injured jaw, and also dressed Van Houten's head, which had been cut by his leap through the window. At Brooklyn Headquarters he denied that he was a deserter from the navy, but said he had deserted the United States Cavalry. He is a member of the old Dutch family of Brooklyn.

HOKE SMITH ASSAILED.

Watson, Attacking Governor-Elect's Private Life, Demands His Resignation

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Oct. 12.—Thomas E. Watson makes an attack on the personal character of Gov.-elect Hoke Smith in this week's issue of his paper, and defies the Governor-elect to sue him for libel. In his charges Watson declares that a woman and her child were forcibly removed from the State and are now living in Denver. He says this woman is ready to return to Georgia an dtestify to the circumstances under which she left the State.

Editor Watson also recites a case where a young railroad clerk obtained employment in one of the Government offices in Washington through Mr. Smith's aid when the latter was Secretary of the Interior in Cleveland's Cabinet. This man, Watson says, later obtained a divorce and received the custody of his children. Other less positive charges are brought by Watson against Gov.-elect Smith, who is called upon to refute the accusations or resign.

Brooklyn Day at Budget Exhibit.

Borough President Alfred E. Steers was the principal speaker at the budget exhibit yesterday, which was set apart as Brooklyn Day. Mr. Steers referred to Borough President McAneny as the first Manhattan Borough President to be acquainted with the needs of Brooklyn and a disposition to give that borough just consideration in the Board of Estimate.

BIBLE WORD OF GOD, SAY EPISCOPALIANS

Clergy and Laity Declare Unanimously Their Belief in the Holy Scriptures.

FAITH HEALING UNSETTLED

House of Bishops Appoint a Committee to Consider It—Appeal for Pensions for the Aged Clergy.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Oct. 12.—The House of Deputies of the convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church to-day put itself squarely on record by a unanimous vote as believing in the Bible as the word of God. It thus makes official declaration that the statement to the contrary, made in the course of debate last Saturday by the Rev. A. A. Morrison of Portland, Ore., did not represent the sentiment of the Church as a whole.

The matter was brought before the convention by the Rev. James R. Winchester of Memphis, Tenn. He offered a resolution declaring that "the House places itself on record as declaring that the Holy Scriptures are beyond doubt accepted by the Church as the word of Almighty God."

"Except for the fact that the Bible is the word of God, none of us would be here," said Dr. Winchester. "It is time to protest against the charge that we do not believe the Bible is the word of God, a charge that is being thrown at us from all parts of the country. I beg this House to banish all doubts on this point. If this is not true, there is no place in this Church for me."

The Rev. James Houston Eccleston of Baltimore proposed as a sub-resolution that the Secretary of the Convention shall publish in all the daily papers of Cincinnati the Eighth Article in the constitution of the Church. It reads:

> No person shall be ordained and consecrated bishop or ordained priest or deacon unless at the time, in the presence of ordaining bishop or bishops he shall subscribe and make the following declaration:
>
> I do believe the Holy Scriptures of the Old and New Testaments to be the word of God, and to contain all things necessary to salvation; and I do solemnly engage to conform to the doctrine, discipline and worship of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States and America.

William R. Butler of Mauch Chunk, Penn., a lay deputy, made a vain attempt to have the whole matter laid on the table. Amid cries of "Question," the sub-resolution was adopted by a unanimous vote.

Although defeated in the House of Deputies through the disagreement of the clerical and lay delegates upon it, the proposal to include in the ritual of the Church a form of prayer and unction for the sick, not as a sacrament in preparation for death, but as a means of healing, is far from being dead, in the opinion of its advocates.

The House of Bishops has appointed a committee to consider the question, and if the Upper House should approve it by a considerable majority, it is quite likely that the House of Deputies would reconsider its action.

No subject that has arisen since the convention began has aroused so much interest. The opinions expressed range all the way from absolute faith in miracles, to unbelief in the power of anything but medical treatment. The so-called "Emmanuel movement" had its origin in a church in Emmanuel Parish, Boston, and this has had a deep influence.

A large number of the delegates admit that faith as an element of cure is not to be overlooked, though it alone cannot heal. They take the ground that expert medical advice is the prime essential in illness, but that if faith in ultimate cure can be inspired in the patient, either through religious ministration or otherwise, the physicians' work will be greatly aided.

But they maintain that no ritual could be devised to insure faith in every case, and the problem should be left to individual clergymen to work out as they find possible.

The Bishops to-day adopted an amendment to the constitution, providing for suffragan Bishops. There was an acute difference of opinion on this point. Many Bishops, under the leadership of Bishop Kinsolving of Texas, favored negro missionary bishops to take charge of all negro churches, responsible only to the general convention, while others preferred the suffragan plan, under which the negro bishops would be subordinates to their diocesan bishops.

As the House of Deputies has also adopted the amendment, it now becomes a law. The leading fight in favor of it was put forward by Bishop Greer of New York, and he was strongly supported by Bishop De Witt of Pennsylvania. It is believed by the New York and the Pennsylvania delegations that Suffragan Bishops for those two dioceses will be appointed soon.

Pensions for aged clergymen were urged in a report by the Rev. Dr. J. J. Wilkins, Dean of St. Paul's Cathedral, Los Angeles, and General Secretary of the $5,000,000 Clergy Relief Fund. He read figures showing that the average salary of Episcopal clergymen in cities of 25,000 and over is $1,202 a year.

"What then of the poorer parishes?" he added. "From one minister I have a letter telling me his total income is $365 a year promised, and payment on that is behind. One gets $8 a week, and the other the munificent sum of $10 a month. And there are hundreds of them. How do they live?

"What of the unsalaried servants of the Church and their wives? They must live like gentle folk. That is expected of them. And they do live like gentle folk, uncomplaining. Like gentle folk they endure privation, human suffering, tragedy, tears, and despair. This for a Church that seems to expect its clergymen to wax fat in the middle of nothing."

Dr. Wilkins cited the fact that thirty millionaires of New York had endowed a theatre, and asked if there were not in the whole Church 100 members who would give $10,000,000 as a fund for the pensioning of the ministers of the Church.

"Let it be done," he said, "that we may no longer have the spectacle of these men finishing out their lives as peripatetic sellers of books, or solicitors of life insurance."

The Convention sent a telegram of fraternal greeting to the Convention of Congregational Churches at Boston.

At the morning session of the House of Bishops a petition from fourteen Chaplains of the army and the navy was received. It asked that their work be considered as a special department in the Church, and that it be placed under a Bishop and have a representative in the House of Deputies. The House of Bishops appointed a committee to investigate the matter and report at the present convention.

POLICE STOP CANE RUSH.

Three New York University Students Arrested by the Reserves.

The annual cane rush between the sophomores and freshmen of the Medical College of the New York University yesterday afternoon ended with honors in favor of the police, whose trophies of victory was not the school cane but Max Frick, 19 years old, of 914 Bloomfield Street, Hoboken; Plase Pasqually, 20, of 468 East 144th Street, both charged with disorderly conduct, and Samuel Einterz, 22, of 9 Monroe Street, charged with assaulting Policeman McKenna of the East Twenty-second Street Station.

The battle-ground was Twenty-sixth Street and First Avenue, in front of the college building, where fifty "freshies" lined up against twenty-five "sophs." Fortune favored first one side then the other to the edification of other classmen, who lined the curb and filled the school windows cheering and yelling. Encouraged by the shouts, the combatants became more strenuous. They forgot the rules and it soon became a rough-and-tumble scrimmage.

Some one telephoned to the East Twenty-second Street Station, and Lieut. Mullarkey sent Policemen Young, Leidig, and McKenna around to restore the normal peace and quiet of East Twenty-sixth Street.

The three policemen, having in mind the recent orders of the Mayor used moral suasion. They implored the students to cease their rough play. They had managed to get most of the combatants into the college building, when from an upper window a bag filled with water, struck Policeman Leidig.

This acted as a signal for a renewal of battle, but class lines were abandoned, and sophomores and freshmen joined in jostling the policemen. Some one pushed Leidig and he grabbed Pasqually; Policeman McKenna grabbed Frick, and both were started for the East Twenty-second Street Station, a hooting mob at their heels.

Policeman McKenna, who brought up the rear, had his hands full, keeping the crowd from rescuing the prisoners, until some one jostled him, and he seized Einterz, who, he said, struck him in the eye. McKenna took the fight out of him with a tap on the head with his club.

Seeing Einterz was injured, McKenna started for Bellevue Hospital, and the student escort divided, one squad following Frick and Pasqually to the station house, the other following Einterz to the hospital.

When the crowd appeared at Bellevue Assistant Supt. Fleming ordered a nurse to call Police Headquarters and ask for the reserves. In response to this call twelve men were rushed to the hospital and dispersed the howling students.

Trolley Line to Whitestone Now.

Whitestone, Queens Borough, celebrated with a carnival yesterday the extension of the trolley to that place and the consequent opening of that section to residents who desire to go to their work and back at a cheap car fare. Joseph J. Mottler was King and Miss Grace Royston, Queen.

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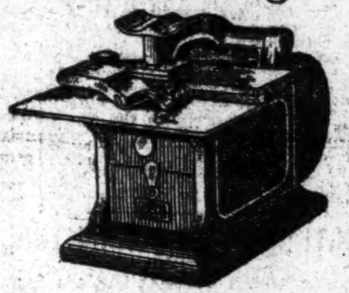

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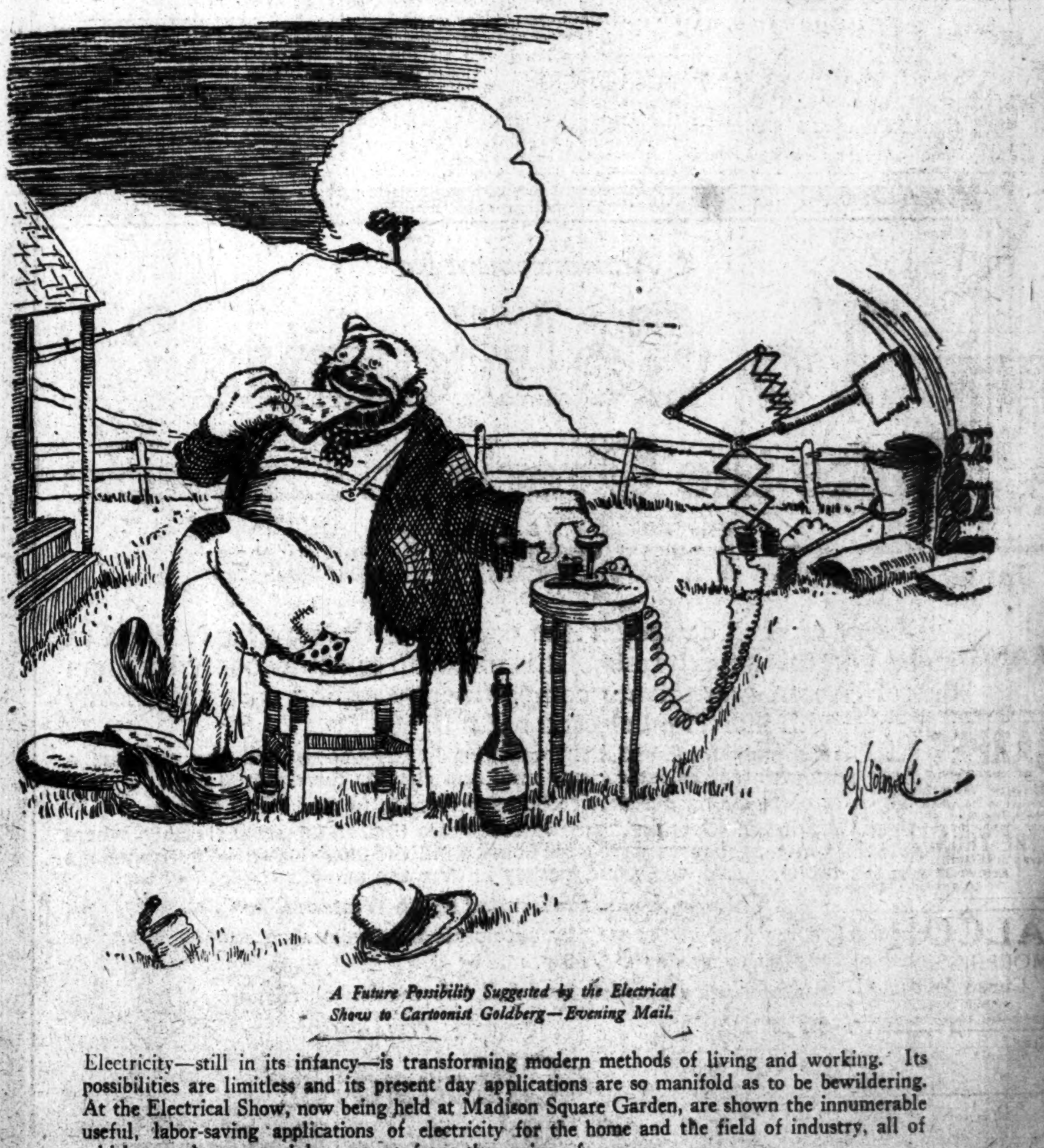

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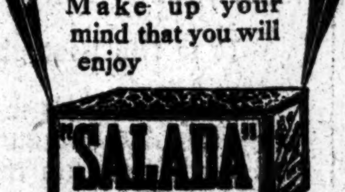

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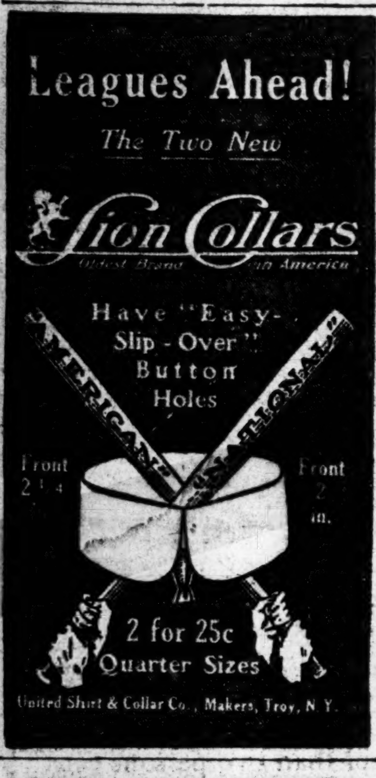

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OBERMEYER FIRST IN TEN-MILE RACE

Junior Metropolitan Champion Leads Home Big Field in Jamaica A. A. Event.

George Obermeyer, National Athletic Club junior Metropolitan champion distance runner, won the ten-mile road race of the Jamaica Athletic Association, decided yesterday as a curtain raiser to the track and field meet which followed on the club's oval at Jamaica.

Thirty-one men started, with handicap marks running up to five minutes inclusive, with Obermeyer and Tom Dwyer of the Mohawks at the post of honor. The course led from the clubhouse of the Maplewood Athletic Club in Dean Street, Brooklyn, to Fourth Avenue, to Atlantic Avenue, to Greenwood Avenue, Clarenceville; to Fulton Street, Richmond Hill, and up Fulton Street to Jamaica and the Oval, which was circuited four times in order to complete the ten miles. Although the early stage of the race was decided on cobbles and macadam, midway on the journey the men encountered the hardest kind of sandy road to negotiate, which proved the undoing of many.

G. E. Crosby, Twenty-third Street Y. M. C. A., and Fred Letter, National Athletic Club, made the most of their allotment of the limit, and held their forward positions up to three and three-tenth miles in 18 minutes, where Carter Collins of New Haven, a newcomer in local athletic circles, flashed into the lead, attended closely by John Schroeder, Morningside Athletic Club.

Passing through East New York Collins led Schroeder by about twenty-five yards, with both going strongly by this point, which was just inside the half-way mark. Obermeyer had moved up to eleventh position here, with his time 28:40. Following him closely was Dwyer, the other back marker.

At Union Course the New Haven lad had a slight lead on Gaston Stroberio, Diamond F. C., who had deposed Schroeder from second place. Obermeyer had begun to mow his field down at this stage and improved his position to sixth. With forty-eight minutes elapsed when the leaders turned into Greenwood Avenue, Stroberio was the pacemaker, with an advantage of 20 yards on Collins, who in turn led Schroeder 100 yards.

Obermeyer, but 300 yards to the bad of the third man, and running fourth, could now see the leader. At this point the field had but a mile and a quarter to go. Entering the field with four laps, or half a mile before the completion of the race Collins was the first to show, with Stroberio in hot pursuit, and Obermeyer third. The latter carried his pace longest, and led at the bell lap, finally winning by 25 yards, with Collins second, and Stroberio third, and the winner's time 1:02:30 3-5.

In the point trophy struggle which followed in the other handicap events, Dave Noble and Vic Casey for the New York A. C. by tallying a first in the mile and second in the "300," put the prize to the credit of the Mercury foot.

The trophies in the 2-mile novice race were held up by the referee, H. Obertubessing, pending inquiry into the status of M. J. Dolan, Hudson Guild, who was recognized by several athletes of the Glencoe A. C. as being W. Wilson, Hudson Guild, a winner of the 3-mile race at the Flatbush meet two months ago, and therefore was ineligible. His case will be turned over to the Registration Committee at once. The summaries:

Ten-Mile Road Race, Handicap.—Won by George Obermeyer, National A. C., (scratch;) Carter Collins, New Haven, (4 minutes,) second; Gaston Stroberio, Diamond F. C., (2:30,) third; John Schroeder, Morningside A. C., (4 minutes,) fourth; T. Haros, Pastime A. C., (3:30,) fifth. Time—1:02:30 3-5. Won by 25 yards; 40 yards between second and third.

100-Yard Dash, Handicap.—Final Heat—Won by O. Struthers, Trinity A. C., (9 yards;) Austin Jones, McCaddin Lyceum, (8 yards,) second; H. R. Conger, Xavier A. A., (6 yards,) third. Time—0:09 4-5.

Two-Mile Run, Novice.—Won by M. J. Dolan, Hudson Guild; C. Burroughs, unattached, second; J. Crowley, Glencoe A. A., third; Andrew W. Grinn, unattached, fourth; George E. Marer, West End A. A., fifth. Time—11:06 3-5.

One-Mile Run, Handicap.—Won by D. V. Noble, New York A. C., (30 yards;) M. A. Devanney, Xavier A. A., (80 yards,) second; William Powers, Irish-American A. C., (35 yards,) third. Time—4:38 3-5.

300-Yard Run, Handicap.—Final Heat—Won by C. E. Gorham, B. C. Y. M. C. A., (14 yards;) V. Casey, New York A. C., (14 yards,) second; John Powers, South Paterson A. C., (6 yards,) third. Time—0:33 4-5.

Medley Relay Race. (One and one-quarter miles.)—Won by Mohawk A. C. team, composed of Dan Kuhn, John Bell, H. Miller, and C. W. Hills, (84 yards;) Loughlin Lyceum team, composed of A. G. Hoch, J. Yule, J. O'Brien, and L. Schloesser, (98 yards,) second; Dominican Lyceum team, composed of L. Cahill, E. Elmore, J. Hand, and T. Healy, (56 yards,) third. Time—1:55 2-5.

Five-Mile Bicycle Race, Scratch.—Won by Jerome Steinert, Hicksville A. C.; U. Revere, U. S. I., second; Harry Stone, Superior Wheelmen, third. Time—16:57.

Columbia Cross-Country Run.

Columbia started the cross-country foot racing season yesterday with a successful blind handicap with thirty-five contestants. H. H. Anderson, '12, was the winner, making the run from South Field down Riverside Drive to Ninety-sixth Street, back again, and once around the track in the good time of 14 minutes and 52 seconds. The distance approximately was two miles and a half. Benton Sanders, '10, ex-Captain of the Columbia team, was on hand yesterday to coach the runners and to pace them in the chilly hill-and-dale run. Capt. William C. Dorr also accompanied the pack. The summaries:

1—H. H. Anderson, (scratch,) 14:52; 2—H. W. Roland, (1 minute,) 15:14; 3—H. W. Evans, (15 seconds,) 15:38; 4—P. E. Hendricks, (15 seconds,) 15:38; 5—G. S. Kearney, (1 minute,) 15:51; 6—T. Brown, (30 seconds,) 15:55; 7—R. Stewart, (1 minute,) 16:31; 8—T. J. Lord, (1 minute 30 seconds,) 16:43; 9—G. W. Eastman, (1 minute 30 seconds,) 17:04; 10—E. B. Leach, (1 minute,) 17:11; 11—E. H. Sutliff, (2 minutes,) 16:02; 12—S. J. Wilson, (2 minutes,) 18:07.

Ivan High Gun at Traps.

In a twenty-knot gale that swept across the Jamaica Bay Meadows yesterday afternoon the fourth amateur Cosmopolitan trap shooting championship was decided under the auspices of the Bergen Beach Gun Club. Sixty-five gunners in all competed for the title, shooting one hundred targets each in strings of twenty-five. "Al" Ivan, of the Jersey City Gun Club, was the winner, with the remarkable score of 95 "kills." His strings were 24, 24, 23 and 24. L. H. Colquitt, winner of the title in 1909, tied for third place with C. W. Billings, the champion marksman of the New York Athletic Club.

In addition to the individual championship shoot the Bergen Beach Gun Club offered a prize for the best five-man team race. This was easily won by the Jersey City Gun Club. The winners broke in the aggregate 455 out of a possible 500 targets. The high guns of the team were: L. W. Colquitt, 90; C. W. Billings, 90; A. L. Ivans, 95; G. H. Piercy, 88, and E. E. Gardner, 92. The Bergen Beach Gun Club finished second with a total of 434 targets to its credit.

YOUNG DIXON LOSES ON FOUL.

Eddie Rector Wins Sailors' Fight at Sharkey A. C.

After fighting five rounds and with the bout in his favor, Young Dixon lost on a foul in the fifth round to Eddie Rector of the battleship New Hampshire at the Sharkey A. C. last night. There was great rivalry between the sailors, and both had a good following to urge them on, but Dixon had the better of the game from the start and would have surely won, as he had Rector nearly out on two occasions.

Dixon was short and stocky, while Rector was tall and wiry, and was better from a scientific standpoint.

In the first round it looked as though Dixon would be defeated, but he surprised the crowd by his ability to jab and score to the body. Dixon carried the work to his opponent and landed some hard right and left blows on the body. Dixon had the better of the second and third rounds, but in the fourth the tide changed for a few seconds when Rector started to pummel Dixon's stomach and finally sent him to the mat with a hard right swing over the heart. Dixon remained on the mat for the count of nine, but after getting up came back in good style and forced the work again and evened up the round.

In the fifth round Dixon was doing all the work and apparently had the better of the "go," but was so excited he was unable to control himself, and when Rector came in he deliberately put his knee up and caught Rector in the stomach, and after being cautioned by the referee and hissed by the crowd he resorted to butting tactics, and the referee thought it time to stop the bout.

In the semi-final of six rounds Frank Fleming had the better of Young Egar.

BURNS AGAINST BILL LANG.

Salinas Jack Will Be Matched to Fight Australian if He Whips Stewart.

Hugh D. McIntosh will arrive here from London in a few days, and the first matter that will receive his attention is a proposition to match Bill Lang against Salinas Jack Burns, providing, of course, that Burns whips Jim Stewart at the National Sporting Club of America to-morrow night. Burns will tackle Lang preparatory to a meeting with Al. Kaufman.

Pacific Coast sporting writers appear to have been favorably impressed by Burns's showing in all his recent battles. The giant is only a boy, and experts believe he has a great ring career before him. Jack will get a real tryout when he faces Stewart on Friday night. Jim is very anxious to tuck this victory away in his suitcase before returning to Paris, which he contemplates doing early in November.

Stewart has been training for his bout with Burns under the direction of Joe Jeannette. He appreciates the fact that Salinas Jack will be a dangerous opponent, and is planning, he says, to finish the battle as quickly as possible. This card ought to attract the full membership of Tom O'Rourke's club.

Jimmy Britt in New Venture.

The "Macogram Union Telegraph, the largest system in existence," is the headline of a telegraphic blank used in connection with a boxing show to be held at King's Hall, London, Eng., on Oct. 19. Hugh D. McIntosh, the Australian promoter of sports, is Director of the new system and James E. Britt, former lightweight champion pugilist of America, General Secretary. The exhibition will be the second contest in the British heavyweight boxing eliminating trials, when Bombardier Wells meets Private Voyles of the Irish Guards. Seats will be a guinea and half a guinea apiece. According to the announcement receipts are given for the amount charged.

Boxing Ordinance Modified.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Oct. 12.—The City Council passed its anti-prize fight ordinance yesterday in an amended form. Ten-round amateur bouts with seven-ounce gloves are permitted, but professional fighting is barred by the provision that no admission shall be charged, and that the prizes be limited to trophies costing not more than $35.

De Oro Wins and Then Loses.

Alfred De Oro, the champion three-cushion carrom billiard player of the world, played two exhibition games yesterday at John Doyle's Forty-second Street Billiard Academy. In the afternoon game he defeated Frank Hopke by the score of 40 to 30. In the evening De Oro had for his opponent Tom Gallagher, the champion three-cushion carrom billiard player of Greater New York. Gallagher won by the score of 40 to 31. This makes the second defeat De Oro has sustained since he started giving exhibitions, he being defeated in Tuesday's game by James Blair by the score of 40 to 31. Blair is now regarded as the representative of New York in the National Billiard League. This afternoon De Oro will play William Blumenthal, and in the evening his opponent will be Charles Byers.

Heavy Track for A. A. U. Meet.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Oct. 12.—While heavy rains have for several days interfered with the work on the track and grounds which will be used at the National meet of the Amateur Athletic Union an extra set of hands will be assigned to the task to-morrow and the finishing touches will have been completed by to-morrow night.

The meet opens Friday and the events will cover a period of two days. Everett C. Brown of Chicago and James E. Sullivan of New York, President and Secretary, respectively, of the Amateur Athletic Union, reached New Orleans to-day. The Chicago Athletic Association sent two private cars filled with athletes, forming one of the largest delegations to the meet.

Columbia Crew Committees.

The Rowing Management at Columbia announced yesterday the appointments of various committees in order to make the regatta which will be held on Nov. 5 a success. Of these there were the class committees to get the men out for the class crews. Two men were chosen from each class, and are as follows: 1911—J. M. Lovejoy and S. Pitt; 1912—C. C. Lindsay and F. Culman; 1913—B. F. Philipson and F. Latenser; 1914—C. W. Peterson and A. Rothwell. A nominating committee for the ensuing year was appointed and is made up of: R. V. Mahon, '13; W. D. Herbert, '11; W. Kinney, '11; G. S. Downing, '12, and F. Latenser, '13.

Brooklyns Beaten by Thistles.

In an exhibition association football game played at Visitation Oval, Brooklyn, yesterday afternoon, the Arcadia Thistles scored a signal victory over the champion Brooklyns by the score of two goals to one in a fast game. McDonald, left half back for the Thistles, tallied the first goal a few minutes after play had started, the ball being passed from Hastie at inside right. After the restart Verraugh scored for the Brooklyns, and a few minutes later Hough scored the winning point for the Thistles from a mix-up in front of the Brooklyn net.

Woodrow Wilson at Kingsley School.

Woodrow Wilson, candidate for governor in New Jersey, addressed the students at Kingsley School yesterday after the completion of their football game at Essex Fells, in which they were beaten by Montclair High School by 18 to 0.

MISS CAMPBELL BEST FOR GOLF TITLE

Canadian Girl Showing Splendid Form for Woman's National Championship.

FLOSSMOOR, Ill., Oct. 12.—As the result of the second round of match play in the sixteenth annual women's championship of the United States Golf Association to-day at the Homewood Country Club, Canadian players took the lead with three representatives. Three of Chicago's five representatives were put out of the running, two of Philadelphia's three and both of Pittsburg's.

Experts now declare the championship lies between Miss Dorothy Campbell of Hamilton, Ontario, and the winner of the third round match scheduled for to-morrow between Miss Lillian M. Hyde of New York, metropolitan champion, and Miss Vida Llewellyn of La Grange, former holder of the Western title.

Miss Campbell's work thus far in the tournament has been far in advance of anything shown by any of the other competitors. Miss Vida Llewellyn of La Grange to-day defeated Miss L. B. Elkins of Pittsburg, 1 up, and Miss Florence Harvey of Hamilton, Canada, defeated Mrs. Caleb Fox of Huntington Valley Club, Philadelphia, 3 up and 2 to play. The feature of the day's play was the establishing of a course record of 78 by Miss Dorothy Campbell.

Miss Llewellyn's victory over Miss Elkins was one of the most sensational seen in a woman's tourney.

COLUMBUS DAY GOLF.

Numerous Competitions on Links in and Near New York.

Both match and medal play required the attention of the members of the Baltusrol Golf Club yesterday. The feature event was a handicap in which thirty-six holes were played, the best selected score for eighteen holes counting. Dr. A. S. Morrow was returned the winner with 71, a stroke less than Robert W. Conrow. T. T. Reid won the sweepstakes with 80, 6, 74, with Howard Giffin second, with 85, 7, 78. The first match rounds in the club championship and for the October Cup were also played. The scores and summary follow:

Selected Score Competition.—Dr. A. S. Morrow, 71; Robert W. Conrow, 72; T. P. Reid, 73; Howard Griffin, 73; W. L. Garey, 73; James A. Tyng, 74; E. B. Byron, 75; Frank A. Wright, 76; Daniel Adams, Jr., 78.

Club Championship, First Round.—C. E. Van-Vleck beat F. A. L'Hommedieu, 1 up; Howard Giffin beat Howard Hasbrouck, 8 up and 7 to play; James A. Tyng beat C. F. Watson, Sr., 5 up and 4 to play; John S. Woodward, 2d, beat C. F. Watson, Jr., 6 up and 5 to play; E. P. Rogers beat D. W. Granbury, 5 up and 4 to play.

October Cup, First Round.—D. W. Branbury beat Henry Halsey, 1 up; Frank A. Wright beat T. C. Enever, 3 up and 2 to play; James A. Tyng beat C. B. Grady by default; V. S. Byron beat John S. Woodward, 2d, 4 up and 3 to play; J. H. Eggers beat E. P. Byron, 7 up and 6 to play; C. F. Watson, Sr., beat F. A. L'Hommedieu, 5 up and 4 to play; Paxton Brown beat A. D. Chandler, 4 up and 3 to play; T. C. Watkins beat H. C. Cornwall, 2 up and 1 to play.

Members of the Forest Hill Field Club were out in force yesterday and plenty of holiday events had been arranged for them. W. Becker came out the winner in Class A of the handicap, with 86, 16—70, while C. E. T. Scharps won in Class B, with 96, 25—71. D. H. Van Ness led the field in the morning sweepstakes, with 91, 24—67, and W. Becker was again a winner in the afternoon, with 86, 14—70. Dr. Washington and Dr. Haggerty topped the list in the foursome, combined scores, with 173, 24—149. The scores in the various events were as follows:

Handicap.—Class A—W. Becker, 86, 16—70; R. Kuebler, 84, 13—71; H. C. Vance, 87, 16—71; F. C. Pulver, 85, 13—72; F. L. Owen, 89, 17—72; C. L. Voorhees, 89, 17—72; A. H. Gussman, 83, 11—72; E. W. Pierson, 87, 15—72; F. G. Stone, 86, 12—74; H. W. Taylor, 85, 10—75; J. J. Radel, 86, 9—77.

Class B—C. E. T. Scharps, 96, 25—71; A. Snyder, 98, 24—75; G. A. Allsopp, 98, 20—78.

Sweepstakes, (Morning.)—W. Becker, 86, 16—70; R. Kuebler, 84, 13—71; H. C. Vance, 87, 16—71; E. W. Pierson, 87, 15—72; A. H. Gussman, 83, 11—72; C. S. Voorheis, 89, 17—72; H. W. Taylor, 85, 10—75.

Afternoon—D. H. Van Ness, 91, 24—67; A. C. Booth, 96, 25—71; C. E. T. Scharps, 96, 25—71; J. P. McFadden, 88, 16—72; Dr. Washington, 86, 13—73; H. C. Vance, 92, 16—76.

Foursome.—Dr. Washington and Dr. Haggerty, 173, 24—149; G. A. Allsopp and W. W. Lyons, 189, 36—153; A. H. Gussman and E. W. Pierson, 180, 26—154; W. Becker and R. Kuebler, 186, 29—157; H. C. Vance and H. W. Taylor, 185, 26—159.

Columbus Day was celebrated in fitting fashion by the members of the Nassau Country Club yesterday, the event being an eighteen-hole medal play handicap. Charles L. Tiffany headed the list with 84, 13—71, a single stroke the better of John R. Maxwell, Jr., N. Busch, and I. L. Allen. The best gross score was returned by Maxwell, who made the round in 80. Low scores were the rule, despite the baked condition of the course. The fair weather brought out about fifty starters. The leading scores were as follows:

Charles L. Tiffany, 84, 13—71; John R. Maxwell, Jr., 80, 8—72; N. Busch, 83, 11—72; I. L. Allen, 93, 21—72; Eben Storer, 91, 18—73; William Biers, 103, 30—73; J. B. C. Tappan, 84, 11—73; A. G. Dickinson, 100, 26—74; T. J. Ryan, 94, 19—75; J. Lounsberry, 95, 20—75; W. P. Beacher, 88, 13—75; John T. Platt, 99, 21—78; Hward F. Whitney, 82, 4—78; E. A. Loring, Jr., 91, 12—79; C. H. Tangeman, 110, 30—80; W. A. Engeman, 97, 15—82; C. E. Berner, 98, 16—82; C. Runyan, Jr., 94, 12—82; C. W. McKelvey, 97, 15—82; W. A. W. Stewart, 98, 15—83; W. V. Hester, 109, 24—85.

A club handicap in two classes was the event at the Montclair Golf Club yesterday. S. H. Lockett led in Class A with 80, 4—76, while H. S. McClure was the winner in the B Division with 87, 13—74. Mrs. R. O. Smith won the competition for women. The scores in the handicap were as follows:

Class A—S. H. Lockett, 80, 4—76; C. J. Turner, 85, 6—79; E. H. Wiswell, 86, 7—79; J. A. Philbrick, 91, 11—80; Paul Harrison, 83, 2—81; T. W. Maley, 89, 6—83.

Class B—H. S. McClure, 87, 13—74; I. S. Dillingham, Jr., 94, 19—75; H. Dunkak, 95, 18—77; J. A. Kelsey, 93, 15—78; H. M. Edwards, 98, 20—78.

At the Richmond County Country Club yesterday the members took part in a bogey competition, best selected scores for thirty-six holes to count. Arthur Man was the winner by 7 up. In his second round he returned a card of 79. Walter J. Travis and K. P. Emmons won in a team match against Alexander Findlay, formerly of Boston and now located in this city, and Percy H. Jennings, by 2 up and 1 to play. Travis made rounds of 79 and 81, considered excellent going over the new course.

The second and final day's play in the women's golf competition at Van Cortlandt Park yesterday left the standing of the leaders unchanged. As a result, Mrs. John O'Connell, with a card of 97, 9—88, won the cup presented by Mrs. Sherman K. Hill. Two of the women who competed yesterday did not return cards, but on the whole the tournament was so successful that it has already been decided to run off another in the near future. The scores: Mrs. J. O'Connell, 97, 9—88; Miss E. H. Bonwell, 103, 12—91; Mrs. E. K. Reynolds, 112, 20—92; Mrs. J. Mellanis, 107, 13—94; Mrs. G. Bennett, 104, 9—95; Mrs. L. Vallely, 123, 27—96; Miss A. M. Schiffer, 120, 24—96; Mrs. Sherman K. Hill, 119, 21—98; Mrs. A. J. Levy, 113, 13—100; Miss M. Costigan, 126, 19—107.

St. Andrew's golfers mustered in old-time numbers to compete for the historic John Reid medal yesterday. Conditions called for thirty-six holes of medal play, and Archie Reid, champion of the Hudson River Golf Association, won again with rounds of 77 and 82 for 159 total. His brother, John Reid, Jr., finished second with 82, 79—161. These two have between them generally accounted for the medal for the last ten years.

Winners in Hot Springs Golf.

Special to The New York Times.

HOT SPRINGS, Va., Oct. 12.—W. B. Averill of Garden City; C. F. Cowperthwaite, Philadelphia Cricket Club; S. H. Harris, Montclaire G. C.; F. C. Swink of Berkshire C. C., and J. S. Clark, Philadelphia C. C., will fight it out to-morrow for first place in the annual Hot Springs golf tournament, which started yesterday. Averill is the favorite, and from past performances ought to win, but Clark played an aggressive game to-day, which surprised the entire field, and if he holds the same form to-morrow may land the cup.

Midland Tourney for Women.

The Midland Golf Club of Garden City has decided upon Oct. 25, 26, 27, and 28 for an invitation women's tournament. This will be the week following the four-day affair to be held over the links of the Country Club at Brookline and the plan is to have a number of the Boston players compete here. On Oct. 31 the Siwanoy Country Club of Mount Vernon will hold a one-day tournament for metropolitan women, while a similar attraction is announced for Nov. 4 at Baltusrol.

GENERAL H. IN FRONT.

McDowell Stakes Captured by Bay Horse in Straight Heats.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Oct. 12.—General H., the bay son of Combineer and Jessie Wallace, to-day won the $3,025 McDowell stake, the feature event on the card of the Kentucky Trotting Horse Breeders' Association, trotting the second heat in 2:05½.

The 2:12 pace was won by Princess Hal, which tok the last three heats after losing the filrst to Sallie Stiles. Fair Margaret won the first two heats of the 2:11 trot, and it was postponed until to-morrow.

The 2:20 trot, carried over from yesterday, proved a surprise when Carnation, which finished 5, 3, 3, yesterday, and was overlooked in the betting, took the last three heats from Betsy G., which won the first two.

The pacing division, championship stallion stake, went to Nell Gentry after she had lost the second heat to Leftwich. It was worth $2,125 to the winner.

Starter Walker announced that The Harvester would start to-morrow to beat the two-mile record, 4:17, held by Cresceus.

Sallie Stiles, which was second in the second heat of the 2:12 pace, was declared distanced for foul driving.

Robert H. fell near the quarter in the fourth heat of the 2:12 pace. His driver was not hurt. The summaries:

2:20 Class.—Trotting. Best three in five heats. Purse $1,000. (Three heats Tuesday.)

Carnation, b. g., by Wilkesview, (Nuckols)	5	3	3	1	1	1
Betsy G., b. m., by Wiggins, (Cox)	1	1	2	4	6	3
Henry Winter, b. h., by Ed Winter, (A. McDonald)	3	2	1	2	2	2
May Grave, rn. m., (Blickenstaff)	4	5	4	6	5	ro
Border Guard, (Walker)	2	7	5	3	5	ro
Bessie Prodigal, b. m., (J. Adrion)	7	4	6	3	4	ro
Marie T., ch. m., (Lawrence)	6	6	6	dr		
Victor Allerton, b. g., (Hammon)	9	8	7	dis		
Katherine R., b. m., (C. Davis)	8	9	dr			

Time—2:10½; 2:11¼; 2:12½; 2:11¼; 2:13¼; 2:13¼.

Champion Stallion Stake.—Pacing Futurity. Best two in three heats. Value $2,851.

Nell Gentry, b. f., by John R. Gentry, (Cameron)	1	2	1
Leftwich, b. f., by Moko, (J. Healy)	2	1	2

Time—2:17¼; 2:14¼; 2:09¼.

The McDowell Stake.—Best three in five heats. Value $2,851.

General H., b. h., by Combineer, (Haag)	1	1	1
Brace Girdle, b. m., (McMahan)	3	2	2
Nancy Royce, blk. m., (McCarthy)	2	4	5
Lady Stately, b. m., (A. McDonald)	4	3	6
May Earl, b. m., (Hussey)	6	6	3
Alice Roosevelt, ch. m., (Murphy)	5	3	4

Time—2:07¼; 2:05½; 2:06.

2:12 Class.—Pacing. Best three in five heats. Purse $1,000.

Princess Hal, b. m., by Star Hal, (Hedrick)	4	1	1	1
The Orator, b. h., (Horine)	3	2	8	6
The Liar, b. h., (Snow)	6	5	4	2
Alta Coast, b. m., (B. Dempsey)	2	6	6	7
Bird Grattan, br. m., (Kimlin)	7	4	3	3
Roy Wilkes, Jr., b. h., (Long)	5	3	5	5
Little Dick, b. g., (Gahagan)	8	7	7	4
Robert H., blk. g., (Anderson)	9	8	2	ds
Sallie Stiles, b. m., (Whitehead)	1	dis.		
Atha Bey, blk. g., (Hunnell)	Dis.			

Time—2:06¼; 2:07½; 2:06¾; 2:09¼.

2:11 Class.—Trotting. Best three in five heats. Purse $1,000. (Unfinished.)

Fair Margaret, b. m., by Reelection, (J. Benyon)	1	1
Startle, b. g., (Gahagan)	2	5
Bell Bird, blk. m., (Estes)	6	2
Justo, b. h., (A. McDonald	3	3
Stroller, ch. h., (Keating)	4	4
Melva J., b. m., (Cox)	5	7
Fuzz Johnson, (Geers)	10	6
The Angelus, br. h., (Colby)	7	9
Admiral Red, b. h., (Felick)	8	8
Jenny Constantive, b. m., (Dodge)	9	10

Time—2:07¾; 2:10¼.

Monmouth Hounds Out Again.

Special to The New York Times.

RED BANK, N. J., Oct. 12.—A drag hunt was held by the Monmouth County Club this afternoon, the weather being pleasant and a large number of huntsmen rode to the hounds. The start was from the Red Bank Railroad Station, and the run was through open country in portions of Shrewsbury and Holondel townships, and the finish was at Louis Thompson's Brookdale farm. The distance covered was about twelve miles. Several high fences were taken without any croppers. Among those in the hunt were H. L. Herbert, master of hounds; Charles Hart, Howard S. Borden, Charles Fabin, Arthur McClure, M. Ross, Arthur Jones, W. S. Jones, Jr., H. Barrett, and Miss Grace Jones.

Colonial Yacht Club Entertains.

The Colonial Yacht Club proposes to furnish its members and guests with plenty of entertainment during the Fall and Winter season. A start was made at the clubhouse, Hudson River, at 138th Street, on Tuesday night, and a large and fashionable attendance, together with visiting delegations from out of town yacht clubs enjoyed a pleasant evening up to 11 o'clock, after which dancing was indulged in until eight bells yesterday morning. The club's entertainment committee has arranged for a minstrel show and fair in the near future.

Two-Mile Handicap Roller Skating.

Roller skating races have taken a prominent position among indoor sports. The recent competitions at the Metropolitan Roller Rink, Broadway and Fifty-second Street, have attracted big crowds, and the calibre of the contestants has resulted in close finishes. The Metropolitan is the sole survivor of a string of roller skating rinks which two years ago were distributed throughout New York City. Racing will be held weekly during the Fall and Winter season, with many of the prominent American skaters as contestants. The next event will be held to-night, when six of the fastest skaters in the country will compete in a two-mile scratch race.

McCaddin Lyceum Games.

What promises to be one of the largest indoor athletic meets held in some time will be under the auspices of the McCaddin Lyceum at the Forty-seventh Regiment Armory, Heyward Street and Lee Avenue, Brooklyn, on Wednesday evening, Nov. 30. Many champions of the metropolitan district will compete for the prizes and point trophies offered. This is the second series of games held under the direction of the McCaddin Lyceum.

Oother Sports on Page 12.

OLDFIELD WILL RACE.

Declares His Intention to Meet Johnson Despite Disqualification.

It was announced last night by the promoters of the automobile race between Barnel Oldfield and Jack Johnson, the champion heavyweight prize fighter, that the competition would be held at Sheepshead Bay ract track on Oct. 20 as scheduled, in spite of the action of the American Automobile Association in disqualifying Oldfield and withdrawing Johnson's license as a driver.

Oldfield, it seems, would like very much to get out of the race, but he is held to the terms of his contract with the promoters. The moving picture privilege has been sold by Oldfield, and he says it would be impossible for him to withdraw at this time. "It's a case of race or be sued," he said last night, "and I'll have to race whether I like it or not."

Johnson will arrive in this city on Sunday morning and will begin practice on the Sheepshead Bay track with his Chalmers racing car. He ends his theatrical tour on Saturday night and will make his quarters at a cottage at Sheepshead Bay so that he will be near the track and get in as much practice as possible.

MORE ATHLETES LEAVE.

Last of the Winged-Foot and Irish Teams Start for New Orleans.

The last of the New York athletic contingent to leave for New Orleans to compete in the A. A. U. championships, included Martin J. Sheridan, discus; Pat McDonald, shot and weight; Jack Eller, hurdles, and George Bonhag, five miles; all of the Irish-American A. C.; Harry Babcock, polevault, and R. Edgren, discus, of the New York A. C. With these men, who left yesterday, were Charles J. Dieges, John J. Dolan, and John Conway, carded to act as officials at the meet.

Select Stakes for Whitney Horse.

NEWMARKET, England, Oct. 12.—The Select Stakes of 10 sovereigns each for starters, with 300 sovereigns added, for three-year-olds and upward, was run here to-day and won by H. P. Whitney's Whiskbroom. Dean Swift was second and St. Crispin third. Three horses ran.

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the cutter class and are rowed with fourteen oars They are built specially to accommodate large numbers and the accident on Saturday night is baffling many officers, who say they never [illegible] it possible for a sailing launch [illegible] in weather that was nothing [illegible] a sea that was barely a trif[illegible] to the wind blowing again[illegible]

The swamping of the sa[illegible] so sudden and unexpected [illegible] boat seemed to have lost th[illegible] pletely and the utmost [illegible] vailed There were several [illegible] it was said, who could not swim, and each of these, [illegible] the man nearest to him, held [illegible] hope of [illegible] A peculiar thi[illegible] some of the [illegible] how to keep [illegible] rescued, an[illegible] swimmers [illegible] drowned.

Report[illegible] ing of [illegible] but the [illegible] which [illegible] board of [illegible] towing the [illegible] and in doing so [illegible] slacken. When t[illegible] denly taut again [illegible] of the sailing lau[illegible] buried the nose [illegible] fore the mass o[illegible] an attempt to [illegible] the launch was [illegible] idly.

Graphic des[illegible] given by sa[illegible] launches an[illegible] and Kansas. [illegible] sink every sailor [illegible] to the steam cu[illegible] but their cries evid[illegible] on the instant, and [illegible] with its struggling m[illegible] carried along many [illegible] was happening could [illegible] darkness.

When Midshipman [illegible] had happened he orde[illegible] stopped and efforts we[illegible] as many of the sailors [illegible] strong a tide was [illegible] quickly swept away [illegible] river.

Burton Craft, a seam[illegible] vision, said he rememb[illegible] felt the water getting [illegible] was getting ready to j[illegible] prevented by three or [illegible] clung to him The fou[illegible] down. He is a good sw[illegible] to free himself. He mana[illegible] others off, and as he cam[illegible] he was seized again and [illegible] the second time. In the d[illegible] not recognize the men. H[illegible] with one of his shipmate[illegible] could not help, and m[illegible] holding Craft around [illegible] save himself, had to use [illegible] self of the drowning man, a[illegible] with [illegible] enough strength left to keep himself above water, he drifted up the river for more than a mile and was picked up by a launch from the Louisiana. He was in the water twenty minutes.

One of the bravest deeds that has come to light of the many no doubt done in the few minutes of the fight for life was

sailors had been thrown into the river. The wash made by the passing boat probably was responsible for the loss of some of [illegible] ones. The river steamer's se[illegible] being played on the battle[illegible] the searchlights of the battle[illegible] searching for the sailors in th[illegible] the sailors repeatedly were bl[illegible] glare of the searchlight on [illegible] boat. The wave made as [illegible] so big one of the cutters [illegible] gangway of the New Hamps[illegible] adrift.

[illegible] to which all of the New Hampshire officers have been put since they began to realize there could be no [illegible] doubt some of the crew had [illegible] was beginning to tell on [illegible] total [illegible] S. Rogers [illegible] every other of[illegible] [illegible] ious to have [illegible] number of dead [illegible] accepted as [illegible] may be [illegible] missing. The iden[illegible] thing, the [illegible] them. [illegible] sey Cheva[illegible] and was [illegible] is recov[illegible] Orvis, the young man [illegible] a little exer[illegible] He is, however, [illegible] The accident has [illegible] the worry and [illegible] to tell on him. [illegible] been unfortun[illegible] joined the New [illegible] ago. He hurt [illegible] and during target [illegible] to use it for sev[illegible] he is a plucky [illegible] when his hand

[illegible] cksmith, was one [illegible] unconscious. He [illegible] yesterday and was [illegible] jests of his ship[illegible] him of his nar[illegible] Chevalier has [illegible] crew by his at[illegible] at once. Some [illegible] they saw him [illegible] he almost was

[illegible] was afraid to [illegible] the displeasure [illegible] been guarded [illegible] at times reticent [illegible] his friend, Paddy [illegible] division, is drowned [illegible] on board a package [illegible] package arrived without [illegible] picked up by one of [illegible] sent to the boatswain's [illegible] was addressed. Another [illegible] to have been lost is J[illegible] whose home is in [illegible] was returning from a [illegible] who recently became a [illegible] the ship's cook, was [illegible] have been in the launch, but he has not been heard from.

If any bodies are found they will be sent to the hospital ship Solace instead of to the Morgue They will be embalmed and shipped to the dead men's relatives. Captain Mott of the Harbor Police called on Captain Rogers yesterday. He said it may be ten days before the bodies come to the surface The police launches will

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NEW YORK, THURSDAY, OCT. 13, 1910.

"THIS AGENT OF DESTRUCTION."

It was inevitable that in his address of acceptance Mr. Dix should lay chief emphasis upon Rooseveltism as the overshadowing issue of the campaign. There are other issues, issues pertaining to the State Administration, but the menace of Rooseveltism is the paramount issue because it most deeply involves the peace and prosperity not only of the State, but of the whole country, and, furthermore, because it is the one issue that is in the minds of all the voters. Nobody says a word against Mr. Stimson as a man, for he is a good man, but nobody says very much for him as a candidate, although he may be called a good candidate, since the eyes and the attention of the whole electorate are fixed upon Theodore Roosevelt, of whose designs and ambitions Henry L. Stimson is but an instrument.

Mr. Dix does what every good citizen should in denouncing "attacks and assaults upon the courts of the country." When respect for the courts is lost not much else remains, for of our institutions they are that part which by the common consent and ingrained habit of our people have been held to be by their very nature above attack and assault. It is not because the courts have changed, not because they have come down from their high estate that they are now attacked, it is because their decisions have stood in the way of the so-called "policies" of a man who has repeatedly shown himself to be impatient of the restraints of law, if not at times lawless. It is with great propriety, therefore, that Mr. Dix declares that any man having the public ear who assails the seats of justice and of equity "is to be regarded as a public enemy and should be so branded by every reasonable man."

Mr. Dix's language is severe, but the occasion is not one to be met with soft words. Will any business man in the State of New York who has seen his trade curtailed and his gains diminished or swept away, largely, if not chiefly, by the agitations in which Mr. Roosevelt has been the central figure, dissent from Mr. Dix's description of him as "this agent of destruction," as this "new apostle of discord and dissension"? Mr. Roosevelt has built up his political fortunes upon the basis of the hatred of one class against another, upon the systematic abuse of the chief business concerns of the country, upon the belief he has laboriously inculcated in ill-informed minds that all wealth is culpable, and that the avenues to the acquisition of large fortunes should be closed. Alarm and paralysis of enterprise are the natural consequences of the conditions he has striven to create, and alarm and paralysis are precisely what confront us now.

Against the picture of the results which Mr. Roosevelt with his "policies" and his "new Nationalism" and his vicious appeals to jealousy and discontent has produced, contrast the picture Mr. Dix presents of a peaceful, orderly, industrial community:

> Commercial enterprise, which is the backbone of our industrial development, should be encouraged by such careful and conservative laws as will invite the investment of capital and give remunerative employment to contented labor. The rights of labor must be in every way protected, and the rights of capital must be in no way discouraged. The bone and sinew of our industrial wealth must suffer through no disadvantage nor benefit by advantage.

In no policy or tendency sanctioned by sound public opinion for the improvement of the public service or for the regulation of industrial and commercial affairs will Mr. Dix be disposed to take a backward step. But he is pledged to do what lies in his power to make all possible speed in getting away from the evils and the menace of Rooseveltism, and from the conditions of waste and corruption that have grown up in the Republican administration of affairs at Albany. His election to the Governorship of the State of New York would do more than can be done in any other possible way to avert the Roosevelt peril. Beaten in his own State, Mr. Roosevelt would lose much of his dominating importance in the eyes of the people of other States, and the plans he has formed and is carrying out quite without concealment for the capture of the Republican nomination for the Presidency in 1912 would be disjointed and thrown into confusion, if not altogether balked. There is no other way. If Mr. Roosevelt triumphs in the State of New York in the year 1910 he will continue to be for all the country an agent of destruction until 1917. We believe that the voters of New York have made up their mind to stamp their disapproval upon the ambitions of Mr. Roosevelt. From every quarter comes the news of disaffection and of desertions in his party of lifelong Republicans who are resolved to cast their vote for Mr. Dix, not because of any distrust of Mr. Stimson, but in performance of what they consider an imperative duty to administer a rebuke and a rebuff to Theodore Roosevelt in his own State.

BOIL THE DRINKING WATER.

Nobody ever contracted typhoid fever from freshly boiled and cooled drinking water. But there is plenty of evidence to show that after a protracted drought, when filth has accumulated upon the watersheds, the first heavy rains will wash enough of it into the reservoirs to menace a whole community.

Mr. Edward Hatch, Jr., Chairman of the State Water Pollution Committee, points to the unusual prevalence of typhoid at this time. Boiled Croton water, he advises, "is preferable to a bottled water whose proprietors in this dry season may be obliged to fill their orders from a source other than the spring."

A THREAT FROM MR. BARNES.

Mr. William Barnes, Jr., late Captain of the Old Guard, the members of which are more or less formally pledged to the support of Mr. Roosevelt's Saratoga ticket, is neither happy nor amiable over the speeches that gentleman has been making since the convention. He particularly resents Mr. Roosevelt's talk about the fight against corruption at the convention. He says:

> Does Mr. Roosevelt mean that the fight to make him Temporary Chairman was a fight against corruption? Does he insinuate that the 445 delegates who voted for Mr. Sherman and against him are corrupt?

That, in substance, is what Mr. Roosevelt intimated before, at, and since the convention. He would not go to the length, perhaps, of declaring that all who voted for Mr. Sherman were corrupt, but he clearly wishes the public to believe that they promoted corruption, that they were guided and led by men who were largely responsible for the corruption that has been so amply exposed in recent investigations by men who were very reluctant for the exposure to continue, and whose aims, interests, methods tend directly to foster and extend corruption. On the evidence so far developed, we think that Mr. Roosevelt's position in regard to this particular matter is only too well justified, and that any attempt to contest it by the officers of the Old Guard will but attract attention to it. Mr. Barnes either thinks otherwise, or, blinded by not unnatural irritation at the attacks of the late President upon the system in which he has so long held power, he ignores the facts. He makes the following explicit and ugly threat:

> We respectfully advise Mr. Ezra P. Prentice and Mr. Henry L. Stimson, whom every Republican wants to see elected because of his personal character and ability, to suggest to their chief spellbinder that it is not true that all the men who do not believe in Mr. Roosevelt's dictatorship are corrupt.
>
> The you-agree-with-me-or-you-are-dishonest platform will not make votes for Mr. Stimson, and votes are what are needed, and needed very materially, at this time.

Mr. Prentice—who, we may mention, incidentally, is the new Chairman of the Republican State Committee, vice Timothy L. Woodruff, retired—and Mr. Stimson, who was nominated by Mr. Roosevelt for the office of Governor, will not take Mr. Barnes's advice. They will not care, or dare, to hamper "their chief spellbinder" in any way. They will gladly give him the utmost freedom to make any accusations, inferences, insinuations he may choose as to the opposition at Saratoga. Indeed they have just arranged, on the morrow of his savage talks in the South, to get him for an extra day of speechmaking in this State. Rightly or wrongly, they look on him as their chief asset in the campaign, and they, and he as well, are inclined to work it for all it is worth.

Especially they will disregard Mr. Barnes's threat as to the "votes that are needed very materially at this time." If they were themselves anxious on this point they would have to submit to the decision of Mr. Roosevelt, who is relatively indifferent to the threat or its possible consequences. That gentlemen's "fight" at Saratoga was not for a ticket that would win, but for the control of the machinery of the Republican Party for immediate and ultimate use, and that he, substantially, has won. Mr. Barnes can hardly be misled in regard to this matter, and though Mr. Stimson may be, we don't believe Mr. Prentice is, and we are quite sure that Mr. Roosevelt is not. Of course he would prefer to have a victory in the State under his conspicuous and vociferous leadership. But that is subordinate to his main purpose. If he does not get it he will point to such menaces as that of Mr. Barnes as proof that the Old Guard betrayed its pledges, knifed the ticket, and brought defeat to the party and its great leader. And he will "plead trumpet tongued" that the only safety for the future is to complete the Old Guard's destruction and his own leadership.

In his letter resigning his place upon the State Committee Mr. Barnes declares that he will vote for the Saratoga ticket and individually work for its election. That may be, but the election figures for Albany County will doubtless reflect the spirit in which Mr. Barnes's old organization supports the nominees of the man who has denounced them as a part of the forces of corruption.

FLIGHTY.

Mr. Roosevelt's flight in Hoxsey's aeroplane was a perfectly characteristic act. It was characteristic, in the first place, because it was, as the dispatches say, "the result of an impulse." Many of the acts and determinations of Mr. Roosevelt's public and official career have been the result of impulse. He gave his assent as the result of an impulse to a bill modifying the power of the courts in respect to injunctions that would have upset long-established principles of Anglo-Saxon jurisprudence. He formulated with impulsive haste his policy of the National incorporation of all the industries of the country that would have been grossly unconstitutional in its usurpations, that would have stripped the States of powers they held before the National Government was formed, and still hold in entire independence of it. Casting his eyes upon the possessors of great fortunes, he said—also as the result of an impulse—We must take this wealth away from them. Without pausing one moment to inquire whether the Government needed additional revenues and what use should be made of them, he insisted upon the enactment of laws that would turn into the Federal Treasury the accumulations of private industry and ability. In Arkansas the other day, in defiance of law and settled policy and sound Governmental principle, he told an audience that the swamps of that State ought to be drained at Federal expense. That, too, must have been the result of impulse, for no man speaking with knowledge and after deliberation would have said anything of the kind.

The act was characteristic, too, in that it had no regard for consequences. Scores of accidents, many of them fatal, have taught the world that the aeroplane is a peculiarly unsafe vehicle. It is proverbial that he who goes up in one of these machines risks his life. Mr. Roosevelt risked his life. Of that, apparently, he took no thought. Yet is it not evident that he should have taken serious thought about that very thing—he, who is our self-appointed leader in righteousness, he, who is laboring with pen and voice, with all his might and with both fists, to beat back the horde of crooks and corruptionists who are sucking our life-blood; he upon whom, if half he tells us is true, we must all depend to find the way of salvation—ought he not to have held his life too precious to be risked in such a venture? A sporting man, now, a true "game sport," might have been expected to go up in Hoxsey's aeroplane upon the impulse of the moment. Mere brute courage in a profitless escapade would bring such a man applause that would be music to his ears. Mr. Roosevelt has a good deal of that quality, too. He feeds on applause, he rejoices in it, none knows better than he how to evoke it. Habitual readers of his speeches easily detect the phrases he has adapted to time and locality with a view to moving his audience to shouts of approval.

In every way the aeroplane flight was characteristic of Mr. Roosevelt, and it is because his acts and his utterances in positions of very much greater responsibility have been of that temerarious nature and quality that men of sober mind and judgment long ago began to distrust him; it is because of this temperament of his that the number of those who distrust him is now every day growing so rapidly. In the direction either of public opinion or of public affairs we do not want men themselves guided by impulse. We know that they are unsafe. We know that, possessed of power, but with that defective sense of responsibility, they will certainly bring us into peril and probably upon disaster.

THE FRENCH RAILWAY STRIKE.

Modern strikes are on military proportions, and are so lamentable that it is desirable that they should be free from other than economic considerations. This is so far from true regarding the French railway strike that, before it has lasted a single day, it is discussed whether or not it is revolutionary in character. Premier Briand is quoted as saying that it is political, not industrial. Whatever the truth may be, the Government and the strikers clashed on the first day. The Government called out the strikers as reservists, and they voted not to obey, on the ground that the law regarding the service of reservists contemplated merely service in a national military duty, and not service against themselves. In any case they are entitled to a delay of fifteen days before responding. In fifteen days conditions in Paris might resemble the siege by the Germans. The city does not contain a week's supply of flour, and not a wheel is turning on the chief routes of supply.

The strikers are demanding an increase to a minimum wage of $1 a day. It does not seem an extravagant demand, especially when it is considered that the freight rate on French railways is about 2 cents a mile. The lowest wage reported to our Inter-State Commerce Commission is $1.78 per day, and the average freight rate is about seven mills, say about one-third of the French rate. The contrast between railways largely Governmental and others purely private is striking in other respects than in the contrast between payments for labor and charges for service. Scores of thousands of Frenchmen are quarreling with their Government regarding their daily bread. Dissatisfaction regarding their wages translates itself into dissatisfaction with the Republic. If the strike should become general it is difficult to say into what extremes people as patriotic as any in the world may not be betrayed. No American could wish to have his country subjected to such a test. The strikes in Chicago and Pittsburg were trying enough, but would have been infinitely worse if the enemy had been the Government instead of private employers.

France has need of all our sympathy, its railway experience has been so unfortunate. Twice the Government assumed a portion of the losses from an extravagant railway speculation because of a partial entanglement of the Government with the railways, before the arrangement which laid the basis of the present embarrassment. In the eighties the Government committed itself to a programme of construction of feeder lines which were estimated to cost $700,000,000. The cost ran up to $1,300,000,000, and the national budget was saved from deficits only by the companies rescuing the Government, so superior is private to public ownership even in France. It is because of this rearrangement between the railways and the Government that the companies are compelled to make excessive charges to the public, and are not able to pay a living wage. In return for concessions by the Government partner the companies, even those which are not exactly state railways, are bound to render services to the State which are estimated at $2,000 per mile. It is an expensive form of economy which entagles budgets better operated apart, and which arrays citizens against fatherland. Such disputes can be settled in the labor market without bitterness, even if with hardship. A reasonable employé can see that an employer cannot pay more than a market rate. Such reasoning does not apply to wages paid from taxes, either directly or by financial arrangements more burdensome than any direct taxation any Government would dare to impose. It is an impressive object lesson of what to avoid in the way of railway regulation.

Somebody ought to vote for Stimson. Keep him before the people! Perhaps, before the campaign is over, some kind-hearted Republican, notwithstanding Roosevelt, will conclude to vote for him.

The registration in Jersey City is as conspicuously large as that in this city is small. The supporters of President Wilson regard this as encouraging to them, and the deficiency of the registration is not regarded as encouraging to New York Republicans. The coincidence is likely to strengthen the proverbial fact that the cat jumps the same way as a rule on both sides the Hudson.

The Democrats of Iowa have canceled the campaign dates of Mr. Bryan because his party has bolted his leadership in Nebraska. A nod might be as good as a wink to the New York Republicans if they would be wise in time. A bolt by a convention is trivial to a bolt by an electorate.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Was This a Case of Self-Defense?

As an inquiry of at least curious interest, it might be asked what crime, if any, was committed by the man who, finding himself suddenly in danger of death from the revolver of a murderous enemy, seized a passing boy and used his body as a shield, with the result that the boy was killed by the bullet intended for himself?

The responsibility of the man who did the shooting is, of course, exactly what it woud have been had he intended the consequence of his act, since it was a part of a felonious attempt. In other words, he was guilty of murder, though as against the boy purpose and premeditation were lacking. In the case of the other man the problem is more difficult, and its solution would require a settlement of the question how far the right of self-defense extends, and whether it involves the privilege of lessening one's own danger by dividing it with others or transferring it wholly to them.

Even a brave man might do this to some extent in a sudden emergency that brought instinct rather than reason and character into play, but he would consider himself deeply disgraced, and life thus saved would be a burden to a man of conscience. Cowardice, however, is not criminality, nor is heroism held obligatory by anything more authoritative than public opinion, if it is by that. And the man who used the boy as a bulwark might claim, probably with some degree of truth, that he was justified in what he did by the high probability that in the circumstances his enemy would not shoot.

Young Laidlaw, who charged Russell Sage with using him in a somewhat analogous way when threatened by a dynamiter, only sued for a money recompense, and there was never any thought of criminal action by the public prosecutor. A like question might have arisen had it been true that Senator Carmack took refuge behind a woman when the Coopers attacked him—would, that is, had the woman been shot and the Senator had escaped. We do not recall any judicial decision bearing directly upon this matter, but perhaps the lawyers can cite one or more of them. In this instance the poor boy is dead, and the man who killed him is also dead, self-slain. The third party to the horrible adventure survives, a miserable coward, doubtless, but what was his crime?

They Do Not Heal by Prayer.

Whether the Episcopalians should or should not formulate an "office" for the anointing of the sick as a healing measure is of course a question for their own decision. The argument most often and most strongly presented, however, by the advocates of this innovation, or revival, at the Cincinnati Convention was that by giving formal recognition of the efficacy of prayer in the treatment of disease those who hold to that belief would not be driven out of the Church into strange cults like Christian Science in search of the curative power which they have unwisely been allowed to monopolize and exploit.

Now this argument could have been better answered than it seems to have been by any who heard it—and better answered in at least two respects. In the first place, it admitted far too much as to the frequency with which the members of the cults referred to effect cures, and it wholly ignored the innumerable cases in which their neglect of rational medicine results in the needless death of patients or in the permanent ruin of their health, equally unnecessary. Secondly, the supposition or assumption that the Eddyites or other "mental healers" illustrate the miraculous power of appeals to the Deity is one wholly incorrect.

None of the various groups we know about makes any use of prayer, and certainly the Christian Scientists never do. They talk much about God, especially in conversation or discussion with the uninitiate, but, when pinned down to statements as nearly explicit as they ever make, they reveal clearly enough that their God is little if anything more than a pantheistic principle of goodness and reality, far too vague and impersonal to be the object of direct appeal. Their "treatments" are not prayer, but suggestional denials of the existence of disease and pain, and suggestional assertions that all must be well and therefore is. What relation all this has with what the delegates to the Episcopal Convention proposed it is hard to see. The two plans are not only unlike; they are contradictory, and the success of one, so far as it proves anything, proves that the other will not be successful.

It is a pity that this mistake should have been made at Cincinnati and left unrefuted, since it will tend to perpetuate the delusion, so valuable to the charlatan cults, that their members are good pious people, though somewhat eccentric and unorthodox, and that as one of the speakers at the convention said, "they have picked up a jewel which the Church has dropped." They have done nothing of the kind.

Skating on the Sidewalks.

City children, the poor things, have so few opportunities and facilities for outdoor games and sports that to suggest a diminution of those they manage to devise for themselves seems unkind and is done with reluctance. Fully appreciating this fact, we yet feel moved to declare that the use of city sidewalks as roller-skating rinks is something that should not be permitted in any except districts strictly residential, and that even there it is nothing better than a tolerable nuisance, to be endured only because the urban youngsters must play somewhere.

Where the sidewalk traffic is heavy, however, the nuisance becomes intolerable, and this sport, so innocent in itself and an admirable form of physical exercise, is a source of danger as well as of annoyance. It is probably impossible to draw hard and fast lines dividing the sections where the children can properly be allowed to skate from those where this particular sort of fun should be forbidden, but the matter should be adjusted somehow as to both times and places.

Perhaps the police, who are all disposed to be good to children, could safely be allowed to exercise a discretionary power over the skaters, and to tell them when and where they can and can not amuse themselves in this way.

FARMS AND IMMIGRANTS.

Foreigners Learn Nothing of Opportunities in Agriculture.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In response to your interesting article, "Immigrants Sent $275,000,000 Abroad in One Year," permit me to add the following:

The overwhelming majority of our recently arrived immigrants are peasants, they are employed here by industrial establishments, and save parts of their earnings for the purpose of purchasing tillable land and to re-engage in agriculture as soon as sufficient funds have been accumulated. On Dec. 6, 1907, The Times said: "They going from a country of which they know little to their homes, of which they know much, and regarding which they are kept well informed." Indeed so.

Practically no information is disseminated among immigrants of the splendid agricultural opportunities of which they might avail themselves in the United States. The bulk of our immigrants know nothing of American agricultural opportunities.

American native boys and girls forsake the farms and flock to the cities to stay there. Our farming is becoming more and more decadent, while the influx of the hundreds of millions of dollars sent by peasant immigrants from America to Hungary, Italy, and the Slav countries have driven up the price of land in those realms to incredible heights.

If immigrants would be informed of the enormous difference between the price of land here and in Europe, if it would become known to them that no 33 per cent. of farm products has got to be paid for taxes in this country, that no heavy burden of years of compulsory military service is inflicted on them in times of pease in this country, if they would know of the benefits of American institutions, facilities, markets for farm products, and the thousands of details which they do not find out in the coal mines, construction or factory work, information in relation to which is almost systematically kept away from them, they surely would stop exporting their savings, they would purchase farms here, and settle down for good. Groups of immigrant families, placed near each other at suitable localities, would not feel isolated, would the better succeed in promoting American agricultural production, and in time have their kith and kin follow, thereby solving in the most satisfactory manner our farm labor problem.

The judicious expenditure of a comparatively small amount for the dissemination of proper information by an efficient Government office could and should accomplish this. Large parts of the annually exported $300,000,000 could be kept here each year by an expedient educational campaign conducted by our Government, and the best of our immigrants would thus find it possible to stay here and augment American prosperity.

LAJOS STEINER.

New York, Oct. 6, 1910.

The Horse and the Motor Car.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The horse-motor test which has received some attention in your paper, and the result of the test which is now the subject of an advertisement, prove nothing to the general public, which has been kept in ignorance of the conditions governing the experiment. To the army of motorists and to thousands of horse lovers a complete detailed statement regarding the contest and the contestants would not only add to the interest, but afford convincing proof of the result aimed at.

That sort of horse was the equine champion of his race? Was he a cold-blooded animal with a leg on each corner, picked up at random, or was he a twentieth century horse with good blood in his veins, fit to enter a contest against one of the marvels of the twentieth century machine construction? Give us his size, age, weight, and breeding. Tell us how he was shod and whether he received a ration balanced as wisely and proportioned as carefully as was the engine's feed. Was his driver as competent to use and direct his delicate piece of flesh and blood machinery as undoubtedly was the driver of the car?

What sort of harness did the horse wear, and was it as carefully fitted as were the adjustments upon the motor car?

HIPPOS.

New Brighton, S. I., Oct. 11, 1910.

THE FEMININE UNREST.

Life of Woman To-day Less Complex Than Her Grandmother's.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In an editorial article in to-day's issue you ask the very pertinent question, "What more complex things does the housekeeper of to-day do than her grandmother did?" May I, in answer, compare the work of a grandmother and a granddaughter the tenor of whose lives is known to me, both women of influence in their communities?

The grandmother, daughter of a spendthrift Irish landlord, left boarding school at 17 to accompany her brother to Canada. At 18 she married a cultured theorist, turned farmer, and found herself definitely provided with a career. In addition to bearing and nursing twelve children, nine of whom she reared to maturity, she was obliged to direct and share in the work of a household whose manifold activities would now be divided among a dozen or more trades and professions. Under her direction the bedsteads were corded, the mattresses made, the feather beds stuffed, the coverlets patched and quilted. She, with her two maids, spun the wool used by the family. She planned and cut patterns for most of the garments worn by herself and her children. She saw to the planting of the garden. She supervised the making of butter and cheese. The springhouse, the roothouse, the smokehouse, the storeroom, were her care and her pride. Berries were picked and preserved, nuts were gathered, soap made, pork pickled and beef corned, all by her order and usually with her active help. All the minor ailments and accidents of the family—and often those of the families near by—came under her medical or surgical care. Her dominant nature found satisfaction in imposing her own theories as to hygiene upon the poor and shiftless in the neighborhood, by most of whom she was regarded as a sure refuge in time of trouble. She kept track of her children's progress in their studies, and when the schoolmaster's doctrine on some historical point seemed to her heterodox, she was in the habit of sending for him to come and argue the matter out.

How much of the literature of the time she read I do not know. Certainly she followed with great interest the accounts given in the English papers of the Crimean War. She could quote Shakespeare, Gray, or Pope with wit and point. When a poor neighbor begged a poem in memory of a dead child she was able to comply, with verses that were at least rhythmical. That she kept up one accomplishment of her girlhood is evident from some dainty water colors preserved in an old scrapbook. One bouquet, delicate as the work of a miniature artist, is painted on a bit of white ribbon cut from the christening cap of her eleventh child. Her day began early and ended late. Many a time she sat by the fire far into the quiet night with her foot on the cradle rocker and a piece of fine embroidery in her hand, while she told to the wakeful little daughter knitting by her side wonderful stories of her own childhood in her distant home, stories that have clothed the old country and the old times in a halo of poetry that lingers, shining still, even to the eyes of this third generation.

Now for the granddaughter. Like her ancestress in physique and temperament, her life has been molded to the fashion of the present time. At twenty she became a teacher in a boarding-school. Her hatred of shams and her dominant temper made her rather a thorn in the side of her principals. Loved though she was by many of her pupils, her work left her restless and dissatisfied. At twenty-seven she married and went to live in a western city. She is the mother of two children. With the help of one maid, often changed, sometimes with no help at all, when the lure of the factories proves too great, she cares for her home in the usual, shop-to-mouth, city manner. Her hands do not hold the distaff or the knitting needle, because the mill and the factory have taken them from her. There is no pleasant monotony of necessary spinning or knitting to fill up a lonely evening when her eyes are tired from reading. She belongs to a literary club at which she reads papers—"Mostly twaddle, I'm afraid," she says. Once a week she provides a luncheon for a church society. She plays bridge—"because one must do something." She is an amateur photographer of some skill. She talks over all her husband's business with him—and worries over it. She is always tired and never really satisfied. Her work in life does not demand from her the evenly balanced activities her grandmother gave, and, as she is a woman of strong intelligence, the avocations many women take so seriously seem to her comparatively futile. Her service to the world is vastly less complex than her grandmother's; only her wants seem more complex.

Is not this the cause of most of the feminine unrest that troubles the world just now? Have not modern invention and the division of labor so simplified woman's work as to leave her too little employment for her head and her hands? A German schoolmaster of twenty years ago used to excuse the restlessness of his little girl pupils by saying, —"Their mothers were forever knitting and sewing; how can they keep their hands still?" How can the woman of to-day, who has inherited the careful conscience of her foremothers, feel content in the leisure modern life has given her? The unbalanced join "the shrieking sisterhood"; even the sane are ill at ease. What the outcome will be, who can say? Some of us are inclined to advise, like Mr. Chesterton, that the hands of the clock of progress be put back just a little.

MARY CODE.

New York, Oct. 10, 1910.

The Fear of Tammany.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In a circular received by me to-night there occurs, among other things, the following:

> The spirit of the times protests against making a party manager the Governor of our State, and turning the Empire State over to the domination of Tammany Hall.

This recalls the fear that beset us a year ago with respect to our city, and yet I cannot help thinking we are still here with no cause for mourning over the result. And here, too, occurs to me the following familiar lines from "The Beggar's Opera":

> How happy could I be with either,
> Were t'other dear charmer away!

—that is, the instigating charmer—party of the first part.

But 'tis also said, "Of two evils choose the lesser." Why not apply the principle to the present emergency, substituting "bosses" for "evils"?

INDEPENDENT.

New York, Oct. 10, 1910.

Bringing the Rain.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I hate to disappoint any one with such a cheerful disposition as Mr. W. J. Lampton's, but it wasn't his sunshiny poetry that caused the rain of a few days ago at all. I moved into a new apartment a week ago and had just finished cleaning eight windows when the rain began.

F. H. P.

New York, Oct. 10, 1910.

TO FRANCISCO FERRER.

On the anniversary of his martyrdom, Oct. 13, 1909.

Two roses from out their place among the dead
To greet thee, Ferrer. From the Roman flame
Bold Bruno, champion of Truth's bright name,
Whose ashes are the fires that have fed
Day on the mountains; and that old man who led
Pale Science and who bore the Roman shame,
Star-roving Galileo. Slow he came,
Envying thy unbent knees and bleeding head.
Master, with thy teacher's lamp gone out
Under the feet of those that thou wouldst save,
Soldier of Truth, above the angry shout
That rolls and echoes round thy obscure grave,
Ensphered thou burnest on, O soul unslain,
O herald of the morning over Spain!

EDWIN DAVIES SCHOONMAKER.

GERM-PROOF ROOMS IN MODERN HOSPITAL

New Rockefeller Institution, One of the Best Equipped in the World, Soon to Open.

EXCLUSIVE MEDICAL STAFF

Diseases to be Selected for Intervals of Study and Only Patients Afflicted with Them Will be Admitted.

The hospital of the Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research, which greatly enlarges the functions of the institution, will be thrown open to visitors on Monday and Tuesday of next week, and on Wednesday at 9 A. M. the hospital will be ready for the reception of patients. Up to this time the work of the Rockefeller Institute has consisted of laboratory studies of physiological and chemical problems related to disease, of problems related to surgery, or of pathological investigations of such diseases as cancer, spinal meningitis, infantile paralysis, &c.

The new hospital is located at the foot of East Sixty-sixth Street and the East River. It is one of the most completely equipped establishments of the kind in the world: In the isolation pavilion the glass doors leading to the glass-inclosed rooms are opened and shut with the elbows instead of the hands, and the air from the room passing to the outlet in the roof is sterilized before it gets there. After examining his patient in the pavilion the doctor hurries to a small room where he washes his hands, and he turns the water on, not with his hands but with his feet.

It was pointed out yesterday that the resources of a hospital must be used primarily to treat all diseases with which a community may be afflicted. This is not the mission of the new hospital of the Rockefeller Institute. It will select a small number of diseases, three or four, and only patients suffering from those diseases will be admitted during the period that their ailments are under treatment and study. No physician connected with the hospital will be allowed to engage in outside practice or to consult with regard to outside cases.

This concentration of the time and skill of a trained staff of physicians, it is said, will mean the enlisting of all known forces that can fight for the recovery of the patient. The opportunity for the study of selected diseases is said to be the greatest in the history of medicine, and the doctors may be able at times to concentrate all their thought and effort on a single disease.

This statement with reference to the hospital and the work was given out by the management of the institute:

"The purpose of the hospital is not that of merely adding seventy beds to the general hospital resources of the City of New York, but rather of being a place where an intensive study can be made of a few selected diseases. It has been supposed that a hospital connected with an Institute for medical research would be one in which the patients were to be experimented upon, or used in the testing of novel remedies. It should be clearly understood at the outset that this hospital would have no right, and does not expect, to take any liberties with its patients in this respect. The treatment and cure of the patient will be the prime consideration in every individual case. The advantage to science, which is expected from the establishment of the hospital, will be derived rather from the unique opportunity of observing and treating disease. Of course, patients admitted to the hospital of the Rockefeller Institute will have a right to expect the advantage accruing from important discoveries and improvements bearing on the treatment of disease, but the obligation to safeguard the health of the individual will always be paramount.

"By the terms of the foundation of the hospital no charge will ever be made for services rendered to patients by the hospital whether for medical attendance, drugs, nursing, board, or lodging. Cases will be admitted solely because they fall within a class of diseases which, at a given time, it has been decided to treat in the hospital. The best service that the hospital can render will be given to every patient without regard to his poverty or wealth.

"Every physician in the hospital is required to give his entire time to the work of the institute, to the exclusion of private practice and even of consultation. This will insure an amount of careful medical oversight during the entire period of sickness, which under ordinary circumstances would rarely be available."

The main building of the hospital is located just to the south of the Institute for Research, and its construction harmonizes with that of the older building. In the space between the two and connected with the hospital is the isolation pavilion where patients suffering from contagious diseases are to be treated. Each room in the pavilion is surrounded by glass walls and air-tight doors, there being no chance of the air in one room escaping into the room of another patient. The ventilation apparatus connects with the roofs, and the air leaving the room is sterilized by steam on its way up through the ventilating tubes.

In the main building one whole floor is given to the accommodation of patients who are in need of unusual quiet and who can be looked after better in separate rooms. The floors of all the rooms are of hard wood and the furnishings of the best materials and equipped with the most modern of sanitary appliances. The kitchens are models of the kind, and as one of the visitors remarked yesterday, the dumb waiters on which the food is carried from floor to floor can "almost talk." There is a dial on which the numbers run from one to eight, the numbers of the floors. The chef turns an arrow on the dial to No. 4. He touches an electric button. That closes the elevator and the food goes up, and when the fourth floor is reached a light shows above the dial. The button is then pressed again and the dumb waiter returns for the food for another floor.

There are tennis courts for the medical staff, and balconies for physicians and nurses and the other attaches of the hospital. Landscape artists are now beautifying the grounds.

The diseases to be admitted to the hospital at its opening will be anterior poliomyelitis, (infantile paralysis,) pneumonia, and heart disease. The last two are widely prevalent diseases which, according to recent statistics, show an increase in the death rate. The former, though numerically less important, has made terrible ravages in the few outbreaks that have occurred, the issue of the disease being almost invariably either death or permanent paralysis.

PAY $1,630 FOR 63 CENTS.

The Rare Gilbert Collection Is Scattered Among Many Purchasers.

The Gilbert collection of 1794 cents was sold at auction yesterday by Thomas L. Elder, the sixty-three coins realizing $1,630. This collection, now scattered among different purchasers, was the rarest in existence.

The 1794 cents, those produced in the second year of the history of American pennies, are always classified according to the Hays collection. Hays No. 40 brought $101 yesterday, Hays No. 19 brought $51, the record price for that particular coin. Hays No. 23 brought $78.

Mr. Gilbert has been a collector the greater part of his life, and years were spent in the assembling of his 1794 cents.

MISS BICKNELL A ST. REGIS BRIDE

Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George A. Bicknell Wedded in Hotel Ballroom to J. McK. Hecker.

WED IN ALL ANGELS' CHURCH

Miss Catharine M. Coffin Married to Vasa K. Bracher—Nuptials of Mrs. C. B. French and Dr. John R. Herrick.

Miss Fannie C. Bicknell, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Augustus Bicknell, was married yesterday afternoon at the Hotel St. Regis to John McKeon Hecker, a grand-nephew of the late Rev. Isaac T. Hecker, founder of the Paulist Fathers. The ceremony took place in the ballroom of the hotel, which was fitted with an altar at one end, and decorated with flowers. Owing to some of the bridal party being blocked by a parade on Fifth Avenue the ceremony did not begin until 4:30, instead of at 4. Mgr. Michael J. Lavelle officiated.

The bride's father gave her in marriage, and she was attended at the altar by Mrs. Frederick C. Zabriskie and Miss Marjorie B. Arnold. The bride wore a princess dress of ivory white satin and veil of point lace. She carried a bouquet of lilies of the valley and white orchids. Mrs. Zabriskie and Miss Arnold were dressed in pale green chiffon over pale green satin, and carried muffs to match trimmed with black fur and pink orchids. The former wore a picture hat trimmed with pale green plumes, and the latter a mushroom hat of pale green velvet trimmed with gold cord.

Mr. Hecker's best man was Jesse A. Locke. The ushers were Frank X. Sadlier, Harold Holmes, Frederick Palmer, and George de Brakelaer.

Only relatives of the family and a few intimate friends were invited to the ceremony, but the reception afterward, which spread out into the adjoining rooms, was attended by about two hundred and fifty.

Some of the guests were Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Bicknell, Miss Eleanor Bicknell, Miss Isabel Bicknell, H. P. Bicknell, E. M. Bicknell, F. C. Zabriskie, Allen Foster, William Foster, Mr. and Mrs. Henshaw, J. J. Pierrepont, Miss A. Pierrepont, Mr. and Mrs. R. Burnham Moffat, Mrs. Sadlier, Mrs. de Brakelaer, Mr. and Mrs. George Gillespie, Mr. and Mrs. William M. Robertson, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Wentworth, Mr. and Mrs. John V. Hecker, Mr. and Mrs. Lea M. Luquer, Mr. and Mrs. Winslow White, Miss White, Mrs. Cornelius Zabriskie, Miss Zabriskie, E. C. Colwell, Dr. H. V. Guile, the Rev. and Mrs. Henshaw, Miss Henshaw, Mrs. Charles Todd Parks, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Bayard Moore, Mrs. James Smith, the Misses Smith, and Mrs. A. B. Coady.

MISS CATHARINE COFFIN WEDS.

Daughter of Mrs. D. M. Coffin Married to Vasa K. Bracher.

Miss Catharine Morison Coffin, daughter of Mrs. Daniel Morison Coffin, was married yesterday in All Angels' Church to Vasa Kerbey Bracher. The ceremony, which began at 1 P. M., was to have been performed by the Rev. De Lancy Townsend of All Angels', but, as he has not yet returned from Europe, the Rev. Mr. Ashley officiated.

Miss Coffin's brother, Daniel Morison Coffin, gave her away. She was dressed in ivory white satin, covered with white embroidered chiffon, and with waist and veil of old point lace. She carried a bouquet of lilies of the valley. The bridesmaids wore yellow satin, draped with yellow chiffon, and black picture hats. They carried yellow chrysanthemums.

The bridesmaids were Mrs. Allan M. Rogers, the Misses Jessie G. Phyfe, Eleanor Talbot, and Arline MacCandless of New York; Miss Esther Tomkins of Stony Point, N. Y., and Miss Grace Edmunds of Boston, Mass. The maid of honor was Miss Florence Du Bois Reef of New York.

The bridegroom's best man was Bentley Gardiner. The ushers were Alvin Untermyer, Edward B. Spaulding, Rodney Proctor, Stanley Brown, Paul Phelan, and George Sloan.

About 500 attended the ceremony at the church, and 250 came to the reception afterward at the bride's home, at 201 West Seventy-ninth Street.

MRS. FRENCH A BRIDE.

Wedded to Dr. John Rutherford Herrick in Church of the Epiphany.

The wedding of Mrs. Constance B. French, sister of Mrs. Charles Twining of Lakewood, N. J., to Dr. John Rutherford Herrick took place yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock in the Church of the Epiphany, Lexington Avenue and Thirty-fifth Street. The Rev. Dr. William T. Crocker officiated.

Mrs. Twining attended her sister and Dr. A. M. Anderson was best man. The bridegroom comes from the branch of the old Herrick family at Peekskill, N. Y., where he resides.

After the ceremony a reception was held at the residence of Dr. and Mrs. Anderson, 257 West Eighty-fourth Street, and more than 300 guests were in attendance. Mrs. Livingston M. Schuyler, Mrs. Bedell Parker, Mrs. Alfred Cochrane, and Mrs. Edward Harman assisted Mrs. Anderson in receiving.

FULTON—WARNER.

Special to The New York Times.

WINSTED, Conn., Oct. 12.—Miss Elizabeth Harrison Warner, daughter of State Attorney Donald T. Warner of Salisbury, and Irving Kent Fulton of Waterbury, were married in St. John's Episcopal Church in Salisbury last evening by the rector, the Rev. David N. Kirkby, assisted by the Rev. John L. Dallas of Waterbury, in the presence of 400 persons. The bride was attended by Miss Lois B. Warner, a sister, as maid of honor, and Miss Mary Z. Warner of Salisbury, Miss Ethel Chase of Waterbury, Miss Mildred Atkins of Pittsburg, Penn., and Miss Mirian Goddard of Salisbury as bridesmaids.

Donald T. Warner, Jr., a brother of the bride, was best man. Eleanor Harrison of New York was flower girl and Master Frank Wells McCabe of White Plains, N. Y., was page. The ushers were Louis E. Fulton of Waterbury, brother of the bridegroom; Richard K. Miles of Lakeville, Hubert C. Williams of Lakeville, and Harold Herrick of New York.

DALY—EWING.

Special to The New York Times.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., Oct. 12.—The marriage of Miss Katheryn Ewing, daughter of Mrs. Charles Ewing, to Edward Hamilton Daly of New York was celebrated at 11 o'clock this morning. The ceremony was performed by the Right. Rev. John M. Farley, Archbishop of New York, at the Church of the Transfiguration, and the nuptial mass was offered by the Rev. Dr. D. O'Connor, after which there was a reception and breakfast at Mrs. Ewing's home, Cobb's Lane.

The bride was escorted by her eldest brother, Charles Ewing, and attended by Miss Daly, daughter of Judge J. F. Daly and sister of the bridegroom; Miss Clara Fleitmann, daughter of Mrs. Ewald Fleitmann of New York City, and Miss Agnes Keyes, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Edward L. Keyes, also of New York City. Mr. Daly's brother, Wilfor H. Daly, was best man, and the ushers were J. K. M. Ewing, J. G. Blaine Ewing, H. Whitney Robinson, James W. Prendergast, and F. J. Reilly.

About fifty guests came out from New York on a special car.

Cardinal Logue to Sail Saturday.

Cardinal Logue, who, with Cardinal Vannutelli, the Pope's legate to the recent Eucharistic Congress in Montreal, and Cardinal Gibbons, came here to take part in the consecration ceremonies of St. Patrick's Cathedral, will return to Ireland Saturday, sailing on the Cedric.

SOCIAL NOTES.

S. Stevens Sands, son of Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt by her first marriage, who is to marry Miss Gertrude Sheldon, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George R. Sheldon, on Oct. 18, will give his bachelor dinner at Delmonico's on Friday evening. Mrs. Vanderbilt is here for the wedding and is occupying her town house at 660 Fifth Avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Harriman have returned from Hot Springs, Va., and are at their Westbury (L. I.) country home.

Sir Frederick and Lady Merrielles of London are at the Hotel Gotham, and will remain over aviation week.

Mr. and Mrs. John Turner Atterbury left Bar Harbor the last of September and are at Mount Kisco, to remain until about Nov. 8, when they will open their town house, 13 West Forty-ninth Street. Miss Katharine Atterbury and John Tuckerman of Boston will be married in town on Dec. 10.

Mr. and Mrs. Vernon C. Brown will close their country place at Bay Shore and return to their city home, 17 West Fifty-third Street, in about ten days.

Mr. and Mrs. Archibald D. Russell have closed their Southampton cottage and are at Princeton, N. J.

Mrs. R. G. Dun, Mrs. Berry and Miss Berry, who have been at the Plaza since closing their cottage at Narragansett Pier, have left for Hot Springs, Va.

Mr. and Mrs. William A. Hamilton are in town for the Winter, and are occupying their city house at 177 East Sixty-fourth Street.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Holland Forbes, who are spending the Autumn at their country place at Fairfield, Conn., will go to Virginia Hot Springs immediately after aviation week. Mr. Forbes has never fully recovered from the fall with his balloon, and his physicians have ordered him to take the baths.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Romaine Brown are in town, having closed their Long Island cottage the first of the month.

Mr. and Mrs. James F. Sullivan and Miss Frances Livingston Sullivan have opened their Philadelphia home.

Mrs. Henry Siegel gave a small dinner last night at her residence, 26 East Eighty-second Street, for her daughter, Miss Dorothy Sanborn Wilde, followed by a theatre party. The guests included the Misses Laura McDonald-Stallo and Helene McDonald-Stallo, Mildred Dodge, Roderick Buchanan, Noel McVickar, Norman Bentley Gardiner, Lauren Carroll, Daniel Lawton and Mr. De-La-Poer of London.

Miss Geraldine Vaux, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick T. Vaux of Chicago, whose engagement to William De Burgh Whyte of this city, was recently announced, first met Mr. Whyte while sailing on the same steamer with him for Europe in the Summer. She made her début last November.

Bayard Stevens Weds Miss McDonald.

Special to The New York Times.

WINCHESTER, Va., Oct. 12.—Miss Mary Green McDonald, member of an old family of Clark County, Va., became the bride of Bayard Stevens, a son of Col. Edwin A. Stevens of Castle Point, Hoboken, N. J., in Grace Protestant Episcopal Church at Berryville last night. The rector, the Rev. Edward Wall, was assisted in performing the ceremony by the Rev. Arthur Gray, an uncle of the bride.

The bride, who is a daughter of the late Major William N. McDonald, C. S. A., entered the church on the arm of her brother, Hugh McDonald, of Gloversville, N. Y., who gave her in marriage. Mrs. Nannie Eustaphieve, a sister of the bride, was the matron of honor. Basil M. Stevens of New York was best man for his brother.

After a reception at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. W. N. McDonald, the young couple left on an extended Southern trip. Among the out-of-town guests were Col. and Mrs. Edwin Stevens, Miss Emily Stevens, and Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Stevens of Hoboken; Frank Tainter of New York, Mr. and Mrs. Hugh McDonald of Gloversville, N. Y.; Mr. and Mrs. Ogden Hammond of New York, Miss Marion Parker of Washington, Mrs. Gustavus Ober and Miss Rebecca Ober of Baltimore, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Cooke of Charlestown, West Va., and Miss Martha Davis of Baltimore.

ESHLEMAN—ESLER.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 12.—The marriage of Miss Helen Annabel Esler to Frank Marcur Eshleman took place today at the country home of the bride's uncle, Walter George Smith, at Torresdale. Archbishop Ryan officiated. The bride's uncle gave her in marriage, and she was attended by Mrs. David Reno Locher, sister of the bridegroom, as matron of honor. The bridesmaids were Miss Jane Morgan, Miss Josephine Howell, Miss Beatrice Howell, Miss Agnes Sibley, Miss Elizabeth M. Morgan, and Miss Amy M. Eshleman of Lancaster.

Benjamin Eshelman, brother of the bridegroom, was best man. The ushers included Thomas Kilby Smith, J. Gilbert McIlvaine, Murray Watts, John E. Lloyd, J. Randall Williams, Jr., Archibald B. Hubbard, Jr., Christian Febiger, Henry S. Drinker, Jr., Grayson Mallet-Prevost Murphy of New York; Arthur Clement Wild of Chicago, Lawrence B. Fuller of San Francisco, and Lieut. Frank D. Hall, U. S. N.

A small reception followed the ceremony. After a wedding journey Mr. and Mrs. Eshleman will live on Brook Hill Road, Milton, Mass.

KEDERICH—BUESSER.

The marriage of Miss Caroline Buesser, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Buesser of this city, to C. Hope Kederich of Brooklyn took place last evening at the Immanuel Lutheran Church, Lexington Avenue and Eighty-eighth Street. The Rev. Dr. Shonfield officiated.

Miss Buesser, whose father gave her in marriage, wore a gown of white crepe meteor and duchess lace. Her veil of tulle was caught with orange blossoms. Miss Anna Buesser, sister of the bride, was maid of honor, and Miss Marie Buesser, another sister of the bride, and Miss Helen Jeanette Kederich, sister of the bridegroom, were the bridesmaids. Mr. Kederich's brother, Laurence C. Kederich, was best man.

The ushers were Robert F. Kederich, Harry Babcock Kederich, Frank Buesser, and George A. Kederich. On their return from a Southern trip Mr. and Mrs. Kederich will reside in Brooklyn.

DILLAHOUGH—MARVIN.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Oct. 12.—Miss Cornelia Wood Marvin, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Albert D. Marvin, and Dr. Alzon Harvey Dillahough, both of this city, were married at the home of the bride at 12:30 o'clock this afternoon. The Rev. Dr. Walter Austin Wagner of the First Congregational Church, performed the ceremony. The couple were unattended. The bride is contralto at the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church in New York, and for eight years sang in the same capacity at the Church of the Divine Paternity, Seventy-sixth Street and Central Park, New York. Dr. Dillahough is a graduate of the School of Osteopathy at Kirksville.

Morice-Brown Wedding Plans.

Plans have been completed for the wedding on Nov. 5 of Miss Marie Vernon Brown and John Henry Morice. The ceremony will be performed at 5 o'clock at the residence of the bride's uncle, Stephen H. Brown, 154 East Seventieth Street. Bishop David B. Greer and the Rev. Dr. Parks of St. Bartholomew's Church will officiate. Miss Brown will have her cousin, Miss Caro Quartley Brown, as her attendant. William Morice, a brother of the bridegroom, will act as best man. There are to be no ushers. Only relatives and intimate friends have been asked to the wedding and the reception which is to follow.

Celebrate Their Silver Wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Allen Scranton of 50 Morningside Avenue celebrated their silver wedding last night with a dinner at the Waldorf-Astoria. Covers were laid for twenty guests in the State apartments. Among the guests were Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Scranton, Mrs. C. A. Scranton, Dr. and Mrs. William F. Fay, B. M. Young, Mr. and Mrs. George A. Nelson, and Mr. and Mrs. George A. Smith. The Scrantons have spent about fifteen years of their married life in New York. Mrs. Scranton was a Miss Millard of Boston.

Senator Dolliver Seriously Ill.

FORT DODGE, Iowa, Oct. 12.—The physicians attending United States Senator Dolliver said to-day his condition was serious but not critical. It was announced that he was suffering from severe stomach trouble, which had affected the region around the heart.

SNOWDENS DISCUSS WOMAN SUFFRAGE

Both Sure That the Battle for Votes Will Be Won in England Soon.

EXPECT VICTORY THIS YEAR

Bill Now Before Parliament Sure to Pass, Both Assert—Movement Here Progressing, They Declare.

Philip Snowden, M. P., Chairman of the National Administrative Council of the British Labor Party, is here with Mrs. Snowden, who is well known in America as a suffrage speaker, for a short stay. They are at the home of the Rev. Dr. Charles F. Aked, 2 West Eighty-sixth Street, and both had something to say yesterday on the subject of woman suffrage, in which Mr. Snowden is as interested as his wife. He will devote his first visit to America to a study of social and industrial questions, however.

"The suffrage situation has developed wonderfully in England during the last twelve months," said Mr. Snowden. "A committee was formed in Parliament to draft measures in regard to it, the bill has passed its second reading with a majority of 109, and it is hoped it will be carried in this session. There will be only a month in the Fall session beginning Nov. 15, and the women will press the matter and make it as warm as possible for the Government.

"A month is a short time, and a bill that does not go through in one session is practically dead. But if this one doesn't pass it will have proved extremely useful and will make the ultimate triumph of the woman assured."

"The battle is practically won," Mrs. Snowden interrupted.

"Yes, it is only a question now of what to give the women," Mr. Snowden continued. "Some are for giving the vote to 1,000,000 women at first and others would give it to 10,000,000. The radicals say give them all, while the others are more conservative."

Mrs. Snowden, while a warm suffragist, has not been associated in any way with the English suffragettes, the militant movement, in England, and Mr. Snowden said in regard to it:

"The suffragettes have done remarkably good work. Some of the papers, of course, have made capital of the sensational things they have done and said nothing of the solid work that has been accomplished. It is impossible to give an idea of the strength of the movement. Mrs. Pankhurst has led in the movement with remarkable skill. I should judge from what I have heard of the movement here that the women in England are much further advanced."

"But we will have to look after our laurels," said Mrs. Snowden. "This Woman Suffrage Party in New York is a wonderful organization, and organization is almost everything."

Continuing to speak of the condition of the woman suffrage movement in America, Mrs. Snowden said:

"This Summer I was here and spoke in Chautauqua, New York, and in fifteen other Chautauquas in the Middle West, Illinois, and Iowa, and with but two exceptions I was asked everywhere to speak on woman suffrage. I was waited upon by one deputation of men who wanted me to interest the women, because, they said, they wanted to force a new political issue. They said they were tired of the narrowness of politics, as they had been, and wanted the women brought in and moral issues pushed to the front. The interest of the women was pathetic. They didn't understand and they were anxious to. When I explained they were astonished, saying: 'I didn't know that was politics. Is that what it means to vote?'

"One indication of the progress made by woman suffrage is shown by the entire change of policy of the anti-suffragists in England. They have found that a negative policy was useless, that with it they could not keep the women interested, and now they have adopted a constructive policy. Those who objected to women leaving their homes continued their fight against parliamentary suffrage, but they urged their followers to do all they could to get municipal suffrage."

Mr. and Mrs. Snowden will both speak at the convention of the Woman Suffrage Party at Carnegie Hall on Oct. 28.

SUFFRAGIST PLANS.

One for a Mass Meeting in Albany When Legislature Convenes.

Mrs. Mackay is to preside at a mass meeting to be held in Albany this coming Winter while the Legislature is in session. This was decided yesterday at the first meeting of the Directors of the Equal Franchise Society, of which she is President.

Active political work is to be carried on in the Winter. Meetings will be held throughout the State in districts where there are no woman suffrage organizations.

Miss Caroline Lexow, the new Campaign Director of the society under Mrs. Mackay, presented the plan which was accepted. The details of the campaign will be in charge of a committee composed of Mrs. Stanton Blatch, Miss Lexow, Mrs. James Lees Laidlaw, and Mrs. Vladimir Simkhovitch.

Mrs. Bourke Cockran, who was the original Chairman of the committee in charge of the tableaux the society is to give this month, has resigned in favor of Mrs. Mackay. The tableaux will be held early in January in the large ballroom of the Plaza Hotel. They will be historical and will show the individual achievements of women. The College Equal Suffrage League and the Equality League of Self-Supporting Women will take part in the arrangements.

One of the tableaux will be a hospital scene in the Crimean war, and Mrs. Mackay will take the part of Florence Nightingale.

The Equal Franchise Society was greatly increased in membership during the Summer and the office sale of suffrage pamphlets has been large.

NEW TICKET SELLING PLAN.

Each Shubert Theatre Supplementary Box Office for Firm's Other Houses.

Following the withdrawal of their tickets from the hotel agencies, the Shuberts announced yesterday that they have installed a new ticket-selling system by which the box office of each of their theatres becomes a supplementary box office of all the other local houses under their management. By this method persons wishing to purchase seats for any attraction at a Shubert theatre need go only to the nearest box office.

The theatres where this system will be in vogue are Daly's, Herald Square, Broadway, Casino, Nazimova's Thirty-ninth Street, Maxine Elliott's, the Comedy, the Lyric, the Hackett, and the Hippodrome. According to the Shubert announcement, the producing managers having attractions in their houses have all expressed approval of the method which they believe will tend to increase patronage.

Terry and Neilson to Arrive Soon.

Fred Terry and Julia Neilson, who are to appear at the Knickerbocker Theatre in "The Scarlet Pimpernel," are expected to arrive in New York on the Mesaba early next week. The Baroness Orozy and Montague Barstow, the authors of the play, are also on their way to be present at the final rehearsals and the first performance, and Ellen Terry will also be here in time for the first performance. Fred Terry is the younger brother of the famous English actress who is coming to this country to deliver a series of lectures on the women of Shakespeare.

AMUSEMENT NOTES.

Charles Cherry, who appeared last season in "The Spitfire," and who was leading man in "Girls," and with Maxine Elliott in "The Chaperon," is to be starred by the Shuberts in a new play by John Stapleton, called "A Gentleman of Leisure," founded on a novel, "The Intrusion of Jimmy," by P. G. Wodehouse.

"The Best People on Earth" is the title of a new play that will be sent on tour in November under the direction of John M. Hickey and H. B. Mahn.

Hy. Mayer, the cartoonist, has been engaged by Henry W. Savage to make the costume designs for his forthcoming production of Walter Browne's modern morality play, "Everywoman." This play is described as a semi-allegory, and the characters as being oddly realistic types.

JERSEY CITY BABY PARADE.

Three Hundred Compete for Prizes Despite the Cold Winds.

Three hundred children participated yesterday afternoon in Jersey City's third annual baby parade, given in the Hudson City District on the Heights. In the first parade two years ago 750 babies were in line, but the cold and wind yesterday caused many to be kept at home.

Sophie Arnets, 2½ years old, of 115 Hancock Avenue, won the grand prize, a silver loving cup. She represented a letter carrier. The parade was in eight divisions, the prizes for which were thus distributed:

First.—Won by Evelyn Zipp, representing Pocahontas; second, Mildred Sabbeck, as Snowballs; third, Helen Kortlang, as a yellow chrysanthemum.

Second.—Won by Edgar Gager as George Washington; second, Evelyn Hipp as a Princess with attendants; third, Stanley Schmale as an autoist.

Third.—Won by Freddie Neff, winner of the supreme prize last year, representing the American eagle's nest; second, Sidney Earl Clauss, in a carriage of pink roses and doves; third, Ermenia Willin, as Cupid in a heart chariot drawn by harnessed butterflies.

Fourth.—Won by Sophie Arnets as a letter carrier, second, Dora Hoos, as Miss Hobbleskirt; third, Manning Casterline, as George Washington; fourth, Willie Schott, as Christopher Columbus; fifth, Clara E. Meyer, as a Quaker grandmother; sixth, Howard C. Staley, as a Tyrolean; seventh, Gertrude Schmidt, as an old maid; eighth, Anna Tackney, as an Easter lily; ninth, Bertha Kohmna, as poppies; tenth, Morris Joseph, covered with popcorn.

Fifth.—Won by Howard Gilbert, as a farmer looking for the Merchants' National Bank; second, Floyd Mulcahey, as a tramp.

Sixth.—Won by Carmille and Emil Francois, as Scotch laddies; second, Olive and Etta Behrens, as the American twins; third, Evelyn and Anna Beal, in an Indian wigwam.

Seventh.—Won by Florence Arata, in a grape arbor drawn by a team of goats; second, John Truger, as the old woman who lived in a shoe.

Eighth.—Won by George Wiggers, as a jockey.

The parade started from Central Avenue and Bower Street, and proceeded to Palisade Avenue, through River View Park, and return.

FIGHT A DUEL WITH WORDS.

Some Fiery Speech Between Fuchs and Jackson, Able Lawyers.

Words of the kind described in police courts as "language likely to provoke a breach of the peace" were exchanged yesterday in the Corporation Counsel's office by ex-Deputy Attorney General Emil L. Fuchs and Assistant Corporation Counsel William H. Jackson. Many persons heard the wordy battle. No blows were struck.

Fuchs, who, Jackson testified at a trial, of Thomas O'Brien for running a gambling house in Hot Springs, Va., tried to prevent him from going South to testify, opened fire by calling Jackson a "stool pigeon," a "sneak," a "dirty dog" and a "perjurer."

Jackson retorted by calling Fuchs a "liar" and his statements "contemptible, infernal lies."

This was only the first period.

Fuchs said he would seek Jackson's removal on charges based on Jackson's alleged testimony that he spent six months of the year in Hot Springs. Jackson draws a $3,000 annual salary from the city. Fuchs alleges Jackson sent for him to get his advice on the best way to evade testifying in the gambling house case.

GALLAGHER'S TRIAL SOON.

Mayor's Assailant Now Out of Jail Hospital After an Operation.

Dr. A. P. Hasking, Assistant County Physician of Hudson County, announced yesterday that James Gallagher, awaiting trial in the county jail for shooting Mayor Gaynor in Hoboken last August, has recovered from the operation for abcess of the thigh performed several weeks ago and has been removed from the hospital ward of the jail to his cell.

Prosecutor Garven of Hudson County, who is to confer on Saturday with Judges Swayze, Blair, and Carey regarding Gallagher's trial, expects to communicate with the physicians now attending Mayor Gaynor to ascertain the Mayor's condition. He says he is not satisfied with a report of Dr. William J. Arlitz of Hoboken that Mayor Gaynor is out of danger. He bases his opinion on an interview James Creelman had with Mayor Gaynor in which the Mayor said he still felt the effects of the shot.

DIES TO ESCAPE CHARITY.

A. E. Cochran, Former Court Stenographer, a Suicide—His Savings Gone.

Albert E. Cochran, for many years a Supreme Court stenographer, shot himself to death yesterday in his rooms at 1 Washington Terrace. He was 68 years old and was despondent over speculative losses, which he feared would make it necessary for him to end his days in a charitable institution.

Cochran had lost $15,000 of his savings through the San Francisco earthquake destroying a building owned by him in that city. He sought to recoup his fortune by speculating with what remained, but was unfortunate.

BRIG. GEN. JOHN P. COOK DEAD

Received the Surrender of Fort Donelson from Confederate Forces.

HILLSDALE, Mich., Oct. 12.—Brig. Gen. John P. Cook, who as commander of the Union Army received the surrender of Fort Donelson from the Confederate forces, died at his home in Ransom, Mich., to-day. He was 85 years old.

Gen. Cook was born at Bellville, Ill., on June 12, 1825, and was the grandson of Gov. Ninian Edwards of Illinois, and the son of Daniel P. Cook, for whom Cook County, Ill., was named.

He was the Mayor of Springfield, Ill., in 1855, and upon the outbreak of the civil war he enlisted as commander of the first regiment raised in Illinois, and through the war he commanded the Third Brigade. After receiving the surrender of Fort Donelson he was promoted to Brigadier General, and on March 21, 1862, a beautiful sword was presented to him by Gov. Yates on behalf of the people of Illinois in appreciation of his services at Fort Donelson.

MRS. O. P. CONANT DEAD.

Wife of New York Publisher Who Died in France Last Saturday.

CHERBOURG, Oct. 12.—Mrs. Osmyn P. Conant of New York died suddenly to-night. She was taken ill on the tender which was conveying passengers to the steamer Kronprinz Wilhelm and was transferred to a hospital in Cherbourg, where she died soon afterward. Mrs. Conant was traveling to New York unattended. Her husband died of apoplexy at Divonne-les-Bains last Saturday.

Osmyn P. Conant was a publisher at 70 Fifth Avenue. The Conants lived at 310 West Eighty-ninth Street.

Henry Hammond Gallison.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Oct. 12.—Henry Hammond Gallison, who was the first American artist to have a painting placed in the National Museum of Italy, and whose works have been exhibited in many of the famous galleries of Europe, died to-day at his home at 94 Brattle Street, of apoplexy, after a long illness. He was 60 years old. Mr. Gallison was a pupil of Bonnefoy in Paris, and had exhibited in London, Turin, and the Paris Exposition. At Turin he received special mention, and at Paris honorable mention. It was his picture entitled, "Rising Mists," exhibited at Turin, which attracted the attention of the Italian Government, and which was finally purchased for the National Museum.

Chief Justice Robert W. Steele.

DENVER, Col., Oct. 12.—Robert Wilbur Steele, Chief Justice of the Colorado Supreme Court since 1907 and member of that body since 1901, died at his home to-night after an illness of three weeks. Justice Steele was born at Lebanon, Ohio, Nov. 14, 1857, and was a graduate of the Columbian University, where he studied law in 1878 and 1879. He was admitted to the Colorado bar in 1881. In 1895 he was elected District Attorney of the Second Judicial District of Colorado, which position he held until 1895, when he was appointed Judge of Arapahoe County, which position he held until 1901, when he was appointed Supreme Court Justice.

CHARLES GILIBERT, FRENCH SINGER, DEAD

Noted Baritone of the Metropolitan Company a Victim of an Abscess in the Ear.

ARRIVED ONLY LAST FRIDAY

Member of Hammerstein's Forces During Last Four Years—Body to be Sent to Widow and Son in France.

Charles Gilibert, one of the most notable of contemporary French singers, died suddenly from an abscess in the ear at his apartments in the Hotel Gregorian at 11 o'clock Tuesday night. Mr. Gilibert only returned to America last week, and his wife and child are still in France. Friends cabled Mme. Gilibert on Monday that her husband's condition was serious and advised her to take the next boat. Late Tuesday night, however, it devolved upon these same friends to cable her that her journey would be useless. Mr. Gilibert's body will be taken to France on Friday on the Gascoigne.

When the baritone reached New York on Friday on the Savoie he complained of the abscess which had formed in his ear and said that he should begin to take treatment at once. He was not, however, ill enough to go to bed and attended a dinner at Martin's on Sunday night. The next day, however, found him much worse and he was unconscious all day Tuesday. Mlle. Marianne Flahaut, the French contralto of the Metropolitan Opera House and a life-long friend of Mme. Gilibert, was with the baritone all day Tuesday and at his bedside when he breathed his last.

Besides Mme. Gilibert, who is well known as a singer under the name of Gabrielle Lejeune, the baritone is survived by an eight-year-old son.

Charles Gilibert was born in Paris about forty-three years ago. Though a graduate of the conservatoire and for a time a member of the company of the Paris Opéra Comique, he passed most of his artistic career at the Théâtre de la Monnaie in Brussels, Covent Garden in London, and the two opera houses in New York.

When he came to this country ten years ago as a member of the Metropolitan Opera Company he was recognized at once as a singing actor of rare qaulities. His great size and rather limited voice restricted him in a choice of characters, but he lifted many of the small parts of the répertoire into a prominence which they had never assumed before. He played parts like Dancairo in "Carmen," Monterone in "Rigoletto," and the sacristan in "Tosca" with an imagination and perfection of technique which lifted them to the highest artistic plane.

While at the Metropolitan he also won a special reputation as an interpreter of the classic Italian buffo parts like Dr. Bartolo in "Il Barbiere di Siviglia," Don Pasquale, and the traveling doctor in "L'Elisir d'Amore." He achieved especial distinction as Masetto in Mozart's "Don Giovanni."

During the four years of Oscar Hammerstein's Manhattan Opera House Mr. Gilibert was an important member of the company singing there. The emphasis laid upon French opera was particularly favorable to the exhibition of his talents, and as the father in "Louise," the baritone had a chance to distinguish himself in a part entirely different from those in which he had hitherto won fame.

Other operas in which he sang at the Manhattan were "L'Elisir d'Amore," "La Bohème," "The Daughter of the Regiment," "Contes d' Hoffmann," and "Le Jongleur de Notre Dame." When Oscar Hammerstein transferred his interests to the Metropolitan Opera Company Mr. Gilibert was one of the artists obtained at once by that institution, and Puccini had written for him a special part in "The Girl of the Golden West." It was to sing at the Metropolitan Opera House and to fulfill a large number of concert dates that the baritone had returned to New York.

As a concert singer, to many he was even a greater artist than he was in opera. His voice, though not large, was used with great art, and his French diction was almost unsurpassed. He had no rival as a singer of old French chansons.

Mr. Gilibert's body is now lying at Charles Benedict's, 150 West Thirteenth Street, and may be seen there by any of his friends. There will be funeral services on Friday morning, at 10 o'clock, before the shipment of the body to France, at the Church of St. Vincent de Paul, on West Twenty-third Street, near Sixth Avenue. Mr. Gatti-Casazza has given his permission for several of the singers of the Metropolitan Opera House to take part in these services. Among them are Miss Rita Fornia, Mlle. Marianne Flahaut, and Herbert Witherspoon.

Obituary Notes.

SAMUEL B. SWEET, general agent of the Lake Erie & Western Railway and a thirty-third degree Mason, died suddenly at his home in Indianapolis yesterday. Mr. Sweet, who was 65 years old, had been with the Lake Erie & Western Railway since 1884 and for ten years prior to that was with the Wabash Company.

MICHAEL P. HENEY, a railroad contractor of Seattle, died Tuesday. Heney built the White Pass & Yukon and the Copper River Railroads in Alaska. He almost perished in the wreck of the steamship Ohio in Northern British Columbia waters in August, 1909, and had been in poor health since that time.

HARVEY J. COOPER, former Postmaster of Santiago and a dealer in Cuban real estate, died on Tuesday at the Hotel Earlington in West Twenty-seventh Street in his 54th year. He was born in Indiana and was once editor of a newspaper in New Orleans. He was appointed Postmaster at Tampa, Fla., by Postmaster General Gresham and went to Cuba during the American occupation.

WILLIAM E. GERBER, Memphis, Tenn., died on Tuesday in a private hospital as the result of an operation. He was the President and General Manager of the John Gerber Company of Memphis, which celebrated its thirtieth anniversary this month. He was also a Director of several banks and other financial enterprises in Memphis.

JOHN F. HELMECKE, proprietor of the Helmecke Drug Company of Tuckahoe, N. Y., died on Monday at his home in that town in his thirtieth year. He is survived by his father and two sisters.

Mrs. SARAH HARRISON KIDD died on Tuesday at her home in Irvington, N. J., in her ninetieth year. She was the widow of Capt. John Kidd, who died eight years ago. Five daughters survive her.

JAMES W. KNOTT, Superintendent of the American Tract Society Building, Manhattan, is dead of acute indigestion at the Long Island College Hospital in his thirty-sixth year.

JOHN F. WIDLIND, who was tailor to President McKinley and other leading Republicans, is dead at his home in Arlington, N. J., in his 53d year. His specialty was coat cutting. He leaves a widow and three sons.

ISAAC ZALILOSS, a resident of the Home of the Daughters of Jacob, 302 East Broadway, died in that institution on Tuesday in his ninety-seventh year. His last wish was that he might die before Yom Kippur.

Adjt. Gen. JAMES F. ARMFIELD, head of the North Carolina National Guard, died in Statesville last night from Bright's disease. He was 48 years old and unmarried. At the close of the Spanish-American War Gov. Aycock made him Brigadier General of the Guard, and Gov. Kitchin appointed him Adjutant General and Chief of Staff.

JOHN MILEY, well known as a reviewer, editor, and educator, died in Lakewood, N. J., Tuesday. Mr. Miley was a son of Prof. Miley of Drew Seminary. He held the degree of A. M., and for many years was Vice Principal of the Lakewood school. He was associated with the publishing house of Small, Maynard & Co. of Boston as reviewer and editor, and had spent much of his life in traveling abroad. He was a member of the University and Players' Clubs of New York.

ROBERT O. FUNKHOUSER, member of the freshman class of Princeton University and a resident of Lincoln, Neb., died at the Isabella McCosh Infirmary in Princeton yesterday morning of peritonitis, after a brief illness. Miss Elsie Funkhouser, a sister, hurried to Princeton from Bryn Mawr, where she is attending school, but she arrived after her brother's death

Brother MARIONUS McMANUS, O. F. M., for years a member of the Franciscan Brotherhood in the monastery at Mount Sepulcher, near Washington, died yesterday at the age of 88. He was born in Glasgow, Scotland.

WILLIAM ELLIS MITCHELL died at his residence, 137 Riverside Drive, yesterday. Mr. Mitchell was 30 years old and was a mining engineer and a graduate of Columbia University. He had offices at 35 New Street. He is survived by a widow and two children.

CARUSO'S INJURY SERIOUS.

Singer Must Abandon His Engagements for Some Time.

MUNICH, Oct. 12.—Enrico Caruso's physician says that the singer must abandon his engagements for some time as a consequence of last night's accident.

In the second act of "Bohème," Caruso attracted much applause, and was bowing his ackowledgments when his forehead came into contact with an iron rod which was being used in shifting the scenery for the next act.

The singer stepped behind the wings and fell unconscious. He recovered slowly and insisted upon going on for the third act, through which he sang without the audience being aware of the mishap.

Fortunately an uncommonly thick wig protected the artist's head to some extent.

Bank Clerks' Union Intends to Strike.

The organizers of the United Hebrew Trades reported yesterday that a union of the bank clerks on the east side has been formed, being the first union of bank clerks. The union is preparing to make demands for higher wages and a shorter workday, to be enforced by a strike. There are many women clerks in the east side banks, and it was stated that they have to work long after the nominal hours for closing the banks.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in the New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Married.

BRACHER—COFFIN.—On Wednesday afternoon, Oct. 12, at All Angels' Church, by the Rev. Dr. Ashley, Catharine Morison, daughter of Mrs. Daniel M. Coffin, to Vasa Kerbey Bracher of New York City.

EMERY—EWING.—At St. Louis, Mo., on Wednesday, Oct. 12, Isabel Valle, daughter of Mrs. Frederick Ewing, to Dean Emery of New York.

HECKER—BICKNELL.—On Wednesday, Oct. 12, 1910, at Hotel St. Regis, New York City, by Mgr. Michael G. Lavelle of St. Patrick's Cathedral, Fannie Constable Bicknell, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Bicknell, to John McKeon Hecker, both of this city.

HERRICK—FRENCH.—In the Church of the Epiphany, New York, on Oct. 12, 1910, by the Rev. W. T. Crocker and the Rev. Charles Carter, Dr. John Rutherford Herrick to Mrs. Constance Braine French, daughter of the late Dr. and Mrs. Robert Spear Braine.

HUTCHESON—BROWN.—On Wednesday, Oct. 12, at Fern Hill, Burlington, Vt., by the Rev. Theodore C. Williams of Boston, Martha Brookes, daughter of Mrs. Brookes Brown of New York, to William Anderson Hutcheson of New York, son of the late John M. Hutcheson of Greenock, Scotland.

MORRIS—BUELL.—In the First Presbyterian Church, Rochester, N. Y., on Oct. 11, 1910, by Dr. Wilton Merle-Smith, Rev. Dubois Schanck Morris to Alice Ray, daughter of Mrs. George Candee Buell.

DAWKINS—McWILTON.—Oct. 11, Janet McWilton to Harry Y. Dawkins.

FLAMMER—BELL.—Oct. 8, Sallie S. Bell to Theodore L. Flammer.

GARRISON—TRAUBE.—Oct. 11, Ottilie E. Traube to James R. Garrison.

Brooklyn.

BAXTER—BYRNE.—Oct. 11, Juanita M. Byrne to George G. Baxter.

Long Island.

HARZOG—KADATZ.—Oct. 10, Flushing, Mrs. Adolph Kadatz to Adam Herzog.

New Jersey.

CHASE—SMITH.—Oct. 11, East Orange, Rita Smith to Ralph W. Chase.

GOULD—SHARP.—Oct. 10, Orange, Lida W. Sharp to George R. Gould.

HARRIMAN—SCULLY.—Oct. 11, South Amboy, Mary T. Scully to James Harriman.

JOHNSON—CRAVEN.—Oct. 9, Matawan, Adelaide Craven to Robert S. Johnson.

Died.

BARMABY.—Sarah E. Barmaby, aged 36 years. (THE FUNERAL CHURCH,) 241 West 23d St., (CAMPBELL BUILDING.)

BURNETT.—At Turner's Falls, Mass., Oct. 11, Charles M. Burnett, formerly treasurer of the Keith Paper Company of that place. Funeral at his home, Friday, at 2 P. M.

COOPER.—Oct. 11, Harvey Cooper, aged 58. Lying in state, THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d St.

DECKER.—James E., in his 72d year. Funeral services at the residence of Mrs. James T. Lyons, 859 East 181st Street, on Thursday evening, Oct. 13, at 8 P. M.

HACKER.—Oct. 12, Henry Hacker, aged 82 years, at Roosevelt Hospital.

HALE.—At Wyoming, N. J., on Oct. 12, 1910, Henry, infant son of Edward L. and Jennie R. Hale, aged 2 months. Funeral private.

KEMP.—On Oct. 12, 1910, Rosella M. Kemp, widow of John A. Kemp. Funeral from her late residence, 18 Wilcox Place, East Orange, N. J., on Saturday, Oct. 15, at 11 A. M. Carriages will meet train leaving Hoboken at 9:45 A. M.

LEWIS.—On Oct. 12, Alfred Lewis, aged 35 years. Funeral from the Chapel of the Stephen Merritt Burial Company, 8th Av. and 19th St., on Friday, at 1 o'clock.

M'AVOY.—Thomas Raymond, age 22 years, eldest son of Francis S. and Nellie T. McAvoy. Funeral on Saturday, Oct. 15, 10 A. M., from his late residence, 516 West 153d St., thence to Church of St. Catharine of Genoa. Interment St. Raymond's Cemetery.

MILEY.—At Lakewood, N. J., Tuesday, Oct. 11, 1910, John Miley, son of the late Rev. Dr. John Miley and Olive Patterson Miley and beloved brother of Sarah Foster Miley. Burial services Thursday, Oct. 13, at Evergreen Cemetery Morristown, N. J., on the arrival of the 1:45 P. M. train from New York, leaving Hoboken 2:15 P. M. via D., L. & W. R. R.

MITCHELL.—Oct. 12, 1910, William Ellis Mitchell, of typhoid fever, in the 31st year of his age. Funeral services at his late residence, 137 Riverside Drive, Oct. 14, at 10 o'clock A. M.

RONALDS.—On Oct. 10, at Tuxedo Park, N. Y., George Lorillard Ronalds, in the 47th year of his age. Funeral services will be held at the Tuxedo Park Episcopal Church on Thursday, Oct. 13, at 10 o'clock.

RONALDS.—Holland Lodge No. 8, F. & A. M., Brethren are requested to attend the funeral of our late brother, George Lorillard Ronalds, at Tuxedo Park Episcopal Church, at 10 A. M. Thursday, Oct. 13.

N. THAYER ROBB, Master.
HARRY COMER, Secretary.

SEELY.—At Morristown, N. J., on Tuesday, Oct. 11, Jane Horton Seely, widow of the late Edward Howard Seely, in the 85th year of her age. Funeral service will be held at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. W. S. Herriman, Morristown, N. J., on Friday, the 14th inst., at 3:30 P. M. Coaches will meet train leaving New York at 1:45 P. M.

SERINGHAUS.—On Wednesday morning, Oct. 12, 1910, Elise H. Seringhaus, beloved daughter of F. Seringhaus and Elizabeth, nee Gunther, in her 26th year. Funeral services will be held Oct. 13, 1910, at her late residence, 954 8th Av., at 8 P. M. Interment private.

SEYMOUR.—At Helena, Mon., in the 60th year of his age, Horace W. Seymour, son of Eliza Seymour and the late James E. Seymour. Auburn (N. Y.) papers please copy.

SIMMONS.—At Roosevelt Hospital, on Oct. 10th, Elizabeth Putnam Simmons, whose residence was 404 West 115th St., New York City. Funeral at Forest Hill, Boston, Mass.

THOMPSON.—Miss Della S., beloved sister of Mrs. William Ayres Bonner, both of New York, died suddenly at Greenock Inn, Lee, Mass., Oct. 11. Interment at Eaton, Ohio. Cincinnati and Columbus (Ohio) papers please copy.

VANDER BURGH.—At Loomis, N. Y., Oct. 11, Ludlow H. Vander Burgh, youngest son of the late D. W. Vander Burgh, M. D., of Fall River, Mass. Funeral services will be held on Friday, Oct. 14, at 2 P. M., at the Elting Homestead, New Paltz, N. Y.

VILAS.—Carrie A. Ward, widow of Royal C. Vilas, on Oct. 7, at her home, 2,430 Lake View Av., Chicago, Ill. New Orleans papers please copy.

WERNER.—Oct. 10, William Werner, aged 30 years. Services 304 West 126th St., Stephen Merritt Company's Funeral Apartments, Friday evening, 8:30.

WILSON.—On Oct. 11, John A. Wilson, aged 49 years. Funeral services from the chapel of the Stephen Merritt Burial Company, 8th Av. and 19th St., on Thursday, at 1 o'clock.

YOUNG.—On Tuesday, Oct. 11, 1910, at Fishkill-on-Hudson, Mary Garrison Young, daughter of the late Dr. John Young and Mary Jeannette Garrison. Funeral services will be held at the Dutch Reformed Church, at Fishkill-on-Hudson, on Friday, Oct. 14 at 2 P. M.

BASS.—Charlotte, 309 West 93d St., Oct. 11. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

CRONIN.—John J., 1,854 Lexington Av., Oct. 11. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

FITZSIMMONS.—Annie, 240 East 32d St., Oct. 11. Funeral notice later.

HEMRICH.—Alexander, 687 East 161st St., Oct. 11, aged 71. Funeral to-morrow noon.

LEVY.—Morris, 20 West 119th St., Oct. 11.

McAVOY.—Sarah, 311 East 99th St., Oct. 11. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

McGARL.—Delia, 348 East 55th St., Oct. 10. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

MAYER.—Abraham, 611 West 110th St., Oct. 11. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

MORGAN.—Michael E., 880 10th Av., Oct. 11. Funeral notice later.

OTIS.—John, 142 West 129th St., Oct. 10.

REMEMBER THIS

No Owner has ever regretted employing us on an operation.

A number of Owners have been sorry that they did not employ us.

And some have been frank enough to tell us so.

This proves two things:—

(1) That we have substantiated our claims to those who have employed us.

(2) That an Owner about to employ a contractor owes our claims serious consideration.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction
Fifty-One Wall Street

Died.

PARFITT.—Henry, 1,805 Bronxdale Av., Oct. 11, aged 60. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

RIESTER.—Henry, 308 East 46th St., Oct. 11, aged 32. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

SCHATTMAN.—Herbert, 218 West 140th St., Oct. 11. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

STOCK.—Benjamin, 815 East 29th St., Oct. 10.

WOHLEGEMUTH.—Henry, 163 East 108th St., Oct. 11. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

Brooklyn.

BREEN.—Mary F., 1,357 Fulton St., Oct. 11, aged 37. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.

BYRNE.—Bernard J., Cumberland Street Hospital, Oct. 11, aged 40. Funeral to-day.

CLARK.—Margaret R., 819 Rogers Av., Oct. 11, aged 40. Funeral to-morrow.

CLARK.—Mary E., 738 Humboldt St., Oct. 11. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

COLLINS.—William, 66 Sullivan St., Oct. 10, aged 35. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

CROILIUS.—Clarkson, 623 Monroe St., Oct. 11. Funeral service to-day.

DENISON.—Elizabeth, Long Island College Hospital, Oct. 9. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

DOWDALL.—Nicholas, 232 Gold St., Oct. 11. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

GRIFFIN.—William F., 163 Lefferts Place, Oct. 11, aged 56. Funeral to-day.

HAVELEY.—Kate, 396 Knickerbocker Av., Oct. 11, aged 64. Funeral to-day.

HENDRICKSON.—George, 1,013 East 96th St., Canarsie, Oct. 11. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

JOOST.—Henry, 297 Atlantic Av., Oct. 11, aged 69. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

KLEIN.—Augusta, 757 Cornelia St., Oct. 10, aged 51. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

M'CORMACK.—Joseph, 245 Van Brunt St., Oct. 10. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

M'GUIRE.—Henry, 180 Prospect St., Oct. 11, aged 55. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

M'HUGH.—Richard, 66 Rogers Av., Oct. 11. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

M'WAY.—Christopher, 809 Broadway, Oct. 10, aged 64. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

MAHONEY.—Henry, East 17th St. and Avenue A, Oct. 11, aged 30. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

PALMER.—Thomas E., 931 Bushwick Av., Oct. 11. Funeral to-morrow.

RYAN.—Mary F., 716 Dean St., Oct. 11. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

SIMON.—Sophie, 963 Willoughby Av., Oct. 11, aged 74. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

SMITH.—Mary J., 82 South 6th St., Oct. 11, aged 14. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

TAYLOR.—Jessie A., 315 Nostrand Av., Oct. 11. Funeral service to-day.

WELSH.—Henry, 24 Ocean Place, Oct. 10. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

Connecticut.

BLAKESLEE.—Augustus, New Haven, Oct. 10.

COURTNEY.—Catherine, New Haven, Oct. 11. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.

CUMMINGS.—Dennis J., New Haven, Oct. 11. Funeral to-morrow.

M'DOWELL.—Ellener, Bridgeport, Oct. 11, aged 24. Funeral private.

PULLMAN.—Elizabeth, New Haven, Oct. 10, aged 79. Funeral, 2:30 P. M.

REGAN.—Ann E., New Haven, Oct. 10. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.

ROBINSON.—Annie O., New Haven, Oct. 10, aged 25.

Long Island.

BOSS.—Louis, Germania Heights, Oct. 10, aged 39.

FIVRE.—Mary, 151 Broadway, Astoria, Oct. 9, aged 9 months.

OSBORN.—George T., East Moriches, Oct. 12, aged 79.

SACHSE.—Johannes, Astoria, Oct. 11, aged 79. Funeral to-day.

SCHOPPMAN.—Christian, Johnson Av., Elmhurst, Oct. 10.

TEMMERMANN.—Albert, 21 Melville Place, Union Course, Oct. 10, aged 10.

WOODS.—Sarah, 321 8th Av., Island City, Oct. 9, aged 80.

New Jersey.

ANDERSON.—Theresa, Hoboken, Oct. 11, aged 30. Funeral to-day.

BERRY.—Hannah, Orange, Oct. 10, aged 92. Funeral to-day.

BIANCHI.—Carolina, West Hoboken, Oct. 12, aged 63.

BLUMSTENGEL.—Max, Paterson, Oct. 12, aged 50.

BUNNELL.—Thomas J., 3 Willow Court, Jersey City, Oct. 11, aged 38.

CASCADEN.—Ida, 331 Central Av., Jersey City, Oct. 11, aged 32.

COPPEDGE.—James, 21 Rock St., Jersey City, Oct. 11.

CRIGER.—Andrew C., Washington, Oct. 10, aged 73.

CROCKFORD.—Joseph, Newark, Oct. 11, aged 83. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

DAWSON.—Charles W., 84 7th Av., Newark, Oct. 12. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

DEHMER.—Charles, 298 Fairmount Av., Newark, Oct. 11, aged 18.

DONAHUE.—Patrick, New Brunswick, Oct. 11. Funeral to-morrow, 8:30 A. M.

FERRY.—Susan, Long Branch, Oct. 10.

GOODRICH.—Naomi H., 129 Jefferson St., Newark, Oct. 12. Funeral notice later.

HASSINGER.—Philip, Newark, Oct. 11, aged 49. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

HOBSON.—Marriah, 228 1st St., Newark, Oct. 11. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

JACKSON.—Lemuel, Newark, Oct. 11. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

JONES.—William A., Irvington, Oct. 12, aged 3 months. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

KEOGH.—Catherine L., Elizabeth, Oct. 10, aged 58.

KLEIN.—Philip, Union Hill, Oct. 11, aged 65.

KUTSCHER.—Louise E., 224 Walnut St., Newark, Oct. 11, aged 52.

LEAKE.—Austin, Bayhead, Oct. 11. Funeral to-day.

LYNCH.—Alfred L., 26 Broadway, Bayonne, Oct. 10, aged 7

McCLINTOCK.—Edward E., 415 13th Av., Newark, Oct. 12. Funeral notice later.

McCUE.—Andrew, 69 Atlantic St., Jersey City, Oct. 11. Funeral to-day, 8 A. M.

McGRATH.—Mary, Elizabeth, Oct 10, aged 80.

MATTHEWS.—John, 737 Bergen Av., Hoboken, Oct. 10. Funeral to-day.

MERZWEILER.—Katherine, 17 Elliot St., Newark, Oct. 11, aged 20.

MORSE.—Abraham, Dover, Oct. 10.

MUNDLE.—Ann, Bayonne, Oct. 11

PETERSON.—Charles A., Harrison, Oct. 11, aged 38. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

RATSCHOWSKI.—Anna, Jersey City, Oct. 11.

REILLY.—Michael J., 396 Warren St., Newark, Oct. 11. Funeral to-morrow, 8:30 A. M.

RICHTER.—Bertha, Hoboken, Oct. 11. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

RUBEN.—John, Paterson, Oct. 10, aged 35.

STOUT.—Ida C., East Orange, Oct. 11. Funeral to-morrow.

VANBENNET.—Francis J., West New York, Oct. 10.

VOUGHT.—J. Anson, Greensville, Oct. 10.

New York State.

COMPTON.—Ella, South Nyack, Oct. 11. Funeral to-day.

COUTANT.—Richard W., Ossining, Oct. 10. Funeral to-day, 3:30 P. M.

FLAVELL.—Mary J., Livingston Manor, Oct. 10.

HELMECKE.—John F., Tuckahoe, Oct. 10, aged 30.

McCAULEY.—Margaret M., 129 Yonkers Av., Yonkers, Oct. 10. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

PEPPER.—Sarah, 1,509 Zerega Av., Westchester, Oct. 11. Funeral to-day, 11 A. M.

WOOD.—Elizabeth, Peekskill, Oct. 10, aged 42.

In Memoriam.

BISPHAM.—William; in loving memory of; Oct. 13, 1909.

DONAHUE.—John, mass St. John's R. C. Church, Jersey City, to-day, 9 A. M.

GRIFFIN.—John, mass, St. Patrick's Church, Newark, N. J., to-day, 8 A. M.

McDONOUGH.—John, mass St. Columba's Church, Newark, N. J., to-day, 8 A. M.

UNDERTAKERS.

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Now that College men are grooming their teams, it's evident once again that they don't really wear the alleged "college clothes."

They do wear just such clothes as our youths' suits—smart and up-to-date, but never extravagant in cut.

Three models this Fall in youths' sizes (32 to 35 chest) $16 to $30.

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Talks on Teeth
BY
G. GORDON MARTIN
(INCORPORATED)

Teeth-Wisdom

How many of your wisdom teeth have you left?

It seems as if nature added these teeth more as a form of punishment than for use. They come late, hurt and bother wretchedly while coming, and soon begin to show decay.

Then they must be treated or taken out. Their going left a vacancy that could never be supplied until the Martinolar Method was discovered, AND MISSING TEETH COULD BE RESTORED WITHOUT THE USE OF PLATES OR ORDINARY BRIDGE WORK ON BOTH SIDES OF SOUND TEETH.

If you have lost any teeth because of disease—or worse yet—because of ignorant dentistry—the deficiency should be made good. Every dentist on earth admits, and has always admitted, that a full set of teeth was necessary, but the only way they had of filling up the gaps was to half fill the mouth with a big, clumsy "plate," upon which were fastened sundry "false teeth."

These filled up the gaps all right, but were no good to chew with.

Bite on one side and down went the plate on the other—and like as not it would drop out of the mouth entirely.

No wonder it was called a "partial" plate.

The other plan of restoring missing teeth was styled "bridge work"—but this was limited to space "between" teeth. It couldn't work on either side, and being high in the centre, it was torture to bite on it, for the "give" or "spring" strained the "pier" teeth until they became loose and diseased.

Then the bridge came out—and as "partial" plates were no good, the common practice was to pull all the rest of the good teeth and supply a full plate.

Such was "dental science" until about seven years ago, when the "Martinolar Method" of supplying missing teeth without the use of plates or so-styled "bridge work" was introduced to the world.

This was the greatest step that had been taken in dental science in a century.

Only a brief summary of the Method can be given in this limited space, but the whole story is admirably told in "MARTINOLAR DENTISTRY," a book of 48 pages, profusely illustrated, which we mail absolutely free, upon request.

It will give you more information about the teeth than any book you ever read on the subject.

If you live within calling distance of our offices, come and let us look your teeth over. For examination and consultation we make no charge and will be glad to explain our method as it applies to your case.

G. GORDON MARTIN
(INCORPORATED)
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The standard which makes The New York Times the newspaper with the largest high-class daily circulation in New York is rigorously maintained in the Want Advertisements, making them of positive news value and equally reliable. No objectionable or questionable advertisement received. Telephone Bryant 1000.—Adv.

GIANTS AND YANKS GAMES START TO-DAY

Mathewson and Ford May Be Opposing Pitchers at the Polo Grounds.

This afternoon is the time and the Polo Grounds is the place.

After years of patient waiting the fans of Greater New York will have their chance to-day to see the rival major League teams of this city arrayed against each other in the opening game of a series which will decide the baseball championship of Manhattan. No game in recent years has excited the fans to the high tension now evident in baseball circles, except the memorable play-off with the Cubs after the close of the 1908 season, and it is likely that the season's record at the Brush inclosure will be shattered this afternoon.

Yesterday was a busy day at the office of both clubs. At the National League club's headquarters, Secretary William Gray and Hugh McBreen of Boston, representative of the National Commission, personally superintended the sale of tickets, and the line of purchasers was long. The early arrivals were for the most part looking for tickets for the opening game, but a large number were anxious for Saturday reservations. At the beginning each purchaser was allowed six tickets, but later it was decided to limit the individual buyer to four. Two detectives and four Pinkerton men were present at the sale in an effort to keep the pasteboards from falling into the hands of speculators. Repeaters were ordered out of line in many instances, and all messengers were obliged to show orders from firms employing them. In this way a large number of tickets which ordinarily fall into speculators' hands were saved for those who wished to use them legitimately.

At the American League club's headquarters the scene was not so busy, but Secretary Tom Davis and William Locke of Pittsburg, the National Commission's representative, had plenty of work to do. The big majority of the buyers wanted tickets for Friday's game, but there were many calls for Monday tickets. As the Polo Grounds will be the scene of the opening game as well as the Saturday engagement it gets the call in the first rush for tickets.

Although the demand for tickets has been large, there are still plenty of them to be had on each ground. The reserved section at the Polo Grounds takes in only 6,000 seats of the 35,000 around the playing field, and the remainder of the tickets will not be put on sale until the gates open at 11 o'clock to-day. At the other park there are 3,000 seats reserved, and the stands will accommodate between 15,000 and 20,000 persons. So it is evident that the rooter who has not yet purchased a pasteboard need have no fear about being able to see the game.

Betting on the series has not been very heavy. Many individual wagers of small amounts have been recorded, but big bets have been very scarce. The Giants have been quoted in many cases as slight favorites, but the popular opinion of strength is that there is little to choose between the teams and no better than even money will be given. Doubt regarding pitchers is playing a prominent part in holding up the betting, and it is likely that more money will be wagered on the separate games than on the series as a whole.

The question of pitchers for the opening game is now taking up most of the fans' attention, and the two managers refuse to say a word that will give an inkling of the possible selections. It is a foregone conclusion that Manager McGraw will rely on Mathewson to bring the championship to the Polo Grounds, and Manager Chase will rely just as heavily on Russel Ford. Each of these star boxmen will be used just as often as possible during the series. Mathewson, Drucke, and Crandall will undoubtedly warm up for Manager McGraw's inspection this afternoon, and the Yankee burden will rest between Ford, Vaughn, and Quinn. Meyers and Sweeney will be behind the bat.

The last formality requisite for the playing of the series will be complied with to-day when Presidents John T. Brush and Frank Farrell of the two clubs will each turn over to President T. J. Lynch of the National League, as representative of the National Commission, a certified check of $10,000. This deposit is required under the rules of the commission. The probable line-up to-day will be:

YANKEES.	GIANTS.
Daniels, lf.	Devore, lf.
Hemphill, rf.	Doyle, 2b.
Chase, 1b.	Snodgrass, cf.
Knight, ss.	Murray, rf.
Gardner or Laporte, 2b.	Bridwell, ss.
Cree, cf.	Devlin, 3b.
Austin, 3b.	Merkle, 1b.
Sweeney, c.	Meyers, c.
Ford or Vaughn, p.	Mathewson or Drucke, p.

Umpires—Messrs. Evans and Klein.

Official scorers—James R. Price and John B. Foster.

Time of commencing games, 2:45; gates open at 11 A. M.

Brooklyn Loses Last Games.

Brooklyn closed the National League season in Washington Park yesterday by losing both ends of the holiday double-header to Boston. The visitors won by ninth-inning finishes. In the first game, after Brooklyn had tied the score in the eighth, the visitors batted in eight runs in the final inning, winning 9 to 2. Brooklyn led by 2 to 1 when Boston came to bat for the last time in the second contest. A base on balls, Getz's single, a squeeze play with Ferguson at bat, and Collins's double turned impending defeat into a 3 to 2 victory. Brooklyn has released Pitchers Dessau and Manser to Rochester. Scores:

FIRST GAME.

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A	BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Collins, lf.	5	1	2	3	0	Dav'son, cf.	4	1	0	2	0
Goode, cf.	5	1	1	2	0	Daub't, 1b.	4	0	2	11	0
Shean, 2b.	5	2	2	4	3	Wheat, lf.	3	0	0	1	0
Beck, 1b.	5	1	2	9	0	Hum'l, 2b.	4	0	0	2	0
Miller, rf.	4	1	1	2	0	Coulson, rf.	4	1	1	1	0
Burg, ss.	3	1	1	4	0	McElv'n, 3b.	4	0	2	0	1
Getz, 3b.	4	1	1	1	3	Stark, ss.	3	0	0	5	8
Rariden, c.	4	1	1	2	2	Bergen, c.	2	0	0	1	2
Frock, p.	3	0	0	0	2	*Burch	1	0	0	0	0
						Miller, c.	0	0	0	1	0
						Bell, p.	2	0	1	0	2
						†Barger	1	0	1	0	0
						Dessau, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Total	38	9	12	27	16	Total	32	2	7	27	13

*Batted for Bergen in the eighth inning.
†Batted for Bell in the eighth inning.

Errors—Goode, Beck, Burg, (2,) Rariden, McElveen, (2,) Bergen, Miller.

Boston ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 8—9
Brooklyn ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1—2

Left on bases—Boston, 5; Brooklyn, 5. Two-base hits—Collins, Beck. Sacrifice hits—Frock, Stark. First base on errors—Boston, 1; Brooklyn, 3. Stolen bases—Goode, Burg, Getz, Davidson, Hummel. Double plays—Getz, Burg, and Beck; Shean, Burg, and Beck. Bases on balls—Off Dessau, 2; off Frock, 1. Struck out—By Bell, 5; by Dessau, 1; by Frock, 1. Hits—Off Bell, 6 in eight innings. Time of game—One hour and thirty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Kane and Klem.

SECOND GAME.

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A	BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Collins, lf.	3	0	1	3	0	Burch, cf.	3	0	1	0	0
Goode, cf.	5	0	3	1	0	Daub't, 1b.	4	0	1	9	0
Shean, 2b.	4	0	0	2	1	Wheat, lf.	3	0	1	3	0
Beck, 1b.	4	0	1	15	0	Hummel, 2b.	3	0	1	8	4
R. Miller, rf.	4	1	1	0	0	Coulson, rf.	4	0	1	2	0
Burg, ss.	3	1	1	1	2	M'Elv'n, 3b.	3	0	0	0	3
Getz, 3b.	3	1	1	0	3	Stark, ss.	3	0	0	1	0
Rariden, c.	4	0	1	4	0	O. Miller, c.	3	0	0	8	1
Parson, p.	2	0	0	0	3	Barger, p.	2	1	1	0	3
*Graham	1	0	0	0	0	Total	28	2	5	27	8
F'guson, p.	0	0	0	1	2						
Total	33	3	9	27	12						

*Batted for Parson in seventh inning.

Errors—Parson, Hummel.

Boston ....0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 2—3
Brooklyn ....1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—2

Left on bases—Boston, 8; Brooklyn, 3. Two-base hits—Collins, Goode, Beck, Wheat, Hummel. Sacrifice hits—Ferguson, Burch. First base on error—Boston, 1. Double play—Ferguson and Beck. Bases on balls—Off Parson, 3; off Ferguson, 1; off Barger, 2. Struck out—By Parson, 2; by Ferguson, 1; by Barger, 6. Wild pitches—Parson, 2. Hits—Off Parson, 3 in 6 innings. Time of game—One hour and twenty-seven minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Kane.

Cubs Win Listless Game.

CHICAGO, Oct. 12.—The National League champions won a listless game from St. Louis to-day, 12 to 2. Alberts lacked control and gave eight bases on balls besides yielding eleven hits and making a wild pitch that scored a run. Score:

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A	ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Sh'k'd, lf.	2	2	1	2	0	Huggins, 2b.	5	1	3	2	2
Schulte, rf.	3	2	1	2	0	Ellis, lf.	5	1	1	1	0
Hofman, cf.	3	1	1	2	0	Mowrey, 3b.	4	0	2	4	0
Chance, 1b.	3	0	1	5	1	K'tchy, 1b.	3	0	1	7	0
Z'man, 2b.	5	0	0	1	1	Evans, rf.	3	0	1	2	0
St'nf'dt, 3b.	3	0	1	1	0	Phelps, c.	4	0	0	4	2
Tinker, ss.	3	1	1	2	2	Oakes, cf.	3	0	0	2	1
Archer, c.	3	3	3	11	2	Betcher, ss.	4	0	1	2	4
Overall, p.	2	1	0	0	1	Alberts, p.	2	0	0	0	1
Richie, p.	1	2	1	0	0	*Abbott	1	0	0	0	0
E'mont, rf.	1	0	0	0	0						
Kane, 3b.	1	0	0	0	2	Total	34	2	9	24	10
N'dham, 1b.	1	0	1	1	0						
Total	32	12	11	27	9						

*Batted for Alberts in ninth inning.

Errors—Konetchy, Betcher, Alberts.

Chicago ....0 0 4 0 0 1 5 2 .—12
St. Louis ....0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0—2

Two-base hits—Mowrey, Archer. Three-base hit—Sheckard. Hits—Off Overall, 4 in 5 innings; off Richie, 5 in 4 innings. Sacrifice hits—Mowrey, Hofman, Richie. Stolen bases—Huggins, Archer, Hofman. Double play—Konetchy (unassisted). Left on bases—Chicago, 6; St. Louis, 10. First base on balls—Off Overall, 2; off Alberts, 8; off Richie, 2. First base on errors—Chicago, 3. Struck out—By Overall, 5; by Alberts, 2; by Richie, 5. Wild pitch—Alberts. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpires—Messrs Rigler and O'Day.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
Boston, 9; Brooklyn, 2.
Boston, 3; Brooklyn, 2.
Chicago, 12; St. Louis, 2.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago	103	49	.678	Cincinnati	75	79	.487
New York	91	63	.591	**Brooklyn**	64	90	.415
Pittsburg	86	67	.562	St. Louis	62	89	.411
Philadelphia	78	75	.510	Boston	53	100	.346

Where They Play To-day.

No games scheduled.

LAJOIE MADE HITS FAIRLY.

Umpire Evans's Report to Ban Johnson Wipes Out Alleged Scandal.

CHICAGO, Oct. 12.—Umpire Evans of the American League to-day submitted a detailed report to President Ban B. Johnson regarding the Lajoie incident at St. Louis last Sunday. President Johnson did not make public the entire report, but announced that Umpire Evans had given Lajoie an absolutely clean bill in relation to the player's performance in making eight hits in eight times at bat in a double header with the St. Louis team last Sunday.

Evans, who officiated in the games in question, filed his report at the request of President Johnson. The report will be made public when President Johnson has completed his personal investigation and is ready to announce his decision.

President Johnson is said to have offered as the best solution of the dispute the returning of the automobile prize to the donors. That, in the league President's opinion, would bury the unpleasantness; but, in order to reward the players, he would have Lajoie and Cobb's averages declared a tie, and have the league present suitable prizes to both.

WANTS NO THIRD LEAGUE.

A. G. Spalding Denies Strongly That He Favors New Major Organization.

A. G. Spalding, the former baseball player and manager, and present head of the large sporting goods firm bearing his name, is greatly incensed over an interview credited to him which recently appeared in a Chicago paper. The item conveyed the impression that Mr. Spalding looked with favor on a third major league, such as D. A. Fletcher of Cincinnati is reported to be forming for next season. In speaking of the matter yesterday, Mr. Spalding gave out the following:

This story, that I am indorsing a third major league, anoys me exceedingly, for I cannot conceive of a greater misfortune that could befall the National game at this time than to have an attempt made to foist a third major league onto the game.

The public is satiated with baseball wars. The Brotherhood war of 1890 cost over $500,000, reducing the players' salaries over 50 per cent., and it took ten years of hard work to bring the game back to its previous popularity.

If the proposed third major league should ever get beyond the hot air period, it would precipitate a baseball war that might cost anywhere from $1,000,000 to $3,000,000, and it would probably take another ten years to get the game back to its present popularity. A third league means war. Let us have peace."

RECORD DEMAND FOR TICKETS

Applications Representing $70,000 for Games in Philadelphia Returned.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 12.—It is estimated by representatives of the National Commission having charge of the distribution of seats for the first two baseball games in the world's series here next week, that $70,000 has been returned to applicants for tickets whose orders cannot be filled. The demand for tickets has broken all records and the amount of money returned is the largest ever turned back by a club figuring in the world's series.

Although it was officially announced last Friday that no applications would be considered that were mailed later than last Saturday, many people to-day tried every possible way they knew how to buy reserved seats at advanced prices. The National Commission has taken extraordinary precautions to keep the tickets out of the hands of speculators.

"RUBE" OLDRING INJURED

Athletics' Centrefielder May Not Be Able to Play in World's Series.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 12.—Centre Fielder "Rube" Oldring of the Philadelphia Americans may not be able to play in the world's series, due to having the ligaments in his knee twisted in yesterday's game. In going after a fly ball Oldring lost it in the sun. To prevent being hit he turned suddenly and wrenched the ligaments.

His knee was badly swollen to-day, and specialists who were called in declared that they could not tell until to-morrow whether or not the injury would prevent the outfielder from playing next week.

Athletics Play Wretched Game.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 12.—The American League team of All Stars again defeated the Philadelphia American League team, the score being 5 to 1. The home team's pitchers were the same as yesterday, Bender, Plank and Coombs, and all of them were far more effective than in the first game of the series. They received very poor support and the All Stars had no difficulty in winning. Walsh kept Philadelphia's hits scattered, but a three-bagger by Collins and an out in the ninth inning prevented a shut-out. Score:

ALL STARS.	AB	R	H	PO	A	PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Milan, lf.	4	0	0	1	0	Hartsel, lf.	4	0	0	2	0
Lord, 3b.	4	1	1	0	3	Houser, 1b.	4	0	1	4	0
Speaker, cf.	3	0	0	3	0	Collins, 2b.	4	1	1	1	1
Elb'f'd, 2b.	3	1	2	5	5	Baker, 3b.	4	0	0	2	1
Cobb, rf.	4	2	3	1	0	Davis, cf.	4	0	1	6	0
Stahl, 1b.	3	1	0	13	2	Murphy, rf.	3	0	1	3	1
M'B'de, ss.	4	0	1	1	6	M'Innis, ss.	3	0	0	2	2
Sullivan, c.	3	0	0	2	1	Lapp, c.	2	0	0	2	2
Walsh, p.	3	0	0	1	2	Thomas, c.	1	0	0	5	2
Total	31	5	7	27	15	Bender, p.	0	0	0	0	1
						Plank, p.	1	0	0	0	0
						Coombs, p.	1	0	0	0	0
						Total	31	1	6	27	10

Errors—Hartsel, 2; Davis, Murphy, Lapp, Coombs, McInnis.

All Stars ....0 0 0 0 2 1 0 0 2—5
Philadelphia ......0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1

Hits—Off Bender, 1 in 3 innings; off Plank, 3 in 3 innings; off Coombs, 3 in 3 innings. Two-base hit—Cobb. Three-base hits—Elberfeld, Collins. Sacrifice fly—Elberfeld. Double plays—Murphy and Lapp; Elberfeld and Stahl. Stolen bases—Stahl, 2; Walsh, McBride. Struck out—By Walsh, 2; by Bender, 1; by Plank, 3. Left on bases—All Stars, 4; Philadelphia, 4. First base on balls—Off Walsh, 1; off Plank, 1; off Coombs, 1. First base on errors—All Stars, 3. Hit by pitched ball—By Bender, (Speaker,) by Plank, (Stahl.) Wild pitch—Coombs. Time of game—One hour and fifty-two minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Egan and Dineen.

Brooklyns Play Bronx Athletics.

The Brooklyn National League team with all its stars will be the attraction at Bronx Oval, 163d Street and Southern Boulevard on Sunday. Bill Dahlen's men will face the Bronx Athletics, who will present their strongest team. The Superiors will include Daubert, Hummel, Coulson, Davidson, Bell and Bergen. Play will be called at 3 o'clock.

YALE FRESHMEN TACKLE 'VARSITY

Elis in Hardest Football Battle of Year, Youngsters Leading in the First Half.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 12.—The experiment of giving the Yale 'Varsity team a midweek game against the freshmen in preparation for the match on Saturday at West Point proved a success as far as furnishing a tough proposition for the regulars is concerned.

The freshmen got the jump on the 'Varsity all through the first half, leading them 6 to 0 when the first period was finished. Only the superior staying power of the regulars enabled them to outpoint the 1914 players, and to-night one of the coaches stated that the game was the most difficult to win the 'Varsity has had this year.

Several freshmen players proved stars of their class. Wolfe and Cooney, the giant guards, the latter a brother of Carroll Cooney, the former Yale centre; Quarter Back Foss, Tackle Ketchum, and Half Back Campbell showed excellent quality on the gridiron. The freshmen team established itself as the strongest Yale ever produced, and it is expected to win from its Harvard and Princeton class rivals.

The touchdown the freshmen scored against the 'Varsity was no fluke. Ketchum took a forward pass from Foss and shot 70 yards for it. Although this put the regulars on their mettle, they were unable to score in the first period. They negotiated a touchdown as the second period was closing, when Corey took a trick forward pass from Potter for a long run.

In the second half Yale showed old-fashioned football, taking the ball at the freshmen 22-yard line on a fumble and smashing it through for gains enough to score. Philbin took the ball over. With less than a minute to play Greeley ran back a punt 45 yards, and three forward passes took the ball over, Stroud to Coates.

The strength shown by the freshmen makes it certain that that team will be called upon two or three times a week all season to furnish practice for the regulars during part of the scrimmaging. There is less difference between the two elevens than the score of 3 touchdowns to 1 made this afternoon indicates.

PRINCETON DEFENSE STRONG.

Scrub Team Unable to Break Through Line for Long Gains.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Oct. 12.—Stiffer and more satisfactory practice than has been engaged in for a week or more was held on University Field this afternoon, and the result of a scrimmage between the 'Varsity and scrubs brought a score of 19 to 0 in favor of the 'Varsity. The scrubs never threatened to score on account of 'Varsity's strong defense, and were forced to resort almost entirely to the kicking game on which Coach Roper insisted. Capt. Hart, Half Back Sparks, and Sam White, right end, made the touchdowns, and Ballou, quarter back, scored three points on a drop kick from the 25-yard line.

McLean, Ellsworth, and MacGregor appeared in the line-up, the former at guard and the others at tackle. McLean and Ellsworth have alternated between the 'Varsity and scrubs. MacGregor had typhoid fever this Summer, and has not been able to play heretofore. MacGregor was on the team last year and got in the Yale game.

Coach Roper is busily perfecting his formations and plays for the Lafayette game Saturday at Easton. Light scrimmage is promised for to-morrow and signal drill only on Friday.

Tie Score in West Point Practice.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST POINT, N. Y., Oct. 12.—In a long practice this afternoon the scrubs scored twice and played a tie game with the first team, each getting two touchdowns. Franke scored the 'Varsity's first, running 75 yards after gathering up a fumble. There was a great number of blocked kicks to-day, and the scrubs made both their tallies in that manner when the first team was trying to kick out of danger from the five-yard mark. A blocked kick also allowed Devore to fall on the ball across the scrubs' goal line. The first team was without the services of Hicks and Wood, and during the greater portion of the practice Hyatt and Surles were absent. Most of the playing was in the first team's territory, and the scrubs had three opportunities for a field goal from the twenty-five-yard mark, but Kern missed them by a small margin.

In former years West Point's big games have started at 3 o'clock, but Head Coach Nelly has arranged this year to begin at 2:45. The corps of cadets worked up considerable enthusiasm to-day and, led by the band, they sang the songs which have been composed especially for Saturday's game. Another innovation at this year's Yale game will be the elimination of all photographers, with the exception of two, who have been named by the football representatives.

Results of Football Games.

At Brunswick, Me.—Bowdoin, 14; Phillips-Exeter, 2.
At Cambridge—Phillips Andover Academy, 9; Harvard Second, 0.
At Poughkeepsie—Riverview Academy, 23; Peekskill Military Academy, 0.
At Garden City—St. Paul's School, 28; Trinity School, 0.
At Ossining—Mount Pleasant Academy, 37; Peekskill High School, 0.
At Sewanee, Tenn.—Sewanee, 95; Tennessee Military Institute, 0.
At Nashville, Tenn., Oct. 12—Vanderbilt, 14; Castle Heights, 0.

HARVARD TEAM A BEATEN.

Second String Men Show Best Form in Practice Game.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Oct. 12.—May be it was morning practice that affected the Harvard first string men in the football drill to-day, but any way the first string, or team A, was defeated by team B in a game consisting of a stiff scrimmage. Team B won by a score of 8 to 0, a touchdown with goal, and a safety. Team B, which virtually comprises the leading substitutes, outplayed the 'Varsity from the start. The latter not only showed up poorly, but this is the first time they have been scored on.

Potter of the B team took the ball through the line for a touchdown and Lewis converted it into a goal. Gardner of team A caught a punt close to his goal line and Lewis nailed him and threw him back for the safety. Lewis is coming up fast as an end. He is big and very fast. Also he is a crack baseball player and track man. He tried to drop-kick a couple of throws, but there was too much wind for accuracy.

The two teams were as follows:

Team A—Left end, Felton, Lewis; left tackle, McKay; left guard, Minot, Keays; centre, Perkins, P. Smith; right guard, Fisher; right tackle, Withington; right end, L. Smith; quarter back, Gardner; left half, Corbett, Morrison; right half, Graustein, Corbett; full back, Tryon.

Team B—Left end, Lewis, Felton; left tackle, Hann; left guard, Keays, Minot; centre, P. Smith, Huntington; right guard, Stow; right tackle, Parmenter, Jewett; right end, O'Flaherty, Amory, Hollister; quarterback, Potter; left half, Pierce, Graustein; right half, Wendell; full back, T. H. Frothingham.

Besides, Lewis, O'Flaherty, Potter, and Wendell of the B team were prominent by their good playing. O'Flaherty hurt two fingers in applying the straight arm while running with the ball. The scoring was all done before the changes were made in the teams. Therefore it was the original team B which made the paints and humbled the 'Varsity eleven.

While the Harvard regulars rested this afternoon the Harvard second team or scrubs had a battle of four eight-minute periods with Andover. The Andover lads, a husky lot, knew more football by a good deal than the Harvard seconds, and beat the latter by a score of 9 to 0. Andover was better in nearly every respect, in following the ball and punting especially. Mahan, the Andover punter, drove the leather for long distances either with or against the wind.

Rogers, the Andover Captain and centre made a goal from placement standing on the forty-five-yard line. Six more points were added by a touchdown. Rogers broke through so fast that the Harvard kicker missed the ball with his foot and Rogers grabbed it and ran thirty yards for a touchdown, also kicking the goal.

Cornell Now Taking a Brace.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Oct. 12.—The hard-working Cornell football team was sent into the third scrimmage of the week on Alumni Field this afternoon, the coaches making good their promise that the 'Varsity team would have all the work it needed. The scrimmage showed that the 'Varsity is in better form than a week ago, as it outplayed the second team in every branch of the game and scored three touchdowns. The scrimmage also served to work out new men as possibilities for places on the line. For instance, Blackwell, who has been one of the most promising "sub" tackles, was tried with good results at right end, in Pitcher's position. While lacking experience, he is big and strong, and showed well to-day. Zeller was used at right tackle, and he seems to be a favorite for Austin's place. The latter is still taking things easy. Evrich started at left end, but Teagle of last year's 'Varsity team, was out again, and played for a time. Dixey Smith started the game at quarter back, but soon gave way to Butler, who showed excellent form. Robb is not yet able to line up, and O'Connor again played left half back. Pitcher was on the field, but the coaches fear that he won't play again inside of ten days. Baker and Edgar are also on the injured list.

Early in the game Smith picked up a poor pass behind the 'Varsity's goal line and ran the length of the field for a touchdown, one of the prettiest runs of the year. Then Butler played quarter back, and by a clever forty-yard run gave Nichols and Simson a chance to take the ball over. Simson made the third touchdown.

Navy's "Backs" Show Up Strong.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Oct. 12.—Excellent work by the backs on both the first and second teams marked the football work at the Naval Academy this afternoon and the shifts on account of the unsatisfactory playing against Rutgers on Saturday, have made every member of the squad alive to the fact that no one is sure of being in the final line-up. Dalton left half, and Erwin, quarter back, were still on the scrub team to-day, but fighting hard to regain their lost positions. Dalton scored a touchdown against the first team, breaking through the line in dashing style and running twenty-five yards. Carey and Nichols, who played left half on the first team, made long gains. McReavey started at quarter back, but was succeeded by Shaw, who did the best work of his career, and scored the only touchdown of the afternoon. He made a number of gains, running from the quarter back position and both tackled and handled the team in excellent style.

Stiff Practice for N. Y. U. Team.

With only two more days before the Williams game the New York University football squad yesterday had its hardest drill of the season. Yule, Elliffe, and Capt. Galloway were not in the line-up. As a result the second team forced the 'Varsity to play their hardest at all times. Assistant Coach Reilly took charge of the second team, and by making several changes in the line-up it managed to carry the pigskin back of the 'Varsity's goal. For the second team Caruth at full back and Vanderwater at left tackle were the stars, while Murphy and Scott made big gains for the regulars. On several occasions Murphy executed the forward pass for long gains. Wheeler and Crawford displayed effective work at the end positions, receiving these passes. Henneberger and Schultz played a very good defense game on the line. The remainder of practice after scrimmage was devoted to punting and drop kicking.

FAST BRUSH ON SPEEDWAY.

Charles Weiland's Innerguard Wins Heat in 1:02¾ at Matinee.

Fast brushing marked the second Fall matinée of the Road Drivers' Association of New York yesterday on the lower Speedway drive. Charles Weiland's Innerguard, in Class A competition, trotted the first heat in 1:02¾. This is the fastest time covered by a trotter during the present series of matinées. Although Innerguard created the new trotting figure and captured the heat, it was not until he lost the second heat to Dr. Ives, driven by F. A. Campbell, that he was able to win the race. The failure of Innerguard, however, to take the event in straight heats was due to the throwing of a boot, and even with this handicap Mr. Weiland's trotter secured second position in this heat. The first and third heats proved easy victories for the former Grand Circuit trotter.

Thomas G. Hinds, driving Dr. Threet, which is owned by M. C. Reynolds, had a narrow escape from a serious accident in the Class B pace. In the second heat the bit broke and the horse bolted. Driver Hinds lost control of the horse, but held on to the reins. The two ends of the bit remained in the horse's mouth, but Mr. Hinds was unable to properly guide Dr. Threet. As the horse and driver passed the wire it was seen that Mr. Hinds was in trouble, and Mounted Policeman J. Sowarby galloped after the horse. After a chase extending a distance of nearly a half mile Sowarby succeeded in stopping it. The incident created considerable excitement among the spectators.

In Class A, for pacers, hostilities were again resumed between S. B. Wolf and Christopher Hackett. Four horses started in the event, but only Minnie Albert and Who Knows were the contenders, with the Wolf horse finally capturing two heats, while Who Knows came home first in the second heat.

Brother Milroy, a bay gelding, made its initial appearance in the matinées, and was piloted to victory by its owner, Lem Ketchem, in straight heats in Class B, for trotters.

Joseph Gibbons, driving L. Samuel's black gelding Chief, was successful in sending his charge under the wire first in straight heats in Class B, for pacers. The other events on the card were all well contested and furnished good sport.

Walter Camp Called Back to Yale.

SEATTLE, Wash., Oct. 12.—Walter Camp, football coach, who has been touring the West looking over various college teams on the Pacific Coast, left for New Haven last night, having received a telegram saying that his services are needed at once by Yale.

Other Sports on Page 9.

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BUSINESS BETTER IN WESTERN UNION

But Larger Expenses in the Year More Than Offset Great Increase in Earnings.

MORE COPPER WIRES USED

Dividend Kept at 3 Per Cent.—Facilities Extended and 500 New Offices Opened.

The annual report of the Western Union Telegraph Company made public yesterday shows gross earnings of $32,754,111 for the year ended June 30, and income from loans and investments amounting to $1,135,091. Total receipts represented an increase of $3,348,130 over the previous year, but this was offset by a greater increase in expenses, which amounted to $3,420,357, bringing the item of expenses and taxes up to $26,274,900. Net revenue for the year was $7,274,900, which compares with $7,347,107 in the previous year. Interest on bonds and dividends paid totaled $4,677,526, leaving a balance of $2,597,373 to be transferred to surplus. Last year the balance of surplus for the year was $2,875,421.

In his report to stockholders President Clowry referred to the financial audit of the company's business and the appraisement of property which, as told last week, reduced the company's surplus by $13,000,000. In this connection he said:

"The dividend has been continued at 3 per cent. because in the opinion of the Directors no change should be made in this rate until it is determined what, if any, further charges should be made on account of depreciation or reconstruction, and until such rearrangements and improvements in the property shall be made as will enable new, improved and extended facilities to be given to the public."

He called attention to the increase in the company's plant during the year, particularly to the extension of copper circuits, which increase the transmitting power and the permanent life of the whole plant.

Referring to the changes which have been made in the past year, the first since the company came under the domination of the American Telephone and Telegraph interests, President Clowry said:

> To meet the growing demands of the plant and traffic, the general superintendent of the first division, Belvidere Brooks, was appointed general manager, and the number of general divisions was increased from four to six. Greater authority has been given both to general and district superintendents, and many changes have been made which will increase the efficiency of the organization and promote the welfare of employes.
>
> December 15, 1909, a contract was made between this company and the American Telephone and Telegraph Company providing for the joint use of plant and operating facilities, which will, when fully worked out, add greatly to the efficiency of the service and economical operation of both companies. It has not in the past been possible for this company to keep a large proportion of its offices open both day and night, Sundays and holidays, but under arrangements which are now in operation in some sections of the country, and which will soon extend to all, it is expected that we will be able to maintain continuous telegraph and cable service twenty-four hours a day and every day in the year.
>
> Perhaps the most interesting, if not the most important, event of the year was the introduction of the "Night Letter." The response of the public to this new service has been most gratifying, and it is manifesting itself not only in a large increase in our gross receipts, but also in a generous recognition of the fact that we are striving to improve, extend, and popularize our service in every way.

The company now has 24,825 offices, an increase of 500 during the year; 214,517 miles of poles and cables, against 211,518 last year, and 1,429,049 miles of wire, against 1,382,500 last year. Of the wire lines, 530,517 miles are now of copper.

IRON AND STEEL NOTES.

Encouragment Found in Approach of "Irreducible Minimum of Demand."

Commenting on the general situation in the steel trade, The Iron Age finds encouragement in the indications that the "irreducible minimum" of consumption has been reached. To-day's issue says:

> Noteworthy evenness has been shown for some time in the daily rate of new business coming to the steel mills, with indications in some quarters that the repair of ragged stocks is responsible for the urgency of the call for shipments. This condition has encouraged producers, who interpret it to signify the approach of the irreducible minimum of demand which has so often been followed by improvement.
>
> The United States Steel Corporation's statement of unfilled orders on hand Sept. 30, showing 379,000 tons less than on Aug. 31, was in line with expectations. This month's new orders have been very close to the rate of September, the lighter lines making up for the falling off in the heavier products and the export trade representing about 25 per cent. of the new business.
>
> Reports from the leading pig iron markets show varying activity, but all agree that the impulse to general buying is still lacking. It is plain that some important buyers of finished material are counting on further reductions in price.
>
> The cotton tie demand for this year is estimated at 2,500,000 bundles. For October shipment the market is 77 cents per bundle.
>
> Structural works find a lessening supply of large work in sight. Most of them can run into the Winter on present contracts, but the withholding of railroad bridge work is causing some uneasiness.

The Iron Trade Review says:

> The dissolution of the syndicate of six leading consumers of steel scrap in the East, quickly following a hint from the Government that the associated plan of buying pursued was considered illegal, is interesting as illustrating the quiet but firm stand of Federal authorities at present, and also the willingness of leading manufacturers of the iron world to carry out both the letter and spirit of the anti-trust law. For the most part, the pig iron market shows little life. The finished market shows little if any expansion, and new business is still much below shipments by the mills.

Mellen Heads Boston & Maine.

BOSTON, Oct. 12.—Charles S. Mellen, President of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, was elected to-day President of the Boston & Maine Railroad at the Directors' meeting here, following the annual meeting of the stockholders held in Lawrence. Mr. Mellen has been Acting President of the Boston & Maine since the recent resignation of President Lucius Tuttle. Ex-President Tuttle was elected Chairman of the Board of Directors, a new office. E. A. Ryder was elected clerk of the corporation and H. E. Fisher was re-elected Treasurer.

Southern Railway Prospers.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 12.—A gain of $1,921,663 in net revenues for the fiscal year ending June 30 is shown by the sixteenth annual report of the Southern Railway.

The operating income is $16,698,020, a gain of $1,858,631 for the year. The report shows that 355 new industrial plants were constructed during the year along the lines of the company, with seventy-two more in course of construction.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Allis Chalmers Company for annual meeting.
American Light and Traction Company for dividend on common and preferred.
Northern Pacific Railway for dividend.

ANNUAL MEETINGS.

Breece Mining Company.
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway.
Cruikshank Company.
Great Northern Railway.
Norfolk & Western Railway.
Pacific Coast Company.
Wells Fargo Express Company.

COLORADO MINING STOCKS.

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Oct. 12.—Following were the closing quotations on the local Exchange to-day:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	9¾	11	Jackpot	10	10½
Elkton	75	75½	McKinney	51	54
El Paso	84½	85½	Old Gold	..	5
Findlay	7½	10	Portland	110	120
Gold Dollar	14	15	Vindicator	94	97½
Isabella	19	19½	Jen. Samp.	10½	10¾

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

Happenings of a Day in London, Paris, and Berlin.

LONDON, Oct. 12.—Money and discount rates were quiet to-day.

Traders on the Stock Exchange were busy with the settlement. Carry-over rates were stiffer, with Americans quoted at 4 per cent.

Business for the new account was quiet. The French railroad strike weakened foreigners and Kaffirs, and rubber shares and consols were easy, but investors supported home rails.

American securities closed steady, and from ⅛ to ⅝ over parity after a small day's business.

Bar silver quiet, 25¼d per ounce.

Money, 1½@2 per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 3⅝ per cent.; for three months' bills 3⅝ per cent.

Gold premiums are quoted as follows: At Madrid, 7.05; at Lisbon, 7.

PARIS, Oct. 12.—The railroad strike depressed prices on the Bourse to-day.

Three per cent. rentes 96f 67½c for the account.

Exchange on London 25f 22½c for checks.

BERLIN, Oct. 12.—Domestic securities improved, but Americans were lower on the Boerse to-day.

Exchange on London 20 marks 45½ pfennigs for checks.

Money 3½ per cent.

Private discount rate 4 per cent.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close. Tuesday.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	80 3-16	..	..	— ⅛
Consols, account	80 5-16	..	..	— ⅛
Amal. Copper	69½	67⅝	67¼	+ ⅜
Anaconda	8½	41⅝	41	+ ⅝
Atchison	105	102⅛	101⅝	+ ½
Atchison pf	103⅛	100⅜	100⅛	+ ¼
Balt. & Ohio	111	107⅞	107⅝	+ ¼
Can. Pacific	200⅛	194⅞	195	— ⅛
Ches. & Ohio	84⅛	81⅞	81¼	+ ⅝
Cin., Gt. W.	24⅛	23⅞	24	— ⅛
C., M. & St. P.	127½	124	123⅝	+ ⅜
Denver & R. G.	34	33	33	..
Den. & R. G. pf	76¼	74⅛	73⅞	+ ¼
Erie	29⅝	28⅝	28⅛	+ ¼
Erie 1st pf	48½	47¼	47⅜	— ⅛
Erie 2d pf	37¾	36⅝	37	— ⅜
Ill. Central	137	133⅛	133½	— ⅜
Louis. & Nash	151	146⅞	147	— ⅛
Mo., Kan. & T.	36¼	35¼	34¾	+ ½
N. Y. Central	117⅝	114¼	114	+ ¼
Norfolk & West	101¼	98⅜	98⅝	— ¼
Pennsylvania	67⅛	130½	130¾	— ¼
Reading	76⅛	148¼	147⅞	+ ⅜
Southern Ry.	25⅝	25	24⅞	+ ⅛
Southern Ry. pf	58½	56⅞	56½	+ ⅜
Southern Pacific	120	116⅝	116¼	+ ⅜
Union Pacific	174⅛	169⅞	169¼	+ ⅝
Union Pacific pf	95	92⅝	92	+ ⅝
U. S. Steel	74	71⅞	71⅜	+ ½
U. S. Steel pf	122¼	118⅞	118¾	+ ⅛
Wabash	17⅝	17⅛	17⅛	..
Wabash pf	39	37⅞	38	— ⅛

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.—The Consular and Trade Report will note the following trade opportunities abroad. Further information regarding these may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of the Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the number of item referred to:

5615. INQUIRIES FOR AMERICAN GOODS.—An American Consular officer in a European country reports that he has received inquiries from a number of firms in his district in response to a special letter addressed to such houses in reference to catalogues and price lists of American firms manufacturing or handling machinery and other goods in their particular lines. The list of inquirers desiring such catalogues and information, whose names and addresses are on file in the Bureau of Manufactures, is as follows: (1) Wood working machinery. (2) Lumber and woods, oak, pitch pine, etc. (3) Household cleaning machinery. (4) Optical goods. (5) Knitting, sewing, washing, etc. (6) Machinery for manufacture of fodder, feeds and fertilizers. (7) Household goods, ice cream freezers, carpet sweepers, wringers, etc. (8) Organ manufacture, calfskins, glue, red and white wood, especially for organ cases. (9) Drugs and chemicals; desires representative for veterinary specialties. (10) Fruits, bread, and tropic apples, (dried, refined, quartered and evaporated,) plums, apricots, etc. (11) Corn products; maizena, mondamin, etc., also dried fruits. (12) Wall paper; borders, strips, etc. (13) Colors, inks, pastes, mucilage, etc. (14) Heating and cooking apparatus. (15) Leather. (16) Leather for technical purposes. (17) Leather manufactures: fine grips, traveling bags, etc. (18) Paper boxes. (19) Rubber goods, hot water bottles, etc. (20) Haberdashery. (21) Refrigerating and drying machinery for storage plants, cars and household. (22) Phonograph record machinery. (23) Corsets. (24) Chemical industry. (25) Rubber manufacture. (26) Brewing and bottling machinery. (27) Beds. (28) Carpets, upholstery, curtains, table covers and linoleum. (29) Awnings, window and porch blinds. (30) Farm implements. (31) Electric lighting and power plants for country. (32) Dry goods. (33) Furs. (34) Drugs and chemicals, catalogues and price lists of specialties wanted. (35) Novelties in household decorative art goods and fancy cut glassware. (36) Drugs, (specialties,) senegae, hydrastis, petroleum, etc. (37) Laundry machinery, steam. (38) Fats, oleomargarine, neutral lard, cotton seed oil, lard, etc. (39) Piano and organ manufacture, machinery for the manufacture of. (40) Toilet and drug specialties. (41) Railroad building, street car installations, special iron working machinery. (42) Dried fruits and lard.

The Treasury Statement.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday as follows:

	Oct. 11.	Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs	$856,247	$5,750,853	$90,639,606
Int. revenue	1,078,675	8,979,144	81,236,506
Corp. tax	291	9,555	33,703
Miscellaneous	44,011	929,158	10,329,677
Total receipts	1,979,225	18,668,710	182,239,495
Expenditures	2,660,913	20,221,956	199,701,459
Surplus	*681,688	*1,555,245	*11,261,963

*Deficit.

Henry Clews & Co.
BANKERS,
11, 13, 15, 17, AND 19 BROAD ST.
MEMBERS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE.
STOCKS and BONDS bought and sold for investors or carried on liberal terms.
Banking accounts received subject to check at sight. Interest paid on daily balances.
INVESTMENT SECURITIES.
LETTERS OF CREDIT
Issued Available the World Over.

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

GILMAN & CLUCAS

Dealers in High Grade Investment Bonds

1st Natl. Bank Bldg. New Haven, Ct. — 34 Pine Street New York

Cities Service Co.
AND
All Good Public Utility Securities

Williams, McConnell & Coleman
Bonds Stocks
60 WALL ST. 'PHONE 5621 JOHN, N. Y.

Richmond-Washington Coll. 4s
Minneapolis & St. Louis Notes, 1911
Mason City & Ft. Dodge 4s
Western Pacific 5s

Werner Bros. & Goldschmidt
Tel. 4800-5 Broad 25 BROAD ST.

OTIS ELEV. CO. COM. & PFD.
POPE MAN'F'G COM. & PFD.
SEN-SEN CHICLET CO.
Bought, Sold, and Quoted.
WEED and GWYNNE,
7807-8 Hanover. 35 Wall St., N. Y. City.

J. Thomas Reinhardt
SPECIAL LETTERS
CURB STOCKS
Best facilities for executing orders
38 Broad St., N. Y.
54 Devonshire St., Boston. Private Wires.
MARGIN ACCOUNTS SOLICITED.

Lawyers Title Insurance & Trust Company

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $9,500,000

$5,000,000 added to surplus in last 18 years

160 Broadway, New York — 188 Montague St., Brooklyn

RECEIVES DEPOSITS subject to check or on certificate, allowing interest thereon. Depository for moneys paid into Court and for money of bankrupt estates.

LENDS ON APPROVED STOCKS and Corporation Bonds as Collateral.

ACTS AS TRUSTEE, Guardian, Executor, Administrator, Assignee, or Receiver, Transfer Agent or Registrar of Stocks of Corporations. Takes Charge of Personal Securities.

OFFICERS:

EDWIN W. COGGESHALL, President and General Manager.
LOUIS V. BRIGHT, THORWALD STALLKNECHT, Vice-Presidents.
ARCHIBALD FORBES, Treasurer.
WALTER N. VAIL, Secretary.
DAVID B. OGDEN, Counsel.
HERBERT E. JACKSON, Comptroller.
LEWIS H. LOSEE, Asst. Genl. Manager.
U. CONDIT VARICK, ROBERT I. SMYTH, Asst. Treasurers.
GEORGE A. FLEURY, FREDERICK D. REED, Asst. Secretaries.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

EDWIN W. COGGESHALL, Chairman.
GEORGE F. BUTTERWORTH, HENRY GOLDMAN, HENRY MORGENTHAU
WILLIAM P. DIXON, PHILIP LEHMAN, JAMES N. WALLACE
JULIAN D. FAIRCHILD, JOHN T. LOCKMAN, ALBERT H. WIGGIN

The U.S. Census of 1910 shows the population of New York City to be

4,766,883

the second largest city in the world, and at the present rate of growth the largest city in the world in about twenty-five years.

The GUARANTEED MORTGAGES of the Lawyers Mortgage Company based on New York City real estate are the safest investment in the world.

LAWYERS MORTGAGE COMPANY
RICHARD M. HURD, President
CAPITAL & SURPLUS - $6,000,000
59 Liberty St., New York.

OCT. 11, 1910

At the close of this business day we were prepared to "trade" in the following Securities and at the prices named:

Our Bid.	Our Asked.	
220	225	American Chicle Common
97	100	Babcock & Wilcox
20	..	International Traction Com.
..	66¼	International Trac. 4s, (Rects.)
100⅜	101¼	Niagara Falls Power 1st 5s, 1932
103½	104¼	Niagara Falls Power Ref. 6s, 1932
94	..	Portland Ry., Lt. & Pow. Pfd.
96	97½	Tri-City Ry. & Lt. 5s, 1923.
50	55	Union Typewriter Com.
1⅞	2	U. S. Light & Heating Com.
7⅜	8	U. S. Light & Heating Pfd.

SLATTERY & CO.
40 Exchange Pl., N. Y.
Tel. Broad 4102 & 3629.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

N. W. HARRIS & CO
BANKERS
Pine Street, Corner William
NEW YORK

FOR SALE

50	American Caramel Com.
25	Amer. Coal Products
100	New York & Harlem
15	Sen-Sen Chiclet
49	Thompson-Starrett Com.
50	U. S. Motor Pfd.
95	U. S. Motor Com.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
Phones 7460 to 7464 Hanover. 33 Wall St., N. Y.

Schmidt & Gallatin
Members of the N. Y. Stock Exchange
111 BROADWAY NEW YORK

H. M. BYLLESBY & CO.
ENGINEERS
EXAMINATIONS AND REPORTS
218 LA SALLE STREET
CHICAGO
Portland, Ore. Oklahoma City, Okla. Mobile, Ala.

L. B. WILSON. D. M. FERGUSON.
L. B. WILSON & CO.
Members Consolidated Stock Exchange of N. Y.
60 Wall St., N. Y.
Since 1902 we have been handling FRACTIONAL LOTS for cash or on conservative margin, with the same personal attention and quick service as 100 share orders.

Trowbridge & Co.
BANKERS
NEW YORK and NEW HAVEN

Wm. A. Read & Co.
25 Nassau Street,
NEW YORK.
BOSTON CHICAGO BALTIMORE

Chicago First Mortgages
in amounts from $10,000 to $200,000, netting from 4½ to 5½ per cent. Descriptive circulars on request.
Peabody, Houghteling & Co.
(Established 1865) 181 La Salle St., Chicago

Potter, Choate & Prentice
Members New York Stock Exchange
55 WALL ST. NEW YORK

CITY BONDS
Yield 4—4⅜%
Legal for New York Savings Banks.
E. H. ROLLINS & SONS
43 Exchange Place, New York
Boston Chicago Denver San Francisco

WANTED
United Bank Note Corporation
COMMON STOCK
Dominick & Dominick
115 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Ability of Railroads
TO PAY WAGE INCREASES.
Special Letter discussing the railroad position as regards wages and freight rates. A few copies reserved for free distribution.
THOMAS GIBSON,
Corn Exchange Bank Bldg., New York.

New York & Westchester Light 4s, 2004
Florida East Coast 1st 4½s, 1959
Fonda, Johns. & Gloversville 4½s, 1952
Kansas & Colo. Pac. 6s, 1938
WOLFF & STANLEY,
27 William St., N. Y. 6557-8-9 Broad.

Baltimore & Ohio Pr. Lien 3½%, 1925
Jamestown, Franklin & Clearfield 4%, 1959
Terre Haute, Indianapolis & East Trac. 5%
United States Realty & Improve. 5%, 1924
Penington, Colket & Co.
Members N. Y. & Phila. Stock Exchanges,
115 BROADWAY.
TELEPHONE Cortlandt 1154-5.

Guaranty Trust Co.
OF NEW YORK
28 Nassau Street New York.
Fifth Ave. Branch, 5th Ave. & 43d St., N. Y.
London Branch, 33 Lombard Street, E. C.
Capital.................. $5,000,000
Surplus.................. 18,000,000

Wanted

$3,000	American Malting Co. 6s
100	Atlas Portland Cement Com.
$10,000	Buffalo & Susquehanna R. R. 4s
$5,000	Denver Gas & Electric 5s
20	Fidelity-Phenix Insurance
$10,000	Fort Smith Light & Trac. Co. 5s
50	Herring-Hall-Marvin Safe
$5,000	Kingston Gas & Electric 5s
$5,000	New Orleans Great Northern 5s
$5,000	New York & Cuba Mail S. S. 5s
10	Realty Associates
50	St. Louis, Rocky Mt. & Pacific Pfd.
50	Twin City Rapid Transit Pfd.
100	Union Typewriter Com.

For Sale

25	Alliance Realty
$5,000	Brooklyn Ferry Co. 5% Ctfs
$10,000	Consolidation Coal Rfdg. 4½s
10	Farmers' Loan & Trust
$5,000	Hudson Navigation Co. 6s
$10,000	Kansas City Viaduct & Terminal 4½s
100	Lackawanna Steel
$5,000	New Jersey & Hudson River Ferry 4s
30	Northeastern Agency
$7,000	Public Service Corp., New Jersey 5s
25	Rosehill Cemetery
10	Storm King Stone Pfd.
$10,000	Toledo Traction Co. 6s
20	Wells Fargo Express

Gilbert Eliott & Co.
34 Pine Street. 'Phone, 854-7 John.

Pere Marquette Ref. 4s, 1955
Toledo Terminal 4½s, 1957
Kas. City, Ft. Scott & Mem. 4s, 1936
Wiscon., Minn. & Pacific 4s, 1950
E. BUNGE & CO.
20 BROAD STREET. 'Phone 4735-4736 Rector.

SIMON BORG & CO
BANKERS,
No. 20 Nassau St., New York
INVESTMENT SECURITIES

Chicago & Northwestern Underlying Issues
Blake & Reeves
34 Pine Street BANKERS New York

NOTICE TO BONDHOLDERS. TERRITORY OF HAWAII FIRE CLAIMS BONDS.

All holders of bonds of the Territory of Hawaii, issued under authority of An Act of Congress of the United States of America entitled "An Act to Pay in Part Judgment Rendered Under an Act of the Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Hawaii for Property Destroyed in Suppressing the Bubonic Plague in said Territory in Eighteen Hundred and Ninety-nine and Nineteen Hundred, and Authorizing the Territory of Hawaii to Issue Bonds for the Payment of the Remaining Claims," approved January 26, 1903, are hereby notified in accordance with the option reserved that the principal of Bonds numbered 81 to 130, both inclusive, amounting to Fifty Thousand ($50,000) Dollars and accrued interest to November 1, 1910, on said bonds numbered from 81 to 130, both numbers inclusive, will be paid upon presentation at Wells Fargo & Co.'s Bank in the City and State of New York, on the next interest due date; and that interest will cease on November 1, 1910, on all bonds hereby called in for payment.

D. L. CONKLING,
Treasurer, Territory of Hawaii.
Treasurer's Office, Territory of Hawaii,
Honolulu, August 27, 1910.

DIVIDENDS.

BROADWAY TRUST COMPANY.
Broadway and Eighth Street.
New York, October 11th, 1910.

The Board of Directors of this company has this day declared a quarterly dividend of One and One-Half Per Cent., payable November 1st, 1910.

Transfer books will close at 3 P. M. October 21st, 1910, and reopen at 10 A. M. November 1st, 1910.

JOHN W. H. BERGEN, Secretary.

American Zinc, Lead & Smelting Co

The Directors of the American Zinc, Lead and Smelting Company have declared a dividend of fifty cents (50c.) per share, payable October 15th, 1910, to stockholders of record at the close of business October 1, 1910.

S. E. FARWELL, Treasurer.

J. G. White & Company, Incorporated,
ENGINEERS, CONTRACTORS,
43-49 Exchange Place, New York, N. Y.

The regular quarterly dividend (30th quarter) of One and One-half Per Cent. has been declared on the preferred stock of this Company, payable November 1st, 1910, to stockholders of record October 20th, 1910.

H. S. COLLETTE, Secretary.

New York Produce Exchange Bank.
Oct. 5th, 1910.
51st Consecutive Dividend.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors held this day a dividend of 4% was declared payable Oct. 15th to Stockholders of record at the close of business October 8th.

JOHN R. WOOD, Cashier.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

New York, Oct. 10, 1910.

Owing to the death of GEO. I. MALCOM the firm of MALCOM & COOMBE is this day dissolved.

The business of the late firm will be continued at the same address by the surviving partners. MALCOM & COOMBE.

New York, Oct. 10, 1910.

The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the firm name of T. G. COOMBE & CO., with offices at 100 Broadway, New York City, for the transaction of a general brokerage business.

T. G. COOMBE.
H. B. COOMBE.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

JAHL & KOENIG.—NOTICE IS HEREBY given that the partnership heretofore existing between RICHARD H. JAHL and SIGMOND H. KOENIG, importers and dealers in novelty trimmings and robes under the above firm name and style at Nos. 28-30 West 22d Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, has been dissolved this day. The assets have been acquired by SIGMOND H. KOENIG, who will continue the business under the name and style of "S. H. KOENIG," and Mr. KOENIG has assumed the debts of the old firm.

New York, October 11, 1910.

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT THE CHELSEA ADVERTISING AGENCY of 54 West 18th St., N. Y. City, is entirely under my control. Mr. Pachman, my partner, has withdrawn from this firm as of October 12, 1910.

M. HARTSTEIN, 54 West 18th St.

PENNSYLVANIA COMPANY 3½% GOLD LOAN OF 1901, MATURING NOVEMBER 1, 1916

Notice of Certificates Drawn for Payment November 1st, 1910

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the terms of the agreement dated November 1, 1901, between the Pennsylvania Company, The Pennsylvania Railroad Company and Girard Trust Company, Trustee, one thousand three hundred and thirty-four certificates were this day drawn for redemption on November 1, 1910, at par, in accordance with article four of said agreement.

The certificates drawn, numbered as below, should be presented for payment at the office of Girard Trust Company, Trustee, Broad and Chestnut Streets, Philadelphia, Pa., on or after November 1, 1910, with all unmatured coupons attached. Interest will cease on the said certificates November 1, 1910.

1	2,306	4,082	6,142	8,223	10,246	11,974	13,747	15,980	18,005
29	2,351	4,086	6,175	8,237	10,250	11,977	13,758	15,985	18,040
42	2,364	4,099	6,179	8,245	10,257	11,985	13,778	15,996	18,041
60	2,379	4,110	6,186	8,254	10,261	11,986	13,805	16,036	18,052
79	2,429	4,112	6,189	8,266	10,278	12,067	13,818	16,042	18,072
87	2,451	4,124	6,217	8,276	10,289	12,070	13,834	16,091	18,074
105	2,458	4,129	6,222	8,300	10,300	12,078	13,839	16,103	18,088
129	2,474	4,157	6,228	8,325	10,301	12,083	13,856	16,116	18,130
176	2,493	4,182	6,235	8,333	10,309	12,086	13,862	16,152	18,137
193	2,524	4,184	6,281	8,344	10,325	12,096	13,878	16,170	18,143
208	2,528	4,185	6,284	8,362	10,330	12,121	13,879	16,176	18,146
257	2,542	4,198	6,308	8,382	10,333	12,140	13,925	16,191	18,175
269	2,543	4,200	6,317	8,398	10,337	12,144	13,958	16,210	18,184
276	2,550	4,205	6,320	8,477	10,341	12,158	13,967	16,234	18,187
288	2,555	4,220	6,345	8,481	10,343	12,177	13,975	16,272	18,191
307	2,562	4,233	6,357	8,520	10,368	12,186	14,008	16,277	18,192
345	2,602	4,237	6,368	8,533	10,386	12,196	14,022	16,286	18,207
350	2,622	4,249	6,400	8,557	10,390	12,251	14,028	16,290	18,236
360	2,625	4,250	6,421	8,566	10,405	12,252	14,046	16,328	18,255
372	2,626	4,264	6,425	8,567	10,418	12,268	14,058	16,332	18,265
382	2,655	4,268	6,426	8,574	10,446	12,293	14,065	16,344	18,282
406	2,670	4,280	6,428	8,578	10,448	12,307	14,068	16,351	18,293
427	2,713	4,285	6,431	8,579	10,479	12,312	14,081	16,359	18,294
431	2,718	4,299	6,435	8,580	10,485	12,327	14,099	16,367	18,301
434	2,720	4,351	6,443	8,597	10,525	12,333	14,105	16,381	18,345
447	2,729	4,399	6,454	8,600	10,528	12,340	14,164	16,407	18,375
486	2,730	4,404	6,472	8,635	10,553	12,349	14,227	16,408	18,415
508	2,736	4,419	6,505	8,643	10,557	12,350	14,244	16,430	18,432
522	2,785	4,434	6,509	8,679	10,565	12,358	14,274	16,439	18,446
526	2,802	4,491	6,518	8,728	10,616	12,368	14,306	16,477	18,453
545	2,820	4,512	6,551	8,744	10,620	12,379	14,313	16,478	18,510
579	2,821	4,516	6,555	8,749	10,631	12,380	14,334	16,490	18,520
591	2,830	4,536	6,575	8,754	10,641	12,387	14,362	16,502	18,534
606	2,849	4,564	6,583	8,804	10,644	12,390	14,364	16,521	18,557
652	2,856	4,574	6,611	8,811	10,659	12,418	14,366	16,556	18,571
695	2,857	4,595	6,622	8,827	10,661	12,420	14,379	16,562	18,614
723	2,869	4,603	6,670	8,857	10,706	12,425	14,386	16,588	18,674
728	2,889	4,623	6,684	8,858	10,726	12,427	14,393	16,605	18,683
749	2,891	4,640	6,710	8,879	10,735	12,431	14,402	16,617	18,688
826	2,908	4,649	6,723	8,891	10,743	12,442	14,415	16,646	18,706
851	2,917	4,650	6,725	8,916	10,745	12,448	14,421	16,656	18,714
869	2,922	4,670	6,737	8,947	10,750	12,459	14,441	16,661	18,726
870	2,943	4,679	6,746	8,963	10,769	12,463	14,456	16,673	18,737
953	2,961	4,696	6,758	8,982	10,772	12,466	14,465	16,735	18,761
958	2,984	4,705	6,763	8,986	10,778	12,469	14,468	16,755	18,769
967	2,987	4,724	6,769	9,001	10,821	12,490	14,490	16,764	18,773
977	2,990	4,726	6,780	9,022	10,864	12,515	14,506	16,766	18,801
999	3,004	4,752	6,814	9,049	10,868	12,528	14,507	16,776	18,814
1,025	3,013	4,780	6,820	9,065	10,884	12,542	14,520	16,785	18,825
1,032	3,019	4,781	6,861	9,077	10,889	12,621	14,543	16,819	18,852
1,082	3,022	4,794	6,877	9,109	10,896	12,623	14,548	16,823	18,860
1,106	3,032	4,795	6,915	9,110	10,897	12,630	14,586	16,839	18,862
1,115	3,036	4,808	6,955	9,114	10,913	12,637	14,641	16,841	18,869
1,136	3,096	4,830	7,005	9,130	10,924	12,639	14,666	16,903	18,870
1,140	3,101	4,838	7,030	9,161	10,941	12,669	14,670	16,913	18,873
1,162	3,107	4,843	7,050	9,162	10,951	12,675	14,676	16,919	18,879
1,182	3,113	4,864	7,060	9,168	10,994	12,694	14,700	16,920	18,881
1,184	3,142	4,876	7,068	9,189	10,996	12,735	14,708	16,930	18,915
1,186	3,166	4,878	7,078	9,197	11,026	12,740	14,711	16,933	18,918
1,190	3,195	4,883	7,082	9,211	11,069	12,750	14,759	16,934	18,958
1,191	3,202	4,884	7,086	9,214	11,074	12,751	14,766	16,959	18,968
1,193	3,212	4,946	7,098	9,230	11,086	12,753	14,783	16,978	18,987
1,203	3,218	4,947	7,100	9,231	11,120	12,769	14,796	16,991	18,988
1,212	3,224	4,950	7,122	9,266	11,128	12,771	14,798	17,000	19,010
1,213	3,227	4,959	7,143	9,281	11,141	12,786	14,819	17,009	19,030
1,225	3,232	4,979	7,150	9,286	11,145	12,808	14,843	17,026	19,035
1,245	3,247	5,005	7,151	9,289	11,163	12,822	14,848	17,030	19,046
1,249	3,265	5,006	7,157	9,292	11,178	12,826	14,856	17,078	19,050
1,259	3,266	5,015	7,170	9,308	11,196	12,837	14,868	17,093	19,139
1,274	3,267	5,060	7,175	9,365	11,208	12,838	14,895	17,099	19,147
1,280	3,269	5,074	7,177	9,374	11,215	12,864	14,899	17,118	19,152
1,289	3,270	5,098	7,190	9,377	11,220	12,877	14,908	17,147	19,158
1,290	3,275	5,122	7,237	9,412	11,223	12,901	14,951	17,153	19,159
1,350	3,278	5,126	7,272	9,420	11,262	12,904	14,965	17,170	19,193
1,355	3,312	5,139	7,277	9,432	11,271	12,917	14,966	17,179	19,195
1,417	3,320	5,144	7,302	9,438	11,272	12,918	14,975	17,183	19,202
1,421	3,336	5,229	7,326	9,444	11,286	12,920	15,007	17,185	19,207
1,454	3,357	5,254	7,328	9,460	11,305	12,928	15,012	17,189	19,234
1,469	3,369	5,259	7,345	9,465	11,312	12,935	15,054	17,214	19,240
1,497	3,374	5,263	7,385	9,479	11,316	12,961	15,098	17,219	19,250
1,507	3,378	5,272	7,393	9,505	11,331	12,974	15,148	17,223	19,253
1,511	3,396	5,295	7,405	9,523	11,339	12,980	15,171	17,228	19,255
1,512	3,408	5,299	7,423	9,555	11,372	13,015	15,191	17,232	19,273
1,528	3,416	5,302	7,426	9,569	11,376	13,026	15,200	17,254	19,321
1,541	3,417	5,312	7,429	9,570	11,386	13,063	15,204	17,257	19,336
1,550	3,425	5,326	7,435	9,573	11,409	13,078	15,261	17,265	19,344
1,577	3,426	5,343	7,444	9,582	11,412	13,100	15,278	17,288	19,346
1,597	3,441	5,347	7,459	9,587	11,415	13,106	15,299	17,301	19,360
1,599	3,443	5,368	7,473	9,595	11,421	13,120	15,329	17,315	19,367
1,600	3,473	5,388	7,510	9,602	11,425	13,140	15,354	17,333	19,381
1,636	3,475	5,397	7,520	9,604	11,434	13,164	15,375	17,335	19,382
1,659	3,507	5,436	7,532	9,612	11,437	13,218	15,419	17,342	19,414
1,688	3,511	5,449	7,544	9,622	11,444	13,223	15,443	17,359	19,420
1,697	3,520	5,452	7,555	9,641	11,446	13,232	15,450	17,366	19,441
1,719	3,522	5,472	7,560	9,645	11,478	13,237	15,472	17,390	19,470
1,727	3,528	5,495	7,568	9,666	11,498	13,240	15,494	17,402	19,474
1,738	3,557	5,506	7,592	9,669	11,502	13,241	15,519	17,407	19,485
1,748	3,571	5,518	7,594	9,674	11,521	13,244	15,526	17,419	19,496
1,766	3,624	5,538	7,604	9,728	11,539	13,265	15,549	17,473	19,499
1,768	3,635	5,550	7,621	9,757	11,549	13,267	15,551	17,475	19,506
1,776	3,644	5,560	7,655	9,758	11,551	13,280	15,564	17,484	19,514
1,830	3,646	5,568	7,705	9,763	11,557	13,286	15,585	17,538	19,516
1,834	3,650	5,572	7,718	9,792	11,570	13,310	15,615	17,574	19,537
1,836	3,685	5,591	7,726	9,800	11,590	13,332	15,646	17,607	19,598
1,846	3,697	5,659	7,730	9,812	11,618	13,339	15,653	17,627	19,611
1,859	3,708	5,675	7,733	9,821	11,640	13,366	15,663	17,646	19,624
1,861	3,718	5,714	7,736	9,825	11,649	13,372	15,665	17,651	19,657
1,870	3,739	5,777	7,766	9,827	11,657	13,383	15,721	17,656	19,671
1,876	3,750	5,786	7,771	9,836	11,660	13,386	15,725	17,668	19,703
1,902	3,756	5,791	7,778	9,852	11,662	13,395	15,728	17,677	19,715
1,940	3,767	5,797	7,794	9,859	11,663	13,400	15,734	17,691	19,725
1,948	3,769	5,804	7,802	9,861	11,664	13,454	15,738	17,694	19,748
1,966	3,823	5,836	7,883	9,881	11,680	13,462	15,747	17,698	19,785
1,979	3,834	5,845	7,889	9,882	11,684	13,468	15,777	17,707	19,793
1,999	3,846	5,858	7,924	9,886	11,688	13,470	15,780	17,713	19,820
2,038	3,847	5,861	7,928	9,889	11,708	13,474	15,789	17,734	19,840
2,042	3,862	5,867	7,973	9,935	11,722	13,484	15,791	17,746	19,846
2,064	3,868	5,877	7,977	9,972	11,723	13,485	15,798	17,753	19,847
2,109	3,893	5,893	8,008	9,980	11,741	13,486	15,811	17,755	19,852
2,118	3,899	5,956	8,032	10,052	11,757	13,488	15,814	17,756	19,867
2,122	3,906	5,961	8,036	10,053	11,762	13,491	15,833	17,769	19,884
2,124	3,926	5,985	8,042	10,078	11,763	13,508	15,834	17,798	19,896
2,135	3,941	5,989	8,063	10,100	11,774	13,525	15,840	17,834	19,944
2,136	3,956	6,055	8,111	10,107	11,800	13,536	15,846	17,845	19,959
2,159	3,988	6,066	8,113	10,142	11,852	13,582	15,882	17,854	19,965
2,162	3,996	6,079	8,126	10,144	11,862	13,586	15,898	17,867	19,975
2,213	3,998	6,085	8,149	10,145	11,867	13,594	15,899	17,869	19,978
2,227	3,999	6,087	8,152	10,150	11,868	13,633	15,911	17,884	19,995
2,231	4,010	6,088	8,156	10,167	11,889	13,636	15,924	17,893	....
2,243	4,024	6,092	8,160	10,197	11,892	13,687	15,929	17,911	....
2,257	4,025	6,093	8,170	10,227	11,919	13,691	15,930	17,940	....
2,265	4,041	6,115	8,198	10,229	11,924	13,704	15,944	17,961	....
2,290	4,055	6,124	8,205	10,233	11,960	13,727	15,965	17,967	....
2,296	4,073	6,132	8,211	10,244	11,972	13,732	15,968	17,987	....

Notice is also given of the following numbered certificates heretofore called and remaining unpaid at this date.

Called for November 1, 1906. No. 5920.
Called for November 1, 1907. No. 5922, 16744.
Called for November 1, 1908. No. 5919.
Called for November 1, 1909. No. 7585, 7990, 8415, 11477, 14453, 14611, 15300.

GIRARD TRUST CO., Trustee

Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 16, 1910.
J. C. RHOADS, Treasurer

Dallas Electric Corporation

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, as Trustee under Deed of Trust dated January 1, 1902, between the above Company and City Trust Company, Trustee, has the sum of $46,229 for investment in the First Mortgage Collateral Trust Five Per Cent. Bonds issued thereunder at a price not exceeding 105 and interest. Sealed offers of Bonds endorsed "Dallas Electric Corporation Sinking Fund Tender of Bonds" will be received until noon of Tuesday, November 1, 1910, when all offers will be opened, the right being reserved to reject any or all tenders.

CITY TRUST COMPANY, Trustee,
By JULIUS R. WAKEFIELD,
Vice President.
Boston, October 6, 1910.

MARGINAL ACCOUNTS ACCEPTED IN
Curb Stocks
Prompt Service. Exact Prices.
EDWARD E. EPPS & CO.
Telephone 3633 Broad. 25 Broad St., N. Y.
Write for Weekly Market Letter.

PROPOSALS.

THE EQUITABLE ILLUMINATING GAS LIGHT COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA
First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to Article Third of the Mortgage to New York Security and Trust Company, dated February 1st, 1898, that the undersigned, as Trustee, will receive sealed proposals up to 3:00 P. M. on the 16th day of November, 1910, for the sale to it of bonds as above described, at a price not exceeding the rate of 105 and accrued interest, sufficient to exhaust the sum of $219,502.60, preference to be given by the Trustee to bonds offered at the lowest price. The right is reserved to reject any or all tenders.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY,
formerly New York Security and Trust Company, Trustee,
By H. W. MORSE, Secretary.
Dated, New York, October 1st, 1910.

PROPOSALS FOR LUSTER WOOL SERGE. Army Building, New York City, Oct. 4, 1910.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received here until 1 P. M., Oct. 14, 1910, and then opened, for early delivery of 50,000 yards heavy-weight Luster Wool Serge. Information upon application. Envelopes containing proposals to be endorsed "Proposals for Luster Wool Serge, to be opened Oct. 14, 1910," and addressed to Lt. Col. M. Gray Zalinski, Depot Q. M.

Latest books of Europe and America reviewed immediately after publication in The New York Times Saturday Review of Books. Gossip of authors and publishers. Best guide to current literature. Mailed anywhere in the United States for One Dollar a year.—Adv.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of FREDERICK BECK & COMPANY will be held on Thursday, the 20th day of October, 1910, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon at the office of the company, 206 West 29th Street, New York City, for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may lawfully come before the meeting. The stock transfer books will be closed at 10 o'clock on Monday, October 10th, 1910, and remain closed until the morning of Friday, the 21st day of October, 1910.

Dated New York City, N. Y., this 14th day of September, 1910.

GEORGE J. LEEMING, Secretary.

The Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railway Company.
Cincinnati, O., October 6th, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of The Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railway Company, for the election of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting, will be held at the principal office of the company in the City of Cincinnati, Ohio, on Wednesday, the 26th day of October, 1910, at 10 o'clock A. M.

DWIGHT W. PARDEE,
Secretary.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

A special meeting of the stockholders of the FUNDING COMPANY OF AMERICA will be held on the 20th day of October, 1910, at three o'clock in the afternoon of said day at the office of said Company, at No. 40 Exchange Place, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, for the purpose of voting upon the proposition to increase the number of Directors of the Company from five to seven.

JOHN W. HARDING, Secretary.
Dated New York, October 5, 1910.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD CO.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Illinois Central Railroad Company for the election of Directors and the transaction of other business, will be held at the General Office of the Company in Central Station, Chicago, Illinois, on the 19th day of October, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon.

ALEXANDER G. HACKSTAFF, Secretary.
New York, October 6, 1910.

Stock market information of value to investors with latest reports on the commodities markets and the situation in Steel and Copper in The New York Times Weekly Financial Review. Reliable quotation lists, range of prices for many years, railroad earnings, prices of every bond and stock dealt in on the Exchanges and the Curb. Every Monday. Mailed to any address in the United States for One Dollar a Year. Strong binder to contain The Review sent for One Dollar.

HUNT'S POINT LOTS SELL FOR $427,050

Average of $1,520 Obtained at Joseph P. Day's Night Auction of Bronx Property.

BLOCK FRONT FOR BUSINESS

Holiday Observance Made Quiet Day in Realty Market—Hilton Estate in Rye of 156 Acres Sold.

It was a quiet day in the realty market yesterday, the holiday being generally observed by brokers. The Register's office was closed, so there were no recorded transfers or mortgages. A few sales made earlier in the week were announced. The most interesting topic, particularly among the brokers who operate in Bronx property, was the success of the night sale at Terrace Garden by Joseph P. Day on Tuesday night of Hunt's Point property. Of the 297 lots offered 281 were sold for a grand total of $427,050, about $1,520 a lot. Taking all in all, the prices were regarded as highly satisfactory.

The excellent attendance and the lively bidding augurs well for renewed activity in high-class suburban property, and as one result renewed activity is confidently looked for in other parts of the Bronx. That the borough offers a wide field for future investment is seen from the number of large sales recently reported for future development, particularly in the district to be served by the New York, Westchester & Boston Railway, now nearing completion.

Buys Block Front in Hunt's Point Section for Business.

Right in line with the interest in the Hunt's Point section of the Bronx comes the announcement by Jacob Leitner of a large sale he has made in that locality for the Oldchester Realty Company, which exemplifies in a striking manner the growing business activity in that district. Henry Acker has bought from the latter company the entire block front on Westchester Avenue, extending from Fox to Simpson Street. The Subway station is at the corner of the latter street. The frontage on Westchester Avenue is 243 feet, 168 feet on Simpson Street, and 108 feet on Fox Street. Mr. Acker is erecting on the plot a one-story building to be divided into stores, which will be ready for occupancy about Dec. 15. Several stores have been rented for long terms from the plans. The Riker Drug concern has taken the store on the corner of Simpson Street for ten years at an aggregate rental of $40,000. Other leases for ten years have been made at aggregates ranging from $20,000 to $37,500.

Bronx Sales.

There is a steady demand for moderate-priced homes in the Bronx. A single-family house at 1,232 Franklin Avenue has been sold by Fetzer & Fetzer for G. E. Arthur to a Mr. Hoyd.

In the 222d Street section John H. Behrmann sold lately the dwelling at 634 East 222d Street on plot 33 by 89 for Frank L. Bacon to Anna Wagner; two dwellings on 219th Street, one being 150 feet east of Carpenter Avenue, for the estate of Francis Crawford, and the one adjoining for Sarah Bernstein, each 50 by 114. For the Bergan estate he has sold a vacant lot on the north side of 223d Street, east of White Plains Avenue, to the Godfein Realty and Construction Company.

Charles B. Coulter has sold the five-story apartment house at 788 East 181st Street, the buyer giving in part payment the plot, 50 by 141, on the east side of Park Avenue, 100 feet south of 182d Street.

Buys 48th Street Tenement.

The five-story-and-basement brick tenement house at 404 West Forty-eighth Street, near Ninth Avenue, on plot 25 by 100.5 and irregular, has been sold by William P. Jones & Son to Peter H. Alnor for investment, being but the second sale of the property in twenty-six years. The tenement accommodates twenty-six families.

Sale in East 14th Street.

The Equitable Realty Company has sold through John Peters the four-story-and-basement dwelling at 231 East Fourteenth Street on plot 26 by 103.3.

Sells West Side Dwelling.

David S. Carvalho has sold the four-story residence, 30 West Ninety-seventh Street, on plot 18 to 100, to the C. N. Shurman Investing Company.

Harlem Residences Sold.

The two three-story dwellings at 232 and 234 East 124th Street, on plot 40 by 100.11, owned by the Herald Square Holding Company, Arnstein, Levy & Backer, have been sold by George Prendergast to a client for investment.

The three-story house at 263 East 122d Street, adjoining the northwest corner of Second Avenue, on plot 14 by 71.10, has been sold by S. Sternlicht for the C. N. Shurman Investing Company.

Recent Buyers.

The private residence at 122 East Seventieth Street, sold by Mrs. Drayton Burrill, has been purchased by Walter D. Hines.

The dwelling at 490 West End Avenue, near Eighty-fourth Street, sold recently by Helen M. Warnford to Mabel H. Smith, has been bought by the Herald Square Holding Company.

Hilton Estate in Rye Sold.

The old Hilton property, consisting of 156 acres in Harrison and Rye, has just been sold by former Judge Horace Russell, executor of the Hilton estate, to Jacob Leitner. This is the largest sale of Westchester County property in that locality that has taken place in some time. The property had been in possession of the Hilton family for over half a century, and is in the immediate vicinity of some of the finest estates and country homes in the lower part of the county. It has large frontages on both sides of Lincoln Avenue north of Harrison Avenue, and adjoins the estates of Ambassador Whitelaw Reid, John H. Schultz, W. A. Reid, A. T. Stewart, and the Storey property.

West Side Taxpayers.

The West Side Taxpayers' Association will hold its annual election this evening at the regular meeting at 267 West Thirty-fourth Street. The nominations for the various officers are: President, Dr. George Wenner; Vice Presidents, Dr. Philip G. Becker, B. J. Foss, and John William Jones; members of Executive Committee and delegates, Louis Schrag, Dr. Philip G. Becker, Frederick Keller, Julius Neke, John William Jones, Chris Dohm, John J. Pheelan, M. J. Horan, B. J. Foss, Thomas P. Burke, Joseph F. Feist, Charles Kuhn, Jacob Michels, and Jacob J. Tabolt.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

A. W. McLAUGHLIN & CO.
Brokers and Dealers in Mortgages
128 Broadway, cor. Cedar
STRONGEST AND BEST EQUIPPED

INVESTORS, ATTENTION.
6% interest on mortgage loans. Principal and interest guaranteed. Title insured by Westchester and Bronx Title and Mortgage Guaranty Company. I will invest for you sums from $300 to $3,000. For particulars, Henry Y. Hailey, 103 Park Av., N. Y. City.

FIRST AND SECOND MORTGAGES. Low rates of interest; moderate charges. Prompt action on applications. PIERRE M. CLEAR, 261 BROADWAY.

WANTED—$2,500-$5,000, 6 per cent., choicest Long Island improved; worth four times amount desired; liberal bonus. Room 607, 115 [illegible]

[illegible] 4½%, 5% [illegible] Sugarman & [illegible]

Enjoy Life While You Live.

Live in New York City and enjoy the beauties, the health of the country; bathing, fishing and yachting. This you can have at beautiful

MALBA ON THE WATER

30 minutes by train
30 " " motor
45 " " trolley
45 " " boat
from the center of Manhattan.

It is not cheap, it is high class,
the best ever offered at the price.

If you desire a home, we can help you. Write to-day for booklets and price list.

Dept. K. Realty Trust 60 Liberty St.

HOME
PLOTS
50X100
& LARGER
$98

FREEPORT
AND MERRICK
¼ ACRES, $189
$5 DOWN—$5 A MONTH
10,890 square feet and larger.
GREATEST BENEFITS FROM THROUGH ELECTRIC TRAIN SERVICE.
FREE TITLE INSURANCE POLICY.
Attend One of Our Sales.
WEDNESDAY, SATURDAY, SUNDAY.
Call or write for Free R.R. Tickets
Long Island Realty Co.,
258 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Bryan L. Kennelly, Auc'r,
will sell at auction
Wednesday, Oct. 19, 1910
at 12 o'clock noon, at the Exchange Salesroom, 14-16 Vesey St.,
Executor's Sale
Estate of William Watson, D'c'd,
By order of
Henry R. C. Watson, Esq., Executor.

23 Walker St.,
NEAR CHURCH ST.,
four-story and cellar stone and iron loft Building, with Store; size of plot 25.6x106.6¼, more or less.

93-95 Franklin St.,
ADJOINING CHURCH ST.,
5-story, cellar, and sub-cellar, limestone and iron-front loft and office Building, with Store; elevator; size of No. 93 is 23.1x100 and No. 95 is 25.2x75, more or less.

47-49 Worth St.,
BET. WEST B'WAY AND CHURCH ST.,
5-story, cellar, and sub-cellar, limestone loft and office Building, with store; elevator; size of plot 50.5x100, more or less.

53-55 Worth St.,
BET. WEST B'WAY AND CHURCH ST.,
5-story, cellar, and sub-cellar, limestone loft and office Building, with store, passenger elevator; size of plot 49.7x100, more or less.

"WATSON BUILDING,"
Southwest Corner Church & Franklin Sts.,
choice 5-story, cellar and sub-cellar, stone and iron office Building, with 3 Stores; 2 passenger elevators; steam heat, electric lights, gas, etc.; size of plot 109.8¾x100, more or less.

75% on Mtge. for 3 or 5 Yrs. at 5%
James J. Allen, Attorney, 100 Broadway.
WARREN & SKILLIN, Agents,
174 FULTON ST.
Bookmaps, &c., with attorneys or at auctioneer's offices, 156 Broadway.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

Gentlemen's furnished rooming house, 14 rooms, 3 baths, separate hot water plant, furnace heat; first-class condition; long lease; central; reasonable; permanent roomers; owner ill. Quick, B 22 Times.

West Side.

ANXIOUS to sell an exceptional private dwelling on the best street, near West End; interior very superior; four story; absolute sacrifice; terms easy; possession at once. M. M. Hayward & Co., 2644 Broadway.

10-family flat on west side, in the Eighties, between Broadway and Amsterdam Av.; $7,500 cash; no brokers. Bargain, Box A A 216 Times.

361 West 56th St.—Four-story and basement brownstone, 16 rooms, 3 baths, large closets; large stationary mirrors; well furnished by Wanamaker. $13,500; mortgage, $15,000.

East Side.

ATTRACTIVE INVESTMENT
CARNEGIE SECTION
26 EAST 92D ST.
Four-story brownstone, 22x100, 15 rooms, 3 baths; elegant hardwood trim; parquet floors; beautifully decorated; drawing room in silk tapestry. OWNER, Room 703, 141 Broadway, New York.

A.—A.—BUILDERS, ATTENTION! Corner plot in Gramercy Park section, suitable for apartment house and stores, with building loan; also 50-foot plot for business building; excellent location.
INNES & CENTER, 21 East 20th St.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Kinko Builders

This Company is prepared to build private houses and other buildings for individuals under a general contract which governs plans, specifications, supervision and financing. We can save the owners time and annoyance, and effect economies through our experience and organization, aggregating far more than our fees.

We are builders of Artistic Homes of the best quality. No charges for consultation or preliminary sketches.

Kings & Westchester Land Co.
350 Fulton St. Brooklyn-New York.

YOU CAN BUY
one of my one-family houses, and your rent will cost you $20 per month. You could not rent an apartment its equal for $50 per month. Small payment down. Send for booklet. OTTO SINGER, Builder, Kings Highway and West Eighth St., Brooklyn.

WILL SACRIFICE my contract on new 7-room brick, oak trim, tile bath, parquet floors, &c.; coziest little home in Brooklyn for the price; only $200 cash; balance may be paid as rent. Owner, A 136 Times Downtown.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Valuable Bronx Lots
An Entire Block Front, two corners, close to Subway Station. Can give bargain to right party able to handle plot. Address Owner, 200 Broadway, N. Y. City, Room 506.

BRONX BARGAIN
100x100, Southern Boulevard, close to Subway Station; all excavated, ready for immediate improvement. Splendid chance for reliable builder. Address Owner, 200 Broadway, N. Y. City. Room 506.

New 5-story corner, fully rented, equity above first mortgage $14,000; easy terms; free and clear lots Greater New York also considered. Tully, 150 Broadway.

COUNTRY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

[illegible] FARMS Near New York City.
[illegible] must sacrifice to quick purchasers. [illegible] 14 East 33d St., N. Y. C.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

Brick Age
unlike the "stone age," has come to stay. Architects and builders now realize the artistic, attractive effects attained by the exclusive use of front brick for exteriors. Visit our
NEW EXHIBIT ROOMS
and you'll leave having gained in knowledge in the use of this material. Also
Bath Portland Cement
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381 4th Ave., Cor. 27th St.
NEW YORK
Prompt Deliveries Always

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

THE WISE INVESTOR
BUYS LAND WHICH IS NEAR THE BUSINESS CENTRE OF MANHATTAN, EASILY AND QUICKLY REACHED AND WITH AN ABSOLUTELY ASSURED FUTURE.
ELMHURST HEIGHTS
NEW YORK CITY
OFFERS AN EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY FOR THE HOMESEEKER OR INVESTOR.
WRITE TO-DAY FOR PARTICULARS. LOOK AT THE CITY MAP, COMPARE VALUES, AND COMMON SENSE WILL DO THE REST.
MODEL 2-FAMILY BRICK HOUSES; STEAM HEAT, SEWER, WATER, GAS, ETC. FOR SALE ON EASY TERMS. CORONA CAR TO LOCAL OFFICE.
Bankers Land Corporation,
887 MANHATTAN AV., BROOKLYN.

DO YOU WANT WATER FRONT LOTS
within 20 minutes of New York City? All improvements, sidewalks, streets, electric lights, sewers, fine bathing beach and yacht clubhouse on the property, can be purchased on small monthly payments; title guaranteed; call or write. K. HENRY, 146 East 34th St. and 2 East 125th St.

Do you want a New York City Building Lot for $25? Value $400. The greatest real estate proposition on Long Island. Right at the depot, on the trolley, in the City of New York, 28 minutes from Penn. R. R. Depot. Write for free railroad tickets and our plan how you may obtain one for $25.
W. C. REEVES & CO.,
124 East 23d St., N. Y. City.

$500 BUNGALOW, JAMAICA.
Cash $500, balance as rent, in Highland Park; 8 rooms; magnificent view, ocean to Sound; near schools; exclusive neighborhood; all modern improvements. Frank L. Ferguson, 1,328 Broadway, Manhattan, or 354 Fulton St., Jamaica.

$250—JAMAICA HOUSES—$250
Cash $250, balance as rent, buys elegant new 7, 8, or 9 room house; oak floors and trim; steam heat; tiled bathrooms; restricted neighborhood. Frank L. Ferguson, 1,328 Manhattan, or 354 Fulton St., Jamaica.

OPPORTUNITY TO QUICK BUYER.
Two lots, $500 each; best portion of Flushing; streets paved and sewered; small amount down; balance monthly; liberal discount for cash. Owner, Room 308, 1,123 Broadway, New York City.

BIG BARGAIN.—Flushing, 16 minutes from Herald Square; new nine-room house; hardwood trim, open fires; up-to-date plumbing; street sewered and paved; high-class surroundings; small amount cash required. Owner, Room 306, 1,123 Broadway, New York City.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

To enable you to know all about
RIVER VIEW MANOR
the ideal home place at Dobbs Ferry and Hastings-on-Hudson, without making a visit until satisfied it is what you want, we have just completed in our New York office an elaborate
PHOTOGRAPHIC MAP
showing both villages and environs, with actual photographs of streets, stores, residences, schools, churches, etc., villa plots and environs, and views obtained from them. 15 minutes spent in viewing this map will give you as good an idea as a half day on the property. RIVER VIEW MANOR is without question the suburban community which will bear the closest investigation. Every city improvement.
To reach take N. Y. Central R. R. to Hastings-on-Hudson. Our auto meets all trains. Our photographic map may be seen evenings by appointment.
Hastings Homes Co., 105 West 40th St.

COLONIAL HEIGHTS.
For sale or to let, on newly electrified Harlem Railroad, 30 minutes from Grand Central, handsome stucco and red tile house, 11 rooms, three baths, 20 closets; fine verandas and balconies; surrounded by oak and hickory trees; commanding an extensive view. Special rental, $125 monthly, which may be applied against purchase price. Full particulars will be mailed upon request to owner, LAWRENCE H. TASKER, Tribune Building.

A BUILDING OPPORTUNITY
is offered by the owner of a very attractive half-acre in Westchester, close to the Sound; house to be built on sharing terms with owner. Any builder willing to make moderate investment that will pay well will please address C. C., 55 West 44th St.

Four acres with good house and barn, mile from station. Angell, 16 East 42d.

Yonkers

Investment.—Dwelling, 11 rooms, bath; lot extra large; South B'way, Yonkers; [illegible] quick buyer; terms. MELVILLE [illegible] SON, 100 William.

Colored Tenements Wanted
ONE—1%—PER CENT.
FOR FULL MANAGEMENT
Results Guaranteed—Bond Given
PHILIP A. PAYTON, JR. COMPANY
New York's Pioneer Negro Real Estate Agents.
Brokers **PAP** Appraisers
67 West 134th Street. Telephones 917-918 Harlem.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

AT DOUGLASTON, A SEMI-FIREPROOF CONCRETE DWELLING AT COST,
Just completed on large plot of ground in most attractive and accessible residential park within 25 minutes of Manhattan. On macadamized street, surrounded by old shade trees. Have other plots to improve, and to get money will sell at cost and on easy terms. Send for photo and floor plans. Builder, Y 62 Times.

A SEMI-BUNGALOW.
4 minutes' walk from station, 25 minutes from Manhattan, on elevation 125 feet above and overlooking Little Neck Bay; just completed; entrance hall; living room, 15x22; dining room, 16x15; kitchen and pantry; 4 large bed rooms; bath room and ample closet; steam heat, electric light and all improvements; a modern cosy home on easy terms. Address Bungalow, 147 Times.

IF YOU WILL GO TO LONG BEACH
and investigate this superb, unique piece of ocean frontage, as it deserves to be investigated, whether you have had any hitherto-fore interest in a real estate purchase or not, you will nevertheless become a Long Beach enthusiast.
We know it. We have seen the most hardened sceptic convinced.
It is easy to get to Long Beach now. Only 40 minutes by tunnel.
A postal will bring you a wealth of information.
ESTATES OF LONG BEACH
WILLIAM H. REYNOLDS, President
225 Fifth Avenue, New York. Phone 3600 Madison

WHY SPEND $500 FOR 2 MONTHS IN A YEAR GOING TO THE MOUNTAINS? I HAVE BEAUTIFUL BUNGALOW SITES ON THE HILLTOPS OVERLOOKING THE SOUND; HEALTHIEST SPOT ON LONG ISLAND; 250 FEET ELEVATION; ELEGANT VIEW; ONLY 3 MINUTES' WALK TO STATION; 32 MINUTES FROM HERALD SQUARE; NOW IS THE TIME TO GET READY FOR SPRING AND SELECT YOUR HOMESITE; MONEY LOANED TO BUILD; BEAUTIFUL HOMES AND SPLENDID INVESTMENT. H. ALBRECHT, 1,109 BROADWAY, BROOKLYN. PHONE 3685 BUSHWICK.

OWNER LEAVING CITY
Will sacrifice elegant new substantial residence, expensively and artistically furnished; 14 rooms, 2 model bathrooms; mission finish library; panelled forest oak finished dining room; open fireplaces; gas, steam heat; wide piazzas; very best plumbing and heating system; many beautiful acquisitions; handsome grounds; select restricted location; few minutes of station; 48 minutes out. Title guaranteed by the Title Guarantee and Trust Company of N. Y. Immediate possession; principals only. Price, $20,000. Suitable terms. Address OWNER, 804 World Building, N. Y.

REAL ESTATE—OUT OF CITY.

"GENTLEMAN'S FARM"
State Road, Rural Delivery, cost owner (now dead) $14,000, sell $7,000 (worth more), 70 acres tillable, 80 acres woodland, all kinds of fruit, first-class buildings, dwelling 9 rooms, steam heat, bath, lavatory, etc. Farmer's cottage, large barn, wagon house, chicken houses, pig sty. INVESTIGATE. "DARBEE" Saugerties, on the Hudson, N. Y.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

BELSITO PARK
500 feet elevation.
HOME SITES. GARDEN PLOTS.
Only 16 Miles from Manhattan.
Transportation Direct to Property.
¼ ACRE PLOTS,
with all city improvements, can be bought ON EASY TERMS.
House Built to Suit.
Don't Fail to Inspect this Property.
Write for
Booklet, Map and Transportation.
COLUMBIA COMMERCIAL & REALTY ASS'N,
38 Park Row, New York.
Suite 704-708. Tel. 132 Cort.

AN "EASY HOUSEKEEPING" HOME
at Millington, one hour out on the D., L. & W. Railroad. High altitude, beautiful views. A great mission living room with fireplace and window seat, timbered old English dining room, pantry, kitchen with steel range and laundry tubs, two bedrooms and bath—all on one floor. Two more bedrooms and storage second floor. All bedrooms finished in white enamel, with mahogany doors. Richly decorated; electric light, steam heat, purest water. Grounds 90x200. Would you like to sit in this beautiful home and look to the south and east as far as the eye can reach? You can do it for $5,500; part cash.
E. E. SLOCUM, 141 Broadway.

Commuters' Farms
Do you want Commuter's BIG "little farm," an hour out, close to station, Lackawanna R. R., easy terms? Our unique booklet will interest all refined, sincere homeseekers. Acre Farm & Home Company, 141 Broadway.

At Bernardsville, N. J.—114 acres, country mansion, 16-room house, all modern improvements; will exchange equity $125,000 or Newark, Orange, or Montclair; what am I offered? O. O. LAUCKNER, Terminal Building, Hoboken.

Westfield.—Two-family house, lot 50x150; stone walk, gas, water, &c.; excellent order; cheap at $3,500; only $800 cash; rent will pay for balance. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

Bargain for cash or exchange, at Hasbrouck Heights, N. J.—House, 10 rooms and bath; all improvements; steam heat, &c.; plot 50x100. Geo. M. Miller, 22 Elm Place, Brooklyn.

FARM ONLY $95.
20,000 square feet of land; rich soil; 100 peach trees with each acre; fare 15 cents; $9 down, $3 monthly. Address MOUNTAIN VIEW, 163 Times Downtown.

An Astonishing Bargain.—Old-fashioned seven-room house; plenty fruit; four lots, 50x200; $1,600; easy terms; only twenty-five minutes from Broadway; Lackawanna Railroad. Call, write, Nicholson, Lindhurst, N. J.

Fanwood, little farm, 100x400, only $1,200; $10 cash, $12 monthly; very fine ground, near station; excellent for suburban home, chicken raising, &c. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

Elegant residence, all modern conveniences, on the Palisades; accessible to all ferries; restricted locality; your own terms. Baron, 203 East 48th St.

$300 cash, $26 monthly, price $4,000; artistic 6-room cottage, every improvement; 30 minutes out; commutation 7 cents. Hallberg, Ridgefield Park, N. J.

A fine Fanwood plot, 50x100, 2 blocks to depot, high ground, $450; $10 cash, $5 monthly. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

Big plot Westfield, near street cars, houses, &c.; 70x175; only $600; $10 cash, $6 monthly. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—FURNISHED.

Parlor Floor for Physician's Office in private house, with owner; long lease; electric light and bath. Apply at 67 West 40th Street.

Brooklyn.

To let for six months, or longer if desired, a [illegible] fully and artistically furnished [illegible] the best blocks near Pros[illegible] 25 minutes to Park Row [illegible] minutes to Subway; imme[illegible] Burrill Brothers, 7th Av., [illegible]

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

Weequahic Park Tract
NEWARK, N. J.
Directly Opposite Weequahic Park.
Beautiful country park containing lake nearly one mile long. Boating, fishing, skating, etc. Tennis courts, baseball and football fields, trotting track, golf links projected. High, healthful elevation. Fifteen minutes from Broad and Market Streets.
Streets paved—parkways in centre. Water, gas, sewers, electric light, etc. Twenty minutes from New York on completion of Pennsylvania Railroad tunnels to New Jersey.
Lehigh Valley Parkview Station at property. Pennsylvania Railroad—Waverly Station, five minutes' walk.
McAdoo Pennsylvania High Speed Electric Trains from Newark will start from Waverly Station.
Beautifully located plots for sale—all restricted and guaranteed by Fidelity Trust. Monthly payments. Maps and further particulars. Take Pennsylvania, New Jersey Central or Lackawanna Railroad to Newark and Mt. Prospect cars to property.
FRANK J. BOCK,
Firemen's Building, Broad and Market Sts.,
Newark, N. J.

Farms, Farms.—Every description; commuting distance; descriptive catalogue free. Lebkuecher, 78 Bible House, Manhattan.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—Unfurnished.

138 East 22d St.
NEAR GRAMERCY PARK.
Dwelling, 11 rooms, 2 baths.
Reasonable Rent
to Good Tenant.
WM. A. WHITE & SONS,
62 CEDAR ST.

50 West 47th St.
NEAR FIFTH AVENUE.
PRIVATE DWELLING,
19 ROOMS, 3 BATHS.
WM. A. WHITE & SONS,
62 CEDAR ST.

PRIVATE HOUSE,
764 West End Av., near express station, 11 rooms, 2 baths; electric light, parquet floors, beautifully decorated; moderate rent; investigate. Keys at 262 West 93d St.

Desirable Unfurnished Houses
To Let.
INNES & CENTER, 21 East 20th St.

6 West 90th St.—Four-story and extension; 14 rooms, three baths, suitable for boarding house. Albright, 47 West 34th St.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

LOFTS
Centre of Printing, Lithographing & Paper Interests
MUNRO BUILDINGS
Vandewater and Rose Sts.
Permanent light; efficient high-power service; delivery elevators; Sprinkler System; every modern improvement. Insurance rates very low. Close to
BROOKLYN BRIDGE, SUBWAY
NEW MUNICIPAL BUILDINGS
5,000 and 10,000 ft.
Well arranged. Good lease to desirable parties NOW. Your own broker, or Owner, Room 506, 200 Broadway, N. Y.

50 WEST 47TH ST.
NEAR FIFTH AVENUE.
WILL ALTER FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES
WM. A. WHITE & SONS,
62 CEDAR ST.

Ideal Lofts
BARGAINS if RENTED NOW
6th & 7th (top) Floors at
369 3d AVENUE, NEAR 27th ST.
2,000 sq. ft. on each floor. Permanent light on all sides; steam heat, electric elevator; building entirely renovated, will divide to suit.
Apply on premises or
GEO. B. McENTYRE, 401 Greenwich St.

42-44 West 39th St.
One Choice Street Level Store
AND ALSO
A few Offices and Studios
from $300 per annum up.
PEASE & ELLIMAN,
340 Madison Av. Tel. 1000—M. Hill.

Corner lofts, West 20th Street;
exceptional light, 4 floors;
8,000 square feet to each floor;
New Heavy Building;
Two Large Elevators;
Rental, $8,000 each floor.
Also other properties to lease for business purposes, or buildings erected to suit tenants; brokers protected.
JAMES N. WELLS' SON,
(Since 1835 at)
191 Ninth Avenue.

TO LEASE.
Four-story building, now under construction, corner Ave. B and 10th St., 46x107, windows both streets, also adjoining 3-story building under construction, 46x95.6; also adjoining 4½ vacant lots; also 20th St., near Ave. A, store house, 50 ft. front. Apply JOHN U. BROOKMAN, owner, 88 Wall St.

Store and four lofts, 248 10th Av., corner 24th St., for light manufacturing; ready 10 days. I. P. Frink, 289 10th Av.

34th St., 127 East.—Very desirable store; plate glass front; steam heat; rent reasonable.

Bronx.

THREE LIGHT LOFTS
Large and exceptionally desirable, to lease in fireproof office building. Elevator, electric light, etc., one block from 149th St. Subway and "L" stations and trolley cars. Heart of [illegible] Apply [illegible]
378 E. 14[illegible]

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

Banking Room
55 x 85 ft.
GROUND FLOOR
19 Ft. Ceiling
Large Skylight Over Rear
Also Offices Single or En Suite
Provident Building
35 NASSAU ST.
S. W. Corner Liberty St.
Apply to
WM. S. NORTON,
AGENT
Tel. 5998 Cortlandt 35 Nassau Street

LOFTS
25 Park Place AND 22 Murray Street } near B'way
About 4,300 Sq. Feet on a Floor
Completely Remodeled & Renovated
Elevator Service, Steam Heat, Electric Light and Modern Plumbing.
REASONABLE RENTS
Apply to your own Broker or to
A. L. MORDECAI & SON
135 Broadway

WANTED FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

To Rent—Small stable for one automobile, preferable with living quarters for chauffeur. Address, with terms, M. B., 102 West 87th St.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

West Side.

Berkeley Arms
326 to 332 West 95th St.
OVERLOOKING RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
Handsome up-to-date apartments; beautiful view of Hudson River; telephone in each apartment; Subway express station.
FIVE, SIX, AND SEVEN ROOMS.
RENTS $45 to $75.
TELEPHONE 4174 RIVERSIDE.

THE METROPOLITAN
Absolutely Fireproof
250 W. 88th St., S. W. Cor. Broadway.
7 and 8 large rooms and foyer. Abundant closets; complete night and day service, including porters; separate laundries with steam drying rooms, or open drying on roof. ELECTRIC LIGHT FREE; ALSO GAS for laundry use; Extra Maid's room on superstructure, if desired.
REASONABLE RENTS

MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENTS.
The Saxony, 250 W. 82d St.
8 Rooms and 2 Baths.
The Forres, 251 W. 81st St.
7 Rooms and Bath.
The Carlyle Dwellings, 450 West End.
10 and 11 Rooms and 3 Baths.
De Witt Court, 252-4 West 82d St.
8 Rooms and 3 Baths.
110 Riverside Drive.
9 Rooms and 2 Baths.
202-6 West 86th Street.
8 Rooms and Bath.
For Information Inquire on Premises, or
Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Co.,
250 W. 81st St. and 146 B'way, New York.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE,
Nos. 120 & 125, North Corner 84th St.
Two fireproof buildings; apartments of 8, 10, and 12 rooms and three baths; all conveniences; best possible construction; location finest in the city, with extensive views of the Hudson and the Drive; building faces southwest, insuring an abundance of sun in winter and cool breezes in summer. Rents $1,800 to $3,000.
SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS OFFERED

FINEST NINE-ROOM
APARTMENTS IN
NEW YORK CITY.
Size of rooms and baths and quantity of closet room can be found in no other apartment in this city, being in every respect equal to those in private houses.
WELLSMORE
77th Street & Broadway.
$2,500 to $3,250.

MONTEBELLO,
547 RIVERSIDE DRIVE
NEAR 127TH ST.
Apartments, six and eight rooms.
RENTS $900 TO $1,200
Apply on premises or your own broker.
THE HAGUE REALTY CO., owners.

FAIRVIEW COURT,
3129 BROADWAY
Near Manhattan St. Subway Station.
RENTS $420 TO $900
Apply on premises or your own broker.
THE MARCY REALTY CO.,
100 Broadway, Owners.

West End Ave., 738,
CORNER 96TH ST.,
One Block from Subway Express Station.
7-ROOM CORNER APARTMENT.
All light rooms, parquet floors, electric light.
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES, OR
S. ALVIN PIZA { Melrose Av., cor. 151st St. Tel. 3803 Melrose.

ZOLA COURT,
52 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY,
West 110th St., opp. Morningside Park.
HIGH CLASS APARTMENTS,
5, 6, AND 7 ROOMS AND BATH.
Elevator Day and Night.
Rents, $45, $50 and $60.

MELROSE,
478 Central Park West.
CORNER 108TH ST.
7-ROOM APARTMENT TO LEASE
in this high-class elevator apartment house.
Rents $900-$1,000; special concessions.

RICHMOND HILL
27 WASHINGTON SQ., NORTH
Cosey apartment; six large, light rooms and bath; only one left; all modern improvements; rent low; possession at once.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

A.—A.—2 AND 3 ROOMS—A.—A.
BATH AND DRESSING ROOM.
Largest and handsomest suites in New York. Newly altered building. Reception room. Caterer, maid, and valet service. Rents, $540 to $1,080. THE SUB-OR-EL.
156 West 65th Street.

103RD, 161 WEST.
Very desirable, 5 rooms, 1 flight, $516, also 4 flights, 4 rooms, $420. Sunny, airy, [illegible] private garden, well kept [illegible] house near elevated and Subway station.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

West Side.

The
Robert Fulton
Riverside Drive,
N. E. Cor. 95th St.
Convenient to 96th St. Subway Express
Modern Elevator Apartments
6 to 8 Rooms,
1 and 2 Baths.
Rents $1,200 to $1,850.
Apply on premises or
WHITNEY KERNOCHAN and GILBERT RIDLER } Agents
44 PINE ST. Tel., 269-270—John

Perfect Supply of
Perfect Water.
THE
Hotel Ansonia
Broadway at 73d Street
Transient & Permanent,
Housekeeping Facilities,
Furnished & Unfurnished.
Maid Service Optional.

DOCTOR SUITES TO LEASE.
Harperley Hall
Central Park West & 64th St.
Reception Room, Office and Laboratory,
Rental $1,500.
Also one housekeeping physician's apartment of 6 Rooms.
Private entrance to street.
Rental $2,000.
SUPT. ON PREMISES.
TEL., 8500—COLUMBUS.

Studio Apartments.
Harperley Hall,
Central Park West & 64th St.
Three, two rooms, consisting of living room, bedroom, Bath and Kitchenette.
$1,500, $1,700, $1,800.
Duplex studio, Dining Room, 2 Bedrooms, Kitchenette, Private Roof Garden.
$2,500.
SUPT. ON PREMISES.
TEL., 8500—COLUMBUS.

ELEGANT APARTMENT TO RENT—50x90
11 Rooms and 2 baths
784 Fifth Avenue
Apply on premises or your own broker.

INVERNESS,
S. W. Cor. 57th St. and 7th Ave.
Commodious corner apartment of 8 rooms and bath; also light apartment of 7 rooms and bath; rents $1,600 and $2,400.
All modern improvements; possession at once.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

EXCEPTIONAL STUDIO.
Apartment in co-operative building; will lease or sell. C. W. BUCKHAM, 307 5th Av.

37 to 45 West 22d St.
Desirable bachelor apartment, with bath.
INNES & CENTER, 21 East 20th St.

We store your furniture, $3; moving, $3 van load; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. American Storage Co., 604-608 West 48th St. Telephone 2667—Bryant.

Bachelor—2 rooms and bath, clublike in arrangement, but absolute quiet and privacy; near 5th Av. and 40th; right prices to right person. Address Smart Chambers, 21 Times.

ELEVATOR, $38, $40, $45.
Five rooms, Cathedral Heights. 509 West 112th St.

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

SMITHSONIAN,
60 West 129th Street,
Two apartments of 8 large light rooms, with every up-to-date improvement, including elevator service; newly renovated; ready for occupancy; low rents; $65-$70. Inquire on premises or
ROBERT LEVERS,
876 Lenox Av., corner 129th St.

Elmendorf,
133 West 11th St.
Modern elevator apartment house, large sunny rooms, apartments with every improvement. Rent $85 and $100.
Apply to Supt., or
Hughes, Wetmore & Van Winkle, Agents,
34 Pine St. 'Phone 6237 John.

MT. MORRIS COURT,
Nos. 22-23-24-25 Mt. Morris Park West, Cor. 122d Street.
Apartments of 7 and 8 rooms and bath, all light. Rent $600 to $1,000 per annum.
Electric light, all-night elevator service, private 'phone. Will be put in thorough order to suit tenant. References; leases. Subway station 125th St.
Apply to Supt., Northwest Cor. 122d St., or WM. HENRY FOLSOM, 927 B'way. Tel. 5929 Gram.

THE AYLESMERE,
60 West 76th St.
Seven and eight large, light rooms, bath, butler's pantry; two elevators, night and day passenger and service; steam dryer; convenient to all traction lines; $900 to $1,500.
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

THE MANITOU
221 West 141st St., near 7th Ave.
ELEVATOR Highest grade continuous service.
4 and 6 rooms; electric light. APARTMENTS
RENTS $28-$45. LIBERAL CONCESSIONS.

THE MIDLOTHIAN
355 West 117th St.
5 and 6 Rooms, $35.00 to $45.00.
Elevator, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside light and air. Apply to janitor.

463 W. 159TH
HIGH-CLASS APARTMENTS.
5, 7 rooms; all improvements, [illegible] exceptionally large closet [illegible] Subway and "L" [illegible]

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

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North Corner Riverside Drive and 93d St.

12 Story, Steel Constructed, Fireproof Building
Now Ready for Occupancy.

9, 10 Rooms, 3 Baths, Large Foyer.
Rentals $2,500 and Upward.

One Duplex Apartment on first floor, 10 rooms, 3 baths, $2,500.

Finest Apartments and Best Value in New York City.

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Telephone, 7240—Columbus.

FINEST 8, 9 AND 10 ROOM APARTMENTS ON BROADWAY

Unexcelled in Design and Appointments

The CORNWALL

Northwest Corner Broadway and 90th St.

12 stories high; absolutely fireproof. Apartments can be seen at night until 10 P. M. Now ready for occupancy.

2 AND 3 BATHS.

Rents $1,900 to $2,500 Per Annum.

Renting agent on premises, or

SLAWSON & HOBBS
162 West 72nd. Tel. 7240 Columbus

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FACING PROSPECT PARK PLAZA AND LIBRARY.

KINGS COURT

CORNER STERLING PLACE AND BUTLER PLACE,
BETWEEN VANDERBILT AND UNDERHILL AVES.

8 ROOMS AND 2 BATHS, $1,080--$1,200.

Every Modern Improvement; Day and Night Elevator and Telephone Service. Location, Equipment and Service Equal to New York's $2,400 Apartments.

MUST BE SEEN TO BE APPRECIATED. Supt. on Premises.

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Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

530 West 113th St.
Near Broadway
NEW
STRICTLY FIREPROOF
8 Rooms—3 Baths
6 Rooms—2 Baths
5 Rooms—1 Bath
Ready for Occupancy
Open Evenings
All Rooms Are Unusually Large
Abundance of Closet Room
Rents $900 to $1,980
Apply on Premises or
Thos. J. O'Reilly, Agent,
Broadway & 109th St.

We Invite Inspection of Our New Apartments.

4 & 5 Large Rooms.

with extra closet accommodation and all other conveniences, including vacuum cleaning system, in refined neighborhood, overlooking Hudson River, close to Subway Station and Broadway surface cars.

705 WEST 170TH ST.

3 & 4 Large Rooms.

All conveniences, moderate rentals.

605 WEST 177TH ST.

Prince's Court
3920 B'way, Cor. 164th St.
New Elevator Apartment House.
4, 5, 6, 7 Rooms and Bath.

Every convenience, including vacuum cleaning system, electric lights in closets, &c.

Must Be Seen to Be Appreciated.
RENTALS REASONABLE.
OWNER ON PREMISES.

CLIFFCREST
St. Nicholas Av., S. E. Cor. 167th St.
Best located elevator apartment house on Washington Heights.
A FEW CHOICE APARTMENTS OF 7 AND 8 ROOMS.
RENTS UP TO $60.

Convenient to "L" and Subway stations (two blocks to either), overlooking Colonial and Jumel Parks, Speedway and Long Island Sound.

ALGONAC COURT
165 AUDUBON AVE.

N. E. corner of West 173d St. Elevator apartment; 4, 5, 6 rooms from $35 to $55, with concessions.

THE GERTRUDE
185 AUDUBON AVE.

N. E. Corner of West 174th St. Choice apartments; all improvements; rents from $40, with concessions.

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

The Velasquez
605 WEST 156TH ST.
Between Broadway and Riverside Drive.
One Block from Subway.
Now Ready for Occupancy

Directly opposite the beautiful buildings and grounds of the Spanish Museum.

Charming view of Hudson and Palisades.

4, 7 and 8 Rooms. 1 and 2 Baths.

Rooms are unusually large; spacious closets, with electric lights; vacuum cleaning system, etc.

MODERATE RENTALS.

515 & 523 W. 122nd St.
Elevator apartment, 4, 5, 6, and 10 rooms; electric light; all modern improvements.

East Side.

Studio Building
134 EAST 22d ST.
NEAR GRAMERCY PARK.
4 stories and basement; 3 baths; excellent north light; will alter and put in first-class condition for good tenant.
WM. A. WHITE & SONS,
62 CEDAR ST.

Murray Hill Apts.
126-8 East 34th St.
S. W. Corner of Lexington Ave.
CORNER APARTMENT
8 light, outside Rooms and Bath.
624 Fifth Ave.
S. W. Cor. 50th St., Opp. Cathedral.
Non-Housekeeping Apartments,
2 to 6 Rooms and Baths. Every convenience.
EDGAR & CURTIS, Agents
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72 East 122d St., Near Mount Morris Park.—Elegant flat; 8 large rooms and bath; all outside windows; steam heat; hot water supply; reasonable rent.

"LA CASA BLANCA,"
55 East 76th St.
Near Madison Av.
RENTS $1,000
7 rooms, bath, servants' bath, white enameled woodwork, parquet floors.
Also corner apartment to sublet, $1,400.
All-night elevator service. Telephone 1690 Lenox.

THE LEXINGTON,
144-146-148 East 22d St.
Attractive large apartments, 5 and 6 rooms and bath. All-night elevator service. Electric light, telephone.
Rent, $52.50 to $62.50 monthly.
References; leases. Superintendent on premises.
WILLIAM HENRY FOLSOM,
927 Broadway. Telephone 5929 Gramercy.

Bachelor Apartments
30 EAST 58TH STREET.
Entire floor; 3 large rooms with tiled bath, also 2 rooms and bath, steam heat, electric light and service.
HORACE S. ELY & COMPANY,
27 West 30th St. 21 Liberty St.

DOCTOR'S APARTMENT,
LA CASA BLANCA, 55 EAST 76TH ST., near Madison Av.; has been occupied several years by successful physician; now to rent $1,000 per annum; handsomely decorated.

THE CLEVELAND,
124-130 East 24th St.
Unfurnished apartments of 9 rooms, ample closets, &c. Call between 10 and 2.

STUDIO APARTMENTS
Gramercy Park Section.
INNES & CENTER, 21 East 20th St.

237 Lexington Ave., Corner 34th St.
BACHELOR APARTMENTS
2 rooms, bath, service. $32 [illegible]

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

East Side.

Gramercy Park Club
36 Gramercy Park
Beautiful New Apartments with many attractive features
Facing Gramercy Park
Never before offered for rent
OPEN FOR INSPECTION DAILY.
8, 9 & 10 Rooms, 3 Baths,
$2,200 to $3,000.
PEASE & ELLIMAN
340 Madison Ave. Nr. 43d St.

111 EAST 56TH ST.
DOCTOR'S
Apartment on ground floor with two entrances, 3 rooms and bath, chambermaid and elevator service.
Rent $960 per annum.

675 MADISON AVE.
Near 61st St.
Apartments of two rooms, alcove and bath, elevator and maid service, all improvements.
Rentals $800 per annum.
Apply on premises, or
LAWRENCE & WOLFF,
9 Church St. 'Phone 57 Cort.

Bronx.

Anderton Apts.
Bathgate Av., bet. 181st-182d St. High-class apartments, 5, 6 large light rooms, bath, all latest improvements, steam heat, hot water, electric light, 2 minutes walk to 180th St. "L" station.
MODERATE RENTS
CHRISTIAN FAMILIES ONLY.
S. M McBride, Owner and Builder, on Premises.

Kemp-Jones Apartments
2, 3, 4, 5, 6 rooms, $20-$45.
Ideal location, restricted section, near park, athletic gr'ds, and Harlem River Boat Clubs.
HIGH CLASS, EVERY IMPROVEMENT, including private telephone and electric light.
950-974 ANDERSON AV.,
Near Jerome Av. and 161st St.
Convenient to west side "L" 155th St. Sta.
TELEPHONE 4690 MELROSE.

Decatur Av., BETWEEN E. 194 & 195 STS. 2 blocks north Fordham "L"; new house; 5-6 elegant large rooms, equal to Riverside Drive apartments; latest modern improvements; rents reasonable.

179TH ST., 1018-1020 EAST
1 block from Subway and Bronx Park, 5-6 large, light rooms and bath, hot water, all improvements. Rents $26-$30. Concessions.

7 ROOMS, 2 BATHS, $35.
Large, light apartments; electricity, steam and hot water; janitor service. Builder, 79 West 181st.

Doctor's Apartment, 7 rooms and bath, electricity, $600; 8 rooms and bath, $672; single flats; refined neighborhood. 750 Beck Street.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

The Sevillia Apartment Hotel, 117 W. 58th St.
Beautifully furnished apartment, 3 rooms and bath.

Attractive four-five rooms, completely furnished, mission; linen, silver; reasonable. Brown, 203 West 108th.

Broadway, 3,099.—Attractive three, four, five rooms, completely furnished, mission; linen, silver; reasonable.

123D ST., 524 WEST.—Comfortably furnished light rooms, heat; elevated, Broadway Subway; $2.50 up. Bashford.

A.—Elegantly furnished corner, all sunny rooms, fireproof building. 75 East 81st St.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS WANTED

FAMILY of three would rent furnished apartment, west side; must be reasonable. B 18 Times.

APARTMENT HOTELS.

THE LORRAINE
5TH AVE. & 45TH ST.
New York's Most Attractive Residential Hotel.
Unfurnished or furnished Apartments for the year or longer.
Furnished Apartments and Rooms, with Bath, transiently or permanently.
Superior Cuisine and Service Without Excessive Charges.
PAUL W. ORVIS. GEORGE C. HOWE.

Hotel Renaissance
512 Fifth Ave., Cor. 43d St.
APARTMENTS

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—ANNA IRENE MAGHER, Plaintiff, against IRA TAYLOR, STEWART H. CHISHOLM, CHARLES E. SHERMAN, and PHILIPPINE TRANSPORTATION & CONSTRUCTION COMPANY, Defendants.—Summons.

To the above-named defendants:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorneys within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated New York, N. Y., September 14, 1910.

OLCOTT, GRUBER, BONYNGE & McMANUS,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
Post Office Address and Office, No. 170 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, New York.

To Ira Taylor and Stewart H. Chisholm, defendants:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Hon. Edward B. Whitney, Justice of the Supreme Court, in the State of New York, dated the 21st day of September, 1910, and filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court-House, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 21st day of September, 1910, the original summons and complaint having been filed in said office on the 21st day of September, 1910.

Dated New York, September 21st, 1910.

OLCOTT, GRUBER, BONYNGE & McMANUS,
Attorneys for Plaintiff,
170 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW York, County of New York.—In the matter of the application of the HILL-HUPFEL ENGINEERING COMPANY to change its name to the ECONOMY PRODUCER COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the Hill-Hupfel Engineering Company, a domestic corporation having its principal business office in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York at a Special Term thereof, held at the Court House in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, on the 7th day of November, 1910, at 10:30 in the forenoon of said day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard for an order authorizing said corporation to change its corporate name to the Economy Producer Company. WILLIAM D. BRUSH, Esq., Attorney for Petitioner, 2 Rector Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.
Dated October [illegible], 1910.

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1 time per line, 20c. 7 times, consecutively, $1.26. 30 times, consecutively or every other day, $5.00

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Long Beach
can now be reached by the new electric service from the Pennsylvania Station in 40 minutes.
Grill room and cafe, music.
Special fall rates, $2 and $3.
Steam heat.

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THE WILTSHIRE Virginia Ave. and beach. Ocean view. Greatly improved and refurnished. Cap. 350. Private baths, running water in rooms; elevator; porches, &c. Music. Special—$12.50 up weekly. $2.50 up daily. Booklet.
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Marlborough-Blenheim
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JOSIAH WHITE & SONS COMPANY.

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40 Minutes from Broadway
A Mountain Beauty Spot
in Jersey and overlooks New York
"The Montclair"
On the Mountain Top
Montclair, N. J.

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THE ONLY EUROPEAN PLAN HOTEL IN LAKEWOOD, N.J.
Write for illustrated booklet and rates.

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The East NORTHFIELD—MASS.
Open all the year
Ideal Surroundings
Among the "Franklin Hills"
Only 190 Miles from New York.
Garage and Livery
Modern Hotel at Moderate Rates.
Send for illustrated descriptive booklet.
A. G. Moody, Mgr. H. S. Stone, Asst. Mgr.

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IN THE BERKSHIRE HILLS.
HEATON HALL
will remain open through Oct.; delightfully located; superb 18-hole golf course; motoring; beautiful walks and drives; music; steam heat and open fireplaces. For rates, &c., apply to W. G. HAVILL, Manager.

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The Ideal Hotel at which to enjoy the Autumn Season.

THE KITTATINNY

The Leading Hotel at Delaware Water Gap, Pa. Steam heat, open log fires, electric lights, elevators, sun parlors; rooms en suite with baths. Golf, tennis, boating, beautiful walks and drives. Orchestra. Livery, garage. Booklet, auto maps. Special October rates. G. FRANK COPE.

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Rooms en suite and with private bath; bowling, tennis, pool, shooting in season; booklet. W. J. & M. D. Price.

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7th Av.—42d—B'way.
Unusual Cooking—Old Wines—Good Music.
AFTER THEATRE SUPPERS.
SUNDAY TABLE D'HOTE DINNER, $1.00.

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"ON THE HEIGHTS," BROOKLYN, N. Y.
NEW HIGH-CLASS HOTEL
Absolutely Fireproof.
EUROPEAN PLAN.

Unfurnished Suites of Rooms rented by the year only. Furnished Rooms or Suites by the day, week, month or season. Restaurant a la Carte, open until 1 A. M. Orchestra Evenings. Dinner de Luxe served from 6 to 9, $1.50, Sundays and Holidays. Most accessible to Subway, "L," and all surface cars.
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108 to 114 EAST 14TH ST. (Tel. 1480 Stuyvesant).
FAMOUS GERMAN RESTAURANT.
A LA CARTE AND TABLE D'HOTE.
Music by THE VIENNA ARTIST ORCHESTRA.

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103 W. 38th. bet. B'way & 6th av. **RIVOLI** Lunch, 40c. Dinner, 65c. Wine. Music.
New Management. Up to Date Place.

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This advertisement appeared in the Help Wanted column of The New York Times yesterday. Read the Help Wanted columns daily. They present many splendid opportunities.

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It costs a little more, but this is always the case with the best service.

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Groff Country School
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An unrivalled Boarding School at "Kildysart," a magnificent estate on the New Jersey Coast, entirely beyond description; see it personally. Adequate classroom, every comfort of the modern home, with boating (on Deal Lake), golf, horseback riding and other outdoor sports, carefully directed.

No grades or forms that a boy must fit. Limited enrollment. Separate department for boys 8 to 14 years.

Fall term begins September 26th.
WYATT W. RANDALL, Ph. D., Headmaster.

THE GROFF SCHOOL
228 West 72d St., New York

An ideal Day School for boys, where the same high standards of personal instruction of the Groff Country School are maintained. A most modern and complete school building, on one of the best streets in the city. All preparation of lessons directed at the school by regular teachers. Free use of largest gymnasium in New York. Also swimming pool and athletic field—all conveniently near. Limited enrollment. Separate department for boys 8 to 14 years of age. Fall term begins September 29th.

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For catalogue, testimonials and terms address or call on
JOSEPH C. GROFF,
228 West 72d St., New York City,
or "Kildysart," Deal Beach, N. J.
'Phones, 744 Col.—1029 Deal Beach.

COLUMBIA GRAMMAR SCHOOL
FOUNDED 1764.
NEW FIREPROOF BUILDING.
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Headmasters.

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61 E. 77th St., New York City.

A day school for girls from sixteen to twenty years of age, corresponding to college, which develops individuality, cultivates the human interests and sympathies, and is abreast of modern thought. Curriculum includes Psychology, Ethics, Economics, Sociology, Law, English, Living Languages, Music, and Art. New fireproof ten-story building equipped with every appliance essential to safety and comfort. Basket ball and tennis court.

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Private Classes for ladies, gentlemen, adults and children, in "Body-Building" and "Hygiene," by means of dancing; also classical, aesthetic, national, folk and fine ballroom dancing.

LOUIS H. CHALIF, Instructor,
Graduate Imperial Ballet School, Russia.

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Thorough preparation for Columbia, Yale, Harvard, Cornell, and Engineering Schools. Chemical and Physical Laboratory.
REGENTS' CERTIFICATES.
Day and Evening Sessions. Individual Attention.
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Small resident department and fully graded Day School in new fireproof building. Kindergarten to College. Also advanced courses in Literature, Art, Music, Household Arts, etc. Tennis, Basket Ball on Roof Garden. Gymnasium. Eleanor I. Keller, Ph. M., 35-37 East 62d St. Office hours, 10-4.

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57th St. and 7th Av. Twelfth Season.

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TUTORING In Preparatory Work for Entrance to College. All branches taught. Lessons given at home. 21 years' experience. Send for circular.
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Care of A. M. HUDNUT, 5 Nassau St., N. Y.

The Davidsburg Boarding and Day School FOR LITTLE CHILDREN, 114 W. 85th St. Home advantages and special training for girls under 14. Term begins Oct. 5, 1910.

LOOKING FOR A SCHOOL OR CAMP? YOU CAN FIND THE SCHOOL WANTED by writing School Agency, M.-41 Park Row, N. Y.

THE ELLIMAN SCHOOL Normal training class and Kindergarten. 28th year. 167 W. 57th St., opp Carnegie Hall.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

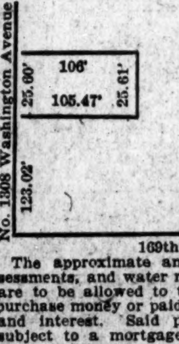
SUPREME COURT, KINGS COUNTY.—EMMA A. BOURNE, individually and as administratrix of the estate of HENRY DEGENER, deceased, plaintiff, against CLARA DEGENER and others, defendants.

In pursuance of an interlocutory judgment of partition and sale duly made and entered in the above-entitled action in the office of the Clerk of Kings County and bearing date the 17th day of September, 1910, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, of the City of New York, on the 1st day of November, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon, by James L. Wells, auctioneer, the following premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows:

"All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land situate, lying, and being in the Borough of The Bronx, City and County of New York, and State of New York, particularly bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a point in the easterly line of Washington Avenue as widened distant one hundred and twenty-three and two one-hundredths feet northerly from the northeasterly corner of 169th Street and Washington Avenue as widened, running thence easterly or nearly so and parallel with 169th Street, about one hundred and five and forty-seven one-hundredths feet, thence northerly or nearly so twenty-five and sixty-one one-hundredths feet, thence westerly or nearly so and parallel with 169th Street about one hundred and six feet to a point on the easterly side of Washington Avenue as widened, which point is one hundred and forty-eight and sixty-two one-hundredths feet from the northeasterly corner of Washington Avenue as widened and 169th Street, thence southerly and along the easterly side of Washington Avenue as widened twenty-five and sixty one-hundredths feet to the point or place of beginning."

Dated New York, October 8th, 1910.
RASTUS S. RANSOM, Referee.
WILLIAM H. HAMILTON, ESQ., Plaintiff's Attorney, 100 Broadway, New York City.
GERARD ROBERTS, ESQ., Attorney for Defendants Clara Degener and others, 38 Park Row, New York City.
PRESSINGER & NEWCOMBE, ESQS., Attorneys for Defendant Bradley & Currier Co., 60 Wall Street, New York City.
DIXON & HOLMES, ESQS., Attorneys for Defendants Dixon and Clarke, as executors, &c., 32 Liberty Street, New York City.
SAMUEL H. KUNSTLICH, ESQ., Attorney for Defendant Theil, 257 Broadway, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold:



The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates or other liens which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money or paid by the referee is $300.00 and interest. Said premises are to be sold subject to a mortgage thereon for $2,250 and accrued interest.

Dated New York, October 8th, 1910.
RASTUS S. RANSOM, Referee.

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NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y.

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Refined boarding and day school. Primary, intermediate, and academic departments in separate, large, fireproof buildings.

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FACULTY—College men, strong, experienced.

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WE TEACH—How to study, ambition, power of concentration, fearless honesty, self-control, self-reliance, manliness.

COLLEGE PREPARATION—Quick and thorough.

ALL SPORTS—Athletic field in charge of experienced coach, tennis and basket ball courts, lake, Long Island Sound, woods, military drill, sham battles.

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How to speak on all occasions taught by actual platform practice in large hall with real audience,

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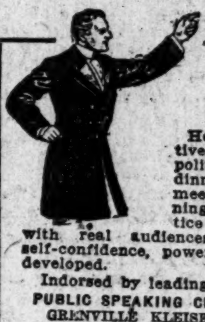

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LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Preserved Natural Leaves Held to be Dutiable at 60 Per Cent.

The Board of United States General Appraisers has decided adversely to Gage Brothers & Co. a contention regarding the classification under the tariff act of 1909 of preserved natural leaves. The Collector of Customs at Chicago returned the articles for duty at the rate of 60 per cent. under the paragraph in the Payne law for "leaves." This high rate of duty was opposed by the importing firm, which set up a number of contentions, among them being that the merchandise should be admitted at only 10 per cent. under the provision in the law for "unenumerated unmanufactured articles." Other claims are made, but General Appraiser McClelland, who writes the decision for the board, holds that the leaves are dutiable as assessed.

The customs authorities are reversed in a decision handed down yesterday by General Appraiser Sharretts. Spaulding & Co. imported rock crystal and other precious stones, which the classifying officers returned for duty at the rate of 50 per cent. as a "manufacture" under the terms of Paragraph 115 of the Dingley tariff. According to the importers the goods are entitled to entry at the rate of 10 per cent. as precious stones not set. A protest filed by the Pittsburg Plate Glass Company was dismissed.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.—The following is the forecast for Thursday and Friday, as issued by the United States Weather Bureau for the cotton and grain States:

Carolinas—Fair Thursday and Friday; not much change in temperature; moderate winds, mostly northwesterly.

Georgia—Fair Thursday. Friday increasing cloudiness; moderate winds, mostly northeasterly.

Florida—Partly cloudy Thursday and Friday with probably showers in southern and central portions; moderate winds, mostly easterly.

Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana—Unsettled weather Thursday and Friday with probably showers; moderate variable winds.

Eastern Texas—Generally fair Thursday and Friday; moderate winds, mostly southerly.

Western Texas—Generally fair Thursday and Friday; not much change in temperature.

Utah—Generally fair Thursday and Friday; cooler Thursday.

Oklahoma, Nebraska, Kansas—Partly cloudy Thursday and Friday; cooler Friday.

Arkansas—Showers Thursday. Friday partly cloudy.

Tennessee—Generally fair in eastern, probably showers in western portion Thursday and Friday.

Kentucky—Increasing cloudiness Thursday, probably showers at night or Friday.

Ohio—Fair Thursday and probably Friday; moderate northeasterly winds.

Indiana, Lower Michigan—Fair Thursday, probably becoming unsettled Friday; moderate variable winds.

Illinois—Fair Thursday, probably followed by showers at night or Friday; moderate easterly winds, becoming variable.

Upper Michigan—Fair Thursday and probably Friday, except showers in western portion; moderate easterly winds.

Wisconsin—Fair Thursday; probably followed by showers Friday; moderate easterly winds.

Minnesota—Unsettled Thursday and Friday with showers; moderate to brisk easterly winds; becoming variable.

Iowa, Missouri—Partly cloudy Thursday and Friday with probably showers.

North and South Dakota—Threatening and cooler Thursday with probably showers. Friday partly cloudy.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.—A board to consist of Capts. R. W. Mearns and G. H. Estes, Jr., Twentieth Infantry, First Lieuts. W. H. Smith, Medical Corps, and E. K. Johnstone, Medical Reserves, and Second Lieut. A. W. Chilton, Twentieth Infantry, is appointed to meet Nov. 1 at Fort Shafter, Hawaii, for examination of Quartermaster Sergt. W. P. Randolph, Troop G, Fifth Cavalry, and Sergt. F. Reid, Troop F, Fifth Cavalry, Schofield Barracks, Hawaii, for examination for appointment as Second Lieutenants in the Philippine Scouts.

Major F. W. Coe, Coast Artillery Corps, to Fort Leavenworth, and report to the Commandant, Army Service Schools, for conference with heads of departments and instructors.

Orders Oct. 6 appointing a board of officers to meet at Fort Caswell, N. C., for examination of candidates for appointment to grade of Second Lieutenant in the Philippine Scouts, revoked.

First Lieut. L. P. Williamson, Medical Corps, to Fort Russell, Wyo., for duty with Department of the Missouri.

The Navy.

Capt. J. Hood, to command the Rhode Island.

Capt. T. D. Griffin, home and wait orders.

Lieut. A. Andrews, to the Georgia.

Lieut. B. K. Johnson to duty in charge of Navy Recruiting Station, Dallas, Texas.

Commissioned—Assistant Surgeons: J. V. Howard, J. G. Omelvena, W. H. Halsey, W. E. Eaton, A. L. Jacoby, L. L. Pratt, and E. P. Halton.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived: Dolphin at Washington, Marietta at Cristobal, North Carolina at New York City, Dixie, Viper, Cuttlefish, and Flusser at Solomon's Island, Sylph at Washington, Papasco at Portsmouth, N. H.

The mail address of the North Carolina while at New York will be in care of Station I, New York City.

The Quiros was placed in commission at Naval Station, Cavite, P. I., Oct. 11.

BUSINESS TROUBLES

DAYTON, DUBOIS & CO.—Judge Holt has appointed Charles S. Noyes receiver in bankruptcy for Dayton, Dubois & Co., (corporation,) dealer in hospital supplies at 39 Beekman Street. The liabilities are $4,000 and the assets $2,000.

LORELLI & BROTHER.—Judge Hand has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy filed on July 25 against G. Lorelli & Brother, wholesale fruit and banana dealers at 72 Gansevoort Street, and in the Harlem Market, on a settlement at 30 cents on the dollar, payable 10 cents cash, 10 cents notes at four months, 5 cents at seven months, and 5 cents at ten months. The liabilities were $6,500.

ABRAHAM COOPER.—Judge Holt has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy filed on Sept. 13 against Abraham Cooper, wholesale dealer in dress goods at 148 Ridge Street, on a settlement at 25 cents on the dollar. The liabilities were $18,000.

LEVY & MOSKOWITZ.—Judge Holt has granted a discharge from bankruptcy to Levy & Moskowitz, clothing manufacturers, of 40 Great Jones Street, against whom a petition in bankruptcy was filed on Feb. 28, 1907. The liabilities were $5,798.

CAECILIE SCHACHNOW.—Caecilie Schachnow, living at 226 West 144th Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $1,374 and no assets. The liabilities are all on notes she indorsed for Benno Schachnow, who was formerly a liquor dealer. Her husband is now a waiter in a restaurant, and she filed the petition as a poor person, unable to pay the court fees.

Arrival of Buyers

Arriving and resident buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Harris-Emery Company, Des Moines, Iowa; M. H. Burns, handkerchiefs, ribbons, and gloves; 320 Church Street.
Famous, The, St. Louis, Mo.; C. Meyers, cloaks and suits; 4 Washington Place.
Filene's, W., Sons' Company, Boston, Mass.; Miss Cronin, infants' wear; Miss Hahn, negligees and kimonos; Mr. Cooper, suits and misses' dresses; 30 West Twenty-second Street.
O'Gorman's, Hartford, Conn.; Miss Brown, novelties; 31 Union Square.
Rosenbaum Company, Pittsburg, Penn.; L. A. Behr, cloaks, suits, waists, and furs; 31 Union Square.
Cohan Company, The, Richmond, Va.; I: Cohen, general merchandise; Miss Duffy, books and stationery; 100 Fifth Avenue.
White, R. H., Company, Boston, Mass.; M. A. McBride, cloaks and suits; Miss Tarpey, cloaks and suits; 41 Union Square.
Gimbel Brothers, Philadelphia, Penn.; Miss R. Saltz, laces, embroideries, and neckwear; J. Scammell, books; Miss B. E. Ramsey, infants' wear; E. Goldman, coats and waists; Thirty-second Street and Broadway.
McWhirr, R. A., Company, Fall River, Mass.; R. A. McWhirr, hosiery, underwear, and umbrellas; 75 Spring Street.
Shortenberg & Robinson Company, Pawtucket, R. I.; T. Ross, laces, ribbons, and handkerchiefs; 75 Spring Street.
Howland Dry Goods Company, The, Bridgeport, Conn.; Miss M. Skiffington, laces and embroideries; J. D. Granfield, furnishing goods, hosiery, gloves, handkerchiefs, and parasols; 75 Spring Street.
Shortenberg & Robinson, New Haven, Conn.; W. H. Flack, dress goods, silks, and linings; 75 Spring Street.
Mandel Brothers, Chicago, Ill.; Miss Tiernan, waists and underwear; 450 Broome Street.
Woodward & Lothrop, Washington, D. C.; Mrs. F. Evans, muslin underwear, infants' wear, and corsets; 438 Broadway.
Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Company, Rochester, N. Y.; W. H. Crumley, white goods and handkerchiefs; 454 Broome Street.
Malley, Ed., Company, The, New Haven, Conn.; J. S. Ogilvie, furnishing goods, hosiery, and gloves; W. P. Lincoln, dress goods, silks, velvets, and linings; Mr. Hotchkiss, furniture; Mr. Daggett, notions; 320 Church Street.
Donaldson, L. S., Company, Minneapolis, Minn.; Miss C. W. Bradshaw, muslin underwear; 2 Walker Street.
Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; F. H. Myers, dress goods, silks, and velvets; 2 Walker Street.
Denholm & McKay Company, Worcester, Mass.; C. R. Marsh, cloaks, suits, and furs; 2 Walker Street.
Smith-Murray Company, Bridgeport, Conn.; F. E. Blake, linings and dress trimmings; 55 White Street.
Smith & Murray, Springfield, Mass.; G. Pierce, notions, jewelry, and silverware; 55 White Street.
Gilchrist Company, Boston, Mass.; T. N. Wilson, cloaks, suits, and furs; C. W. Warnock, corsets, waists, and underwear; A. B. Austin, children's clothing; 55 White Street.
Porteous & Mitchell Company, Norwich, Conn.; T. H. Galligan, laces and embroideries; 55 White Street.
Dreyfus, S. G., Company, Shreveport, La.; B. Dreyfus, hosiery and underwear; 43 Leonard Street.
Arbuthnot-Stephenson Company, Pittsburg, Penn.; R. L. Thompson, domestics, prints, and ginghams; 43 Leonard Street.
Castner-Knott Dry Goods Company, Nashville, Tenn.; Miss E. Dietrich, ladies' underwear and infants' wear; 214 Church Street.
Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., Chicago, Ill.; G. Weinrich, laces and embroideries; 115 Worth Street.
Rosenbaum Company, Pittsburg, Penn.; P. L. Cohen, millinery; 31 Union Square; Hotel Collingwood.
Kaufmann Brothers, Pittsburg, Penn.; T. Kaufmann, furnishing goods, hosiery, and trunks; 648 Broadway.
Flint & Kent, Buffalo, N. Y.; J. B. Hope, boys' clothing, hats, caps, furnishing goods, gloves and hosiery; 31 Union Square; Hotel Collingwood.
Kleinhaus Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; W. L. Houston, hats; Hotel Latham.
Levy, B. H., & Co., Savannah, Ga.; H. Levy, clothing and furnishing goods; 22 East Fourteenth Street; Hotel Collingwood.
Bush & Bull Company, Williamsport, Penn.; C. N. Huston, hosiery, furnishing goods, and umbrellas; Hotel Grand.
Jasper Brothers, Worcester, Mass.; B. Jasper, woolens; Hotel Albert.
Zinn, W. H., Company, Lafayette, Ind.; Miss D. Schwartz, notions and books; 32 White Street; Hotel Victoria.
Goldenberg Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; L. Goldenberg, silks; Hotel Albert; J. Wolf, cloaks and furs; Hotel Marlborough.
Lipman, Wolfe & Co., Portland, Ore.; L. N. Levinson, cloaks, suits, and furs; 72 Leonard Street.
Weinstock, Dubin & Co., San Francisco, Cal.; J. H. Brown, linings, gloves, hosiery, ribbons, and notions; 395 Broadway; Hotel King Edward.
Bee Hive, Sioux Falls, S. D.; C. M. Rohde, cloaks, suits, underwear, and corsets; 45 East Seventeenth Street.
Woodward & Lothrop, Washington, D. C.; Mrs. M. Johnson, hosiery and knit underwear; 438 Broadway; Park Avenue Hotel.
McKelvey, G. M., Company, Youngstown, Ohio; H. M. Green, toilet and leather goods; 41 Union Square; Hotel York.
Hibben, J. H., Dry Goods Company, Cincinnati, Ohio; M. Williams, white goods, linings, and upholstery; 377 Broadway.
Lebeck Brothers, Nashville, Tenn.; H. Glick, dry goods; L. Lebeck, cloaks, suits, and furs; 683 Broadway.
Cohn, Coblens & Co., Baltimore, Md.; T. L. Brice, dress goods and silks; Hotel Grand.
Hager & Brother, Lancaster, Penn.; R. C. Masterson notions, gloves, and leather goods; 41 Union Square.
Heyns' Bazaar Company, Detroit, Mich.; M. May, millinery; Hotel Imperial.
Wegman, John B., Company, Rochester, N. Y.; F. B. Stevenson, millinery; Hotel Imperial.
Robinson, J. M., Norton & Co., Louisville, Ky.; H. A. Walton, dress goods and silks; 72 Leonard Street.
Nugent, B., & Brothers Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; W. J. Jennings, suits and waists; 31 Union Square.
Pittsburg Dry Goods Company, Pittsburg, Penn.; W. F. Dalzell, dress goods; 43 Leonard Street.
Field, Marshall, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; W. R. Wiley, dress goods; 104 Worth Street.
Samuels, J., & Brother, Providence, R. I.; J. Eisner, millinery and ribbons; Hotel Cadillac.
Frear, William H., & Co., Troy, N. Y.; G. F. McIntosh, hosiery; D. R. McGonigal, silks; Hotel York.
Woodward & Lothrop, Washington, D. C.; Miss M. D. Collins, ruchings; Miss L. McGill, laces and ribbons; 438 Broadway; Holland House.
Scott, Griggs & Co., Cleveland, Ohio; R. Mumford, furnishing goods; 43 Leonard Street.
Sanger Brothers, Dallas, Texas; M. S. Levy, knit underwear; 15 Mercer Street.
Woodward & Lothrop, Washington, D. C.; J. A. Hobson, upholstery goods; 438 Broadway; The Breslin.
McAuslan & Wakelin Company, Holyoke, Mass.; W. B. Wakelin, suits, laces, and gloves; J. H. Wakelin, silks; Hotel Navarre.
Stewart Dry Goods Company, Louisville, Ky.; H. Becker, dress goods, and silks; 214 Church Street.
Gamble, Desmond Company, New Haven, Conn.; George Allen, cloaks and suits; 129 West Twenty-seventh Street.
Fair, Providence, R. I.; I. Ottenberg, cloaks, suits, waists, and muslin underwear; Hotel Broztell.
Armstrong, Cator & Co., Baltimore, Md.; J. K. Hill, flowers and feathers; G. H. Lanten, hats; 621 Broadway; Hoffman House.
Sutton, R. M., Company, Baltimore, Md.; G. T. Warner, cloaks, waists, laces, and notions; The Breslin.
Rice-Stix Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; E. E. Buckner, leather goods; 377 Broadway.
Kann, S., Sons & Co., Washington, D. C.; H. P. Selman, cloaks and suits; 621 Broadway; Hoffman House.
Baggs & Buhl, Pittsburg, Penn.; Miss A. Eckert, children's garments; 45 East Seventeenth Street.
Rosenbaum Company, Pittsburg, Penn.; Miss J. Martin, millinery; 31 Union Square.
Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Company, Rochester, N. Y.; G. F. Merrick, millinery; 454 Broome Street.
Lamson Brothers Company, Toledo, Ohio; W. E. Buckingham, linens; 31 Union Square.
Sherer, C. T., Company, Worcester, Mass.; R. H. Booth, boys' clothing, hosiery, and underwear; The Breslin.
Jordan-Marsh Company, Boston, Mass.; W. J. Knox, corsets and muslin underwear; 31 Union Square.
White, R. H., Company, Boston, Mass.; G. W. Landon, laces; 41 Union Square.
Flint & Kent, Buffalo, N. Y.; C. W. Conklin, cloaks, suits, and waists; 31 Union Square.
Kram, E., Houston, Texas; W. H. Beyette, cloaks; 101 Fifth Avenue.
Hoger & Brother, Lancaster, Penn.; Mrs. C. F. McCoy, millinery; 41 Union Square.
Ould, J. W., Company, Lynchburg, Va.; J. W. Ould, furnishing goods; 43 Leonard Street.
Shortenberg & Robinson, Pawtucket, R. I.; F. H. Craft, upholstery goods; 75 Spring St.
Colwell, Irving S., Auburn, N. Y.; books and stationery; Hotel Prince George.
Schipper & Block, Incorporated, Peoria, Ill.; Mr. Falls, cloaks and suits; 41 Union Square.

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CARBON PAPERS and Typewriter Ribbons
Republic Carbon & Ribbon Mfg. Co., 46 W. B'way.
CROCHET AND KNIT SCARFS.
Louis Auerbach, 842, 844, & 846 Broadway.
CROCHETED DOYLIES, Mats, & Irish Laces
Elias & Abdoo, (Importers,) 54 Wash. St.
CROCHETED LACES.
N. Jannelli, 324 East 14th St. (Imported.)
Ladies' Neckwear.
A. A. Chibbaro, 324 East 14th St.
Egyptian Scarfs and Kimonos.
Azoon & Bonamy, 75 Washington St.
HAND-EMBROIDERED Shirt Waist Patterns
Lace Mfg. & Importing Co., 29 Broadway.
HARDWARE SPECIALTIES.
Smith & Hemenway Co., 103 Duane St., w. of B'way.
HUMAN HAIR.
Milton Mayer, Importer, 87-89 University Place.
Schwarzkopf & Salmore, 42 Union Square East.
IRISH LACES AND NECKWEAR.
Dewan & Sons Co., 6-8 West 18th St.
MARABOU BOAS, MUFFS & NOVELTIES.
Hauser & Davis, Mfrs., 59 East 8th St.
MANICURE SUPPLIES.
Lustr-ite, (Floridine Mfg. Co.,) 42 Franklin.
NECKWEAR—Men's.
Berliner, Strauss & Meyer, 733, 735, 737 Broadway.
Louis Auerbach, 842, 844, & 846 Broadway.
KIMONOS.
[illegible] & Co., 98 Wash'ton St. (Dressing Sacques.)
[illegible], Eyeglasses, & Optical Goods.
[illegible] Optical Co., 31 Maiden Lane.

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Winter Travel

Ten Private Pullman Trains to CALIFORNIA (First departure Nov. 15)—Two Private Pullman Trains thru OLD MEXICO—A series of Nine Delightful Tours to FLORIDA, NASSAU, and Cuba—Three parties to ORIENTAL LANDS, EGYPT, the NILE, PALESTINE, etc., etc., grand tour around the world (southbound), and a delightful journey through JAPAN, CHINA and KOREA in early spring.

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BERMUDA TOURS
Delightful Fall Outings, 9 and 11 day tours, covering transportation, hotels, drives, and sightseeing. $47.50 upward. From New York Oct. 22, 29; Nov. 5, 12, 19, 26; Dec. 3, 10, 17, 24, 31. Send for details to MARSTERS TOURS, 31 W. 30th St., New York City.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of F. F. FRITTS COMPANY, a New York corporation, Bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to an order of this Court, dated October 8, 1910, the undersigned will receive at his office, No. 27 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on or before October 18, 1910, at 10 A. M., sealed bids for the purchase of personal property of the above named Bankrupt, consisting of a complete equipment for a restaurant, including furniture, fixtures, ranges, bake-oven, safes, cash register, etc. Said property will be open for inspection on October 14 and 15, 1910, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 5 P. M., at the Bankrupt's late place of business, No. 124 Chambers Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City. Bids must be accompanied by cash or certified check for 10 per cent. of amount bid. The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all bids. If all bids are rejected the property will be sold at public auction by Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer, on the 21st day of October, 1910, at 10:30 A. M.

Dated New York, October 13, 1910.
WM. FORD UPSON, Receiver,
27 William Street,
Borough of Manhattan, New York City.
JOHN L. BISSELL, Attorney for Receiver, 115 Broadway, New York City, Borough of Manhattan.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York. —In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SOLOMON ABRAMOWITZ, trading as ROUMANIAN-AMERICAN MFG. CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, Oct. 19, 1910, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 24 Lispenard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of leather, leather trimmings for the manufacture of suspenders, machinery, fixtures, &c. COHEN BROS., Attorneys for Petitioning Creditors, 64 Wall St., New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 13,933.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOSEPH JOHNSON, HARRY JOHNSON, and MEYER JOHNSON, partners under the firm name of JOHNSON BROS., Bankrupts.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupts of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the 23d day of August, A. D. 1910, the said Joseph Johnson, Harry Johnson, and Meyer Johnson, partners under the firm name of Johnson Bros., were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of William Allen, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 67 Wall Street, City and County of New York, on the 25th day of Oct., A. D. 1910, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM ALLEN,
October 11th, 1910. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 14,098.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOHN THAIN, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of John Thain of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 29th day of Sept., A. D. 1910, the said John Thain was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of William Allen, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 67 Wall Street, City and County of New York, on the 25th day of Oct., A. D. 1910, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM ALLEN,
October 11th, 1910. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 14,025.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HYMAN BODNER, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Hyman Bodner, of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 18th day of Sept. A. D., 1910, the said Hyman Bodner was duly adjudicated bankrupt and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of William Allen, Referee in bankruptcy, No. 67 Wall Street, City and County of New York, on the 27th day of Oct., A. D., 1910, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM ALLEN,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Oct. 11, 1910.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—JAMES J. GLYNN and HUGH GALLAGHER, individually and composing the firm of GLYNN & GALLAGHER, Bankrupts.—No. 12,830.

Notice is hereby given that the above named bankrupts have filed their petition, dated the 10th day of October, 1910, praying individually and as members of the firm of Glynn & Gallagher for a discharge from all their debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Oct. 24, 1910, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioners should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupts thereon.

WILLIAM ALLEN,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, Oct. 11, 1910.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—GEORGE W. LEWY, Bankrupt.—No. 13,761.

Notice is hereby given that George W. Lewy, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated the 23rd day of September, 1910, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on the 31st day of October, 1910, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

WILLIAM ALLEN, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, October 11th, 1910.

NO. 14,065.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of FREDERICK BENZ, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Frederick Benz, of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 28rd day of September, A. D. 1910, the said Frederick Benz was duly adjudicated bankrupt and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of William Allen, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 67 Wall Street, City and County of New York, on the 25th day of October, A. D. 1910, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM ALLEN, Referee in Bankruptcy.
October 11th, 1910.

Daily and Sunday editions of The New York Times mailed to any address in the United States for Seventy-five Cents a month; daily edition Fifty Cents a month. Orders may be sent through newsdealers or directly to the Publication Office.—Adv.

CHARMING EXCURSIONS
West Point, Newburgh & Poughkeepsie
Daily (except Sunday) by Palace
HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE STEAMERS.
B'klyn, Fulton St. (By Annex), 8. Desbrosses St., 8:40; W. 42d St., 9; W. 129th St., 9:20 A. M. Return on down boat due 42d St. 5:30 P. M. See Steamboat Advt.

FOOTBALL AT WEST POINT
YALE, Oct. 15th HARVARD, Oct. 29th
STEAMER HENDRICK HUDSON
Will run special for these games, leaving Desbrosses St. 10:20, W. 42d 10:40, W. 129th 11:00 A. M. Arriving at West Point in time for Full Dress Inspection before the game. Return immediately after game, reaching New York in time for Theatres. Tickets $1.25 each (not including admission to game.)

The Mountains are beautiful in autumn tints of brown and gold
Go with the
Lehigh Valley Railroad
Excursion to
Mauch Chunk & Glen Onoko
Sunday, October 16th
$1.50 Round Trip
Leave Penna. R. R. Ferry Stations, New York, 8:25 A. M.
Leave Market St., Newark, 9:05 A. M.
Hudson Tube connects in Jersey City.
Returning leave Glen Onoko......5 P. M.
Mauch Chunk.......5:15 P. M.

ALL EXPENSE
CALIFORNIA, Colorado Rockies, Grand Canyon, Canadian Rockies, 30 days.....$274.75
FRANK TOURIST CO., 396 Broadway, N. Y.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

FALL RIVER LINE
(Splendid Steamers—Splendid Service)
On the way to Boston aboard a Fall River Line steamer—
You'll enjoy a comfortable night's rest at sea—
—And you'll have new zest for the day's business or pleasure.
Fall River Line steamers leave New York, Pier 19, North River, foot of Warren Street, at 5:00 P. M. Get you to Boston as early as 7 o'clock next morning—later if you like.
Fare to Boston........ $4
Telephone 5121 Cortlandt for information
City Ticket Office—171 Broadway.

HUDSON RIVER BY DAYLIGHT
HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE STEAMERS.
Daily except Sunday. Leave Brooklyn, Fulton St. (by Annex), 8; Desbrosses St., 8:40; W. 42d St., 9; W. 129th St., 9:20 A. M. Landing at Yonkers, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson, and Albany. Easy connections North, East, and West. All thru rail tickets between N. Y. and Albany accepted. Most delightful one-day outings to West Point, Newburgh, or Poughkeepsie, returning on down boat. Meals served at all hours. Music.
Str. "Hendrick Hudson" Football Special to West Point, Yale game Oct. 15th and Harvard Oct. 29th. Leave Desb. St. 10:20, W. 42d St. 10:40, W. 129th St. 11 A. M.

HUDSON RIVER NIGHT LINES
PEOPLES LINE To Albany — STR C. W. MORSE or ADIRONDACK—Daily (Sunday excepted) Pier 32, N. R., 6 P. M.; W. 129th St., 6:30 P. M. Saturday night Str. connects with D. & H. train Sunday morning for Rutland, Plattsburg, Montreal.
CITIZENS LINE To Troy — New Str. TROJAN or RENSSELAER. Pier 46 N. R., 6 P. M. daily (Saturday excepted). Sunday Steamer stops at Albany, landing at W. 129th St. 6:30 P. M. Sundays only.
Best service. Direct rail connection at Albany and Troy for points North, East and West. Horses and automobiles carried at reasonable rates.

"THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED."
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON Via Boat and Rail........$2.65
PROVIDENCE, Boat Direct..........1.75
WORCESTER, via Boat and Rail......2.65
FALL RIVER, via Boat and Rail......2.00
Week days and Sundays at 5:30 P. M. from Pier 39, N. R., foot of W. Houston St.
ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS—FINEST SERVICE.
'Phones, Spring 9491 and 9492.

$1 MANHATTAN LINE To Albany
Round Trip $1.50 (Good Ten Days)
Horses and Automobiles at reasonable rates. Leave foot W. Houston St. 5.30 P. M., foot W. 129th St. 6.00 P. M. daily. Telephone 3226 Spring.

JOY LINE 2.40 TO BOSTON VIA BOAT & RAIL.
Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Every week day, 5:30 P. M., from Pier 19, East River.
NEW MANAGEMENT. IMPROVED SERVICE.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y.

HARTFORD LINE
From New Pier 19, East River, foot of Peck Slip, daily except Sunday, at 5 P. M., for Connecticut River landings. Write for illustrated folder.

CENTRAL-HUDSON LINES,
Daily steamers for Newburgh, Poughkeepsie & Kingston, Pier 24, N. R., foot Franklin St.

CATSKILL EVENING LINE
Steamers leave week days, foot of Christopher Street, Pier 43, N. R., 6:30 P. M.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

ROUND THE WORLD WITH CLARK
Only 15 members in each party. Exceptional interesting features.
Nov. 19, Eastward, with Java, $2,400
Jan. 25, Eastward, $2,100
Nov. 8, Westward, $2,200
FRANK C. CLARK, Times Bldg., NEW YORK.

OLD DOMINION LINE.
DAILY SERVICE.
For Old Point Comfort, Norfolk, Portsmouth, Pinner's Point, and Newport News, Va., connecting for Petersburg, Richmond, Washington, D. C., and the entire South and West.
Freight and Passenger Steamers sail from Pier 25, N. R., foot of [illegible] every week day at 3 P. M.
[illegible] W. [illegible] WOODROW, Traffic Manager.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS. / TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

PLEASURES OF AN OCEAN TRIP ARE ASSURED
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE
SAFETY COMFORT SERVICE

LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG
Cleveland ....Oct. 15, 9 A. M.
President Lincoln ...Oct. 19, 10 A. M.
†Amerika ....Oct. 22, 12 Noon
President Grant.......Oct. 26, 1 P. M.
†Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton a la Carte Restaurant, Gymnasium, Elec. Baths, Elevators, Palm Garden.

EUROPE

GIBRALTAR, NAPLES AND GENOA
*S. S. CINCINNATI..Nov. 3, 10 A. M.
*S. S. CLEVELAND...Dec. 6, Jan. 28
*S. S. CINCINNATI..Jan. 5, Feb. 14
S. S. HAMBURG............Feb. 28
*New. 17,000 tons. Elevator, Electric Baths, Gymnasium, etc.

PLEASURE CRUISES
ORIENT, WEST INDIES, SOUTH AMERICA, AROUND THE WORLD.

A GRAND CRUISE TO SOUTH AMERICA
Leaving New York JANUARY 21, 1911
By the steamship BLUECHER for the East Coast of South America through the Straits of Magellan and up the West Coast to Valparaiso, Chile, &c. Duration 74 days. Rates $350 up.

CRUISES AND SERVICES
THE STEAMSHIP HAMBURG (TWIN SCREW, 11,000 TONS,) AND THE SPLENDID PRINZ STEAMERS SAIL REGULARLY TO
Cuba, Jamaica, Panama Canal, etc.
Offering unexcelled cuisine and appointments, opportunities for delightful cruises to the West Indies, visits to the Panama Canal, interesting ports in Central and South America.
THROUGH TICKETS TO AND FROM WEST COAST POINTS.
23 to 25 DAYS COST ENTIRE ROUND TRIP $135, $140
CUBA SERVICE WEEKLY TO HAVANA — The twin-screw S. S. HAMBURG, of 11,000 tons, will be placed in this service on Nov. 30 and will maintain weekly sailings with the steamers Altai and Allegheny. Largest passenger ship in Cuban trade. — Send for booklets to Hamburg-American Line ATLAS SERVICE
Bookings for NILE SERVICE. Tourist Dept. for Trips Everywhere. Write for Detailed Itineraries of All Cruises.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, 41-45 Broadway, N. Y.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE LINES
NEARBY SAILINGS — All our steamers have Wireless Telegraph and Submarine Signals.
Minnetonka Oct. 15, 3.00 P.M. — ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE. London Direct.
St. Paul Oct. 15, 10.00 A.M. — AMERICAN LINE. Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
Kroonland Oct. 15, 11.00 A.M. — RED STAR LINE. Dover—Antwerp—Paris
Cedric Oct. 15, 2.00 P.M. — WHITE STAR LINE. Queenstown—Liverpool.
Adriatic Oct. 19, 9.30 A.M. — WHITE STAR LINE. Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.

American Line Pier 62 N. R.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
St. Paul....Oct. 15, 10 AM | St. Louis..Oct. 29
Phila'phia..Oct. 22, 10 AM | New York..Nov. 5

Atlantic Transport Line
New York—London Direct Pier 58 N. R.
Minnetonka..Oct. 15, 3 PM | Min'waska, Oct. 29
Mesaba....Oct. 22, 9 A. M. | Min'apolis. Nov. 5

Red Star Line Pier 59 N. R.
New York—Dover—Antwerp—Paris
Kroonland..Oct. 15, 11 AM | Vaderland. Oct. 29
Finland.....Oct. 22, 11 AM | Lapland..Nov. 9

White Star Line Piers 60 & 61 N. R.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
Adriatic..Oct. 19, 9:30 AM | Oceanic..Nov. 2
Teutonic....Oct. 26, 3 PM | Majestic..Nov. 9
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool
Cedric.......Oct. 15, 2 PM | Baltic.....Oct. 29
Arabic.......Oct. 22, noon | Celtic.....Nov. 5
New York and Boston to RIVIERA—ITALY—EGYPT
The Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Villefranche, Genoa, Naples, Alexandria
Canopic. Oct. 29, 9 AM | Canopic.......Dec. 7
Rom'nic. Nv. 12, 3:30PM | Romanic.......Dec. 15
Cretic. Nov. 30, 12 noon | Romanic.......Feb. 4
✱CEDRIC (21,035 tons)....Jan. 11, Feb. 22
✱CELTIC (20,904 tons)....Jan. 25, Mar. 8
✱Largest Steamers to the Mediterranean.
PASSENGER OFFICES, 9 B'WAY, (TEL. 2100 RECTOR.) AND PIER 62 N. R., (WEST 23D ST.) N. Y.

AGWI LINES

Atlantic, Gulf & West Indies S. S. Lines
CLYDE LINE—MALLORY LINE—PORTO RICO LINE—WARD LINE.
Florida — Tues., Wed., Fri. & Sat., direct to Jacksonville. Scenic daylight and searchlight trip through St. Johns River.
Carolinas — Tues., Wed., Fri. and Sat. to Charleston for all points southwest.
Georgia — Mon. and Thurs. to Brunswick, Ga., connecting for all points in Georgia, Florida, Alabama.
Daily service, except Sundays, from Pier 36, North River, the only steamers from New York direct to above point.
CLYDE STEAMSHIP COMPANY, General Office, Pier 36, North River, N. Y.
Cuba — Sailings each Thurs. and Sat., connections for Santiago and other Cuban points.
Mexico — Sailings each Thurs. for Progreso and Vera Cruz, Fri. for Tampico, connections for interior points.
Bahamas — Sailings alternate Fridays for Nassau, increased to weekly sailings in Winter. New American twin screw steamships, excellent cuisine, large, comfortable rooms, saloons, and lounging decks.
NEW YORK & CUBA MAIL S. S. CO. General Office, Pier 14, East River, N. Y.
Write for AGWI NEWS, a magazine describing this American Mediterranean.
CITY TICKET OFFICE, AGWI LINES, 290 BROADWAY. 1

FABRE LINE
The French Mediterranean Line.
Azores—Naples—Villefranche—Marseilles.
Madonna .....Oct. 15 | Venezia .....Nov. 10
Roma ....Oct. 27 | Germania ...Nov. 17
RIVIERA-ITALY-EGYPT
Through Bookings all over the WORLD.
All steamers equipped with wireless.
J. TER KUILE, G. P. A., 33 B'way, N. Y.

BERMUDA

Special Tours by the popular steamships "BERMUDIAN" of the Quebec S. S. Co. and "TRENT" of the Royal Mail S. P. Co.
All expenses included.
$47.50 AND UP
Leave New York October 19th and every Saturday until end of December.
THOS. COOK & SON
245 Broadway, 264 and 553 Fifth Ave., 649 Madison Ave., New York.

The Royal Mail Steam Packet Co.
BERMUDA Round Trip by new and fast S. S. TRENT, 6,000 Tons. Sailing Oct. 22, Nov. 5.
11-day Tours, including 7 days' Hotel accommodations, excursions, etc., $55 and up.
CUBA Sailings every Saturday to Antilla (Nipe Bay) 1st class $42.50. Through tickets to Santiago and Camaguey, $45, Havana, $55.
JAMAICA, COLON
COLOMBIA, TRINIDAD, BARBADOS.
Azores, Southampton.
Tagus........Oct. 15 | Magdalena..Nov. 12
Oruba........Oct. 29 | Clyde.......Nov. 26
From Pier 52, North River, N. Y.
SANDERSON & SON, G.P. & F.A., 22 State St., N.Y.

UNITED FRUIT COMPANY STEAMSHIP SERVICE
New Five Thousand Ton Passenger and Freight Steamers Sail Thursdays, 12 noon, Pier 16, East River, (ft. Fulton St.)
JAMAICA—PANAMA—COLOMBIA.
CONNECTING FOR PACIFIC PORTS, CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICA.
17 Battery Place. Telephone 1025 Rector.
Additional weekly sailings from Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and New Orleans.

SOUTH AMERICA
"The World's Great Garden"
BAHIA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO, BUENOS AYRES & ROSARIO
by the Large, New and Fast Passenger Steamers of the
LAMPORT & HOLT LINE
Sailing from New York, 5th & 20th of each month.
For rates, etc., apply local ticket Agents, or
BUSK & DANIELS, General Agents
301 Produce Exchange, New York

BY SEA TO MAINE
The Most Charming
Short Sea Trip on the Atlantic Coast.
Sailings from New Pier 20, East River, New York, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 5 P. M. For full information and illustrated descriptive booklet apply to
MAINE S. S. CO., 290 Broadway, N. Y.

CLARK'S "ARABIC" ORIENT CRUISE
FEB. 4. $400 up for 71 days. All Expenses. Four fine 6 mos. Round World Tours, $2,100 to $3,400; lv. Oct. 18, Nov. 2 & 19, & Jan. 25.
FRANK C. CLARK, Times Bldg., New York

North German Lloyd
LONDON | PARIS BREMEN
TUESDAYS 10 A. M.
Express Sailings.
Cecilie.......Oct. 18
Kr'prinz Wm. Oct. 25
Kr. Wm. II...Nov. 1
Wr. W. d. Gr. Nov. 8
THURSDAYS 10 A. M.
Twin-Screw and Fast Mail Sailings.
Prinz F. Wm.. Oct. 13
G. Wash'ton. Oct. 20
*Barbarossa...Oct. 27
*F'd'h d. Gr. Nov. 3
*Bremen Direct.
GIBRALTAR | NAPLES | GENOA
SATURDAYS 11 A. M.
K. Albert.......Oct. 22 | K. Luise.....Nov. 12
P. Irene........Nov. 5 | Berlin (new). Nov. 19
Wireless and Submarine Signals.
Independent Around-the-World Tours.
Travelers' Checks Good All Over the World.
OELRICHS & CO., Gen. Agts., 5 B'way, N.Y.

CUNARD
Piers foot West 14th St., N. R. Offices, 24 State Street, opposite Battery.
Largest, Fastest, Finest Ships afloat. Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signal.
MOST EXPEDITIOUS ROUTE.
LONDON PARIS BERLIN VIENNA
DIRECT via FISHGUARD
Oct. A. M. Ports of Call.
Carmania 15 | 10 | Queenst'n Fishg'd Liverpool
Lusitania 19 | 9 | Fishguard and Liverpool
Campania 26 | 10 | Queenst'n Fishg'd Liverpool
Nov. A. M.
Caronia 2 | 10 | Queenst'n Fishg'd Liverpool
MADEIRA* GIBRALTAR GENOA NAPLES TRIESTE FIUME
*Saxonia. Oct. 20, noon | Ultonia ....Nov. 10
Panonia.. Oct. 27, noon | Carmania (see below)
SPECIAL CRUISES
RIVIERA ITALY EGYPT
Madeira Gibraltar Algiers Villefranche Genoa Naples Alexandria Fiume.
Carmania 20,000 tons..Nov. 26, Jan. 7, Feb. 18
Caronia 20,000 tons..........Jan. 21.......
Franconia 18,000 tons. new steamer. March 11

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Générale Transatlantique
Direct Line to Havre-Paris (France).
Sailing every Thursday, 10 A. M.
From Pier 57, North River, foot West 15th St.
*La Savoie....Oct. 13 | *La Provence..Nov. 3
*La Lorraine. Oct. 20 | *La Savoie...Nov. 10
*La Touraine..Oct. 27 | *La Lorraine..Nov. 17
*Twin screw steamers.
SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILING.
One class (II) Cabin Passengers only.
La Gascogne...........................Oct. 15
GENERAL AGENCY, 19 State Street, N. Y.

RUSSIAN AMERICAN LINE 27 B'way, N. Y.
Twin-screw S. S. KURSK, Maiden Trip Nov. 19.
8½ days to Rotterdam, 11½ days to Libau.
S. S. ESTONIA .....Oct. 15
S. S. LITUANIA ..Nov. 5
S. S. KURSK .....Nov. 19
First Class to Rotterdam, $50; Libau, $60.
Second Clas to Rotterdam, $43; Libau, $50.
All outside rooms, wireless telegraph.
A. E. Johnson & Co., Gen'l Pass. Agts.

ANCHOR LINE
GLASGOW via LONDONDERRY
Columbia..Oct. 15, 3 P.M. California. Oct. 29, 3 P. M.
Caledonia. Oct. 22, 10 A.M. Furnessia, Nov. 5, 9 A. M.
FIRST CABIN, $67.50 AND $72.50.
SECOND CABIN, $45 AND $47.50.
THIRD CLASS, $30 AND $31.25.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17-19 Broadway.

ITALIAN LINES
*NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA.
†LA VELOCE, (Fast Italian Line.)
‡ITALIA Societa di Navigazione a Vapore.
TO NAPLES AND GENOA DIRECT.
*D. D'Aosta. Oct. 15, 11 AM | ‡Taormina ....Oct. 22
†Europa ....Oct. 28 | *D. D. Abruzzi...Nov. 19
All large, new Twin Screw Steamers.
HARTFIELD, SOLARI & CO., 21 State St., N. Y.

Shipping and Mails.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..6:10 | Sun sets..5:24 | Moon sets..A. M.

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	2:37	3:00	8:37	9:30
Governors Island	2:58	3:25	9:33	10:11
Hell Gate	4:43	5:15	11:08	11:46

Arrived—Wednesday, Oct. 12.

SS C F. Tietgen, Christiansand, Oct. 1.
SS Antonio Lopez, Cadiz, Sept. 30.
SS Arkansas, Copenhagen, Sept. 22.
SS Gascogne, Havre, Oct. 2.
SS President Lincoln, Hamburg, Oct. 2.
SS Pallanza, Hamburg, Sept. 27.
SS Lowther Castle, Singapore, Aug. 11.
SS Fimreite, Boston, Oct. 10.
SS Manzanillo, Guantanamo, Oct. 5.
SS Advance, Cristobal, Oct. 5.
SS Obidense, Port Antonio, Oct. 8.
SS Sannio, Boston, Oct 11.
SS Berwind, Baltimore, Oct. 11.
SS Comal, Tampa, Oct. 7.
SS Aragon, Georgetown, Oct. 8.
SS Hamilton, Norfolk, Oct. 11.
SS Jefferson, Norfolk, Oct. 11.
SS El Valle, Galveston, Oct. 6.
SS Delaware, Philadelphia, Oct. 11.
SS Katuna, Boston, Oct 11.
SS Ghazee, Boston, Oct 11.

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
P. Friedrich Wilhelm, Bremen	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Savoie, Havre	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Campania, Rotterdam		
Esperanza, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Zacapa, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Albingia, Haiti	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Oscar II., Copenhagen	———	2:00 P.M.
Yumuri, Guantanamo	———	12:00 M.
Virginia, Genoa	———	———
City of Columbus, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.
Sabine, Brunswick	———	1:00 P.M.
SAIL TO-MORROW.		
Bayamo, Tampico	———	12:00 M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
SAIL SATURDAY.		
St Paul, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Carmania, Liverpool	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Cedric, Liverpool	10:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Madonna, Azores	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Estonia, Rotterdam	———	———
Cleveland, Hamburg	———	9:00 A.M.
Moltke, Genoa	———	2:00 P.M.
Duc d'Aosta, Genoa	———	11:00 A.M.
Minnetonka, London	———	3:00 P.M.
Kroonland, Antwerp	———	11:00 A.M.
Columbia, Glasgow	———	3:00 P.M.
Gascogne, Havre	———	3:00 P.M.
Maracaibo, Curacao	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Coamo, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Tagus, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Havana, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Sibiria, Inagua	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Woglinde, Pernambuco	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Boniface, Para	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Tudor Prince, Brazil	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
City of Savannah, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.		
Estonia	Libau	Sept. [illegible]
Manzanillo	Guantanamo	Oct. 5
Adriatic	Southampton	Oct. 5
Regina d'Italia	Genoa	Sept. [illegible]
Koenig Albert	Naples	Oct. 1
Olinda	Nipe	Oct. 7
Lusitania	Liverpool	Oct. 8
Petroline	Shields	Sept. 29
Stravangeren	Jamaica	Oct. 5
DUE TO-MORROW.		
Italia	Almeria	Oct. 3
Almirante	Kingston	Oct 11
Mexico	Havana	Oct. 11
Prinz Sigismund		Oct. 11
Dunstan	Para	Oct. 2
DUE SATURDAY.		
Lorraine	Havre	Oct. 8
Philadelphia	Southampton	Oct. 8
Amerika	Hamburg	Oct. 6
Prinz Willem V.	Haiti	Oct. 10
Themistocles	Gibraltar	Oct. 5
Regina d'Italia	Genoa	Sept. 20

By Marconi Wireless.

SS Lusitania, incoming from Liverpool, was reported 800 miles east of Sandy Hook at noon yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, to-night or Friday morning.

SS Lorraine, incoming from Havre, was reported 1,240 miles east of Sandy Hook at 10:15 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Saturday morning.

SS Amerika, incoming from Hamburg, was reported 1,100 miles east of Sandy Hook at 5:30 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Saturday morning.

SS President Lincoln, incoming from Hamburg, was reported 288 miles east of Sandy Hook at 7:05 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, this morning.

SS Adriatic, incoming from Southampton, was reported 343 miles east of Sandy Hook at 8:15 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, this morning.

SS Regina d'Italia, incoming from Genoa, was reported 850 miles east of Sandy Hook at 7 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Saturday morning.

By United Wireless.

SS Cristobal, Cristobal, 379 m. N. of Colon at 7 P. M., 11th.

SS Seguranca, Havana, 723 m. E. of Tampico at noon, 11th.

SS Prinz Sigismund, Kingston, 92 m. N. of Havana at 7 P. M., 11th.

SS Iroquois, Jacksonville, 225 m. S. of Sandy Hook at 8 P. M., 12th.

SS Mexico, Havana, 618 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., 12th.

SS City of Savannah, Savannah, passed Absecon at 7:30 P. M., 12th.

SS Antilles, New Orleans, 128 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 7 P. M., 12th.

SS Oklahoma, Port Arthur, 316 m. N. of Jupiter Light at 7 P. M., 12th.

SS City of St. Louis, Savannah, passed Martins Industry at 7 P. M., 12th.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Nieuw Amsterdam, at Plymouth, Oct. 12.
SS Graf Waldersee, at Hamburg, Oct. 11.
SS Ancona, at Naples, Oct. 11.
SS Campania, at Liverpool, Oct. 12.
SS Polycarp, at Para, Oct. 9.
SS Aragonia, at Hongkong, Oct. 9.
SS Scottish Prince, at Pernambuco, Oct. [illegible]
SS Charlois, at Amsterdam, Oct. 11.

Sailed.

SS Oceanic, from Southampton, Oct. 12.
SS Rauenfels, from Madras, Oct. 12.
SS Kronprinz Wilhelm, from Southampton, Oct. 12.
SS Teutonic, from Southampton, Oct. 12.
SS Corsican Prince, from Bahia, Oct. 10.
SS Roma, from Almeria, Oct. 10.
SS Dora Baltea, from Huelva, Oct. 9.

Passed.

SS Provence, New York for Havre, passed the Lizard.

SS Cervantes, New York for Manchester, passed Brow Head.

Pacific Steamships.

Steamer and Destination.	Mails Close in New York.	
Japan, Korea, and China, (specially addressed only,) (via Seattle)—Red Hill	Oct. 13	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands. (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.)—Empress of India	Oct. 14	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii. (via San Francisco)—Sierra	Oct. 17	6:30 P.M.

(For Latest Shipping See Page 1.)

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.—Showers have continued in the west Gulf region, and they have now extended northward over Arkansas and Southern Missouri. An area of high barometric pressure is causing northerly winds and much cooler weather from the upper Mississippi Valley eastward to the Atlantic Coast.

The temperatures in the Middle and Northern Atlantic States and the great lake region during Thursday and Friday will be below the seasonal normal, but in the central valleys and Southern States comparatively warm weather will continue. The winds along the New England Coast will be brisk northwest to northeast diminishing; Middle Atlantic Coast, moderate north to northeast; South Atlantic Coast and Gulf Coast, light to moderate variable.

Steamers departing Thursday for European ports will have moderate north winds with generally fair weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY AND FRIDAY.

Eastern New York—Fair Thursday and Friday—Cooler Thursday in south portions; moderate northeast winds.

New Jersey—Fair Thursday and Friday; cooler Thursday; moderate northeast winds.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair Thursday and Friday; cooler in southeast portion Thursday; moderate northeast winds.

New England—Fair Thursday and Friday; cooler Thursday; diminishing northwest shifting to northeast winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau is as follows:

	1909.	1910.		1909.	1910.
3 A. M.	60	61	4 P. M.	65	[illegible]
6 A. M.	59	60	6 P. M.	61	57
9 A. M.	61	63	9 P. M.	54	51
12 M.	64	66	11 P. M.	50	48

This thermometer is 108 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 58; for the corresponding date last year it was 58; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 57.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 60; at 8 P. M. it was 54. Maximum temperature, 67 degrees at 10 A. M.; minimum 48 degrees at 10 P. M. Humidity 63 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 85 per cent. at 8 P. M.

1st Class HELP SITUATIONS
are advertised in
The New York Times
Read these advertisements daily.

LOST

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST.—Camera, Eastman 3a folding kodak, in case, probably on Hoffman Boulevard between Forrest Hills and Elm Hurst, Oct. 8; liberal reward if returned to Lyons Sage Foundation Holmes Co, Forrest Hills, L. I.

LOST—Oct. 12, between 11:30 and 11:45 A. M., on West St., between Barclay and Erie ferry, open face Ingersoll gold case watch, with leather fob, bearing initial "F."; liberal reward. C. M. Field, 90 West St.

LOST—Tuesday evening, at 10 P. M., between 95th St., Columbus and 8th Avs and 77th St. and Columbus, ladies' black watch (initial "A. V. F.") and gunmetal fob; liberal reward. Return to 414 5th Av.

LOST.—Gold watch and fob containing six pearls; lost front Lackawanna ferry house crossing, West St. to Vesey; reward. 56 John St.

LOST—Between 50th and 58th St., on 6th or Madison Av., lady's small gold watch and fob; liberal reward. Return Clerk Plaza Hotel.

LOST—On Columbus Av., between 78th and 82d Sts., crown-shaped brooch, set with opals; reward. A 170 Times.

LOST—Silver cigarette case, marked "I. V. C.," in Tiffany box, Friday; reward. 2 West 86th St.

LOST—Bracelet, seven diamonds; reward. Miss Ramirez, 36 Convent Av., New York City.

THREE lady's rings in railroad train, Sunday, Oct 9. C. B. D., 25 Times, 80 Broadway.

LOST AND FOUND, CATS, DOGS

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST—Child's pet white English bull, (bitch;) brindle both sides of face; long ears and tail; severe loss to child; reward. Moritz, electrical expert, Unity Building, 101 West 42d St.

FOUND

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

FOUND, Oct. 11.—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO. (Hudson Tubes.) Apply 137 Christopher St.: Towels, tablecloth, shirtwaist, gloves, hat pins, package toys, photograph.

FOUND.—A diamond pin. Owner may have same by proving ownership and paying expenses. B., Box 13, Times.

FOUND, Oct. 10—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Four packages, gentleman's coat, pair of gloves, boa, silver purse, umbrella.

FOUND, Oct. 10—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Baggage Master, Jersey City, N. J.: ON TRAINS—Shawl, dog collar, side comb, pair earrings, two umbrellas, two night shirts, three suits of pajamas, pair of shoes, rain coat, two caps, two card cases, storm coat, package, book. IN STATION: Package.

FOUND, Oct. 11—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Desk, Jersey City, N. J.: Umbrellas, pair of eyeglasses and case, music roll, cap, steel spring, coat, two batteries, packages, Oct. 12: Package of pictures, roll of paper, pair of gloves.

FOUND, Oct. 11—D., L. & W. R. R. Apply Information Desk, Hoboken, N. J.: Two umbrellas, four packages, feather boa, pillow.

FOUND, Oct. 11—NEW YORK CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station: Pair of shoes, commutation ticket, coat, two packages, cane, two umbrellas.

FOUND, Oct. 11—CENTRAL R. R. OF N. J. Apply Superintendent of Marine Department, foot of Liberty St. 23D ST. FERRY: Pocketbook, halter, book, pair gloves, bunch keys. LIBERTY ST. FERRY: Coat, shirt, silver pin.

HELP WANTED, MALE

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN.

ASSISTANT DELIVERY MANAGER.—An assistant to the Manager of their Department of Delivery; must be experienced, possessed of executive ability, and exceptional credentials. Apply by letter only, state qualifications in detail, addressing Superintendent of Traffic and Buildings.

ANY live, ambitious young man, employed or unemployed, who has friends, acquaintances, or fellow-employes, and who is willing to see them day time or evenings, on a splendid subject worth talking about, and to which they will gladly listen—a subject backed up to the limit by banks, trust companies, and individuals of National reputation—can be put in the way, according to his activity, of earning from $20 to $100 per week. Strictly commission, but good work will be backed up by the strongest company in its particular line. Personal interview preferred. It will pay you to call. F. H. Mitchell, Room 412, Whitehall Building, 17 Battery Place, New York.

BEST & CO.,
60-62 WEST 23D ST.,

REQUIRE EXPERIENCED SALESMEN FOR BOYS' CLOTHING; ONLY THOSE ACCUSTOMED TO HIGH-CLASS TRADE NEED APPLY.

BOOKKEEPER—Wanted, expert bookkeeper and office manager; fine place for young, ambitious, and up-to-date party; only best references will be considered. B 30 Times.

BOOKKEEPER for a few hours weekly, to audit and have charge of books; must be competent. Address B. A., 307 Times Downtown.

CHRISTIAN YOUNG MEN, 18-20, as stock clerks in large manufacturing concern in city; must be smart, educated, and good appearance; painstaking ability rewarded. B 5 Times.

DIAMOND SETTERS.—Two thoroughly competent men for positions in Boston. Call or write. Mercantile Reference and Bond Association, Room 209, 387 Washington St.

ENGRAVERS ON BRASS AND JEWELRY.—One thoroughly competent jewelry engraver for position in Boston, exp. on block letter work; another brass stamp engraver exp. routing, silverware engraver on general department store goods. MERCANTILE REFERENCE AND BOND ASSOCIATION, Room 209, 387 Washington St.

GOVERNMENT EMPLOYES WANTED—Write for New York Fall examination schedule. Franklin Institute, Dept. 268-U, Rochester, N.Y.

Live real estate men who have clients of small means, but who can pay $150 down and $25 monthly, can earn big money selling our modern homes in nearby Westchester County Suburban; this is not a lot scheme; houses are ready to move in. Room 308, 103 Park Av.

MACHINIST.—First-class men only need apply. 115 Nassau St., Room 57.

RAILWAY MAIL CLERKS WANTED—New York examinations Nov. 12; $800 to $1,600; preparation free. Franklin Institute, Department 278-U, Rochester, N. Y.

SOLICITORS.—For $1 monthly we give $60 monthly sickness and accident benefit; we want solicitors get members. National, 47 West 34th St.

STOCK SALESMAN.—We want several good men in every community to sell our 6% cumulative and profit-sharing preferred stock. This is not an idea or uncompleted project, but a going, profitable business. Call between 10 and 12 any morning, or write Suite 301, 45 West 34th St., N. Y.

TAILORS, first class, on women's coats. Fox, 53 East 34th St.

WANTED—Mechanic, colored or white, capable of doing all kinds of repair work about an apartment house; permanent if suited. Apply at the Hillhurst, 154-160 East 91st St.

WATCHMAKERS wanted; must understand turning. Lester Cerf, 49 Maiden Lane.

HELP WANTED EMPLOYMENT BUREAUS.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

ORGANIST.—Catholic, $600; quartet soprano, $25 weekly; City Episcopal organist, $1,200; chorus, tenors, basses, $150. Webster's Choir Agency, 136 5th Av.

Domestic.

[illegible] HOFMAYER, 320 Fifth Av., telephone [illegible] Madison Square.—Agency for superior [illegible] help.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

30c. a line 1 time; 3 times 25c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY.
Wideawake business man wanted to take charge of office in Middle West; good salary, expenses, and commissions; reasonable investment required; money secured. L., Room 908, 309 Broadway, New York.

For Sale.—The complete plant of machinery, tools, and equipment of a going business for the manufacture of highest grade instruments, mechanical and electrical; excellent opportunity. B 19 Times.

Wanted, by a progressive concern, a party wishing to invest $50,000 in first-class, legitimate paying business; present firm 15 years of standing; money needed to enlarge plant. Z 132 Times.

Patented Article.—Electrical specialty preferred; wanted exclusive selling rights; will guarantee output. For interview telephone 3862—Cortlandt.

Candy, stationery, toys, tobacco; long-established; good business. N. B., 649 9th Av. No agents.

BUSINESS NOTICES

30c. a line 1 time; 3 times 25c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

Dutch biscuits, cake, ice and cream wafers; these articles are manufactured complying with pure food law; importers are requested to correspond with John M. Contant, Grand Union Hotel, New York.

Multigraphing, mimeographing, typewriting; lowest rates. B. Burke, 25 West 42d St. Tel. 3686 Bryant.

HELP WANTED, FEMALE

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN.

SALESWOMEN.—Require several experienced saleswomen in each of the following departments; liberal salary to applicants who can qualify:
China, Cut Glass, and Bric-a-Brac.
Apply by mail or in person to Superintendent
ALSO
PARCEL WRAPPERS.—Require a number of bright girls over sixteen years of age as parcel wrappers. Apply to Superintendent of Wrapping, Subway Floor.

ADDRESSERS.—WE WANT TO ENGAGE A NUMBER OF EXPERIENCED ENVELOPE ADDRESSERS FOR THE FALL SEASON; PIECE WORK; APPLY IN PERSON; NO HOME WORK. BUTTERICK PUBLISHING CO., SPRING AND MACDOUGAL STS., N. Y.

BEST & CO.,
60-62 WEST 23D ST.,

REQUIRE EXPERIENCED SALESWOMEN FOR HOSIERY.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER.—Must be competent of taking entire charge; best of references required. Address S. B., Box 324 Times Downtown.

GIRLS.
R. H. MACY & CO. require several well-recommended girls for permanent positions as parcel wrappers; excellent opportunities for advancement.
Apply at office of General Manager.

HOUSEWORK—General houseworker and assist with washing; Norwegian, Finn, or German preferred; in private family. Call today or to-morrow. 348 W. 15th St.

YOUNG WOMEN, BETWEEN 17 AND 23 YEARS OF AGE, TO LEARN TELEPHONE OPERATING FOR CENTRAL OFFICE; POSITIONS FOR THOSE WHO QUALIFY; SALARY $5 A WEEK PAID WHILE LEARNING. APPLY AFTER 9 A. M. TO APPLICATION DEPARTMENT, NEW YORK TELEPHONE CO., 58 WEST HOUSTON ST., CORNER WOOSTER ST.

SITUATIONS WANTED, FEMALE

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Housekeepers.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Position wanted as mother's helper, companion, or housekeeper; very capable; speaks French and German; native Swiss; best references; city or country. Lee, 207 West 105th St., City.

INSTITUTIONAL HOUSEKEEPER seeks position; three years' references. Eymer, Flitner, Bolton Road Innwood, N. Y. C.

Stenographers.

STENOGRAPHER.—Eight months' experience; neat, conscientious, reliable, good education, willing, obliging, anxious for position with reliable firm; references. D, K 234 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, excellent education, not afraid of work, desires permanent position. Julia Mulvey, 151 East 97th St. 'Phone 4974 Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER.—Bright Christian girl; slight experience; excellent, clean worker; moderate. Gwenyth, K 280 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly competent young woman; rapid, neat, accurate worker; references. Expert, 211 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—General office assistant; three years' experience; competent; references; $10. S, K 233 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Seven years one export house; refined, practical; handles correspondence. Intelligent, 261 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' experience; rapid, accurate, thoroughly competent; references; $15. A, K 237 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' legal experience; rapid, accurate, educated; references; $15. Qualified, K 236 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY STENOGRAPHER, very anxious for permanent position; neat, accurate; exceptional references; $15 weekly; trustworthy, conscientious worker; no agencies. B 9 Times.

Miscellaneous.

A YOUNG FRENCH LADY of refined appearance, well educated, as maid, companion. Address Mademoiselle, 143 East 49th St., New York City.

BOOKKEEPER, Stenographer, Correspondent.—Young woman of exceptional business ability, for many years in charge in mercantile house, seeks position with reliable firm. G 203 Times Downtown.

GOVERNESS.—Visiting teacher, college graduate; elementary English; morning; home. Address Competent, 2,756 Broadway.

LAUNDRESS.—Woman wants days' work, good laundress; recommended by Jacob A. Riis Settlement. Apply Mrs. Mary McGuire, 408 West 51st St.

PRIVATE typewriting, technical works, books, plays, etc.; experienced; college graduate; references. A 56 Times.

SECRETARY AND STENOGRAPHER.—Educated, thoroughly competent, and experienced, especially in editorial and medical work, and able to handle correspondence without dictation. B 28 Times.

TWO GIRLS, one cook, other chambermaid, maid, waitress; references. Call 205 East 77th St. Massey bell.

YOUNG GIRL, one year in this country, wishes situation in private family as chambermaid or useful girl. Apply present employer, 123 West 49th St., City.

YOUNG WOMAN of refinement desires position as housekeeper in widower's family or with invalid or elderly lady; excellent cook. B 25 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED, MALE

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Accountants.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT.—Expert, opens, writes up, disentangles, balances, supervises, closes, audits books, $5 monthly upward; financial statements rendered; references. Accountant, 320 Broadway, Room 1317. Phone 2993 Worth

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

Miscellaneous.

ADVERTISEMENT WRITER wishes position writing your ADS. G 205 Times Downtown.

AMERICAN, (Christian,) experienced installment collector; furniture, insurance; bond; [illegible] Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED, MALE

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Miscellaneous.

ARCHITECTURAL DRAUGHTSMAN, 5 years' experience, desires position in New York or vicinity; reference from N. Y. architects; also samples of work. B 20 Times.

AUTOMOBILES.—Young man, (25,) having a good knowledge of construction and operation of cars, desires to devote his spare time to selling end of trade. Salary no object. K 231 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, &c.—By experienced bookkeeper, export clerk, correspondent in English, French, Spanish, Italian; excellent references; eleven years with one firm. K 238 Times Downtown.

BUTLER.—Situation wanted by young, bright Japanese as second butler. Kasai, 330 East 57th St.

CAPABLE WRITER, 31, 5 years' experience corporation publicity, desires position; excellent references. Address Writer, B 1 Times.

CARPENTER and cabinet-maker, experienced with tools, wishes work in hotel, private, or factory. J. Schnapp, 346 East 139th St.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, single, desires steady position with private family; five years of city and wide touring experience; personal references. Hansen, 435 Bergen St., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR.—Careful, reliable driver; sober, honest; license; three-years' experience. Johnson, 116 East 92d St.

CHEF, STEWARD, (colored,) employed, wishes to make change for position with private family or club; highest references for ability; all branches; first-class service. Robert Jones, 689 Communipaw Av., Jersey City.

COACHMAN.—English; 30; married; highest references; city or country. Nelson, 1,047 Lexington Av.

COOK.—First-class faithful Japanese cook wants position in city. Frank, 330 East 57th St.

COUPLE—Cook and butler, skillful and neat, with position with small family; according to work, $60-$75; country only. M. Lendberg, 67 Lexington Av.

DETECTIVE, bonded, seeks work by day's pay; expert shadowing. Bean, 392 Tompkins Av., Brooklyn.

DRAUGHTSMAN.—Young Japanese wants position as artist or draughtsman in big wholesale house; small wages; best references. B 27 Times.

GERMAN, newcomer, good education, desires position in first-class stable; knows race horses, is good rider and driver, also teaches riding. Walter Rambeck, 8 State St., N. Y.

SALES
OR
BUSINESS MANAGER.

MAN WITH BROAD SALES AND EXECUTIVE EXPERIENCE IN MANUFACTURING AND MECHANICAL LINES AND VALUABLE PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE OF MODERN FACTORY, PURCHASING AND TRAFFIC PRACTICE DESIRES TO ENGAGE WITH A CONCERN REQUIRING A FIRST CLASS EXECUTIVE. ADDRESS A 180 TIMES.

TRAVELING COMPANION and assistant with accounts and correspondence for a lady or gentleman. Address J. Warren Hardwick, 209 Pequot Av., New London, Conn.

USEFUL MAN.—Understands furnace and housework. Gardener, 241 3d Av.

YOUNG MAN, colored, desires position to take care of bachelor's apartment; thoroughly experienced in pressing and cleaning, cooking and butler's work; best of references; competent as first-class valet. William Roach, 6 East 133d St.

YOUNG MAN, 21, college graduate, 1908, desires position in mercantile house; salary considerations secondary to good connection. W. H., 319 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 18, wishes position with wholesale house, offering opportunity to learn salesmanship. K 226 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED EMPLOYMENT BUREAUS.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS, BOOKKEEPERS, STENOGRAPHERS. High-Grade Office Helpers Office Service Co. (Agency) 50 Pine St. Tel. 3167 John

DOYLE AGENCY, 'phone 2829 Beekman, Tribune Building.—Stenographers, typists, bookkeepers, clerks, switchboard operators furnished.

Domestic.

COLORED cooks, chambermaids, laundresses, houseworkers; references. Christian's Agency, 236 East 85th. Telephone 113—Lenox.

Cooks, houseworkers, chambermaids, elevator; useful men; couples. Porter's Agency, 142 West 133d St. 94 Morningside.

COOKS, houseworkers, chambermaids, waitresses; references. Instant Relief Agency, 337 West 59th. Tel. 1044 Columbus.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

HOUSEWORKERS, cooks, chambermaids, useful men; city, country. Henderson's, 110 West 134th St. Tel. 486—Morningside.

JAPANESE Young Men's Association Employment Agency furnishes reliable help. 726 Lexington Av. 6580 Plaza.

MISS ANNA LACY,
Century Employment Agency, 15 West 38th St. Telephone 919—Murray Hill. Supplies matrons, housekeepers, governesses, attendants; also reliable class of domestic servants.

OLD DOMINION EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 83 West 134th St.; bond, $1,000; guaranteed colored help. 1119—Harlem.

BOARDERS WANTED

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Well-furnished rooms; excellent cuisine; table guests; gentlemen; couple.

11TH ST., 23 WEST.—Clean room, comfortably furnished; running water; telephone; good table.

16TH, 20-22-23 WEST.—Large and small rooms, well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

44TH ST., 214 WEST.—Rooms with first-class board; telephone; references.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.—Rooms, large and small; private bath, telephone; exclusive; with board.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
Double rooms; table guests; first class.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Desirable rooms, with board; references exchanged.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Newly decorated rooms, comfortably furnished; superior table; telephone 6666—Columbus; references.

74TH ST., 149 WEST.—Attractive, large, small, room; private bath; telephone; table guests; moderate; references.

74TH, 102 WEST.—Clean, bright suite; private bath; single rooms; quiet, refined; table guests.

76TH ST., 237 WEST.—Newly furnished, decorated; with, without bath; large closets, parlor dining room, excellent table; table board; telephone; Christians; reference.

76TH ST., 114 WEST.—Desirable Winter quarters for well recommended people in refined Southern home; excellent table.

76TH ST., 249 WEST.—Large and small newly furnished rooms; parlor dining; references required.

76TH ST., 241-243 WEST.—Two large, choice rooms, with or without private bath; references.

76TH ST., 151 WEST.—Large room; private bath; table board; references.

76TH ST., 174 WEST.—Large and small rooms, with board; reference.

77TH ST., 301 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished rooms, with board; convenient to Subway; references; table guests.

79TH ST., 121 WEST.—Rooms, with board; high grade.

80TH ST., 141 WEST.—Back parlor, private bath, or entire floor; sunny front room; reference.

80TH ST., 133 WEST.
Also table board.

81ST ST., 118 WEST.—Southern cooking; table board.

82D, 74 WEST.—Newly furnished large, sunny room; private bath; second floor; references; telephone.

BOARDERS WANTED

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

82D ST., 117 WEST.—Newly decorated, large, sunny front rooms; parlor dining; table guests; telephone.

91ST, 54 WEST.—Elegant room, handsomely furnished; every convenience; superior board; telephone; near Park.

93D ST., 122 WEST.—Desirable, sunny room; all conveniences; good board; telephone; references.

93D ST., 270 WEST.—Second floor; two front rooms, bath; also top floor, front.

94TH ST., 138 WEST.—Large room; running water; excellent table; business people; telephone; table guests.

94TH, 14 WEST.—Beautiful large front room, dressing room adjoining; also single rooms; reasonable.

95TH ST., 50 WEST.—Near Park, L, Subway express; only few accommodated; cuisine Francaise; references.

96TH ST., 61 WEST.—Board with rooms; parlor dining room.

102D ST., 243 WEST (Riverside).—Exceptionally large front room; southern exposure; lavatory; home of refinement; boarding-house atmosphere eliminated; excellent table; Subway.

104TH ST., 61 WEST.—Private bath suits, newly decorated; large and small rooms; delightful parlor dining room; refned service; all transportations convenient; telephone; references exchanged; table board.

113TH, 560 WEST.—Rooms, newly furnished and decorated; table a specialty; table guests; references.

118TH ST., 400 WEST.—Large corner rooms, overlooking park; magnificent view; celebrated restaurant; every convenience; room and board, $10 to $12; references.

123D ST., 11 WEST.—Exceptionally fine room for two gentlemen with conveniences for study; private house; excellent table; references.

123D, 148 WEST.—Nicely furnished room, dressing room; excellent table; telephone; reference.

124TH ST., 41 WEST.—A desirable location, opposite Mount Morris Park; second-floor rooms, with private bath, telephone; American people; references exchanged.

125TH ST., 263 WEST.—Gentleman desiring refined, comfortable quarters, private family; no other boarders; table best market offers; mending; $20 weekly. Veritas.

126TH ST., 157 WEST.—Accommodate 2 adults; refined Jewish home; easy access Subway, L; references.

129TH ST., 106 WEST.—Superior home and board; refined German surroundings; gentlemen, business couple; references.

135 WEST 79TH.
Desirable rooms, large and small; excellent table; home cooking; references.

149TH ST., 542 WEST, (Near Broadway Subway,) "The Audubon."—A few unexpected vacancies; large, bright, comfortably furnished rooms; very reasonable to first-class parties; every comfort. The place you are looking for. Booklet on request. Telephone.

152D, 502 WEST.—Large, beautiful furnished rooms in private residence; excellent table; homelike, moderate.

ACROPOLIS HOTEL, 519 West 123d St.—Singly or en suite; American or European plan.

ALLIANCE HOUSE, 258-260 West 44th St.—Small family hotel, centrally located; elevator and telephone service; baths and writing rooms on each floor; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; quiet place for quiet people. Telephone 793 Bryant.

CONGENIAL home offered foreign gentleman; opportunity learn English; Subway, elevated; telephone. Epicure, Z 161 Times.

THE CONNEAUT,
Central Park West, 371, (97th St.) Single and double rooms; table boarders.

WEST END AV., 879, (Corner 103d.)—Block from Riverside Park, Subway express station, surface cars, and Riverside 'buses; finest location in New York; handsomely furnished rooms; superior table.

WEST END AV., 879, (corner 103d.)—Block from Riverside Park, Subway express station, surface cars, and Riverside 'buses; finest location in New York; handsomely furnished rooms; superior table.

East Side.

15TH, 218 EAST.—Most desirable rooms; view of Stuyvesant Park; excellent table; references; phone.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Homelike; first-class table board; nicely furnished small rooms; telephone.

17TH ST., 108 EAST.—Very desirable room; hot and cold water; with board.

49TH ST., 9 EAST.—Two desirable hall rooms with board; references.

63D, 23 EAST, corner Madison Av.—Large and single room; select house; excellent table.

86TH, 40 EAST, corner Madison Av.—Elegant suite, two rooms and bath; other rooms; elevator, steam heat, parlor dining; excellent board.

80TH ST., 115 EAST.—Second floor suite, two rooms, private bath; other rooms; excellent board.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Desirable large, small rooms; private baths; excellent board. Telephone 1973 Gramercy.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,343, (89.)—Desirable room, one, two gentlemen, married couple; quiet refined; reference.

1—MADISON AV., 169, (corner 33d.)—Large, sunny room, private bath; table guests received.

MADISON AV., 839, near 70th St.—Large and small rooms, with board, in handsome private house; breakfast served in rooms; references.

MADISON AV., 108 and 110.—Large, small rooms; permanent arrangement can be made for Winter.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 5.—Overlooking Wall St., Subway, bridge; trolley five minutes Broadway; rooms, parlor floor, furnished, unfurnished; neighborhood, house high class; table choicest products N. Y. markets. 905 Main.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 11.—Rooms convenient Wall St., car lines, and Subway; splendid cooking; reasonable; references.

Long Island.

DOUGLASTON.—Douglas Manor Inn; comfortable, attractive, homelike; special Winter rates. Telephone Flushing 290.

Country.

BOARD for one or two young men in private family at Larchmont; no other boarders; refined home. Address P. O. Box 28, Larchmont Manor, N. Y.

Cranford, N. J.—Delightful suburban home for the Winter; large rooms; excellent table; very convenient to station. Address Box A 55 Times.

Windlemere, Tarrytown.—All year convenient location; beautiful view; modern improvements; excellent table, daintily served.

Comfortable home for elderly people; $7 upward; ask circulars. 315 Gramatan Av., Mount Vernon.

BOARD WANTED

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

GENTLEMEN desiring room and board in small private family (no other boarders, and no children), one block from 103d St. Subway. Address B 29 Times.

GENTLEMAN desires home in strictly private refined family; state particulars. H 201 Times Downtown.

YOUNG married lady wishes board with private family; not over $10 week. B 26 Times.

FURNISHED ROOMS

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

1.—Attractive front parlor and bedroom, with lavatory; suitable one or two gentlemen; telephone; references. Broadway, 2,333, (Subway, 86th St.) Barnes.

5TH AV., 25, (9th.)—Refined surroundings; beautiful large, small rooms; running water, bath; breakfast.

18TH, 26 WEST.—Furnished rooms, single and double; all conveniences; $2 up. Addiss Co.

21ST ST., 167 WEST.—Large front, sunny parlor; desirable location; accommodation for three; homelike; reasonable.

42D ST., 356 WEST.—Two large, bright, well-furnished rooms, each suitable for two persons; very reasonable; gentlemen only.

45TH ST., 9 WEST.—Elegant rooms, near 5th Av., from $3 to $14.

45TH ST., 136 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms, from $3.50 to $7 per week.

46TH ST., 43 WEST.—Attractive, [illegible] furnished rooms; running water, [illegible] references; gentlemen.

FURNISHED ROOMS

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

46TH ST., 29 WEST.—Small and large rooms or en suite; conveniences; gentlemen; references.

57TH ST., 104 WEST.—Physician's office; desirable suite for gentlemen; best location.

58TH, 343 WEST.—Large, light rooms; running water, elevator, phone, steam; Subway, "L." Benson.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Bachelor apartment; exquisitely kept; unrivalled service; absolutely private; every modern convenience; breakfast if desired; highest reference only.

68TH ST., 64 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; private bath; first-class house; references.

70TH ST., 101 WEST.—Large and small room; handy L and Subway; conveniences. Allen.

72D ST., 302 WEST.—Extremely pleasant, large and small rooms; adjoining bath; private house; telephone.

73D ST., 166 WEST.—Large, small, newly decorated, sunny rooms; hot, cold water, baths; Subway.

73D, 179 WEST—Large front room; southern exposure; all conveniences; subway express station.

74TH ST., 106 WEST.—Beautiful large rooms, second story; private bath; newly furnished; southern exposure.

74TH ST., 107 WEST.—Desirable doctor's office; good attendants; other rooms; bath; all conveniences; moderate.

74TH ST., 110 WEST.—Desirable, large room for gentlemen; heat and running water; near Subway.

76TH ST., 104 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable rooms for gentlemen; private house; breakfasts; telephone; near Subway.

76TH ST., 100 WEST.—Elegantly furnished rooms in elevator apartment; telephone; all conveniences. Bennington.

76TH ST., 101 WEST.—Attractive, large, light room, $3-$4; private family. Brown.

78TH ST., 212 WEST.—Neatly furnished rooms; running water; private house; conveniences; gentlemen only.

80TH ST., 122 WEST.—Bachelor home, superior accommodations for gentlemen appreciating quiet, refined surroundings; references.

80TH ST., 132 WEST.—Two large, connecting rooms; single, ensuite; newly furnished; private family; references.

81ST ST., 129 WEST.—Large, comfortable rooms, second floor, suite or separate; bath; all conveniences.

82D, 119 WEST.—Rooms, large, medium, and suite; southern exposure; telephone; gentlemen, business lady.

83D ST., 161 WEST.—Comfortably furnished large, small rooms; suitable two; heat, bath; private house.

82D ST., 113 WEST.—Single rooms adjoining bath; gentlemen.

91ST ST., 31 WEST—Medium and small rooms southern exposure; bath room floor; conveniences.

91ST ST., 74 WEST.—Large front or back rooms, suitable for two; all conveniences.

92 DST., 202 WEST.—Nicely furnished parlor and bedroom, adjoining bath; independent; moderate; Subway. Knight.

95TH ST., WEST.—Large rooms; private bath; lavatories; furnished or unfurnished; private family. Z 113 Times.

97TH, 150 WEST.—Large and medium rooms, newly furnished; adjoining bath; southern exposure; references. Owner.

144TH ST., 600 WEST.—Lady having new elevator apartment would rent small front room to gentleman; $5; call evenings. Apt. B-2.

121ST ST., 349 WEST, (Near Morningside Park.)—Large front room for two gentlemen; also small room; running water; telephone.

121ST ST., 24 WEST.—Doctor's office in good residential neighborhood; large front room; small room.

122D ST., 511 WEST.—Front, attractive rooms; steam heat, electricity, telephone, elevator; reasonable; board optional. Miller.

122D, 514, (Near Broadway.)—High-class rooms; electric lights, steam heat, elevator. Kenyon.

126TH ST., 162 WEST.—Small, large rooms; all accommodations, baths, telephone; Subway, "L"; table guests.

137TH ST., 622 WEST, (Riverside Drive.)—Cheerful sunny room, large closet, all conveniences; high-class elevator apartment; Subway express station; $5 weekly to permanent party. Goodrich. Phone 2330 Audubon.

138TH ST., 628 WEST.—Desirable furnished rooms; running water; private house; bath; shower; Subway; reasonable.

145TH ST., 518 WEST.—Outside rooms; sunny; running water; three minutes to Broadway Subway Station. Wade.

181ST ST., 601 WEST.—Large outside room; tiled bath, telephone; Subway corner. Miller.

A.—A.—A.—At 3 University Place, opposite Washington Square.—Large and small elegantly furnished rooms; private residence; gentlemen; references.

ATTRACTIVE ROOMS, overlooking Broadway, in exclusive apartment; shower, electricity; Telephone Wilder, Col.—6350.

ATTRACTIVE, sunny front room, one flight; steam, telephone. Apartment 3, 505 West 112th, Broadway.

BROADWAY, 1,144.—Furnished rooms, private baths, board or without; offices for physician, dentist, housekeeping flats; selections to please all. Information free.

MORNINGSIDE AV. WEST, 76, Corner 120th.—Those in search of attractive, sunny rooms or part of an apartment in new house, block from Columbia University, call Apartment F 4.

NEAR 127TH AND RIVERSIDE.—Attractive room; closet; pleasant outlook; moderate. F. C. Telephone 3325 Morningside.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOM for lady in private family; every convenience; references. B 7 Times.

PRIVATE FAMILY will rent desirable back parlor; fine location. 431 Convent Av., West 148th.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., corner 127th St.—Beautifully furnished suites four, five rooms; bath, elevator, 'phones, electricity; $12.50 weekly upward; handsomely furnished room; bath, kitchen; $4 to $6 weekly.

WEST END AV., 584.—Desirable rooms for gentlemen; exclusive neighborhood; valet service; Subway; references.

East Side.

17TH ST., 210 EAST.—Desirable room for gentleman; bath, running water; private house; references.

23D ST., 20 EAST (Madison Square).—Suite, two rooms, bathroom, by month; references.

27TH ST., 163 EAST.—Single and double rooms; all conveniences; private house; $2 to $4.

29TH ST., 108 EAST.—Large, attractive front room; running water; private; gentleman; references.

30TH ST., 143 EAST.—Double and single rooms, ground floor; board optional. Hanofee.

31ST ST., 222 EAST.—Large, well furnished room; alcove; bath; furnace heat; private; board optional.

43D, 131 EAST.—Refined home, every comfort; sunny; closet; permanent; gentleman; moderate; references. Neilson.

46TH ST., 156 EAST.—Nice, large, clean rooms, with all conveniences, to let.

78TH ST., 272 EAST.—Apartment, 7 furnished rooms, with Jewish couple; excellent board, if desired; call Friday.

LEXINGTON AV., 359, (Near 40th St.)—Newly furnished rooms in private house.

Brooklyn.

A NEW ENGLAND WOMAN has fine, newly renovated rooms, overlooking water, for men, with and without private baths; convenient Wall St., Subway, and Bridge; popular prices. 3 Montague Terrace, Heights.

GREENE AV., 66.—Second floor front room; every convenience; superior house; convenient Subway; $4.

PACIFIC ST., 429.—Large room, running water; for two gentlemen or man and wife.

FURNISHED ROOMS WANTED

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ABSOLUTELY select private families desiring one or two roomers can secure same without publicity; boarding and rooming houses also listed; no place listed without inspection; applicants requiring refined, desirable accommodations consult us. Telephone Madison Square 4782. St. James Realty Co., 1,133 Broadway.

GENTLEMAN would like to share bachelor's small apartment. H 262 Times Downtown.

COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court of the United States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.—Supreme Court of the United States. 586—The State of Minnesota ex rel. Jalmer M. Larsen, plaintiff in error, vs. Hugh R. Scott, as auditor of the County of Hennepin.—Motion to advance denied.

286—Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company, plaintiff in error, vs. N. P. Scott.—Motion to advance granted and cause assigned to be heard with No. 215 as one case.

724—Melville D. Hensey et al., appellants, vs. Charles H. Merillat and Mason N. Richardson, Trustees.—Docketed and dismissed, with costs.

378—W. S. Harlan et al., appellants, vs. T. F. McGourin, United States Marshal, &c., and 279—Robert Gallagher, appellant, vs. T. F. McGourin, United States Marshal, &c.—Argument continued for the appellee and concluded for the appellants. Leave granted both sides to file additional briefs on or before Friday next.

326—John A. Knott et al., &c., et al., appellants, vs. Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad Company, and

34—Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad Company, appellant, vs. John A. Knott, et al., &c., et al.—One hour additional time allowed each side in the argument and three counsel allowed for each side. Argument commenced for the C., B. & Q. R. R. Co. and continued for Knott et al. Adjourned until to-morrow.

Day call for Thursday, Oct. 13: Nos. 326, (and 334,) 231, 230, 380, 440, 458, 510, (and 511 and 512,) 495, 215, 300, 353, (and 359,) 418, and 541.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Noyes, JJ.—35—Tayntar Granite Co v. Goetchius. 36—Richmond L & R R v. McSorley. 37—In re Brown. 38—In re Lesser. 39—Stillwell v. McPherson. 40—In re Brown. 41—U S Transp Co v. Gilchrist. 42—In re Cattus. 43—Calculagraph Co v. Automatic Time Stamp Co. 44—N Y & N J Transp Co v. Tug Reliable.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J.—Admiralty. 268—Thompson v. O D SS Co. 277—Ogil Co v. Standard Oil Co. 280—Dempsey v. Tug Portchester. 285—Cleary v. Tug Pliny Fisk. 291—Cornhill SS Co v. West India SS Co. 295—Harrington v. Am T & T Co. 210—Jayys v. SS Minnesota. 86—Boyer v. U S. 204—Rice v. Tug Jas Ray. 256—Harns v. Same. 171—Miller v. Tug Arrow. 212—Munn v. Tug Patience. 242—Packard v. Same. 177—Riley v. SS Quackenbush. 300—Trinidad v. Glass.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Ingraham, P. J.; McLaughlin, Laughlin, Miller, and Dowling, JJ.—Enumerated motions. 62—Muth v. N Y C & H R R R. 64—Gericke v. Bischoff. 67—Bayley v. Bayley. 69—Bernadac v. Schencke Piano Co. 71—Marchi v. Aetna Life Ins Co. 84—Hackett v. H Kohler & Co. 40—Hopkins v. Baker. 52—Valentine v. Rabinowitz. 61—Stevens v. Episcopal Church History Co. 72—Richter v. Rust. 78—In re Gitt v. Marquese. 79—Edgerley v. Blackburn. 80—O'Brien v. Union Cen Life Ins Co. 81—People v. Bleecker St, &c, Ry. 82—Friedlander v. Citron.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—McCall, J. Litigated motions. 1—Brodie v. Towne. 2—Levy v. Levy. 3—State Bank v. European Fur Co. 4—In re Riscool Co. 5—People v. Oriental Bank. 6—Sherry v. Minzesheimer. 7—Sawal v. Peddie & Co. 8—Primrose v. Primrose. 9—Smith v. Smith. 10—Redman v. U S Mtg and Trust Co. 11—In re Rogers. 12—Pell v. Pell. 13—Whitaker v. Whitaker. 14—In re Mills. 15—McKiernan v. Linch. 16—West v. Central Park, &c, R R. 17—Bunting v. same. 18—Wurzbach v. Schneider. 19—Coulter v. Coulter. 20—Kompensula v. Becker Realty Co. 21—Meeker v. same. 22—Baker v. Hubbell. 23—Nicolas v. Surbrug Co. 24—In re Title Guarantee and Surety Co. 25—Toledo v. Uribe. 26—Hummel & Co v. Goldner. 27—Cohen v. Hubert. 28—Brounworth v. Times Square Surety Co. 29—Tishman v. Tishman. 30—Garvey v. Prendergast. 31—Maloney v. Kennedy. 32—Llewellyn v. Gallagher. 33—In re Clarholm. 34—Wells v. Brandreth. 35—Best v. Sroka. 36—Fogarty v. Fogarty. 37—In re Smith & Budd Co. 38—O'Hare v. Hartmann. 39—Miller v. L I R R. 40—Berkowitz v. same. 41—Fehn v. Nonpareil Laundry. 42—Esposito v. Beadleston & Woerz. 43—Piscitella v. United Eng. &c, Co. 44—Purdy v. Englander. 45—Wilkie v. Greenberg. 46—Hussmann v. Hussmann. 47—Ladew v. Crane. 48—Man v. Du Vivier. 49—Murray v. Joline. 50—Sweeney v. Stripp. 51—Doesener v. N Y Butchers' Meat Co. 52—Black v. Bentel. 53—In re Quigley. 54—U S Trust Co v. Marvin. 55—Gillender v. Indelle, &c, Co. 56—McCauley v. Evarts. 57—Strodl v. Farish-Stafford Co. 58—Calder v. Haines Realty Corp. 59—Knapp v. Ney. 60—In re Equitable Trust Co. 61—Mogilowsky v. Mogilowsky. 62—People v. American Ice Co. 63—In re U S Fidelity and Trust Co. 64—In re Diver. 65—Jackson v. Hellenic Transatlantic S S Co.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Guy, J.—Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Greenbaum, J.—No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Criminal Term—O'Gorman, J. 1—Eleanor Lorraine Beattie. 2—Frank Kindl. 3—Anna Anderson. 4—Joseph Shepet. 5—Joseph Krist. 6—Harry Gillman. 7—Tony De Blase. 8—James Ryan. 9—John Dunn. 10—Salvatore Tarmenia. 11—John Watson.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Giegerich, J. 2323—Urquhart v. Kennedy. 1489—People ex rel. Duncan v. Clement. 2482—Borden v. Quaker Ridge Realty Co. 1713—First Natl Bank of Shenandoah v. Bartholomew. 1602—Gilmore & Tompkins v. Pivar. 460—Moore v. Goodwin. 1876—Nichols v. Nichols. 2168—Cook v. Franklin Savings Bank. 2495—Murphy v. Patterson. 2271—Times Square Auto Co. v. Gorham. 2505—Koles v. Borough Park Co. 2394—Van Norden Trust Co v. Mandel. 1222, 1223—Hochstein v. Vanderveer Crossing. 2546—Del Guidice v. Attonna. 1406—Holbrook v. Kennedy.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Davis, J. 29—Anderson v. Nassau Elec R R. 26—Golding v. Interborough R T Co. 50—Schonborn v. B H R R. 70—Silken v. Joline. 77—Erikson v. N Y, N H & H R R. 22—Rotenberg v. B H R R. 49—McPartland v. N Y C & H R R R. 53—Wagner v. Joline. 63—Whalen v. same. 66—Strome v. Whitridge. 79—O'Keefe v. D, L & W R R. 62—Siefert v. Joline. 69 Carpenter v. Whitridge. 81—McGuire v. same.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Platzek, J. 87—O'Ferrall v. Byrnes. 270—Volz v. City of N Y. 415—Symes v. H C & A I Piercy Const Co. 73—Evers v. Hermance. 249—J Leonard v. Carnegie. 250—M. Leonard v. same. 418—McMahon v. Schneer's Sons & Co. 353—Fuchman v. Schwartz. 459—Bovi v. Hess. 156—Jose v. Orpheum Co. 402—Connolly v. Zellman. 404—Evanson v. Livingston Const Co. 433—Jenkins v. Phoenix Const Co. 415½—Fischer v. G H Gerard, Son & Co. 297—Dieschbourg v. Meier. 275—Illinois Match Co v. Kenerson. 345—Kurasch v. Sparks. 302—Strausser v. Swartz. 241—Turnbull v. Goodman. 176—Morrell v. Judge Co. 112—Pirola v. Hinkle. 194—N Y & Penn Co v. Altwater. 245—Trainer v. N Y Inst, &c, for Deaf & Dumb. 86—Kershaw v. Steuer. 265—Steidel v. Galligan. 58—Huston v. Dobson. 118—Auram v. Mearns. 151—Sheridan v. Shapiro. 109—Backer v. Wilson. 211—Blaumer v. Press Pub Co. 216—Bilton v. Littell. 223—Gallagher v. Thedford. 230—Brookstone v. Strebergh. 235—Maynard v. 540 Park Av. 247—Ship v. Freidenberg. 298—Woldenberg v. McGinty. 299—Kottusck v. same. 301—Hughes v. Clegg. 304—Farnsworth v. Colton Dental Assn. 307—Lerman v. Seligman. 308—Cumming v. Heyes. 310—Elsman v. Naething. 312—Panhorst v. Ramm. 318—Victor v. Mason.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Newburger, J. No day calendar.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Thomas, S. Estates, Robert H. Bryon, Jane Riley, Robert Parterfield. Wills for probate: Theresa Mandle, Benjamin Daunt, Annie E. Bogan, Becker Salomon, Jane P. Hederik, Catherine Sweeney, Mary B. Addoms, Friedrich Lechhorn, Catherine F. Sweeney, Henrietta D. King, Nellie M. Keith, Helen S. McLean, Elizabeth M. Hitchcock, Samuel H. Lyman, Francis Muller.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Cohalan, S. Contested wills: William F. Creand, Grigono Di Lorenzo, Catherine E. Brady.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Smith, J.; Part II., Greene, J.; Part III. La Fetra, J.; Part V., Donnelly, J.; Part VI., Lynch, J.; Part VII., Schmuck, J.; Part VIII., McAvoy, J.—Calendar called in Part III. at 9:45 A. M. 635—Newman v. Joline. 879—Sydelman v. Hewitt. 685—Maier v. Mayer. 849—Herbst v. Nowak. 910—Becker v. Simons. 911—Same v. same. 917—Shitzk v. Roth. 978—Grossman v. Friedman. 901—Hoffman v. Whitridge. 914—Flaherty v. Joline. 935—Barlow v. Goetz. 982—Gaines v. Stuart. 661—Brandt v. Rothschild. 430—Welstein v. N Y Cab Co. 485—Freer v. Penn R R.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Finelite, J.—Short causes. 2382—Yanum v. Ludvigh. 2334—Levinson v. Ettlinger. 2354—Jones v. Haines Rty Co. 2426—Davison v. Brick. 2437—Mirti v. People's Surety Co. 2442—C. E. Tayntor Co v. Mathien. 2450—Maski v. King. 2310—Daley v. Finch. 2391—Browne v. Borglum Marble Co. 2390—Brained v. Shaw. 2394—McGraw Pub Co v. N Y Cableway and Eng Co. 2432—Selleck v. Giannaitasio. 2443—Illinois Surety Co. v. Hildebrandt. 2447—Argo Cotton Mills v. Sonn. 2448—Kyle v. Balf. 2348—Levitt v. Zucker & Levitt & Loeb Co. 2424—Duryee v. Austin Packing and Supply Co. 2453—Abramson v. Potts. 2454—Feldman v. Siegel. 2455—Lieberman v. Sarasohn. 2456—Gorden v. Corse Payton Amuse Co. 2458—Springs v. Masson. 2457—Enis v. Berkowitz. 2471—Davis v. Van Schaick.

Richmond County.

SUPREME COURT—Putnam, J.—Day Calendar. 39—Behrer v. Fasciola. 43—S. I. Water Supply Co. v. Board of Education. 44—Same v. City of New York. 75—Schaller v. S. I. Midland Railway Co. 20—Barnitz v. Woolworth & Co. 12—Knauth v. Stevenson & Rye Co. 13—Brown v. Hausman. 14—Brown v. Hausman. 27—Yellow v. Heckacher. 45—Solin v. S. I. Shipbuilding Co. 46—Same v. same. 64—Charlestream v. Alton. (Held.) 72—S. I. Railway Co. v. Blythe. 79—Conners v. Cranford Co. 33—Good et al. v. Brown. 1—Malacki v. Fuldner & Sons. (Held.) 29—Machol v. Roman Baths Co. (Held.) 5—Nason v. City of New York. (Held.)

Queens County.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Held at the County Court House in Long Island City, N. Y.—Kapper J. Court opens and calendar called at 10 A. M. 337—Burns v. N Y & L I Traction Co. 759—Krupp v. Lymber. 1075, 1076—Devlin v. Gerstendorfer Bros. Inc. 1333—Wisner v. Iron Clad Mfg. Co. 1214—Bombach v. Niederstein. Balance of calendar passed until Friday, Oct. 14. Highest number reached on calendar in its regular order 1086.

COUNTY COURT—Criminal Term—Held at the County Court House in Long Island City, N. Y.—Humphrey, J. Court opens and calendar called at 10 A. M. 2770—People v. Benjamin McIntyre. 2431—Same Harry J. C. Thompson.

Westchester County.

SUPREME COURT—Part I. Keogh, J.; Part II., Mills, J. Court convenes and calendar called at 9:45 A. M. 558—Robinson v. Bailey. 277—Rogers v. Fuller. 577—Robinson v. Receivers & Trustees of Milliken Bros. 503—Paladino v. N Y, N H & H R R Co. 372—Foote v. Lawson. 458—Mansfield v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 537—Frescino v. Palmieri. 543—Spear v. Bloch. 545—Eymann v. Hemmingway. 317—Fowley v. Village of Irvington. 789—Lukeszuk v. Receiver of Yonkers R R Co. 519—Rafkin v. Southern Pacific Co. 528—Bratton v. Steers. 547—Robinson v. Receivers of Milliken Bros. 559—Mulligan v. Receiver of Yonkers R R Co. 560—Arnold v. Receiver, Tarrytown, W P & Mamk R R Co. The following causes if answered ready will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon the call. 262—Mastromattio v. N Y Contracting Co, P T. 273—Norelino v. Rehbock. 376—Clum v. Federal Sugar Ref Co. 385—Powers v. Habishaw Wire Co. 401—Byrne v. Morgenweck. 422—Cole v. Hatters' Fur Exchange. 457—Schmidt v. City of New Rochelle. 461—Marchetti v. Krauth. 462—Jozzoli v. Krauth. 495—Kopas v. McClintic-Marshall Co. 507—Branchizzo v. Interborough R T Co. 509—Brown v. Receiver Union R'way Co. 532—Telesca v. J H Flick Cons Co. 569—Drake v. Essig. 556—Valentine v. Tice. 572—Sherman v. Herms. 589—First Nat Bank of Ossining v. Ossining Nat Bank. 591—Horton v. Kaufman. 593—Horton v. Mager. 594—King v. Phillips. 598—McCoy v. Lancaster. 599—Van Scoy v. Haley. 600—Cooper v. White Fireproof Cons Co. 601—Gilbert v. Lynch. 602—Mortonson v. Duffy. 603—Rosenthal v. Roth. 604—Regan v. Manhattan Refg Co. 605—Fitzgerald v. Cadillac Hotel Co. 607—Biennis v. Suburban Auto Exp Co. 609—Parsons v. Curran. 610—Furnare v. Storer. Highest number reached, 610.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term. Tompkins, J. Court convenes and calendar called at 9:45 A. M. in Surrogate's Court. 183—Drain v. Drain. 194—Henderson v. Kallenberg. [illegible]—People ex rel Faulkner v. Bd Supvrs Westchester County. 205—Giberson v. Hunt. 217—Carpenter v. Gaborrit. 225—Kell v. Strong. [illegible]—Sweet v. Marsh. 233—Cornell v. Fitzgibbon Paper Co. 248—Bord of Ed Mamaroneck v. Whalen. 252—Woodward v. Bishop. Stewart v. Stewart. 245—Phinney v. Phinney.

COUNTY COURT—Platt, J. People v. Dominico Palmesi, Andrea Corvasio, Vincenzo Christiano. People v. Michael Wall.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS WANTED

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Wanted.—Three unfurnished rooms, with bath, for man, wife, and child, with kosher board in strictly private family above 90th St. or in the Bronx. Address D 8 Times.

PIANOS AND ORGANS

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 23c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

95.—Kranich & Bach upright piano; $125 Steinway & Son upright piano, $5 monthly. Goetz & Co., 81 Court St., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE.

30c. a line 1 time; 3 times 25c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

Diamonds, watches, cash or credit; largest stock, lowest prices; representative calls if desired. American Watch and Diomand Co., 4 Maiden Lane.

Slightly used office furniture, National cash registers, mimeographs, $7.50; time recorders, adding machines, desks, filing cabinets, typewriters. Nathan's, 4 White St.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

CITY OF NEW YORK.

BOARD OF ESTIMATE AND APPORTIONMENT.

Public notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, held September 16, 1910, the following petition was received:

To the Board of Estimate and Apportionment:

Gentlemen: The Heermance Storage & Refrigerating Co., a corporation organized under the Business Corporations Laws of the State of New York, hereby withdraws its application for a franchise to construct, maintain, and operate conduits for refrigerating purposes in certain districts in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, bearing date and verified by Frederic H. Norton, President, on the 29th day of April, 1910, and filed with the Division of Franchises of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment on the same date, and in its place makes the following application for the right to construct, maintain, and operate conduits for the purpose of supplying refrigeration within the district bounded as follows in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York:

DISTRICT NO. 1.

Bounded on the north by the centre line of Reade Street between Washington Street and Hudson Street; on the east by the centre line of Hudson Street between Reade Street and Chambers Street and the centre line of Greenwich Street between Chambers Street and Warren Street; on the south by the centre line of Chambers Street between Hudson and Greenwich Streets and by the centre line of Warren Street between Greenwich Street and Washington Street; on the west by the centre line of Washington Street between Warren Street and Reade Street.

And the company further applies for leave upon written application to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment to extend the lines of the said district No. 1 to all or any part of a district bounded and described as follows:

DISTRICT NO. 2.

Bounded on the north by the centre line of Duane Street; on the east by the centre line of Hudson Street; on the south by the centre line of Reade Street, and on the west by the centre line of Washington Street.

Dated New York, July 6th, 1910.

HEERMANCE STORAGE & REFRIGERATING CO.
FREDERIC H. NORTON, President.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

FREDERIC H. NORTON, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the President of the HEERMANCE STORAGE & REFRIGERATING CO., the petitioner named in the foregoing petition; that he has read the foregoing petition and knows the contents thereof; that the same is true to his knowledge except as to those matters alleged upon information and belief and as to those matters he believes it to be true.

FREDERIC H. NORTON.

Sworn to before me this 6th day of July, 1910.

RALPH O. L. FAY,
Notary Public, Rockland Co.

Certificate filed in New York Co. and in New York Co. Register's office No. 2,149.

and the following resolutions were thereupon adopted:

Whereas, The foregoing petition from the Heermance Storage & Refrigerating Company, dated July 6, 1910, was presented to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment at a meeting held September 16, 1910.

Resolved, That in pursuance of law this board sets Friday, the fourteenth day of October, 1910, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, and Room 16 in the City Hall, Borough of Manhattan, as the time and place when and where such petition shall be first considered, and a public hearing be had thereon, at which citizens shall be entitled to appear and be heard; and be it further

Resolved, That the Secretary is directed to cause such petition and these resolutions to be published for at least two (2) days in two daily newspapers in the City of New York, to be designated by the Mayor, and for at least ten (10) days in the "City Record" immediately prior to such date of public hearing. The expense of such publication to be borne by the petitioner.

New York Times and Globe designated.

JOSEPH HAAG, Secretary.

New York, September 16, 1910

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—FRIEDRICH NACHOD, MAX JAFFE, AUGUST STERN, AREND H. WEINGARDT, PERCIVAL KUHNE, WILHELM KNAUTH, MARY ILES KNAUTH, ROLLIN C. NEWTON and OSCAR L. GUBELMAN, individually and as copartners, doing business under the firm name and style of KNAUTH, NACHOD and KUHNE, Plaintiffs, against ADDISON SMITH and JESSIE IVES SMITH, Defendants.—Summons.

To the above-named defendants:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiffs' attorneys within 20 days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated August 25, 1910.

BERGEN & PRENDERGAST,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys,
Office and Post Office address: No. 25 Broad Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

To Addison Smith and Jessie Ives Smith, the above-named defendants:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication pursuant to an order of Hon. Nathan Bijur, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 12th day of September, 1910, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York; the original complaint filed August 26, 1910, and said order and a copy of said complaint filed September 12, 1910, in said Clerk's office.

Dated New York, September 12, 1910.

BERGEN & PRENDERGAST,
Attorneys for Plaintiffs,
Office and Post Office address: No. 25 Broad Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, N. Y.

ITALIANS QUARREL OVER COLUMBUS DAY

Two Parades Held Owing to a Dispute Between March and Contessa.

FORMER WAS MADE MARSHAL

Disappointed, the Latter Leads 5,000 Followers to a Harlem Park—Others March Downtown.

Columbus Day was distinctly an Italian holiday. Every Little Italy in Manhattan, Bronx, and Brooklyn laid aside work and gave up the day to merrymaking. It was at the request of Italian citizens and societies that "Big Tim" Sullivan asked the Legislature two years ago to make the anniversary of the discovery of the Western World a State holiday, and yesterday was the second observance.

Because of a clash between James E. March and Chevalier Vito Contessa, leaders of separate factions, two Italian parades took place in Manhattan. The first, consisting of 10,000 men, started downtown at 2 o'clock and was headed by March. In the second 5,000, led by the Chevalier, started from First Avenue and 110th Street at 5 o'clock and marched up Fourth Avenue to 114th Street to Second Avenue, and then to Sulzer's Harlem River Park, where a festival was held under the auspices of the Benevolent Society of the Sons of Italy. The division led by March had Columbus Circle as its objective point. Just why Contessa and March differed could not be learned, but in his speech at the Columbus Statue Magistrate Freschi deplored the division, saying that the festival was not for Italians but for all persons.

The Chevalier's friends said that he felt hurt when March was selected as the Grand Marshal, as Contessa, they said, had celebrated Columbus Day with the Benevolent Society of the Sons of Columbus for the last ten years, long before the day was made a legal holiday.

While other citizens took the holiday calmly, the Italians, though divided, made it all their own. While the name Christopher Columbus was occasionally mentioned by other nationalities in the course of the day, Cristoforo Columbo was on every Italian tongue, and his praises were sung without stint.

The United States District Court did not observe the day. Judges Hough and Hand each held court all day, and United States Commissioner Gilchrist also had several hearings.

The banks, Stock Exchanges, Custom House, Appraisers' stores, City Hall, and other official buildings were closed. So were the public schools. The children, turned loose in the middle of the week, were left to find amusement for themselves. No exercises were held in the schools, but the weather was ideal and all the week things had been piling up which little Johnny Jones and his sister Sue wanted to do. They did it yesterday.

But even with the banks and Exchanges closed and many clerks turned out on the city, the financial district was anything but deserted, and apparently business was going on as usual. This was especially true of lower Broadway. Every retail store downtown was wide open, and apparently doing good business. The street itself was thronged. Every department store was also wide open and many of them advertised special sales.

Most of the big wholesale houses and manufactories on the west side forgot to celebrate. The wholesale dry goods and grocery districts downtown were busy all day and had no inkling that across the city in Little Italy stores were closed, houses were decorated, and their tenants arrayed in their newest, brightest, and best.

Some of the big factories, particularly those which employ many Italians, gave a half holiday and a few closed for the day. But no factory conducted by Italians or employing Italians exclusively opened its doors for a moment. The tribute to Cristoforo Columbo was the object of the day, and Little Italy of the east side, Little Italy of the west side, Little Italy of the Bronx, and Little Italy of Brooklyn donned the habiliments of leisure and merrymaking.

The most important festival features were, of course, the parades, when the Italian societies, military, civic, patriotic, fraternal, trade, and business, marched from Little Italy of the east side through Fifth Avenue and Fifty-ninth Street to the statue of Columbus at Fifty-ninth Street and Broadway, or out of Harlem's Little Italy to Sulzer's Park.

While the organizations marshaled by James E. March, resplendent in frock coat, high hat, and broad sash of many colors, were forming in Canal, Hester, Grand, and Broome Streets, the women and children from all the Italian colonies in the city gathered at Washington Square or along Fifth Avenue to Fifty-ninth ninth Street.

Fifty societies and fraternal organizations were in line, all flying silk flags and banners, and most of them in brilliant uniforms in which all colors blended or contrasted, but of which red and green predominated. Along the line of march the parade was regarded as unusually creditable in splendor and in numbers, and as setting a hard pace for next year's to follow. The police estimated that there were 10,000 men in line, to say nothing of the thousands of school lads.

The Garibaldi Legion, which contributed nearly 3,000 men, was a brilliant feature of the parade, winning much applause. The parade moved in two divisions, divided many times by Italian bands. The first division, escorted by Chief Inspector Schmittberger in a carriage, and a platoon of police, was made up of the Mizza Cavalry, the Columbus Guards, Guards of Victor Emmanuel, Society Caracciolo, Veterans of the Italian Army, Society of the Prince, Society of St. Michael the Archangel of Fratte, Alpini Italian-American Society, and fraternal and trade organizations.

The second division consisted entirely of school children whose mothers, each surrounded by a brood of happy youngsters, applauded vigorously as the lads swung along.

Though Chief Marshal March, Republican leader of the Sixth Assembly District, got his line in motion promptly at 2 o'clock, it was 4:30 before the head of the column reached Columbus Circle, where the organizations deposited wreaths, crosses, and other floral designs at the base of the Columbus column. A full-sized piano of roses was borne on the shoulders of employes of a piano manufactory, who eased it down at last with sighs of relief, under the massive but lofty nose of the great discoverer.

Addresses were delivered by Magistrate Freschi, by Signor Di Pasquali, Vice President of the Italian Celebration Committee, and by Prof. Theodore Polumbo, a professor of languages and an undertaker.

Only one serious accident was reported throughout the day. James Zucker, 52 years old, a clerk, of 143 West Sixty-third Street, was taken to Bellevue Hospital with a possible fracture of the skull received by falling against an iron railing in Central Park at Sixtieth Street.

Zucker, who had gone to watch the parade at Columbus Circle, started to go into the Park at Sixtieth Street, but had gone only a short distance when he slipped and fell against the railing. Dr. Bassford of Flower Hospital found the man unconscious and took him to Bellevue.

600 AT COLUMBUS DINNER.

Sulzer Tells of His Bill to Make Columbus Day a Legal Holiday.

The annual Columbus Day dinner of the New York Chapter of the Knights of Columbus was held at the Hotel Astor last night, 600 members and their friends being present. John Purroy Mitchel, President of the Aldermen, was to have been the principal speaker, but was unable to attend, owing to a slight illness. In his letter of regret, which was read by Frank W. Smith, Mr. Mitchel wrote that he had to prepare for the budget meeting to-day, and felt that he would not be able to do so unless he retired early to rest.

Congressman William Sulzer, who [illegible] hoped to be the Democratic [illegible] Governor of the State [illegible] gave the toast of the evening, "Christopher Columbus," which was received with cheers. In the course of a lengthy peroration, during which the Congressman's voice fluctuated from a smooth baritone to a shrill falsetto, he said that his bill for making Columbus Day a national legal holiday was well up on the calendar of the House and he hoped that it would pass. He added that Columbus Day should be a Pan-American holiday, and be observed from Cape Horn to the frozen seas of the North.

Magistrate Freschi, who followed, said that President Taft had promised not to hinder the bill if it passed the House, and added that Columbus Day was a holiday for all patriotic Americans and not an Italian holiday.

William P. Larkin, chairman of the New York Chapter, acted as toastmaster. Other speakers were George F. Roesch and the Rev. Francis J. Sullivan. The city government was well represented at the gathering.

Among those present were the Rev. Father D. J. Brady of Edgewater, Mgrs. Lavelle, Hays, Lewis, and Ward, Assemblyman James J. Hoey, Magistrate Herbert, John J. Delany, Daniel F. Cohalan, Charles F. Murphy, District Attorney Whitman, ex-Justice James McLaughlin, Dr. Francis Chickemio, Tenement House Commissioner Murphy, Frank Smith, Cornelius J. Collins, John J. Finn, Thomas Nolan, John E. Connolly, Tax Commissioner Charles McCormick of Richmond, and William E. Murphy.

COLUMBUS DAY IN BROOKLYN.

Boy Scouts Parade and Drill and Sunday School Lads March.

Brooklyn celebrated Columbus Day with much more ceremony and display than it did last year. Flags flew from many homes and business houses, and there were public dinners and receptions under the auspices of many societies. In the afternoon there were two parades of boys' military organizations.

About 2,000 Boy Scouts paraded on Eastern Parkway. On the reviewing stand in the Park Plaza were Gen. George B. Loud, Gen. E. L. Molineux, Gen. Daniel E. Sickles, Gen. Morse Smith, Col. Walter B. Hotchkin, Lieut. Col. B. G. McAlpin, Major Elliott Bigelow, Jr., and Major Charles I. Debevoise.

Following the parade the boys went through the manoeuvres of the Red Cross Patrol and gave an exhibition of signaling.

Later in the afternoon there was a parade of boys' brigades from many churches, arrangements being in charge of the brigade of Bethany Presbyterian Church. The boys marched through Willoughby and Bushwick Avenues and Eastern Parkway. Col. Walter F. Wigman was grand marshal.

Last evening there was a celebration in the Academy of Music under the auspices of the Knights of Columbus. State Deputy of the Order Daniel J. Griffin presided and on the stage were Bishop McDonnell, ex-Congressman Charles A. Towne, and Supreme Court Justice William J. Carr. There was an instrumental concert by the boys' band of St. Vincent's Home and singing by the choir of the Church of Sts. Peter and Paul.

The third annual dinner of the Italian Columbus Society took place last evening at the Assembly in Pierrepont Street. In Armory Hall, in Calyer Street, Lexington and Fidelity Councils of the Knights of Columbus celebrated.

GROSSCUP'S TRUST PLAN.

Would Limit Monopolies' Profits and Reconstruct Corporations, Says Judge

CHICAGO, Oct. 12.—At the Discovery Day banquet of the Knights of Columbus to-night addresses were made by Charles Murphy, M. P., Secretary of State of Canada; Vice President Sherman, and Judge Peter S. Grosscup of the United State Circuit Court. Political and economic subjects were avoided by Mr. Murphy and the Vice President.

Senator Lorimer, while not on the programme for an address, was a guest at the speakers' table. It was in the same room that the Hamilton Club banquet, where Col. Roosevelt refused to speak if Senator Lorimer was a guest, was held a month ago.

Judge Grosscup in his address said:

"To establish an enlarged democracy for the future—a democracy that will harmonize freedom in production with a just distribution of the fruits of production, something more than mere homilies on honesty are needed, something more than mere criminal prosecution, something more than stirring the depths—nothing less, indeed, than a President and Congress who have courage enough to recognize that monopoly is here to stay, and that the way to deal with it is to make it deal fairly with the people by putting a limit on its profits. Nothing less than a President and Congress who will take up the tariff, as judicial tribunals take up cases that demand a careful and disinterested inquiry into the facts; nothing less than a President and Congress whose purpose will be so to reconstruct the corporations—those that are monopolies as well as those that are not, that the corporate medium of holding property will become as representative of the people as the land laws have become.

"And to accomplish this, we must take our leaders, not from among those who, in the language of a friend of mine, sit on the tailboard of the wagon and do nothing but hollo whoa! nor from among those who sit with the driver urging him to whip the horses in to a runaway. The American people, I believe, are in no mood to come to a standstill; nor do they wish a smashup. There need be neither. There needs to be a leadership, however, into which is the superb faith of Columbus that ahead is the shore sought, and the superb faith of Lincoln that, with the saving of common sense of the American people behind it, no just cause needs to be lost."

TAFT JOINS CELEBRATION.

With Gov. Draper Reviews Big Columbus Day Parade in Boston.

BOSTON, Oct. 12.—The achievement of Christopher Columbus 418 years ago received its first legal holiday recognition in Massachusetts to-day through a joint celebration in this city by the Italian, Irish, Portuguese, and Catholic organizations which to the number of many thousands marched for nearly four hours through two dense lines of cheering countrymen. The parade received National and State approval, for President Taft reviewed the leaders for an hour, and Gov. Draper, who stood beside the President during that time, remained until the last cap tendered its salute.

Many of the organizations were in uniform, while others were fancifully dressed in costumes of different periods of American history. Floats were numerous, while the vanguard was composed of four companies of Coast Artillery and half a dozen companies of bluejackets.

Columbus Honored at Harlem Festival

More than 5,000 persons attended yesterday the fourteenth charity festival of the Italian Benevolent Society of the Sons of Columbus and of the United Italian Society at Sulzer's Harlem River Casino, 127th Street and Second Avenue.

Forty-seven societies listened to addresses eulogizing the discoverer of America. Chevalier Vito Contessa was Chairman, and the speakers were Magistrate John J. Freschi, Borough President McAneny, and Congressman Francis Burton Harrison.

Gov. Fort Forgot Columbus Day.

Though Gov. John Franklin Fort signed the bill which made Columbus Day a legal holiday in New Jersey, he forgot all about it yesterday when he went to an East Orange bank to get some needed cash. He expressed surprise when he found the doors closed. He asked the cashier if it would not be possible to have the bank temporarily opened, as he was short of money, but was told that the time lock on the vault was set for opening to-morrow. There was nothing to do but rely on some of his friends.

LABORUM DULCE LENIMEN
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G. SCHIRMER (Inc)
MUSIC DEALERS
Are Now in Their New Store
3 EAST FORTY-THIRD STREET
The Largest Stock of Music in the World.

SCHOOLS IN RIVALRY FOR TIMES MEDALS

Jersey City Public and Parochial Pupils Busy Writing Bergen History Essays.

CONTEST CLOSES MONDAY

But It Is Urged That the Compositions Be Turned In to the Teachers Now.

Teachers in all the schools in Jersey City are taking a lively interest in the compositions their pupils are preparing for the Tiffany silver medals and certificates of merit which THE TIMES is to award in connection with the celebration of the founding of Bergen Village. The competition is particularly keen among the pupils in the High Schools and the higher grades of the grammar schools. One of the teachers in one of the grammar schools said to a TIMES reporter yesterday that she had already received eight compositions from her pupils, and knows of half a dozen more that are on the way.

The parochial school children say they will hold their own with the public schools in the number of competitors. The Sisters who are in charge of the schools tell THE TIMES that a great body of the pupils in their care are scratching hard with their pens for the awards. One catches a suggestion, in the talks one hears among the parochial schools that there is a generous rivalry between them and the public schools as to which shall submit the better work and the larger number of compositions.

The approach of the celebration of the founding of Bergen 250 years ago by exercises covering a whole week lends additional zest to the competition. The whole community is on the tip-toe of anticipation; the public buildings are fairly loaded down with decorations in honor of the celebration, and there is scarcely a private residence but displays on its outside some token of the interest those within are taking in the approaching festivities.

The children are being tutored by their teachers in the history of the early days of the city, and in almost all the classrooms the story as it was told in THE YORK NEW TIMES's historical articles has been recounted for their benefit. They are all required to write compositions on the Bergen founding as part of their class exercises, and many of them are writing those they are to prepare for that occasion with a care that they hope will make them good enough to be offered for THE TIMES's prizes.

The teachers will, in their own way, indicate to THE TIMES's "Bergen Competition Department" the five in their several classes that they regard as their best, and there is much curiosity among those who have already placed theirs in their teachers' hands to know whose work has received that special mark of commendation.

The time for the receipt in THE TIMES office of the last of the essays is next Monday. THE TIMES will keep its "Bergen Competition Department" box open for them till the last minute of the day—the midnight hour beyond which Tuesday will be, and the expectation of the teachers is that Monday will see such a multitude of essays that they will be puzzled to know how to handle them all. Therein lies a suggestion, that it will be wise for the children to get their essays into the hands of their teachers to-day or to-morrow. That will give the teachers an opportunity to look over them more carefully and to make the less hasty choice of the best five.

EXPRESS COMPANY TO BUILD.

Adams Is Preparing Plans for a New Home in Trinity Place.

The Adams Express Company is having plans prepared for a new building at 34 to 42 Trinity Place, immediately in the rear of its offices, 59 and 61 Broadway. The site is now occupied by stables owned by the company. The new building, which will house the general and executive offices of the company, will extend through to 71 and 79 Greenwich Street, having a frontage on the former of 107 feet and 100 feet on the latter, with a depth of from 78 to 94 feet.

The new building will be just south of the twenty-three story building on Rector Street built a few years ago by the United States Express Company. No decision has yet been made as to its height beyond the fact that it will be at least sixteen stories. Its cost will be about $1,000,000.

Patrick's Appeal for Freedom.

George Francis O'Neill, a lawyer of 5 Beekman Street, who is preparing the appeal of Albert T. Patrick to the Court of Appeals against the dismissal by the Appellate Division of Patrick's application for a writ of habeas corpus, said last night that stories that the ground of the appeal would be newly discovered evidence were erroneous. The only point concerned in the appeal was that raised when the writ was first sued for, namely, that Gov. Hughes had no legal right to commute Patrick's death sentence to life imprisonment.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M. Loss.
1:30—3,931 Boston Road; Joseph Belrino..$5
2:20—514 West 33d St.; unknown......Slight
10:10—77 Hamilton Place; N. Y. Billposting Co.......................Trifling
11:00—3,365 3d Av.; O. J. Gude Co......Slight
11:50—204 West 145th St.; N. Y. Billposting Company.........................$5
P. M.
12:35—329 East 117th St.; Underhill & Co..None
12:40—Northwest corner 151st St. and Tinton Av.; Morris Jacobson & Co.......$5
1:25—Broadway and 146th St.; C. J. Sullivan $50
1:40—15 East 93d St.; Benjamin X. Craft......................No damage
2:40—Westchester Ave., west of Johnson Ave.; O. J. Gude............Trifling
2:55—Washington Av. and 182d St.; owner unknown ....No damage
3:15—12 Chrystie St.; Rosenthal & Kaplan ....Trifling
3:30—612 West 144th St.; owner unknown.........................No damage
3:35—Aqueduct and Tremont Aves; owner unknown ....[illegible]
3:35—Clason Point Road, near Seward Ave.; owner unknown ....No damage
3:40—1 [illegible] St.; Sigmund & [illegible]......Trifling
3:40—[illegible] and Lexington Av.; [illegible]
4:05—12[illegible] [illegible]
4:05—164 [illegible] Trifling
4:30—753 [illegible] Trifling
4:35—2 [illegible] Bill Posting Co. ....Trifling
5:25—Tremont and Gleason Ave.; owner unknown ....[illegible]
5:40—18 Allen St.; Solomon Meyers $10
5:45—174th St. and Amsterdam Ave.; [illegible]
5:55—466 Hudson St.; J. Alanshatsky $10
6:00—1,625 Lexington Av.; A. Kaufman $10
6:13—427 East 19th St.; M. Romanti $10
6:26—Central Park West and [illegible]; Central Park West ......[illegible]
6:45—152 [illegible]
6:30—Bergen Av. and 152d St.; Corwin [illegible]
6:45—132 Lewis St.; Samuel Turk ....Trifling
7:00—2,90[illegible] [illegible] $5
7:00—106 [illegible]
7:10—1226 [illegible] Av.; N. Y. Bill Posting Company ....[illegible]
7:32—615 [illegible]
7:20—186th St. and St. Nicholas Av.; [illegible]
7:30—3,780 3d Av.; Morris Lipschitz ....[illegible]
7:45—146 West 28th St.; [illegible]
7:45—83d St. and Amsterdam Av.; N. Y. Bill Posting Company ....[illegible]
7:55—280 Monroe St.; Frank Pepper ....Trifling
8:10—1 West 111th St.; Sabino Bothner....Trifling
10:30—91 Sheriff St.; Annie Boyer ....Trifling
10:35—24 Oak St.; [illegible] ....Unknown

RANIER DEAD IN CORNFIELD.

Rich and Eccentric Jersey Farmer Had $600 in His Overalls When Found.

Special to The New York Times.

BURLINGTON, N. J., Oct. 12.—Schuyler Ranier, one of the county's richest farmers, was found dead in a cornfield on his farm near Florence this afternoon. The physicians and Coroner Bisbing decided to-night that death was due to apoplexy. Scratches and bruises on the head, they concluded, could have been made by his fall to the ground. It was at first feared that Ranier had been murdered.

A year ago Ranier was the victim of a sensational daylight safe robbery, when a burglar entered the farmhouse in his absence, locked the aged housekeeper, Jane Nixon, in her room, and rifled the safe of $3,000. A prominent neighbor was falsely imprisoned for the robbery before the real culprit was captured. Ranier still refused to follow the advice of relatives and put his money in a bank, and the report of his death, coupled with wild rumors, created excitement in the county.

The old farmer appeared in the best of health this morning, according to Jane Nixon, his housekeeper. His failure to appear for dinner at noon caused her some anxiety, and when a horse and cart came in from the field without the driver she began a search, and an hour later found Ranier dead. She summoned neighbors and Dr. John Baird.

Ranier always carried a big sum with him, even when at work on the farm, and when found dead to-day there was a roll of $600 in bills in a pocket of his overalls.

Until he was 20 years old Ranier was a poor boy, having been bound out to a farmer. He invested his first year's salary and his fortune grew yearly. He leaves an estate said to be valued at $300,000, mostly in real estate and Government and municipal bonds.

For years his sole companions at his farmhouse have been Jane Nixon, his housekeeper, and Joseph Richardson, 92 years old, a helper.

LONG ISLAND ROAD TO APPEAL

Will Take Its Fight for Atlantic Avenue to United States Supreme Court.

The complex litigation over the building of a trolley line in Atlantic Avenue, Brooklyn, has not been ended by the decision of the Court of Appeals on Tuesday that the city has a right to tear up rails laid there, thereby dispossessing the Long Island Railroad and Nassau Electric Railroad Companies.

At the offices of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, which controls the Nassau Company, it was said yesterday that the case probably would be carried to the United States Supreme Court.

But if the two railroad companies beat the city finally, they may turn to fighting each other for the right of way in the avenue.

Under a lease which extends to 1986 the Long Island Company is operating in Atlantic Avenue by way of partly underground and partly elevated tracks. These rights were leased from the Nassau Company.

The city contends that by the removal of the tracks of the Long Island road from the surface the Nassau Company forfeited its right to the surface. The Court of Appeals has upheld the right of the city to remove the tracks which the Long Island Company laid on its own responsibility.

JOY KILLED HER.

Woman's Meeting with Long-Absent Sisters Proved Fatal.

Special to The New York Times.

HUNTINGTON, L. I., Oct. 12.—Funeral services will be held in St. Patrick's Roman Catholic Church of this place over Miss Ellen Carnyn, 30 years old, who died from excess of joy, which resulted in excitement and mental and physical exhaustion.

Miss Carnyn, who lived in Ireland until three weeks ago, had three sisters in America, whom she had not seen for many years. Mrs. Anna Rusk of Huntington, who was unmarried when she left home, and the Misses Margaret and Agnes Carnyn of Brooklyn, her sisters, learned that she intended to visit them in America, and preparations were made to receive her. She had stayed in the old country to care for her aged parents when the three sisters emigrated, and she had felt their absence keenly.

The reunion, held here two weeks ago, proved too much for the young woman. She grew excited and her excitement increased as the days passed. She developed hysteria, and yesterday she collapsed and died. The physician who attended her certified that she had "died from excitement and exhaustion."

Cardinal Logue Guest of James Butler.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Oct. 12.—Cardinal Logue was the guest at dinner to-night at the home of James Butler at Eastview, Westchester County. Many Catholic Church dignitaries were present. This afternoon the Cardinal was the guest of the Rev. Dr. R. J. Keefe, pastor of St. John's Church, and a reception was given in his honor by William A. Dunphy Council, Knights of Columbus, in St. John's Hall. The children of St. John's School furnished an entertainment during the reception.

More Capital for Oregon Short Line.

SALT LAKE CITY, Oct. 12.—At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Oregon Short Line Railroad to-day it was unanimously voted to increase the capital stock to $100,000,000. At the meeting 257,352 shares were represented. The Directors were re-elected, with the exception that Marvin Hughitt of Chicago was chosen to succeed P. A. Valentine. The officers and the Executive Board will be chosen in New York City in two weeks.

PAWNED HER JEWELS AND KEPT THE MONEY

Mrs. Smythe Says This of Abraham Alexander, an Oculist, Whom She Has Arrested.

ACCUSES HIM OF FRAUD

Advised Her, She Says, to Let Him Pledge the Gems so She Would Have Funds to Buy Cattle.

Abraham Alexander, who says he is an oculist, with a home at 15 East 125th Street, was arrested late yesterday afternoon by Central Office Detectives Dale and Sussillo. The complainant is Mrs. Frank Smythe of Brewster, N. Y., who says that in August she gave Alexander jewelry worth $1,525 to pawn, and that after doing so Alexander failed to turn the money over to her.

Mrs. Smythe says that early in August Alexander and his father appeared in Brewster, the young man posing as a peddler of eye glasses. Mrs. Smythe needed a pair of glasses and she placed an order with him. The younger man remained in the neighborhood and became a friend of Mrs. Smythe and her brother. They let Alexander know that they contemplated buying some cows and told him they intended to get the money on their note.

Abraham Alexander strongly advised against the note plan, according to Mrs. Smythe, and suggested that a much better way to get the money would be for Mrs. Smythe to pawn her $1,500 worth of jewelry. She decided to take his advice, and so, on Aug. 6 last, she says, she gave him these articles of jewelry to pawn for her:

One diamond and pearl ring; value......	$500
One pair of diamond earrings; value......	325
One diamond-studded watch; value......	350
One diamond ring; value......	225
One pair diamond earrings; value......	75
One diamond and opal ring; value......	25
One pearl stickpin; value......	25
Total......	$1,525

When Abraham Alexander failed to return with the money Mrs. Smythe came to New York, and, going to Police Headquarters, told her story, and she was advised to return home and get a warrant. She did so, and the warrant was given to Dale and Sussillo to serve. After much work the detectives found the jewelry in the hands of the Provident Loan Association and finally located the pawn tickets in the hands of a lawyer, to whom it is said that Abraham Alexander gave them as a pledge for defending him in a few small law suits in which he had been concerned.

Mrs. Smythe identified all of the jewelry that had been pledged with the Provident Loan Company, with the exception of the pearl stickpin. She was not certain about the pearl pin.

Alexander will be arraigned in the Tombs Court this morning.

PENALTY OF HIS VICE INQUIRY

Married Policeman's Expense Account Sent Home—Investigation On.

Deputy Police Commissioner Walsh will hear in Brooklyn on Saturday an unusual case, growing out of a vice crusade at Coney Island and involving a policeman's bill of expenses in obtaining evidence at the resort, which found its way to his wife, making trouble in their home. A superior officer is accused of putting the expense account in the way of the wife.

Patrolman George M. Billafer of the Richmond Hill Station is the aggrieved policeman, and Lieut. James P. Tucker is the man who is to be tried on charges of conduct unbecoming an officer.

Last Summer Billafer was detailed in plain clothes to Coney Island to get evidence of conditions there. He carried out his instructions faithfully, associating with undesirable people. With his report he turned in an itemized expense account. The bill was sent to Manhattan Headquarters, but was returned to the Richmond Hill Station for correction of a technical error.

When it reached there Billafer was away. Tucker was at the desk. It is alleged that he acquainted himself with the contents of the envelope, which was addressed to Billafer, and then sent the document to Billafer's home. Billafer, who, as all his friends assert, is devoted to his wife, was not at the house when the fatal expense bill arrived. Thinking it was something requiring immediate attention, such was its official-looking character, Mrs. Billafer innocently opened it and read it.

For fear of worrying his wife Billafer had not told her that he had been detailed to hunt down vice at Coney Island, and the expense bill, therefore, came as a surprise to her. There was an unpleasant time in the Billafer home that evening when the policeman returned from duty. Billafer explained that in visiting the resorts mentioned in the expense account he had been only obeying the orders of his superiors.

Billafer, naturally angry, went to the station and tried to learn who had opened the letter and sent it to his home. He accused Tucker. The story reached headquarters and Borough Inspector Holahan of Brooklyn was ordered to make an investigation. As a result Tucker has been suspended from duty pending the result of his trial.

CONDEMNATION FEES CUT.

In One Case Justice Bijur Denies Any Pay to Commissioner.

Supreme Court Justice Bijur handed down a decision yesterday in which he denied the application of one condemnation commission for fees, and cut the allowance demanded by his two colleagues. Gerald Morrell, Daniel J. Cassidy, and William H. Bickelhaupt, the Commissioners involved, were appointed about two years ago to make appraisals in the widening of Doris Avenue and Glovers Street, the Bronx. They held 133 meetings. According to Assistant Corporation Counsel Squires they have as yet failed to file any report. Nevertheless they came into court and asked that they receive payment, Morrell $1,280 for 133 meetings, Cassidy $1,235 for 125 meetings, and Bickelhaupt $270 for 29 meetings.

In his memorandum Justice Bijur said that the Commissioners seemed to have misinterpreted both the letter and the spirit of the statute. They seemed to think, he said, that they were to get $10 an hour for their work, whereas the law fixes their fees at $10 a day for each day on which they meet for at least an hour. Justice Bijur points out that it is quite apparent that the Commissioners prolonged the proceedings and unwisely augmented the number of sessions either intentionally or carelessly, and that they limited the length of each session either exactly or approximately, to an hour. It is apparent, he said, that the work of the commission was depreciated in efficiency by being so disconnected.

Justice Bijur cut Bickelhaupt's charges from the commission's bill and denied him any compensation whatever, remarking that "there is no explanation for his failure to perform any of his duties and no evidence that his services were of any value. Morrell's $1,280 was cut to $805 and Cassidy's $1,235 to $780.

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At any of the Leading Ticket Offices.

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THE TIGER LILIES.
AMATEUR NIGHT THURSDAY.
8th AVENUE AND 25TH ST. MATS. DAILY.
NEW CENTURY GIRLS.
AMATEUR NIGHT FRIDAY.
BOWERY AND DELANCEY ST. MATS. DAILY.
THE RECTOR GIRLS.
AMATEUR NIGHT FRIDAY.
SUNDAY SHOWS

ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Wed. Mat., 50c.-$1.50.
LAST 2 WEEKS SEVEN DAYS

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
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COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. Gus Edwards' Song Revue, Lil Hawthorn, Mrs. Gardner Crane & Co., others.
ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. Karno's Comedians, Bert Coote & Co., Laddie Cliff, Howard & North.
BRONX 149th St. 3d Ave. Daily Mat. 25c. Rigoletto Twin Bros., Yorke & Adams, Stuart, Jane Courthope & Co.

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HOTEL ASTOR, Belvedere Roof Garden,
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Apply to your tailor for complimentary ticket, OR admission 50 cents.

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PLAZA 59th St. and Mad. Ave. Matinee Daily. VALE STOCK CO. in GIRLS PRICES 10-20 & 30c. Next Week—THE CHARITY BALL.

MANHATTAN OPERA W. 34th St. Eve. 8:15. Mat. Sat. 2:15. 'Phone 1714 Murray Hill. Prices $2 to 25c.
HANS THE FLUTE PLAYER (in English.) Only Comic Opera in town.

CARNEGIE LYCEUM 7th Av. at 57th St.
Beginning MONDAY, OCT. 17
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
MME. PILAR-MORIN in L'Enfant Prodigue.

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Next Saturday Afternoon.
PAVLOWA & MOROKIN
Imp. Russian Ballet & Orchestra.
Seat Sale Now—Prices $5.00 to 50c.

CITY THEATRE. E. 14th St. Ev. & Sat. Mat. 25c, 50c, 75c, $1. Wed. Mat., 25c, 75c.
ARSENE LUPIN with WILLIAM COURTENAY.
Next Week—MONTGOMERY & STONE.

REPUBLIC 42d St., nr. B'way. Eve. 8:15. Matinee Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
REBECCA OF SUNNYBROOK FARM
SEATS SIX WEEKS IN ADVANCE.

BELASCO 44th St., nr. B'way. Ev. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20.
THE NEW COMEDY. "THE CONCERT"

Keith & Proctor's 5TH AVE. 28th St. B'way. Daily Mat., 25 & 50c. MURPHY & NICHOLS, TOM NAWN & CO., Harry Breen, Mack & Walker, Edwards, Van & Tierney.

HAMMERSTEIN'S Eves. 25-50-75-1.00. Daily Mats. 25-50. Belle Blanche, Bud Fisher, Mason, Keeler & Co., Carnival of Roses, 7 others.

OLYMPIC East 14th St. Matinee To-day. ROBINSON'S CRUSOE GIRLS.

GRAND Opera House, 23d St., 8th Av. 25c. to $1.00
IS MATRIMONY A FAILURE?

MURRAY HILL. Mat. To-day. Smok'g. Eve. 8:15. Burlesque—NEW RENTZ SANTLEY CO.

COLUMBIA Burlesque. Pop. Mat. To-day, 15c. 25c. 50c. B'way & 47th. Eve. & Sat. Mat. 25c. to $1. Smoking.

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THE BLUEBIRD ("The Blue Bird for Happiness.")
EXTRA MATINEE TO-DAY AT 2 P. M.

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The International Cup | Ballet of Niagara | The Earthquake | 12 New Circus Acts

COMEDY 41st St., East of B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. and Sat. 2:15.
New American Play THE FAMILY With JOHN WESTLEY
This Family Is Made of the Right Stuff—Read:
Charles Darnton, Evening World—"HOMELY, HUMAN, AND AMUSING. IF YOU ARE FOND OF GOOD ACTING AND WHOLESOME HUMOR, DON'T FAIL TO GET ACQUAINTED WITH 'THE FAMILY.'"
Louis De Foe, World—"MANY ADMIRABLE QUALITIES."
American—"LIBERALLY APPLAUDED."
James C. Garrison, Press—"NOBODY WHO PAYS REGULAR MONEY TO SEE 'THE FAMILY' WILL FEEL THAT HE HAS BEEN CHEATED."
Sun—"THE AUDIENCE FOUND GREAT PLEASURE."
Evening Telegram—"THE AUDIENCE QUICK TO APPRECIATE."
Acton Davies, Evening Sun—"WAS FOLLOWED WITH CLOSE INTEREST."

LYRIC 42nd, West of B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. and Sat. 2:15.
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Grace La Rue—Van Rensselaer Wheeler.
Greatest Tribute to the Greatest Novelty in Town.
ALAN DALE, "AMERICAN."
"'MADAME TROUBADOUR' OVERFLOWS WITH RIPPLING MELODY. OPERETTA AT THE LYRIC THEATRE ACTUALLY DARES TO OFFER MUSIC AS THE MAIN ATTRACTION FOR A MUSICAL SHOW. A MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT WITHOUT AN ALL-HOGGISH COMEDIAN PERPETRATING TORPID TOPICALITIES. A MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT WITHOUT SOLOS DEDICATED TO THE REDNESS OF THE NOSE—I MEAN ROSE—THE BLUENESS OF THE SKY, AND THE GREENNESS OF THE FIELD? A MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT WITHOUT THE TROOPING MERRY-MERRIES TO OGLE AND ANALYZE? A MUSICAL SHOW WITHOUT THE LOCK-STEPPING GELLS THAT ACCOMPANY THE LAST VERSES OF ALL SONGS? A MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT WITHOUT A PLOT IN WHICH EVERYBODY PRETENDS TO BE EVERYBODY ELSE? WHAT YER GIVIN' US? ANSWER: 'MADAME TROUBADOR,' THE OPERETTA AT THE LYRIC THEATRE, ACTUALLY DARES TO OFFER MUSIC AS THE MAIN ATTRACTION OF A MUSICAL SHOW! NO SNIVEL AND NO SENTIMENTAL MUSH. JUST MUSIC. OF COURSE THIS SEEMED AWFULLY STRANGE—ALMOST INDECENT, TO GET MUSIC, AS MUSIC, AND NOT TO HAVE TO WEED IT OUT BY THE ROOTS FROM A JUNGLE OF IMBECILITY AND LOW-BROWED TOMFOOLERY, REALLY WAS—SO SUDDEN.
"'MADAME TROUBADOUR' IS A BEWITCHING LITTLE MUSICAL SURPRISE AND I'D LIKE TO HEAR IT AGAIN."

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MARIE CAHILL in the new musical comedy, JUDY FORGOT.

CASINO. B'y & 39th. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Sat. 2:15.
SAM BERNARD in HE CAME FROM MILWAUKEE.

Lew Fields' HERALD SQ. B'y & 35 St. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. MARIE DRESSLER in Tillie's Nightmare.

DALY'S Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. B'way & 30th. BABY MINE

Maxine Elliott's Th. 39, bet. B'y & 6 Av. Ev. 8:30.
Last Week. Mat. Sat. FORBES-ROBERTSON in "The Passing of the Third Floor Back."
NEXT MON. (Seats To-day.) Maxine Elliott in THE INFERIOR SEX.

HACKETT. 42d St., West of Broadway. Evgs. 8:30. Matinee To-day, Best Seats $1.50.
Mats. Thurs. and Sat. MOTHER By Jules Eckert Goodman.

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MONCKTON HOFFE'S TRIUMPHANT COMEDY HAS BEEN MOVED HERE BECAUSE A LARGER THEATRE IS NECESSARY.
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JOHN DREW in his greatest success. Smith

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G. P. HUNTLEY - HATTIE WILLIAMS in DECORATING CLEMENTINE.

GARRICK 35th St. Closed this week. NEXT MON. Seats To-day.
KYRLE BELLEW in THE SCANDAL.

KNICKERBOCKER B'way, 38 St. Ev. 8:15. Mat. Sat. 2:15.
LAST 9 NIGHTS. OUR MISS GIBBS
By the Authors of Music of The Arcadians.

HUDSON West 44th St. Eve. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20.
HELEN WARE in THE DESERTERS

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Eve. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
THE LAUGH CENTER
THE COMMUTERS By JAMES FORBES.

CHARLES DILLINGHAM'S GLOBE B'way, 46 St. Evs. 8:20. Matinee Sat. at 2:15.
THE GIRL IN THE TRAIN

BIJOU B'way & 30 St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
OPENS NEXT MON. NEW YORK
Seat Sale To-day.

NEW AMSTERDAM W. 42 St. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
Lina Abarbanell with Ralph Herz.
MADAME SHERRY!

NEW YORK B'way & 45th St. Eve. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
HARRY KELLY in the New Musical Play,
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Original Cast in THE DOLLAR PRINCESS

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